

EX12

User Guide

원문: Digi EX12 사용설명서(영문) · 제조사 원문 자료입니다. 사양은 제조사 사정에 따라 변경될 수 있습니다.

Revision history—90002364

Revision	Date	Description
A	March 2020	Initial release of the *Digi EX12 User Guide*.
B	June 2020	Release of Digi EX12 firmware version 20.5: ■ Support for LDAP user authentication. ■ Firmware installation from the Digi firmware server. ■ Enhanced Digi Remote Manager support: • Support for remote proxy server for Digi Remote Manager. • Watchdog support for connection to Digi Remote Manager. • **Locally authenticate CLI** option added to Digi Remote Manager configuration to control whether a user is required to provide device-level authentication when accessing the console of the device through Digi Remote Manager. • Added a randomized two minute delay window for uploading health metrics to the Digi Remote Manager to avoid situations where multiple devices are uploading metrics at the same time. ■ Enhanced Python support: • Support for the Python serial module to allow programmatic access to serial ports. • Support for the Python HID module to allow programmatic access to a USB Human Interface Device (HID) from within a Python script. ■ Application mode for serial ports to allow for Python programmatic control.

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Warranty

To view product warranty information, go to the following website:

www.digi.com/howtobuy/terms

Customer support

Gather support information: Before contacting Digi technical support for help, gather the following information:

- Product name and model
- Product serial number (s)
- Firmware version
- Operating system/browser (if applicable)
- Logs (from time of reported issue)
- Trace (if possible)
- Description of issue
- Steps to reproduce

Contact Digi technical support: Digi offers multiple technical support plans and service packages. Contact us at +1 952.912.3444 or visit us at www.digi.com/support.

Feedback

To provide feedback on this document, email your comments to

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Contents

Revision history—90002364 2

What's new in Digi EX12 version 20.5

Digi EX12 Quick start

Quick start using the Digi Remote Manager mobile app 12
Step 1: What's in the box 13
Step 2: Connect 14
Step 3: Configure 16

Digi EX12 hardware reference

Hardware features 17
Device status LEDs 18
    Signal quality bars explained 20
LTE status indicators 21
Serial port pinout and use 21

Hardware setup

Site survey 24
    Site survey troubleshooting 24
Physical installation 25
    Connecting to the site network with local power 25
    Connecting to the site network with remote power 25
    Remote power troubleshooting 25
Install SIM cards in the Plug-in LTE modem 26
    Tips for improving cellular signal strength 26
Connect data cables 27
Mount the EX12 device 27
Network integration 27

Configuration and management

Review EX12 default settings 30
    Local WebUI 30
    Digi Remote Manager 30
    Default interface configuration 30

원문: Digi EX12 사용설명서(영문) · 제조사 원문 자료입니다. 사양은 제조사 사정에 따라 변경될 수 있습니다.

Reset default password for the default admin user 31
Configuration methods 33
Using Digi Remote Manager 34
Access Digi Remote Manager 34
Configure the device to use aView for central management 34
Using the web interface 38
Log out of the web interface 39
Using the command line 40
Access the command line interface 40
Log in to the command line interface 40
Exit the command line interface 41

Interfaces

Wide Area Networks (WANs) 43
Wide Area Networks (WANs) and Wireless Wide Area Networks (WWANs) 44
Configure WAN/WWAN priority and default route metrics 44
WAN/WWAN failover 47
Configure SureLink active recovery to detect WAN/WWAN failures 48
Configure the device to reboot when a failure is detected 55
Disable SureLink 61
Example: Use a ping test for WAN failover from Ethernet to cellular 65
Using Ethernet devices in a WAN 68
Using cellular modems in a Wireless WAN (WWAN) 68
Configure a Wide Area Network (WAN) 83
Configure a Wireless Wide Area Network (WWAN) 90
Show WAN and WWAN status and statistics 99
Delete a WAN or WWAN. 101
Local Area Networks (LANs) 103
About Local Area Networks (LANs) 104
Configure a LAN 104
Example: Configure two LANs 110
Show LAN status and statistics 119
Delete a LAN 121
DHCP servers 122
Create a Virtual LAN (VLAN) route 138
Bridging 141
Configure a bridge 142

Serial port

Configure the serial port 146
Show serial status and statistics 156

Routing

IP routing 159
Configure a static route 160
Delete a static route 163
Policy-based routing 165
Configure a routing policy 165
Example: Dual WAN policy-based routing 174
Example: Route traffic to a specific WAN interface based on the client MAC address 177

원문: Digi EX12 사용설명서(영문) · 제조사 원문 자료입니다. 사양은 제조사 사정에 따라 변경될 수 있습니다.

Routing services 182
Configure routing services 183
Show the routing table 186
Dynamic DNS 187
Configure dynamic DNS 187
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) 193
Configure VRRP 193
Show VRRP status and statistics 197

Virtual Private Networks (VPN)

IPsec 199
IPsec data protection 199
IPsec modes 199
Internet Key Exchange (IKE) settings 199
Authentication 200
Configure an IPsec tunnel 200
Configure IPsec failover 222
Configure SureLink active recovery for IPsec 223
Show IPsec status and statistics 230
OpenVPN 232
Configure an OpenVPN server 233
Configure an OpenVPN Authentication Group and User 242
Configure an OpenVPN client by using an .ovpn file 246
Configure an OpenVPN client without using an .ovpn file 249
Configure active recovery for OpenVPN 253
Show OpenVPN server status and statistics 260
Show OpenVPN client status and statistics 261
Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) 263
Configuring a GRE tunnel 263
Show GRE tunnels 268
Example: GRE tunnel over an IPSec tunnel 269

Services

Allow remote access for web administration and SSH 286
Configure the web administration service 289
Configure SSH access 296
Use SSH with key authentication 302
Generating SSH key pairs 302
Configure telnet access 305
Configure DNS 310
Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) 317
SNMP Security 317
Configure Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) 317
Download MIBs 322
System time 323
Configure the system time 323
Network Time Protocol 326
Configure the device as an NTP server 326
Configure a multicast route 332
Enable service discovery (mDNS) 335
Use the iPerf service 338
Example performance test using Iperf3 343

원문: Digi EX12 사용설명서(영문) · 제조사 원문 자료입니다. 사양은 제조사 사정에 따라 변경될 수 있습니다.

TESSOL Technical Library

Applications

Configure applications to run automatically 346
Task one: Upload the application 346
Task two: Configure the application to run automatically 348
Run a Python application at the shell prompt 352
Start an interactive Python session 354
Digidevice module 356
Use digidevice.cli to execute CLI commands 357
Use digidevice.datapoint to upload custom datapoints to Digi Remote Manager 358
Use digidevice.config for device configuration 360
Use Python to respond to Digi Remote Manager SCI requests 362
Use digidevice runtime to access the runtime database 371
Using Python to upload the device name to Digi Remote Manager 373
Hid module 375
Help for the hid module 375
Use Python to access serial ports 376

User authentication

EX12 user authentication 379
User authentication methods 379
Add a new authentication method 381
Delete an authentication method 383
Rearrange the position of authentication methods 385
Authentication groups 386
Change the access rights for a predefined group 388
Add an authentication group 390
Delete an authentication group 394
Local users 396
Change a local user's password 397
Configure a local user 399
Delete a local user 406
Terminal Access Controller Access-Control System Plus (TACACS+) 408
TACACS+ user configuration 409
TACACS+ server failover and fallback to local authentication 410
Configure your EX12 device to use a TACACS+ server 410
Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) 416
RADIUS user configuration 417
RADIUS server failover and fallback to local configuration 417
Configure your EX12 device to use a RADIUS server 418
LDAP 423
LDAP user configuration 424
LDAP server failover and fallback to local configuration 425
Configure your EX12 device to use an LDAP server 425
Disable shell access 430
Set the idle timeout for EX12 users 431
Example user configuration 434
Example 1: Administrator user with local authentication 434
Example 2: RADIUS, TACACS+, and local authentication for one user 436

Firewall

Firewall configuration 444

원문: Digi EX12 사용설명서(영문) · 제조사 원문 자료입니다. 사양은 제조사 사정에 따라 변경될 수 있습니다.

TS-TL-DGI-087

Create a custom firewall zone 444
Configure the firewall zone for a network interface 446
Delete a custom firewall zone 448
Port forwarding rules 449
Configure port forwarding 449
Delete a port forwarding rule 454
Packet filtering 457
Configure packet filtering 457
Enable or disable a packet filtering rule 461
Delete a packet filtering rule 463
Configure custom firewall rules 464
Configure Quality of Service options 466

System administration

Review device status 479
Configure system information 480
Update system firmware 482
Manage firmware updates using Digi Remote Manager 482
Certificate management for firmware images 482
Update cellular module firmware 485
Reboot your EX12 device 486
Reboot your device immediately 487
Schedule reboots of your device 487
Reset the device to factory defaults 489
Configuration files 494
Save configuration changes 494
Save configuration to a file 495
Restore the device configuration 496
Schedule system maintenance tasks 499

Monitoring

intelliFlow 507
Enable intelliFlow 507
Use intelliFlow to display average CPU and RAM usage 510
Use intelliFlow to display top data usage information 511
Use intelliFlow to display data usage by host over time 513
Configure NetFlow Probe 514

Central management with Digi Remote Manager

Digi Remote Manager support 520
Configure Digi Remote Manager 520
Collect device health data and set the sample interval 526
Log into Digi Remote Manager 528
Use Digi Remote Manager to view and manage your device 529
Add a device to Digi Remote Manager 530
View Digi Remote Manager connection status 530
Use the Digi Remote Manager mobile app 531
Configure multiple devices using profiles 532
Learn more 532

원문: Digi EX12 사용설명서(영문) · 제조사 원문 자료입니다. 사양은 제조사 사정에 따라 변경될 수 있습니다.

File system

The EX12 local file system 534
Display directory contents 534
Create a directory 535
Display file contents 536
Copy a file or directory 536
Move or rename a file or directory 537
Delete a file or directory 538
Upload and download files 539
Upload and download files by using the WebUI 539
Upload and download files by using the Secure Copy command 540
Upload and download files using SFTP 541

Diagnostics

Generate a support report 544
View system event logs 545
View System Logs 545
View Event Logs 548
Configure syslog servers 550
Configure options for the event and system logs 552
Analyze network traffic 557
Configure packet capture for the network analyzer 558
Example filters for capturing data traffic 562
Capture packets from the command line 563
Stop capturing packets 564
Show captured traffic data 564
Save captured data traffic to a file 566
Download captured data to your PC 567
Clear captured data 568
Use the ping command to troubleshoot network connections 569
Ping to check internet connection 569
Stop ping commands 569
Use the traceroute command to diagnose IP routing problems 569

Regulatory guide

End user license agreement

Command line interface

Access the command line interface 573
Log in to the command line interface 573
Exit the command line interface 574
Execute a command from the web interface 574
Display help for commands and parameters 575
The help command 575
The question mark (?) command 575
Display help for individual commands 576
Use the Tab key or the space bar to display abbreviated help 577
Auto-complete commands and parameters 577

원문: Digi EX12 사용설명서(영문) · 제조사 원문 자료입니다. 사양은 제조사 사정에 따라 변경될 수 있습니다.

Available commands 578
Use the scp command 579
Display status and statistics using the show command 580
show config 580
show system 581
show network 581
Device configuration using the command line interface 581
Execute configuration commands at the root Admin CLI prompt 582
Display help for the config command from the root Admin CLI prompt 582
Configuration mode 584
Enable configuration mode 584
Enter configuration commands in configuration mode 584
Save changes and exit configuration mode 584
Exit configuration mode without saving changes 585
Configuration actions 585
Display command line help in configuration mode 586
Move within the configuration schema 588
Manage elements in lists 589
The revert command 591
Enter strings in configuration commands 593
Example: Create a new user by using the command line 593
Command line reference 596
analyzer 597
cp 598
help 599
ls 600
mkdir 601
modem 602
modem puk status [imei STRING] [name STRING] 605
more 607
mv 608
ping 609
reboot 610
rm 611
scp 612
show 613
system 621
traceroute 623
update 626

Antenna notes and solutions

Antenna terminology 626
Physical specifications 626
Antennas tested by Digi 627
Extra-small IoT paddle antennas 627
Large external MIMO antenna (outdoor rated) 628
Flat MIMO antenna #1 628
Flat MIMO antenna #2 629
Paddle extender 629

원문: Digi EX12 사용설명서(영문) · 제조사 원문 자료입니다. 사양은 제조사 사정에 따라 변경될 수 있습니다.

