

BL678A HIGH TEMPERATURE BLACK BODY FURNACE



The BL678A is a benchtop blackbody calibration source utilizing a digital indicating temperature ambient 100°C to 1200°C. A precision thermocouple N temperature sensor is embedded in the blackbody emitter, providing high accuracy and repeatability. The temperature controller uses the industry standard PID algorithms to control the emitter temperature to within 0.1°C of the set points.

The black body emitter mechanism uses a resistive heating device that provides a long life, short stabilization times, and stable temperature control.

FEATURE

- Temperature range 100°C to 1200°C
- Emissivity is better than 0.995
- Temperature uniformity is up to 0.15°C
- 50 mm aperture diameter is compliance with most of D:S
- Build-in temperature correction function

TYPICAL APPLICATION

- Infrared temperature sensors
- Infrared thermal imaging systems
- Spectrographic analyzers
- Spectral radiometers
- Heat flux meter

SPECIFICATION

100°C to 1200°C
50 mm (1.97 inch)
Closed end tube
better than 0.995
0.1°C
0.1°C or 0.1%RD (whichever is great)
0.15°C or 0.15RD(whichever is great)
290mm
Digital PID
Precision N thermocouple
220V AC / 2000WA
RS232
90 minutes from ambient to 1200°C
Pyrometric standard calibration
300mm(W) x 370mm(H) x 570mm(D)
20 kg approx.

REFERENCE STANDARD

- IEC/TS 62492-1-2008: Industrial process control devices Radiation thermometers. Part 1: Technical data for radiation thermometers
- ASTM E2847-2013: Standard practice for calibration and accuracy verification of wideband infrared thermometers
- ASTM E1256-2011a: Standard Test Methods for radiation thermometers (Single waveband type)
- ✓ OIML D24 (1996): Total radiation pyrometers
- ✓ JJG 856-2015: Verification regulation of radiation thermometers

SCOPE OF DELIVERY

- BL678A Blackbody calibration source
- Power cord (need to confirm power plug type in advance)
- Factory calibration report

OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES

■ ISO17025 calibration certificate (P/N: 9000-678)

ORDERING MODEL NUMBER

- BL678A-110V
- BL678A-220V