What's new in Digi EX12 version 20.5

Release of Digi EX12 firmware version 20.5:

- Support for LDAP user authentication.
- Firmware installation from the Digi firmware server.
- Enhanced Digi Remote Manager support:
  - Support for remote proxy server for Digi Remote Manager.
  - Watchdog support for connection to Digi Remote Manager.
  - **Locally authenticate CLI** option added to Digi Remote Manager configuration to control whether a user is required to provide device-level authentication when accessing the console of the device through Digi Remote Manager.
  - Added a randomized two minute delay window for uploading health metrics to the Digi Remote Manager to avoid situations where multiple devices are uploading metrics at the same time.
- Enhanced Python support:
  - Support for the Python serial module to allow programmatic access to serial ports.
  - Support for the Python HID module to allow programmatic access to a USB Human Interface Device (HID) from within a Python script.
- Application mode for serial ports to allow for Python programmatic control.

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Digi EX12 Quick start

Note Devices manufactured with firmware version 20.2.*x* or greater are configured by default to use the Digi Remote Manager for cloud-based central device management. For information about configuring the device to use aView for central management instead, see Configure the device to use aView for central management.

Quick start using the Digi Remote Manager mobile app

After connecting your hardware and powering up, you can use the Digi Remote Manager mobile app to quickly install your EX12 into your Digi Remote Manager account.

Here's how:

If you already have a Digi Remote Manager account:

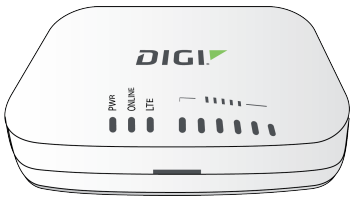
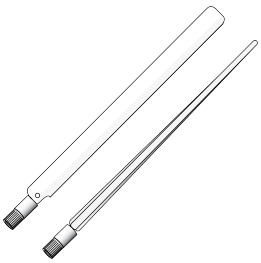
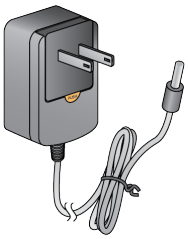
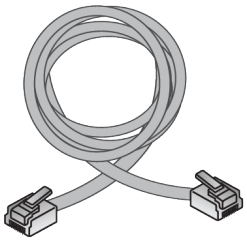
1. Download the **Digi Remote Manager** mobile app from the **App Store** (iPhone) or **Google Play** (Android).
2. Click **Log in or Sign Up** and log in to your account.
3. From the menu, select **Install a device with a QR or bar code** and scan the installation QR code on the label.
4. Follow the prompts to complete your EX12 registration.

If you need to sign up for a Digi Remote Manager account:

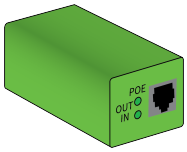
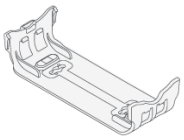
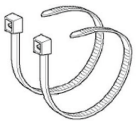
1. Click **here** to create a new account. You'll receive an email with login instructions.
2. On your smartphone or tablet, download the **Digi Remote Manager** mobile app from the **App Store** (iPhone) or **Google Play** (Android).
3. Open the **Digi Remote Manager** mobile app, click **Log in** and log into your new account.
4. From the menu, select **Install a device with a QR or bar code** and scan the installation QR code on the label.
5. Follow the prompts to complete your EX12 registration.

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Step 1: What's in the box

Item	Description
	**EX12 unit**
	**Cellular antennas (2)**
	**Power supply**
	**Temporary battery pack**
	**Ethernet cables:** ■ 1 x 18 inch ■ 1 x 156 inch

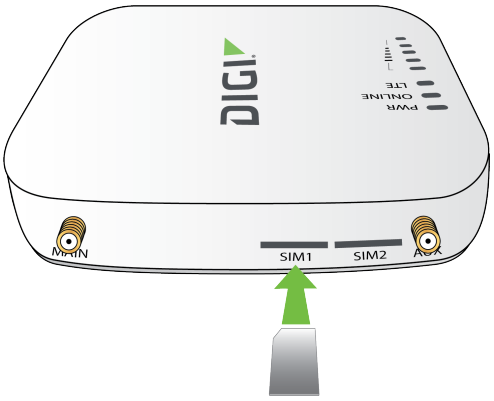
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Item	Description
	**Passive power-over-Ethernet injector**
	**Mounting bracket**
	**Ceiling rail clips, narrow (2)**
	**Ceiling rail clips, wide (2)**
	**Screws (2)**
	**Drywall anchors (2)**
	**Zipties (2)**

Step 2: Connect

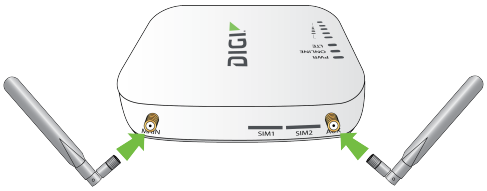
a. **Insert SIM**

Insert your activated SIM (2FF) card(s) provided by your cellular carrier into the device. You should hear a click sound when each SIM is completely inserted.

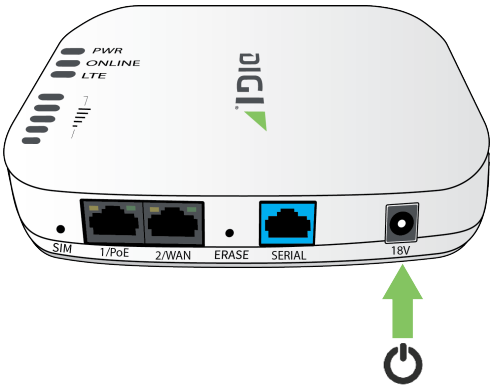


b. **Attach cellular antennas**

Attach all included antennas. Securely tighten each antenna using the barrel connector at the base of the antenna.



c. Connect DC power.



d. Wait until a cellular connection has been established.

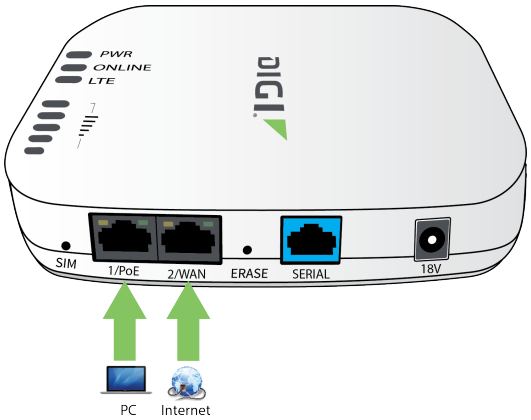
When connecting for the first time, it could take several minutes for the EX12 device to connect to the cellular network while it attempts to determine the APN required for the connection.

- Verify that the LTE LED on the front of the EX12 shows either green or blue (solid or flashing) for proper operation.
- Verify that the signal strength indicator on the front of the EX12 shows 2 or more bars.

> **Note** If your SIM card has an APN that is not recognized by the EX12 device, skip this step and configure the APN following the procedure at Configure cellular modem APNs.

e. If you intend to configure Ethernet WAN access at this time, use an Ethernet cable to connect the EX12's **2/WAN** port to a hub with access to the Internet.

f. Use an Ethernet cable to connect the EX12 **1/PoE** port to your PC.



Step 3: Configure

a. On the PC connected to the EX12, open a browser and go to **http://192.168.210.1**.

b. Log into the EX12:

User name: Use the default user name: **admin**.

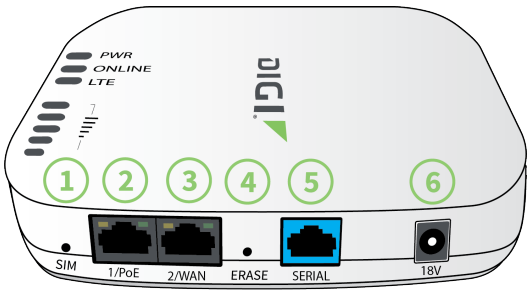
Password: Use the unique password printed on the bottom label of the device (or the printed label included in the package).

> Devices that connect to Digi aView for cloud management may have a different password for the default user, based on the aView configuration profile used by the device. Devices with firmware prior to release 20.2.x are configured to connect to aView by default.
>
> To connect to the local Web UI in this case, you must either know the password from the aView configuration profile, or you must disconnect from aVeiw and reset the device to factory defaults.
>
> To disconnect from aView and reset the device:
>
> a. Remove any SIM and WAN connections to prevent the device from connecting to aView after resetting to factory defaults.
>
> b. Follow the instructions at Reset the device to factory defaults to reset the device to factory defaults.
>
> c. Log into the local Web UI by using the default username and password.
>
> d. Prior to inserting a SIM or connecting to a WAN connection, disable central management or configure the device to connect to Digi Remote Manager, as described in Configure Digi Remote Manager.

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Digi EX12 hardware reference

Hardware features



1. **SIM** button

   The SIM button is used to manually toggle between the two SIM slots.

2. **1/PoE** port

   By default, the 1/PoE Ethernet port is configured as a LAN port with an IP address of 192.168.2.1/24 and a DCHP server.

3. **2/WAN** port

   By default, the 2/WAN Ethernet port is configured as a WAN port that will receive its IP address from an existing local network router.

4. **ERASE** button

   The **ERASE** button is used to perform a device reset, and it has three modes:

   a. **Configuration reset**: Pressing the **ERASE** button one time will reset the device configurations to the factory default. It will not remove any automatically generated certificates and keys.

   b. **Full device reset**: After the device reboots from the first button press, press the **ERASE** button again before the device is connected to the internet to also remove generated certificates/keys.

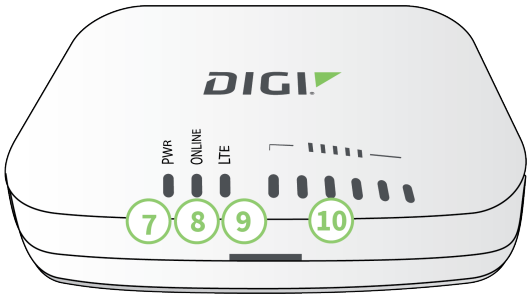
   c. **Firmware reversion**: Press and hold the **ERASE** button and then power on the device to boot to the version of firmware that was used prior to the current version.

5. **SERIAL** port

   See Serial port pinout and use for more information.

6. Power socket

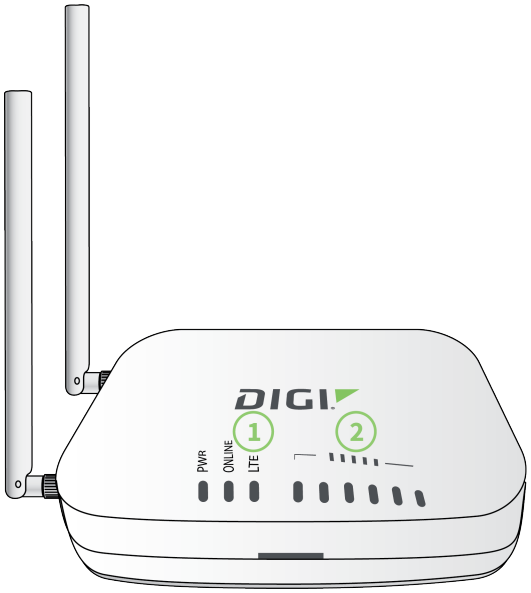
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7. Power indicator
8. WAN/WWAN connection indicator
9. LTE connection indicator
10. LTE signal strength

Device status LEDs

Once power has been established, your device will initialize and attempt to connect to the network. Device initialization may take 30-60 seconds. By default your EX12 will attempt to use DHCP to establish an Internet connection either through its cellular modem or the ethernet port.



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1. Cellular connectivity status is indicated by the color-coded LTE light.
2. Cellular signal strength is indicted by the signal strength indicator lights.

Signal bars	Weighted dBm	Signal strength %	Quality
▮	-113 to -99	0% to 23%	Bad
▮▮	-98 to -87	24% to 42%	Marginal
▮▮▮	-86 to -76	43% to 61%	OK
▮▮▮▮	-75 to -64	62% to 80%	Good
▮▮▮▮▮	-63 to -51	81% to 100%	Excellent

The weighted dBm measurements are negative numbers, meaning the smaller negative values denote a larger number. For example, a -85 is a better signal than -90.

Note See Signal quality bars explained for more information regarding how signal strength is calculated and subsequently displayed via the LED indicators.



3. Ethernet connections are confirmed via the light corresponding to the EX12 port number.

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Signal quality bars explained

The signal status bars for the Digi EX12 measure more than simply signal strength. The value reported by the 4G LTE signal bars is calculated using an algorithm that takes into consideration the Reference Signals Received Power (RSRP), the Signal-to-noise ratio (SNR), and the Received Signal Strength Indication (RSSI) to provide an accurate indicator of the quality of the signal that the device is receiving.

For 3G networks (including HSPA+) and 2G networks, the signal strength bars are determined by the RSSI value.

4G LTE algorithms

For 4G LTE, the EX12 device determines the RSRP, SNR, and RSSI values separately and uses the following algorithms to display the signal quality:

```
RSRP > -85, rsrp_bars=5
-95 < RSRP <= -85, rsrp_bars=4
-105 < RSRP <= -95, rsrp_bars=3
-115 < RSRP <= -105, rsrp_bars=2
-199 < RSRP <= -115, if we're connected to the cellular network, rsrp_bars=1,
if not rsrp_bars=0
```

If RSRP <= -199, the device uses the RSSI as the value with the same algorithm:

```
SNR >= 13, snr_bars=5
4.5 <= SNR < 13, snr_bars=4
1 <= SNR < 4, snr_bars=3
-3 < SNR < 1, snr_bars=2
-99 < SNR <= -3, if we're connected to the cellular network, snr_bars=1, if not
snr_bars=0
```

Once the **snr_bars** and **rsrp_bars** values are determined, the device uses the lesser of the two as the reported signal a bars.

3G algorithm

For 3G, the EX12 determines RSSI signal strength:

```
RSSI > -80, bars=5
-90 < RSSI <= -80, bars=4
-100 < RSSI <= -90, bars=3
-106 < RSSI <= -100, bars=2
RSSI <= -106, if we're connected to the cellular network, bars=1, if not bars=0
```

bars is then reported as the signal strength bars.

2G algorithm

For 2G, the EX12 determines RSSI signal strength:

```
RSSI > -80, bars=5
-89 < RSSI <= -80, bars=4
-98 < RSSI <= -89, bars=3
-104 < RSSI <= -98, bars=2
RSSI <= -104, if we're connected to the cellular network, bars=1, if not bars=0
```

bars is then reported as the signal strength bars.

LTE status indicators

The LTE LED provides the following network status information:

	Solid yellow Initializing or starting up.		**Solid green** Connected to 2G or 3G and also has a device linked to its 1/PoE port.
	Flashing yellow In the process of connecting to the cellular network and to a device on its 1/PoE port.		**Flashing blue** Connected to 4G LTE and in the process of connecting to a device on its 1/PoE port.
	Flashing white 1/PoE port connection established and in the process of connecting to the cellular network.		**Solid blue** Connected to the 4G LTE and also has a 1/PoE connection.
	Flashing green Connected to 2G or 3G and is in the process of connecting to any device on its 1/PoE port, or nothing is connected to the port.		**Alternating Red/Yellow** Upgrading firmware. **WARNING!** DO NOT POWER OFF DURING FIRMWARE UPGRADE.

Serial port pinout and use

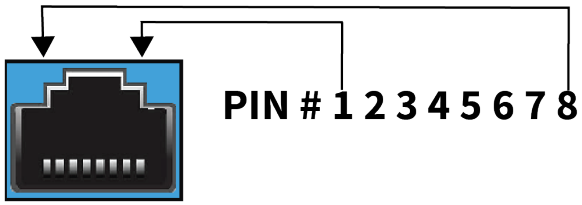
The RS232 standard requires support for baud rates up to 9600 baud on shielded multicore cable up to 50 feet (15 meters) long. For the EX12, the use of standard CAT 5 cables enables serial communication at all baud rates up to 50 feet. CAT5 unshielded twisted pair cable lengths much longer than 50 feet have been verified at 9600 baud but are non-standard and are not guaranteed.

The EX12 RS232 serial port is DTE and has the following pin configuration:

Pin 1	RTS	Request to send	Output from EX12
Pin 2	DCD	Data carrier detect	Input to EX12
Pin 3	RXD	Receive data	Input to EX12
Pin 4/5	—	Ground	Signal ground
Pin 6	TXD	Transmit data	Output from EX12
Pin 7	DTR	Data terminal ready	Output from EX12
Pin 8	CTS	Clear to send	Input to EX12

Note Ring indicate (RI) and data set ready (DSR) are not implemented.

The serial port uses a female RJ45 jack to enable connection using UTP Ethernet cabling.



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Hardware setup

This chapter contains the following topics:

Site survey 24
Physical installation 25
Install SIM cards in the Plug-in LTE modem 26
Connect data cables 27
Mount the EX12 device 27
Network integration 27

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Site survey

A cellular site survey is not necessary if your anticipated installation location is known to have strong cellular signal strength. If you are unsure of available cellular signal strength or are choosing between several installation locations, follow the below instructions to perform a site survey to determine your best possible installation location. After the optimal location has been determined, set up the EX12 with either the power supply unit or the PoE injector cable.

1. During a site survey it is useful to use the included battery pack instead of the power supply unit to power the EX12. The battery pack will power your device for approximately two hours while you perform your site survey. The battery pack is not rechargeable and should be properly disposed of after use.
2. Move the EX12 to different locations within your site to determine the best compromise between signal strength and installation constraints. Since cellular signal strength may fluctuate, it is important to wait at each location for 1 minute while observing the signal strength indicator on the front of the device. Minimum cellular signal strength for proper operation is 2 bars.
3. After the optimal location has been determined, remove the battery pack and connect either the main power supply unit or PoE injector cable (see Physical installation).

Note After the optimal location has been determined, set up the EX12 with either the power supply unit or the PoE injector cable.

Site survey troubleshooting

If you are unable to verify a location with a strong cellular signal:

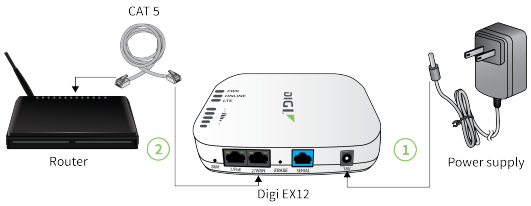
- Verify your SIM has been activated with your cellular operator.
- If you do not get a cellular signal when the EX12 is located indoors, then take the device outdoors to verify that your cellular network operator has coverage in your location.
- If the outdoor cellular signal strength is less than 2 bars, it may be necessary to connect using a different cellular network operator. This requires an activated SIM from the alternate cellular network operator.
- Try the device/antennas in different orientations and away from other nearby electronic equipment at each test location.

  Note LTE requires the use of both antennas, and the antennas will usually give better performance when vertical.

- Refer to Device status LEDs to use the EX12 indicator lights to aid in diagnosis.

Physical installation

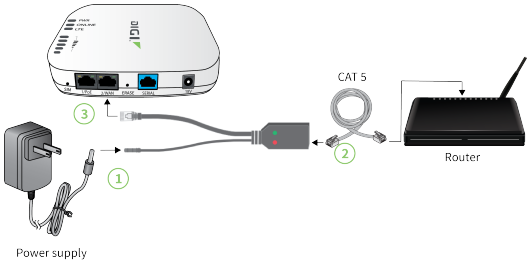
Connecting to the site network with local power



1. Plug the power supply unit into an AC power outlet
2. Connect the PSU to the EX12.

Connecting to the site network with remote power

If your device needs to be positioned some distance from either the nearest AC power outlet or site network equipment, using the included passive Power-over-Ethernet (PoE) injector will simplify the installation cabling and allow for improved cellular signal strength. The POE injector cable allows the DC power and Ethernet connection to be run to the EX12 via the Ethernet connection only.



1. Plug the power supply unit into an AC power outlet and connect to the PoE injector.
2. Connect the male RJ45 connector plug of the POE injector cable to the site network equipment/router.
3. Connect a standard Ethernet cable from the RJ45 socket/jack on the POE injector cable, (marked **DC OUT**), to the LAN/PoE Ethernet port of the EX12.

Remote power troubleshooting

The LED marked **IN** will illuminate when the PoE injector is receiving power from the PSU. The LED marked **OUT** lights up green when an Ethernet connection is recognized by the EX12.

If the **IN** LED is not illuminated check the following:

- Ensure that the PSU is plugged into an AC power outlet and is receiving power.
- Ensure that the PSU power plug is correctly connected to the POE injector cable power input socket.

If the **OUT** LED is not illuminated after connecting to the EX12, verify the integrity of the Ethernet cable.

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Note The PoE injector must be connected to LAN port 1 on the EX12 for the device to properly receive power.

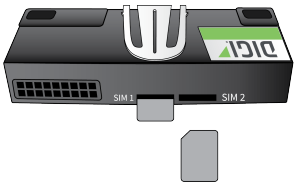
Install SIM cards in the Plug-in LTE modem

There is a label on the bottom of the CORE modem that indicates the plug-in modem IMEI number. The modem is referred to as 1002-CM.

To install SIM cards:

1. Identify the SIM 1 and SIM 2 slots on the 1002-CM. If using only one SIM card, insert it into SIM 1. A second SIM may be inserted into slot SIM 2 for an alternate wireless carrier.
2. Insert the SIM cards into the 1002-CM.

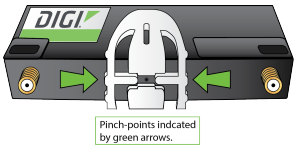
   Note If the EX12 device is used in an environment with high vibration levels, SIM card contact fretting may cause unexpected SIM card failures. To protect the SIM cards, Digi strongly recommends that you apply a thin layer of dielectric grease to the SIM contacts prior to installing the SIM cards.



3. With the antennas SMA connectors pointing outward, slide the Digi 1002-CM CORE modem into the EX12 device. A clicking sound will indicate it is properly inserted.
4. Secure the 1002-CM CORE modem with an anchor screw.
5. Affix the cellular antennas to the two connectors protruding from the device.

To remove the CORE modem:

1. Remove the anchor screw.
2. Pinch the two vertical sides of the white clip.



3. Slide the CORE modem out of the EX12 device.

Tips for improving cellular signal strength

If the signal strength LEDs or the signal quality for your device indicate **Poor** or **No service**, try the following things to improve signal strength:

- Move the device to another location.
- Try connecting a different set of antennas, if available.
- Purchase a Digi Antenna Extender Kit: Antenna Extender Kit, 1m.

Connect data cables

The EX12 provides two types of data ports:

- **Ethernet** (RJ-45): Use a Cat 5e or Cat 6 Ethernet cable.
- **Serial** (RJ-45): Use a serial cable with an RJ45 connector to connect to the EX12 device.

Mount the EX12 device

The EX12 device comes with three mounting options:

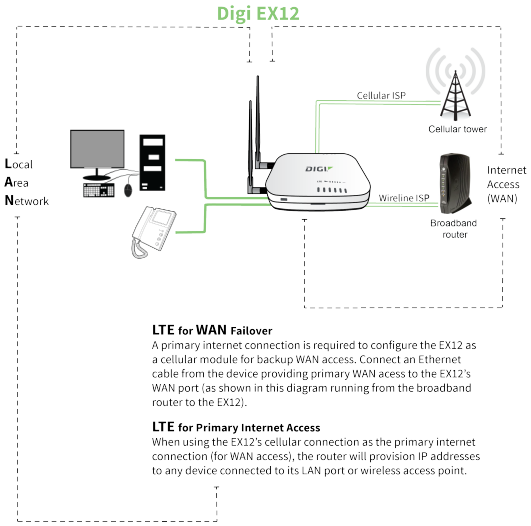
- Ceiling mounting clips. Ceiling mounting clips come in narrow and wide sizes, to match the size of your suspended ceiling rails.
- Screws and drywall anchors.
- Zip ties.

To mount the device:

1. Attach the mounting bracket to a surface using either the ceiling mounting clips, the screws and drywall anchors, or the zip ties.

   If using the ceiling mounting clips, affix the appropriate clips to the mounting bracket by inserting the cross-tee end of the clip into the mounting holes on the bracket and twisting the clip until it locks into place.
2. Attach the EX12 device to the mounting bracket by aligning the tabs on bracket with the tab slots on the device.

Network integration



Note A second internet connection must be available for cellular failover.

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When integrating a second Internet connection for cellular failover, connect the alternative ISP to the WAN port. This interface is configured for WAN access by default though ports can be reconfigured as necessary.

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Configuration and management

This chapter contains the following topics:

Review EX12 default settings 30
Reset default password for the default admin user 31
Configuration methods 33
Using Digi Remote Manager 34
Access Digi Remote Manager 34
Configure the device to use aView for central management 34
Using the web interface 38
Using the command line 40
Access the command line interface 40
Log in to the command line interface 40
Exit the command line interface 41

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Review EX12 default settings

Note Devices manufactured with firmware version 20.2.*x* or greater are configured by default to use the Digi Remote Manager for cloud-based central device management. For information about configuring the device to use aView for central management instead, see Configure the device to use aView for central management.

You can review the default settings for your EX12 device by using the local WebUI or Digi Remote Manager:

Local WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access. See Using the web interface for details.
2. On the menu, click **System** > **Device Configuration**.

Digi Remote Manager

1. If you have not already done so, connect to your Digi Remote Manager account.
2. Click **Device Management** to display a list of your devices.
3. Locate and select your device as described in Use Digi Remote Manager to view and manage your device.
4. Click **Configure**.

The following tables list important factory default settings for the EX12.

Default interface configuration

Interface type	Preconfigured interfaces	Devices	Default configuration
Wide Area Network (WAN)	■ **ETH2**	■ Ethernet: **ETH2**	■ Firewall zone: External ■ WAN priority: Metric=1 ■ IP Address: DHCP client ■ Digi SureLink™ enabled for IPv4
Wireless Wide Area Network (WWAN)	■ **Modem**	■ **Modem**	■ Firewall zone: External ■ WAN priority: Metric=3 ■ SIM failover after 5 attempts

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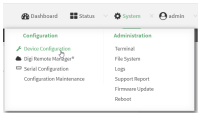
Interface type	Preconfigured interfaces	Devices	Default configuration
Local Area Network (LAN)	■ **ETH1**	■ Ethernet: **ETH1**	■ Firewall zone: Internal ■ IP address: 192.168.2.1/24 ■ DHCP server enabled ■ LAN priority: Metric=5
	■ **Loopback**	■ Ethernet: **Loopback**	■ Firewall zone: Loopback ■ IP address: 127.0.0.1/8
	■ **Default IP**	■ Bridge: **LAN**	■ Firewall zone: Setup ■ IP address 192.168.210.1/24
	■ **Default Link-local IP**	■ Bridge: **LAN**	■ Firewall zone: Setup ■ IP address 169.254.100.100/16

Reset default password for the default admin user

When you first log into the WebUI or the command line, or after erasing the configuration, you will be required to change the unique, factory-assigned default password for the default **admin** user prior to being able to save any changes or exit the user interface. The unique, factory-assigned default password is printed on the bottom label of the device (or the printed label included in the package).

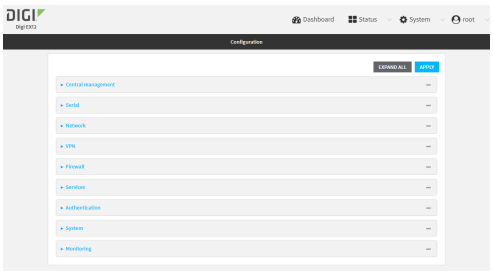
WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.

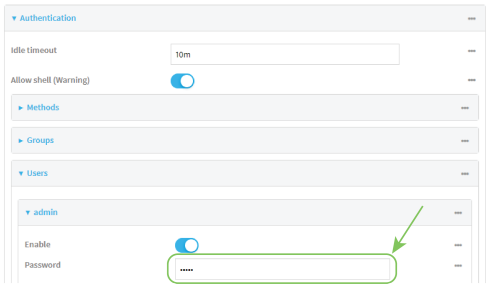


The **Configuration** window is displayed.

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3. Click **Authentication** > **Users** > **admin**.
4. Enter a new password for the admin user.



5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Set a new password for the admin user:

```
(config)> auth user admin password new-password
(config)>
```

4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```


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5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Configuration methods

There are two primary methods for configuring your EX12 device:

- Web interface.

  The web interface can be accessed in two ways:

  - Central management using the Digi Remote Manager, a cloud-based device management and data enablement platform that allows you to connect any device to any application, anywhere. With the Remote Manager, you can configure your EX12 device and use the configuration as a basis for a profile which can be applied to other similar devices. See Using Digi Remote Manager for more information about using the Remote Manager to manage and configure your EX12 device.
  - The local web interface. See Using the web interface for more information about using the local web interface to manage and configure your EX12 device.

  Web-based instructions in this guide are applicable to both the Remote Manager and the local web interface.

- Command line.

  A robust command line allows you to perform all configuration and management tasks from within a command shell. Both the Remote Manager and the local web interface also have the option to open a terminal emulator for executing commands on your EX12 device. See Using the command line for more information about using the command line to manage and configure your EX12 device.

In this guide, task topics show how to perform tasks:

WebUI

Shows how to perform a task by using the local web interface.

Command line

Shows how to perform a task by using the command line interface.

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Using Digi Remote Manager

Note Devices manufactured with firmware version 20.2.*x* or greater are configured by default to use the Digi Remote Manager for cloud-based central device management. For information about configuring the device to use aView for central management instead, see Configure the device to use aView for central management.

By default, your EX12 device is configured to use Digi Remote Manager as its central management server. No configuration changes are required to begin using the Remote Manager.

For information about configuring central management for your EX12 device, see Central management with Digi Remote Manager.

Access Digi Remote Manager

To access Digi Remote Manager:

1. If you have not already done so, go to https://myaccount.digi.com/ to sign up for a Digi Remote Manager account.

   Check your email for Digi Remote Manager login instructions.
2. Go to remotemanager.digi.com.
2. Enter your username and password.

   The Digi Remote Manager Dashboard appears.

Configure the device to use aView for central management

EX12 devices manufactured with firmware version 20.2.*x* or greater are configured by default to use Digi Remote Manager for cloud-based central device management. Use this procedure to configure the device to connect to the aView central management tool instead.

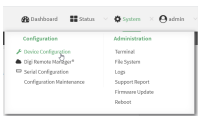
Note EX12 devices upgraded from a firmware version prior to 20.2.*x* to firmware version 20.2.*x* or greater will retain their central management configuration. Therefore, if the device was previously configured to use aView for central management, it will continue to use aView after upgrading to 20.2.*x* or greater.

However, if you erase the configuration of a device that was upgraded from a firmware version prior to 20.2.*x*, it will default to using Digi Remote Manager for cloud-based central device management.

To configure the EX12 device to use aView rather than Digi Remote Manager for central management:

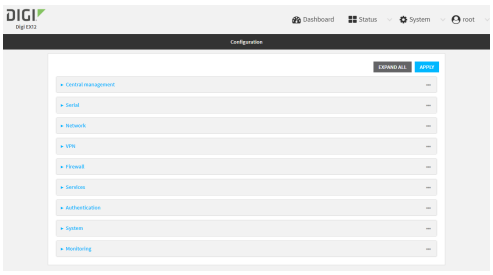
WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.

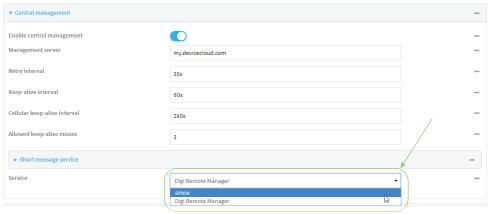


   The **Configuration** window is displayed.

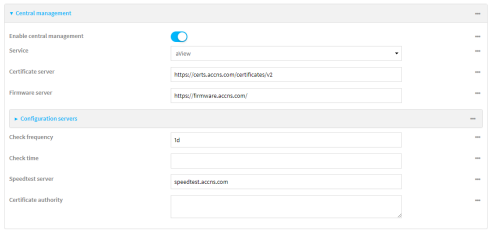
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3. Click **Central Management**.
4. Click **Enable central management**, if it central management is not already enabled.
5. For **Service**, select **aView**.

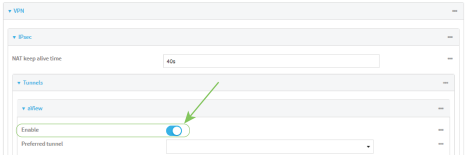


The Central management pane refreshes with the default aView configuration.



Review the default configuration. Generally, the default configuration should not be changed.

6. Enable the aView IPsec tunnel.
   a. Click **VPN** > **IPsec** > **Tunnels** > **aView**.
   b. Click **Enable**.

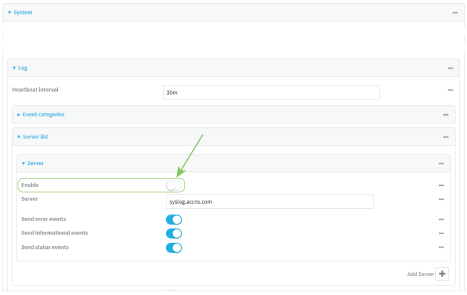


7. Enable the syslog server.

   If the syslog server is not enabled and set to syslog.accns.com, the device will be able to connect to aView and receive configuration updates, but unless the aView configuration updates set the syslog server, the device will not be able to send any metrics or logs to aView.

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a. Click **System** > **Log** > **Server list** > **Server**.
b. Click **Enable**.

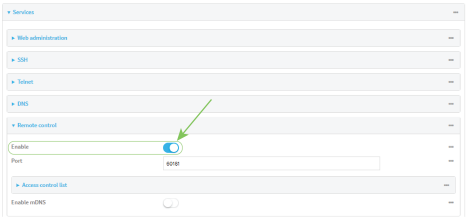


c. Verify that **Server** is set to **syslog.accns.com**.
d. (Optional) Select the event types to be sent to aView.

8. (Optional) Enable **Remote control**.

   Remote control allows remote commands to be sent from aView to the EX12 device. It is optional, but is required if you want to send remote commands from aView.

   a. Click **Services** > **Remote control**.
   b. Click **Enable**.



9. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```


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3. Enable central management:

```
(config)> cloud enable true
(config)>
```

4. Set aView as the central management tool:

```
(config)> cloud service aview
(config)>
```

5. View the default aView configuration:

```
(config)> show cloud
aview
    certificate_url https://certs.accns.com/certificates/v2
    check_freq 1d
    no check_time
    config_url
        0 https://configuration.accns.com/
        1 https://armt.att.com/
        2 https://av-wob.gcsc.att.com/
    firmware_url https://firmware.accns.com/
    speedtest_server speedtest.accns.com
no ca
enable false
service aview
(config)>
```

Generally, the default configuration should not be changed.

6. Enable the aView IPsec tunnel.

```
(config)> vpn ipsec tunnel aview enable true
(config)>
```

7. Enable the syslog server.

   If the syslog server is not enabled and set to syslog.accns.com, the device will be able to connect to aView and receive configuration updates, but unless the aView configuration updates set the syslog server, the device will not be able to send any metrics or logs to aView.

   a. Enable the server:

```
(config)> system log remote 0 enable true
(config)>
```

   b. Verify that the remote log server is set to syslog.accns.com:

```
(config)> show system log remote 0 server
syslog.accns.com
(config)>
```

   c. (Optional) Select the event types to be sent to aView.

   There are three event types that can be used configured for the remote syslog server:

- Informational
- Status
- Error

By default, all three event types are enabled. To disable:

i. Disable informational messages from being sent to aView:

```
(config)> system log remote 0 info false
(config)>
```

ii. Disable status messages from being sent to aView:

```
(config)> system log remote 0 status false
(config)>
```

iii. Disable error messages from being sent to aView:

```
(config)> system log remote 0 error false
(config)>
```

8. (Optional) Enable remote control.

   Remote control allows remote commands to be sent from aView to the EX12 device. It is optional, but is required if you want to send remote commands from aView.

```
(config)> service remote_control enable true
(config)>
```

9. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

10. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

After configuring the device to use aView for its central management tool, consult with the Digi aView User Guide for additional information.

Using the web interface

To connect to the EX12 local WebUI:

1. Use an Ethernet cable to connect the EX12's **1/PoE** port to a laptop or PC.
2. Open a browser and go to **192.168.2.1**.
3. Log into the device using a configured user name and password.

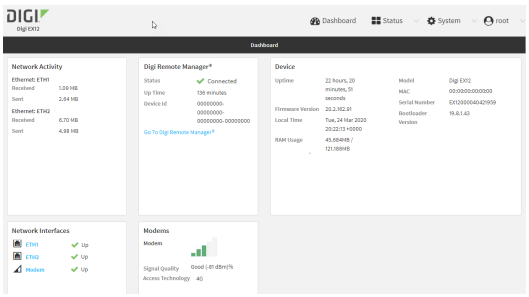
   The default user name is **admin** and the default password is the unique password printed on the label packaged with your device.

After logging in, the local web admin dashboard is displayed.

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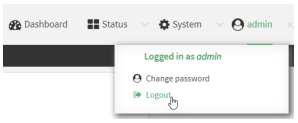


The dashboard shows the current state of the device.

Dashboard area	Description
Network activity	Summarizes network statistics: the total number of bytes sent and received over all configured bridges and Ethernet devices.
Digi Remote Manager	Displays the device connection status for Digi Remote Manager, the amount of time the connection has been up, and the Digi Remote Manager device ID. See Using Digi Remote Manager.
Device	Displays the EX12 device's status, statistics, and identifying information.
Network Interfaces	Displays the status of the network interfaces configured on the device.
Modems	Provides information about the signal strength and technology of the cellular modem (s).

Log out of the web interface

- On the main menu, click your user name. Click **Log out**.



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Using the command line

The Digi EX12 device provides a command-line interface that you can use to configure the device, display status and statistics, update firmware, and manage device files.

See Command line interface for detailed instructions on using the command line interface and see Command line reference for information on available commands.

Access the command line interface

You can access the EX12 command line interface using an SSH connection, a telnet connection, or a serial connection. You can use an open-source terminal software, such as PuTTY or TeraTerm, to access the device through one of these mechanisms.

You can also access the command line interface in the WebUI by using the **Terminal**, or the Digi Remote Manager by using the **Console**.

To access the command line, your device must be configured to allow access, and you must log in as a user who has been configured for the appropriate access. For further information about configuring access to these services, see:

- Serial: Configure the serial port
- WebUI: Configure the web administration service
- SSH: Configure SSH access
- Telnet: Configure telnet access

Log in to the command line interface

Command line

1. Connect to the EX12 device by using a serial connection, SSH or telnet, or the **Terminal** in the WebUI or the **Console** in the Digi Remote Manager. See Access the command line interface for more information.
   - For serial connections, the default configuration is:
     - **115200** baud rate
     - **8** data bits
     - **no** parity
     - **1** stop bit
     - **no** flow control
   - For SSH and telnet connections, the default IP address of the device is **192.168.2.1** on the .
2. At the login prompt, enter the username and password of a user with Admin access:

```
login: admin
Password: **********
```

   The default username is **admin**. The default unique password for your device is printed on the device label.

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3. Depending on the device configuration, you may be presented with another menu, for example:

```
Access selection menu:

       a: Admin CLI
       s: Shell
       q: Quit

Select access or quit [admin] :
```

Type **a** or **admin** to access the EX12 command line.

You will now be connected to the Admin CLI:

```
Connecting now, 'exit' to disconnect from Admin CLI ...

>
```

See Command line interface for detailed instructions on using the command line interface.

Exit the command line interface

Command line

1. At the command prompt, type **exit**.

```
> exit
```

2. Depending on the device configuration, you may be presented with another menu, for example:

```
Access selection menu:

       a: Admin CLI
       s: Shell
       q: Quit

Select access or quit [admin] :
```

Type **q** or **quit** to exit.

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Interfaces

EX12 devices have several physical communications interfaces. These interfaces can be bridged in a Local Area Network (LAN) or assigned to a Wide Area Network (WAN).

This chapter contains the following topics:

Wide Area Networks (WANs) 43
Local Area Networks (LANs) 103
Bridging 141

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Wide Area Networks (WANs)

The EX12 device is preconfigured with one Wide Area Network (WAN), named **ETH2**, and one Wireless Wide Area Network (WWAN), named **Modem**.

Interface type	Preconfigured interfaces	Devices	Default configuration
Wide Area Network (WAN)	■ **ETH2**	■ Ethernet: **ETH2**	■ Firewall zone: External ■ WAN priority: Metric=1 ■ IP Address: DHCP client ■ Digi SureLink™ enabled for IPv4
Wireless Wide Area Network (WWAN)	■ **Modem**	■ **Modem**	■ Firewall zone: External ■ WAN priority: Metric=3 ■ SIM failover after 5 attempts

You can modify configuration settings for the existing WAN and WWANs, and you can create new WANs and WWANs.

This section contains the following topics:

Wide Area Networks (WANs) and Wireless Wide Area Networks (WWANs) 44
Configure WAN/WWAN priority and default route metrics 44
WAN/WWAN failover 47
Configure SureLink active recovery to detect WAN/WWAN failures 48
Configure the device to reboot when a failure is detected 55
Disable SureLink 61
Example: Use a ping test for WAN failover from Ethernet to cellular 65
Using Ethernet devices in a WAN 68
Using cellular modems in a Wireless WAN (WWAN) 68
Configure a Wide Area Network (WAN) 83
Configure a Wireless Wide Area Network (WWAN) 90
Show WAN and WWAN status and statistics 99
Delete a WAN or WWAN. 101

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Wide Area Networks (WANs) and Wireless Wide Area Networks (WWANs)

A Wide Area Network (WAN) provides connectivity to the internet or a remote network. A WAN configuration consists of the following:

- A physical device, such as an Ethernet device or a cellular modem.
- Several networking parameters for the WAN, such as firewall configuration and IPv4 and IPv6 support.
- Several parameters controlling failover.

Configure WAN/WWAN priority and default route metrics

The EX12 device is preconfigured with one Wide Area Network (WAN), named **ETH2**, and one Wireless Wide Area Network (WWAN), named **Modem**. You can also create additional WANs and WWANs.

When a WAN is initialized, the EX12 device automatically adds a default IP route for the WAN. The priority of the WAN is based on the metric of the default route, as configured in the WAN's IPv4 and IPv6 metric settings.

Assigning priority to WANs

By default, the EX12 device's WAN (**ETH2**) is configured with the lowest metric (**1**), and is therefor the highest priority WAN. By default, the Wireless WAN (**Modem**) is configured with a metric of **3**, which means it has a lower priority than **ETH2**. You can assign priority to WANs based on the behavior you want to implement for primary and backup WAN interfaces. For example, if you want a cellular connection to be your primary WAN, with an Ethernet interface as backup, configure the metric of the WWAN to be lower than the metric of the WAN.

Example: Configure cellular connection as the primary WAN, and the Ethernet connection as backup

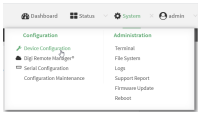
Required configuration items

- Configured WAN and WWAN interfaces. This example uses the preconfigured **ETH2** and **Modem** interfaces.
- The metric for each WAN.

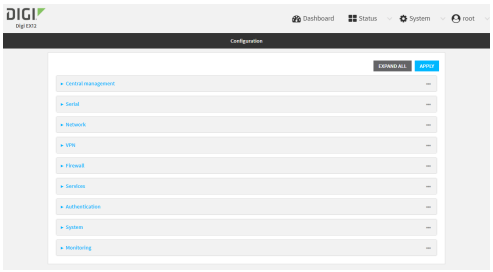
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WebUI

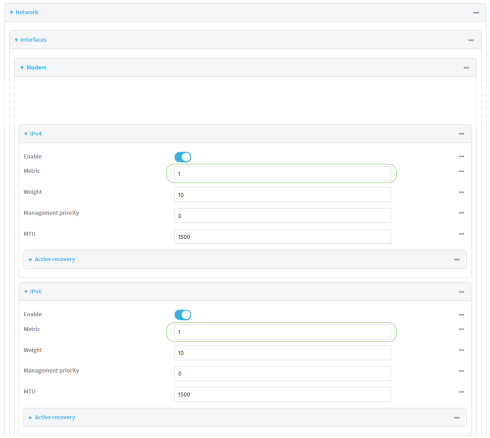
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Set the metrics for **Modem**:
   a. Click **Network** > **Interfaces** > **Modem** > **IPv4**.
   b. For **Metric**, type **1**.
   c. Click **IPv6**.
   d. For **Metric**, type **1**.

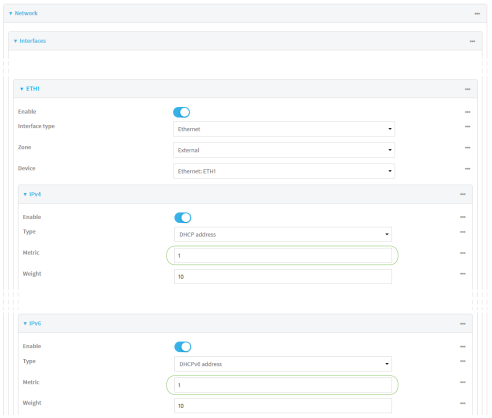


4. Set the metrics for **ETH2**:
   a. Click **Network** > **Interfaces** > **ETH2** > **IPv4**.
   b. For **Metric**, type **2**.
   c. Click **IPv6**.
   d. For **Metric**, type **2**.

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5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



The EX12 device is now configured to use the cellular modem WWAN, **Modem**, as its highest priority WAN, and its Ethernet WAN, **ETH2**, as its secondary WAN.

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Set the metrics for **Modem**:
   a. Set the IPv4 metric for **Modem** to **1**. For example:

```
(config)> network interface modem ipv4 metric 1
(config)>
```

   b. Set the IPv6 metric for **Modem** to **1**:

```
(config)> network interface modem ipv6 metric 1
(config)>
```


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4. Set the metrics for **ETH2**:
   a. Set the IPv4 metric for **ETH2** to **2**:

```
(config)> network interface eth2 ipv4 metric 2
(config)>
```

   b. Set the IPv6 metric for **ETH2** to **1**:

```
(config)> network interface eth2 ipv6 metric 2
(config)>
```

5. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

6. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

The EX12 device is now configured to use the cellular modem WWAN, **Modem**, as its highest priority WAN, and its Ethernet WAN, **ETH2**, as its secondary WAN.

WAN/WWAN failover

If a connection to a WAN interface is lost for any reason, the EX12 device will immediately fail over to the next WAN or WWAN interface, based on WAN priority. See Configure WAN/WWAN priority and default route metrics for more information about WAN priority.

Active vs. passive failure detection

There are two ways to detect WAN or WWAN failure: active detection and passive detection.

- Active detection uses Digi SureLink™ technology to send probe tests to a target host or to test the status of the interface. The WAN/WWAN is considered to be down if there are no responses for a configured amount of time. See Configure SureLink active recovery to detect WAN/WWAN failures for more information about active failure detection.
- Passive detection involves detecting the WAN going down by monitoring its link status by some means other than active detection. For example, if an Ethernet cable is disconnected or the state of a cellular interface changes from **on** to **off**, the WAN is down.

Default Digi SureLink configuration

Beginning with firmware version 20.2.*x*, Surelink is enabled by default for IPv4 on all WAN and WWAN interfaces, and is configured to perform two tests on these interfaces:

- Interface connectivity.
- DNS query to the DNS servers for interface's the network connection.

  DNS servers are typically received as part of the interface's DHCP client connection, although you can manually configure the DNS servers that will be used by SureLink.

> **Note** If your device is operating on a private APN or on wired network with firewall restrictions, ensure that the DNS servers on your private network allow DNS lookups for my.devicecloud.com; otherwise, the SureLink DNS query test will fail and the EX12 device will determine that the interface is down.

By default, these tests will be performed every 15 minutes, with a response timeout of 15 seconds. If the tests fail three consecutive times, the device will reset the network interface to attempt to recover the connection.

Configure SureLink active recovery to detect WAN/WWAN failures

Problems can occur beyond the immediate WAN/WWAN connection that prevent some IP traffic from reaching its destination. Normally this kind of problem does not cause the EX12 device to detect that the WAN has failed, because the connection continues to work while the core problem exists somewhere else in the network.

Using Digi SureLink, you can configure the EX12 device to regularly probe connections through the WAN to determine if the WAN has failed.

Required configuration items

- Enable SureLink.

  SureLink can be enabled for both IPv4 and IPv6 configurations. By default, SureLink is enabled for IPv4 for the preconfigured WAN (**ETH2**) and WWAN (**Modem**). It is disabled for IPv6.
- The type of probe test to be performed, either:
  - Ping: Requires the hostname or IP address of the host to be pinged.
  - DNS query: You can perform a DNS query to a named DNS server, or to the DNS servers configured for the WAN.
  - HTTP or HTTPS test: Requires the URL of the host to be tested.
  - Interface status: Determines if the interface has an IP address assigned to it, that the physical link is up, and that a route is present to send traffic out of the network interface.

  The preconfigured WAN is configured by default to use SureLink to both test the interface status and perform a test DNS query.

Additional configuration items

- The behavior of the EX12 device upon test failure:
  - The default behavior, which is to fail over to the next priority WAN/WWAN.
  - Restart the WAN interface.
  - Reboot the device.
- The interval between connectivity tests.
- The number of probe attempts before the WAN is considered to have failed.
- The amount of time that the device should wait for a response to a probe attempt before considering it to have failed.
- If the type of probe test is:
  - Ping: Configure the number of bytes in the ping packet.

- Interface status: Configure the amount of time that the interface is down before it is considered to have failed, and the amount of time it takes to make an initial connection before it is considered down.

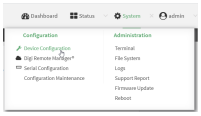
- Additional test targets.
- If more than one test target is configured, determine whether the interface should fail over based on the failure of one of the test targets, or all of the test targets.

To configure the EX12 device to regularly probe connections through the WAN:

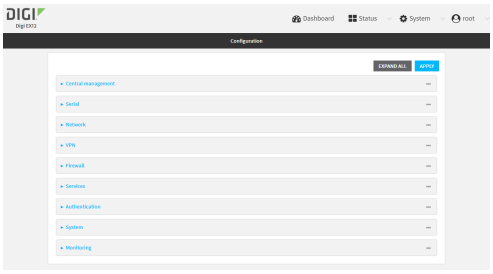
WebUI

SureLink can be configured for both IPv4 and IPv6.

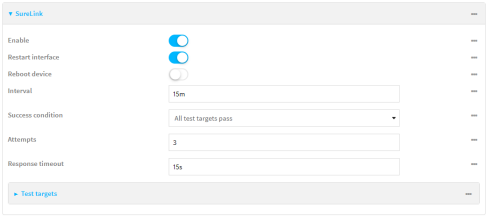
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Network** > **Interfaces**.
4. Create a new WAN or WWAN or select an existing one:
   - To create a new WAN or WWAN, see Configure a Wide Area Network (WAN) or Configure a Wireless Wide Area Network (WWAN).
   - To edit an existing WAN or WWAN, click to expand the appropriate WAN or WWAN.
5. After creating or selecting the WAN or WWAN, click **IPv4** (or **IPv6**) > **SureLink**.



6. **Enable** SureLink.

   SureLink can be enabled for both IPv4 and IPv6 configurations. By default, SureLink is enabled for IPv4 for the preconfigured WAN (**ETH2**) and WWAN (**Modem**). It is disabled for IPv6.

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7. Click to expand **Test targets**.
8. For **Add Test Target**, click ✚.



9. Select the **Test type**:
   - **Ping test**: Tests connectivity by sending an ICMP echo request to the hostname or IP address specified in **Ping host**. You can also optionally change the number of bytes in the **Ping payload size**.
   - **DNS test**: Tests connectivity by sending a DNS query to the specified **DNS server**.
   - **HTTP test**: Tests connectivity by sending an HTTP or HTTPS GET request to the URL specified in **Web servers**. The URL should take the format of **http[s]://*hostname*/[*path*]**.
   - **Test DNS servers configured for this interface**: Tests connectivity by sending a DNS query to the DNS servers configured for this interface.
   - **Test the interface status**: The interface is considered to be down based on:
     - **Down time**: The amount of time that the interface can be down before this test is considered to have failed.

       Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

       For example, to set **Down time** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

       The default is 60 seconds.
     - **Initial connection time**: The amount of time to wait for an initial connection to the interface before this test is considered to have failed.

       Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

       For example, to set **Initial connection time** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

       The default is 60 seconds.
10. Optional active recovery configuration parameters:
    a. For **Restart interface**, enable to configure the device to restart the interface when its connection is considered to have failed. This is useful for interfaces that may regain connectivity after restarting, such as a cellular modem.
    b. For **Reboot device**, enable to instruct the device to reboot when the WAN connection is considered to have failed.
    c. Change the **Interval** between connectivity tests.

       Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

       For example, to set **Interval** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

       The default is 15 minutes.
    d. If more than one test target is configured, for **Success condition**, determine whether the interface should fail over based on the failure of one of the test targets, or all of the test targets.

e. For **Attempts**, type the number of probe attempts before the WAN is considered to have failed.

f. For **Response timeout**, type the amount of time that the device should wait for a response to a probe attempt before considering it to have failed.

Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w**|**d**|**h**|**m**|**s**}.

For example, to set **Response timeout** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

The default is 15 seconds.

11. (Optional) Repeat this procedure for IPv6.
12. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

Active recovery can be configured for both IPv4 and IPv6. These instructions are for IPv4; to configure IPv6 active recovery, replace **ipv4** in the command line with **ipv6**.

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Create a new WAN or WWAN, or edit an existing one:
   - To create a new WAN or WWAN, see Configure a Wide Area Network (WAN) or Configure a Wireless Wide Area Network (WWAN).
   - To edit an existing WAN or WWAN, change to the WAN or WWAN's node in the configuration schema. For example, for a WAN or WWAN named **my_wan**, change to the **my_wan** node in the configuration schema:

```
(config)> network interface my_wan
(config network interface my_wan)>
```

4. Enable SureLink.

   SureLink can be enabled for both IPv4 and IPv6 configurations. By default, SureLink is enabled for IPv4 for the preconfigured WAN (eth2) and WWAN (modemwwan2). It is disabled for IPv6.

```
(config network interface my_wan> ipv4 surelink enable true
(config network interface my_wan)>
```


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5. Add a test target:

```
(config network interface my_wan)> add ipv4 surelink target end
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
```

6. Set the test type:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)> test value
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
```

where *value* is one of:

- **ping**: Tests connectivity by sending an ICMP echo request to a specified hostname or IP address.
  - Specify the hostname or IP address:

    ```
    (config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)> ping_
    host host
    (config network interface my_wanipv4 surelink target 0)>
    ```

  - (Optional) Set the size, in bytes, of the ping packet:

    ```
    (config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)> ping_
    size [num]
    (config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
    ```

- **dns**: Tests connectivity by sending a DNS query to the specified DNS server.
  - Specify the DNS server. Allowed value is the IP address of the DNS server.

    ```
    (config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelinktarget 0)> dns_
    server ip_address
    (config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelinktarget 0)>
    ```

- **dns_configured**: Tests connectivity by sending a DNS query to the DNS servers configured for this interface.
- **http**: Tests connectivity by sending an HTTP or HTTPS GET request to the specified URL.
  - Specify the url:

    ```
    (config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)> http_url
    value
    (config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
    ```

    where *value* uses the format **http[s]://*hostname*/[*path*]**
- **interface_up**: The interface is considered to be down based on the interfaces down time, and the amount of time an initial connection to the interface takes before this test is considered to have failed.
  - (Optional) Set the amount of time that the interface can be down before this test is considered to have failed:

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TS-TL-DGI-087

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
interface_down_time value
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

For example, to set **interface_down_time** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
interface_down_time 600s
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
```

The default is 60 seconds.

- (Optional) Set the amount of time to wait for an initial connection to the interface before this test is considered to have failed:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
interface_timeout value
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

For example, to set **interface_timeout** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
interface_timeout 600s
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
```

The default is 60 seconds.

(Optional) Repeat to add additional test targets.

7. Optional active recovery configuration parameters:
   a. Move back two levels in the configuration by typing **.. ..**:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)> .. ..
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink>
```

   b. To configure the device to restart the interface when its connection is considered to have failed:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink)> restart enable
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink>
```

   This is useful for interfaces that may regain connectivity after restarting, such as a cellular modem.

   c. To configure the device to reboot when the interface is considered to have failed:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink)> reboot enable
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink>
```

d. Set the **Interval** between connectivity tests:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink)> interval value
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

For example, to set **interval** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink)> interval 600s
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink)>
```

The default is 15 minutes.

e. If more than one test target is configured, determine whether the interface should fail over based on the failure of one of the test targets, or all of the test targets:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink)> success_condition value
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink>
```

Where *value* is either **one** or **all**.

f. Set the number of probe attempts before the WAN is considered to have failed:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink)> attempts num
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink>
```

The default is **3**.

g. Set the amount of time that the device should wait for a response to a probe attempt before considering it to have failed:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink)> timeout value
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

For example, to set **timeout** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink)> timeout 600s
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink)>
```

The default is 15 seconds.

8. (Optional) Repeat this procedure for IPv6.
9. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

10. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Configure the device to reboot when a failure is detected

Using SureLink, you can configure the EX12 device to reboot when it has determined that an interface has failed.

Required configuration items

- Enable SureLink.

  SureLink can be enabled for both IPv4 and IPv6 configurations. By default, SureLink is enabled for IPv4 for the preconfigured WAN (**ETH2**) and WWAN (**Modem**). It is disabled for IPv6.
- Enable device reboot upon interface failure.
- The type of probe test to be performed, either:
  - Ping: Requires the hostname or IP address of the host to be pinged.
  - DNS query: You can perform a DNS query to a named DNS server, or to the DNS servers configured for the WAN.
  - HTTP or HTTPS test: Requires the URL of the host to be tested.
  - Interface status: Determines if the interface has an IP address assigned to it, that the physical link is up, and that a route is present to send traffic out of the network interface.

Additional configuration items

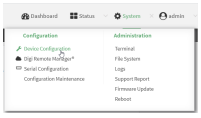
- See Configure SureLink active recovery to detect WAN/WWAN failures for optional SureLink configuration parameters.

To configure the EX12 device to reboot when an interface has failed:

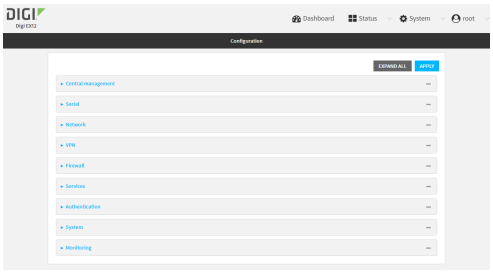
WebUI

SureLink can be configured for both IPv4 and IPv6.

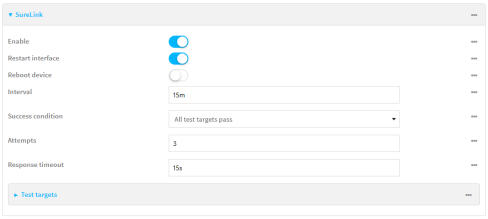
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.

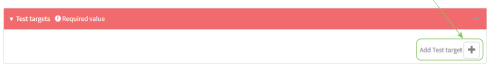


3. Click **Network** > **Interfaces**.
4. Create a new interface or select an existing one:
   - To create a new interface, see Configure a LAN, Configure a Wide Area Network (WAN), or Configure a Wireless Wide Area Network (WWAN).
   - To edit an existing interface, click to expand the appropriate interface.
5. After creating or selecting the interface, click **IPv4** (or **IPv6**) > **SureLink**.



6. **Enable** SureLink.

   SureLink can be enabled for both IPv4 and IPv6 configurations. By default, SureLink is enabled for IPv4 for the preconfigured WAN (**ETH2**) and WWAN (**Modem**). It is disabled for IPv6.
7. Enable **Reboot device**.
8. Click to expand **Test targets**.
9. For **Add Test Target**, click ✚.



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10. Select the **Test type**:
    - **Ping test**: Tests connectivity by sending an ICMP echo request to the hostname or IP address specified in **Ping host**. You can also optionally change the number of bytes in the **Ping payload size**.
    - **DNS test**: Tests connectivity by sending a DNS query to the specified **DNS server**.
    - **HTTP test**: Tests connectivity by sending an HTTP or HTTPS GET request to the URL specified in **Web servers**. The URL should take the format of **http[s]://*hostname*/[*path*]**.
    - **Test DNS servers configured for this interface**: Tests connectivity by sending a DNS query to the DNS servers configured for this interface.
    - **Test the interface status**: The interface is considered to be down based on:
        - **Down time**: The amount of time that the interface can be down before this test is considered to have failed.

          Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

          For example, to set **Down time** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

          The default is 60 seconds.
        - **Initial connection time**: The amount of time to wait for an initial connection to the interface before this test is considered to have failed.

          Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

          For example, to set **Initial connection time** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

          The default is 60 seconds.
11. Optional active recovery configuration parameters:
    a. Change the **Interval** between connectivity tests.

       Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

       For example, to set **Interval** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

       The default is 15 minutes.

    b. If more than one test target is configured, for **Success condition**, determine whether the interface should fail over based on the failure of one of the test targets, or all of the test targets.

    c. For **Attempts**, type the number of probe attempts before the WAN is considered to have failed.

    d. For **Response timeout**, type the amount of time that the device should wait for a response to a probe attempt before considering it to have failed.

       Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

       For example, to set **Response timeout** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

       The default is 15 seconds.
12. (Optional) Repeat this procedure for IPv6.
13. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.

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Command line

Active recovery can be configured for both IPv4 and IPv6. These instructions are for IPv4; to configure IPv6 active recovery, replace **ipv4** in the command line with **ipv6**.

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Create a new interface, or edit an existing one:
   - To create a new interface, see Configure a LAN, Configure a Wide Area Network (WAN), or Configure a Wide Area Network (WAN) or Configure a Wireless Wide Area Network (WWAN).
   - To edit an existing interface, change to the interface's node in the configuration schema. For example, for a interface named **my_wan**, change to the **my_wan** node in the configuration schema:

```
(config)> network interface my_wan
(config network interface my_wan)>
```

4. Enable SureLink.

   SureLink can be enabled for both IPv4 and IPv6 configurations. By default, SureLink is enabled for IPv4 for the preconfigured WAN (eth2) and WWAN (modemwwan2). It is disabled for IPv6.

```
(config network interface my_wan> ipv4 surelink enable true
(config network interface my_wan)>
```

5. Set the device to reboot when the interface is considered to have failed:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink)> reboot true
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink>
```

6. Add a test target:

```
(config network interface my_wan)> add ipv4 surelink target end
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
```

7. Set the test type:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)> test value
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
```

   where *value* is one of:

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TS-TL-DGI-087

- **ping**: Tests connectivity by sending an ICMP echo request to a specified hostname or IP address.
  - Specify the hostname or IP address:

    ```
    (config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)> ping_
    host host
    (config network interface my_wanipv4 surelink target 0)>
    ```

  - (Optional) Set the size, in bytes, of the ping packet:

    ```
    (config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)> ping_
    size [num]
    (config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
    ```

- **dns**: Tests connectivity by sending a DNS query to the specified DNS server.
  - Specify the DNS server. Allowed value is the IP address of the DNS server.

    ```
    (config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelinktarget 0)> dns_
    server ip_address
    (config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelinktarget 0)>
    ```

- **dns_configured**: Tests connectivity by sending a DNS query to the DNS servers configured for this interface.
- **http**: Tests connectivity by sending an HTTP or HTTPS GET request to the specified URL.
  - Specify the url:

    ```
    (config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)> http_url
    value
    (config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
    ```

    where *value* uses the format **http[s]://*hostname*/[*path*]**
- **interface_up**: The interface is considered to be down based on the interfaces down time, and the amount of time an initial connection to the interface takes before this test is considered to have failed.
  - (Optional) Set the amount of time that the interface can be down before this test is considered to have failed:

    ```
    (config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
    interface_down_time value
    (config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
    ```

    where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w**|**d**|**h**|**m**|**s**}.

    For example, to set **interface_down_time** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

    ```
    (config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
    interface_down_time 600s
    (config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
    ```


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The default is 60 seconds.

- (Optional) Set the amount of time to wait for an initial connection to the interface before this test is considered to have failed:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
interface_timeout value
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

For example, to set **interface_timeout** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
interface_timeout 600s
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)>
```

The default is 60 seconds.

(Optional) Repeat to add additional test targets.

8. Optional active recovery configuration parameters:
   a. Move back two levels in the configuration by typing **.. ..**:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink target 0)> .. ..
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink>
```

   b. Set the **Interval** between connectivity tests:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink)> interval value
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink>
```

   where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

   For example, to set **interval** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink)> interval 600s
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink)>
```

   The default is 15 minutes.

   c. If more than one test target is configured, determine whether the interface should fail over based on the failure of one of the test targets, or all of the test targets:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink)> success_condition value
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink>
```

   Where *value* is either **one** or **all**.

   d. Set the number of probe attempts before the WAN is considered to have failed:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink)> attempts num
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink>
```

   The default is **3**.

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TS-TL-DGI-087

e. Set the amount of time that the device should wait for a response to a probe attempt before considering it to have failed:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink)> timeout value
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

For example, to set **timeout** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink)> timeout 600s
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink)>
```

The default is 15 seconds.

9. (Optional) Repeat this procedure for IPv6.
10. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 surelink)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

11. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

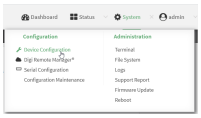
    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Disable SureLink

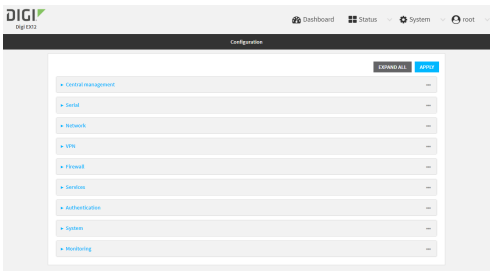
If your device uses a private APN with no Internet access, or your device has a restricted wired WAN connection that doesn't allow DNS resolution, follow this procedure to disable the default SureLink connectivity tests. You can also disable DNS lookup or other internet activity, while retaining the SureLink interface test.

WebUI

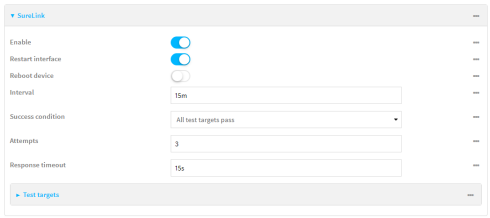
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Network** > **Interfaces**.
4. Select the appropriate WAN or WWAN on which SureLink should be disabled..
5. After selecting the WAN or WWAN, click **IPv4** > **SureLink**.



6. Toggle off **Enable** to disable SureLink.
7. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Change to the WAN or WWAN's node in the configuration schema. For example, to disable SureLink for the Modem interface:

```
(config)> network interface modem
(config network interface modem)>
```

4. Disable SureLink:

```
(config network interface modem> ipv4 surelink enable false
(config network interface modem)>
```


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TS-TL-DGI-087

5. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config network interface my_wwan ipv4 surelink)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

6. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

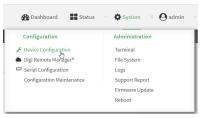
   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Disable DNS lookup

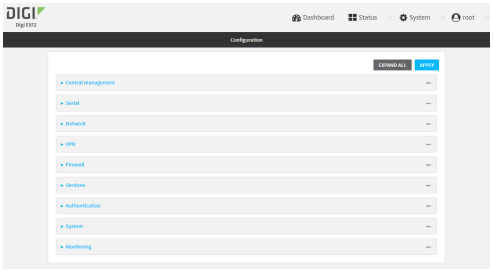
Alternatively, you can disable DNS lookup or other internet activity for device that use a private APN with no Internet access, or that have restricted wired WAN connections that do not allow DNS resolution, while retaining the SureLink interface test. The SureLink interface test determines if the interface has an IP address assigned to it, that the physical link is up, and that a route is present to send traffic out of the network interface.

WebUI

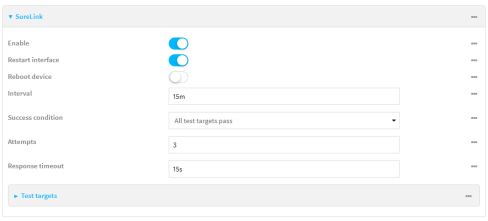
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



   The **Configuration** window is displayed.

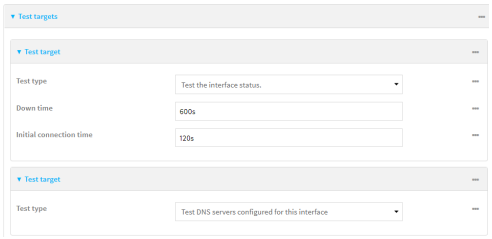


3. Click **Network** > **Interfaces**.
4. Select the appropriate WAN or WWAN on which SureLink should be disabled..
5. After selecting the WAN or WWAN, click **IPv4** > **SureLink**.



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6. Click to expand **Test targets**.
7. Click to expand the second test target. This test target has its **Test type** set to **Test DNS servers configured for this interface**.



8. Click the menu icon **(...)** next to the target and select **Delete**.



9. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Change to the WAN or WWAN's node in the configuration schema. For example, to disable SureLink for the Modem interface:

```
(config)> network interface modem
(config network interface modem)>
```

4. Determine the index number of the target:

```
(config network interface modem)> show ipv4 surelink target
0
        interface_down_time 600s
        interface_timeout 120s
        test interface_up
1
        test dns_configured
(config network interface modem)>
```


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5. Delete the target:

```
(config network interface modem> del ipv4 surelink target 1
(config network interface modem)>
```

6. Save the configuration and apply the change:

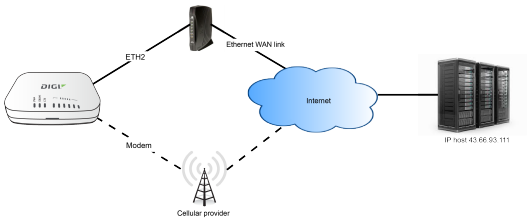
```
(config network interface my_wwan ipv4 surelink)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

7. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Example: Use a ping test for WAN failover from Ethernet to cellular

In this example configuration, the **ETH2** interface serves as the primary WAN, while the cellular **Modem** interface serves as the backup WAN.

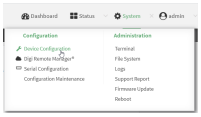


In this example configuration, SureLink is used over for the **ETH2** interface to send a probe packet of size **256** bytes to the IP host **43.66.93.111** every **10** seconds. If there are three consecutive failed responses, the EX12 device brings the **ETH2** interface down and starts using the **Modem** interface. It continues to regularly test the connection to **ETH2**, and when tests on **ETH2** succeed, the device falls back to **ETH1**.

To achieve this WAN failover from the **ETH2** to the **Modem** interface, the WAN failover configuration is:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.

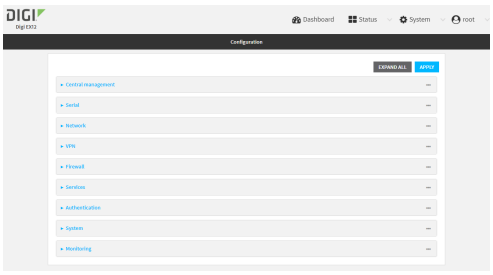


   The **Configuration** window is displayed.

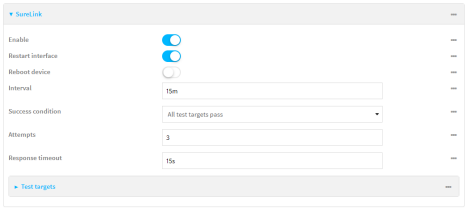
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3. Configure active recovery on **ETH2**:
   a. Click **Network** > **Interface** > **ETH2** > **IPv4** > **SureLink**.



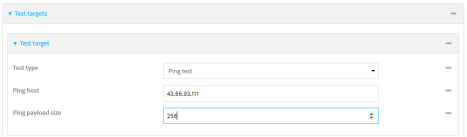
   b. For **Interval**, type **10s**.
   c. Click to expand **Test targets**.
   d. Delete the existing test targets:
      Click the menu icon **(...)** next to each target and select **Delete**.



   e. For **Add Test Target**, click ✚.



   f. For **Test type**, select **Ping test**.
   g. For **Ping host**, type **43.66.93.111**.
   h. For **Ping payload size**, type **256**.



4. Repeat the above step for **Modem** to enable SureLink on that interface.
5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.

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Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Configure SureLink on **ETH2**:
   a. Set the interval to ten seconds:

```
(config)> network interface eth2 ipv4 surelink interval 10s
(config)>
```

   b. Delete the existing test targets:

```
(config network interface eth2> del ipv4 surelink target 0
(config network interface eth2> del ipv4 surelink target 1
(config network interface eth2)>
```

   c. Add a test target:

```
(config)> add network interface eth2 ipv4 surelink target end
(config network interface eth2 ipv4 surelink target 0)>
```

   d. Set the probe type to ping:

```
(config network interface eth2 ipv4 surelink target 0)> test ping
(config network interface eth2 ipv4 surelink target 0)>
```

   e. Set the packet size to 256 bytes:

```
(config network interface eth2 ipv4 surelink target 0)> ping_size 256
(config network interface eth2 ipv4 surelink target 0)>
```

   f. Set the host to ping:

```
(config network interface eth2 ipv4 surelink target 0)> ping_host
43.66.93.111
(config network interface eth2 ipv4 surelink target 0)>
```

3. Repeat the above step for the cellular **Modem** (modem) interface to enable SureLink on that interface.

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4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Using Ethernet devices in a WAN

The EX12 device has two Ethernet devices, named **ETH1** and **ETH2**. You can use these Ethernet interfaces as a WAN when connecting to the Internet, through a device such as a cable modem:



By default, the **2/WAN** Ethernet device is configured as a WAN, named **ETH2**, with both DHCP and NAT enabled and using the **External** firewall zone. This means you should be able to connect to the Internet by connecting the **2/WAN** Ethernet port to another device that already has an internet connection.

The **1/PoE** device is configured either as a LAN interface, named **ETH1**, or for wireless-enabled EX12W devices, part of a bridge named **LAN** that is used by the **ETH1** interface, which uses the **Internal** firewall zone. If desired, you can assign these Ethernet devices to a WAN.

Using cellular modems in a Wireless WAN (WWAN)

The EX12 supports one cellular modem, named **Modem**, which is included in a preconfigured Wireless WAN, also named **Modem**.

The cellular modem can have only one active interface at any one time. For example, **Modem** can have either SIM1 or SIM2 up at one time.

Typically, you configure SIM1 of the cellular modem as the primary cellular interface, and SIM2 as the backup cellular interface. In this way, if the EX12 device cannot connect to the network using SIM1, it automatically fails over to SIM2. EX12 devices automatically use the correct cellular module firmware for each carrier when switching SIMs.

Configure cellular modem APNs

The EX12 device uses a preconfigured list of Access Point Names (APNs) when attempting to connect to a cellular carrier for the first time. After the device has successfully connected, it will remember the correct APN. As a result, it is generally not necessary to configure APNs. However, you can configure the system to use a specified APN.

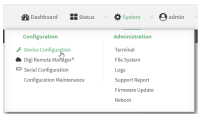
To configure the APN:

WebUI

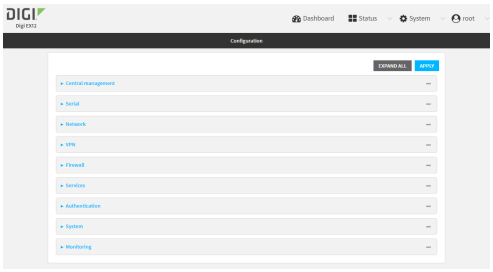
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.

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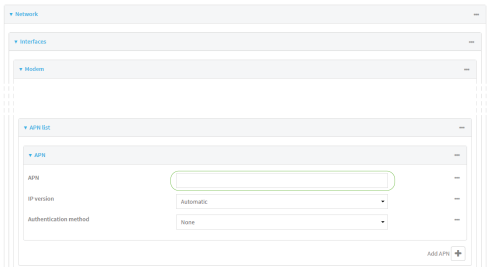
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Network** > **Interfaces** > **Modem** > **APN list** > **APN**.



4. For **APN**, type the Access Point Name (APN) to be used when connecting to the cellular carrier.
5. (Optional) **IP version**:

   For **IP version**, select one of the following:

   - **Automatic**: Requests both IPv4 and IPv6 address.
   - **IPv4**: Requests only an IPv4 address.
   - **IPv6**: Requests only an IPv6 address.

   The default is **Automatic**.
6. (Optional) **Authentication method**:

   For **Authentication method**, select one of the following:

   - **None**: No authentication is required.
   - **Automatic**: The device will attempt to connect using CHAP first, and then PAP.
   - **CHAP**: Uses the Challenge Handshake Authentication Profile (CHAP) to authenticate.
   - **PAP**: Uses the Password Authentication Profile (PAP) to authenticate.

   If **Automatic**, **CHAP**, or **PAP** is selected, enter the **Username** and **Password** required to authenticate.

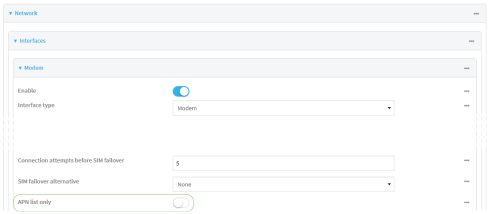
   The default is **None**.
7. To add additional APNs, for **Add APN**, click **+** and repeat the preceding instructions.

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8. (Optional) To configure the device to bypass its preconfigured APN list and only use the configured APNs, enable **APN list only**.



9. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. At the config prompt, type:

```
(config)> network interface modem modem apn 0 apn value
(config)>
```

   where *value* is the APN for the SIM card.
4. (Optional) To add additional APNs:
   a. Use the **add** command to add a new APN entry. For example:

```
(config)> add network interface modem modem apn end
(config network interface modem modem apn 1)>
```

   b. Set the value of the APN:

```
(config network interface modem modem apn 1)> apn value
(config network interface modem modem apn 1)>
```

   where value is the APN for the SIM card.
5. (Optional) Set the IP version:

```
(config)> network interface modem modem apn 0 ip_version version
(config)>
```


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where *version* is one of the following:

- **auto**: Requests both IPv4 and IPv6 address.
- **ipv4**: Requests only an IPv4 address.
- **ipv6**: Requests only an IPv6 address.

The default is **auto**.

6. (Optional) Set the authentication method:

```
(config)> network interface modem modem apn 0 auth method
(config)>
```

where *method* is one of the following:

- **none**: No authentication is required.
- **auto**: The device will attempt to connect using CHAP first, and then PAP.
- **chap**: Uses the Challenge Handshake Authentication Profile (CHAP) to authenticate.
- **pap**: Uses the Password Authentication Profile (PAP) to authenticate.

If **auto**, **chap**, or **pap** is selected, enter the **Username** and **Password** required to authenticate:

```
(config)> network interface modem modem apn 0 username name
(config)> network interface modem modem apn 0 password pwd
(config)>
```

The default is **none**.

7. (Optional) To configure the device to bypass its preconfigured APN list and only use the configured APNs:

```
(config)> network interface modem modem apn_lock true
(config)>
```

8. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

9. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Show cellular status and statistics

You can view a summary status for all cellular modems, or view detailed status and statistics for a specific modem.

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. On the menu, click **Status**.
3. Under **Connections**, click **Modems**.

   The modem status window is displayed

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. Use the show modem command:

   - To view a status summary for the modem:

```
> show modem

Modem  SIM            Status     APN        Signal Strength
-----  -------------  ---------  ---------  --------------------
modem  1 (ready)      connected  1234       Good (-84 dBm)

>
```

   - To view detailed status and statistics, use the show modem name *name* command:

```
> show modem name modem

 modem: [Telit] LM940
 ------------------------------------------------------------------------
---------
 IMEI                    : 781154796325698
 Manufacturer            : Telit
 Model                   : LM940
 FW Version              : 24.01.541_ATT
 Revision                : 24.01.541

 Status
 ------
 State                   : connected
 APN                     : 1234
 Signal Strength         : Good (-85 dBm)
 Bars                    : 2/5
 Access Mode             : 4G
 Temperature             : 34C
 IP address (IPv4)       : 10.200.1.2
 Gateway (IPv4)          : 10.200.1.1

 SIM
 ---
 SIM Slot                : 1
 SIM Status              : ready
 IMSI                    : 21685216482134
 ICCID                   : 26587956542156312312
 SIM Provider            : AT&T

>
```


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Unlock a SIM card

A SIM card can be locked if a user tries to set an invalid PIN for the SIM card too many times. In addition, some cellular carriers require a SIM PIN to be added before the SIM card can be used. If the SIM card is locked, the EX12 device cannot make a cellular connection.

Command line

To unlock a SIM card:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the Admin CLI prompt, use the modem command to set a new PIN for the SIM card:

   ```
   > modem puk unlock puk_code new_pin modem_name
   >
   ```

   For example, to unlock a SIM card in the modem named **modem** with PUK code **12345678**, and set the new SIM PIN to **1234**:

   ```
   > modem puk unlock 12345678 1234 modem
   >
   ```
3. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Note If the SIM remains in a locked state after using the unlock command, contact your cellular carrier.

Signal strength for 4G cellular connections

For 4G connections, the **RSRP** value determines signal strength.

- **Excellent**: > **-90 dBm**
- **Good**: **-90 dBm** to **-105 dBm**
- **Fair**: **-106 dBm** to **-115 dBm**
- **Poor**: **-116 dBm** to **-120 dBm**:
- **No service**: **< -120 dBm**

See Show cellular status and statistics for procedures to view this information.

Signal strength for 3G and 2G cellular connections

For 3G and 2G cellular connections, the current **RSSI** value determines signal strength.

- **Excellent**: > **-70 dBm**
- **Good**: **-70 dBm** to **-85 dBm**
- **Fair**: **-86 dBm** to **-100 dBm**
- **Poor**: **< -100 dBm** to **-109 dBm**
- **No service**: **-110 dBm**

See Show cellular status and statistics for procedures to view this information.

Tips for improving cellular signal strength

If the signal strength LEDs or the signal quality for your device indicate **Poor** or **No service**, try the following things to improve signal strength:

- Move the EX12 device to another location.
- Try connecting a different set of antennas, if available.
- Purchase a Digi Antenna Extender Kit:
  - Antenna Extender Kit, 1m
  - Antenna Extender Kit, 3m

AT command access

To run AT commands from the EX12 command line:

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the Admin CLI prompt, type **modem at-interactive** and press **Enter**. Type **n** if you do not want exclusive access. This allows you to send AT commands to the device while still allowing the device to connect, disconnect, and/or reconnect to the cellular network.
3. At the Admin CLI prompt, use the modem command to begin an interactive AT command session:

```
> modem at-interactive


Do you want exclusive access to the modem?  (y/n) [y]:
```

4. Type **n** if you do not want exclusive access. This allows you to send AT commands to the device while still allowing the device to connect, disconnect, and/or reconnect to the cellular network.

   The following is an example interactive AT command:

```
> modem at-interactive

Do you want exclusive access to the modem? (y/n) [y]: n
Starting terminal access to modem AT commands.
Note that the modem is still in operation.

To quit enter '~.' ('~~.' if using an ssh client) and press ENTER

Connected
ati
Manufacturer: Sierra Wireless, Incorporated
Model: MC7455
Revision: SWI9X30C_02.24.03.00 r6978 CARMD-EV-FRMWR2 2017/03/02 13:36:45
```

```
MEID: 35907206045169
IMEI: 359072060451693
IMEI SV: 9
FSN: LQ650551070110
+GCAP: +CGSM
OK
```

5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

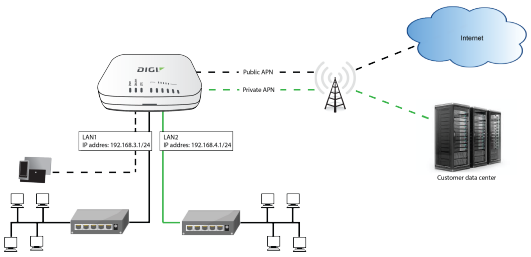
   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Configure dual APNs

Some cellular carriers offer a dual APN feature that allows a SIM card to be provisioned with two separate APNs that can be used simultaneously. For example, Verizon offers this service as its Split Data Routing feature. This feature provides two separate networking paths through a single cellular modem and SIM card, and allows for configurations such as:

- Segregating public and private traffic, including policy-based routes to ensure that your internal network traffic always goes through the private connection.
- Separation of untrusted Internet traffic from trusted internal network traffic.
- Secure connection to internal customer network without using a VPN.
- Separate billing structures for public and private traffic.
- Site-to-site networking, without the overhead of tunneling for each device.

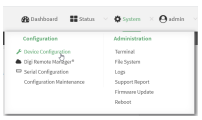
In the following example configuration, all traffic on LAN1 is routed through the public APN to the internet, and all traffic on LAN2 is routed through the private APN to the customer's data center:



To accomplish this, we will create separate WWAN interfaces that use the same modem but use different APNs, and then use routing roles to forward traffic to the appropriate WWAN interface.

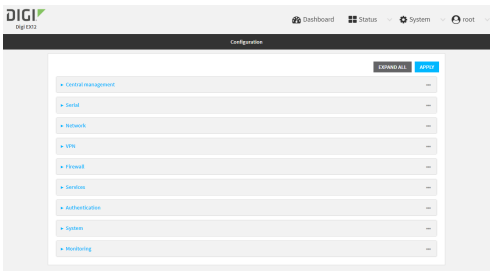
WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.

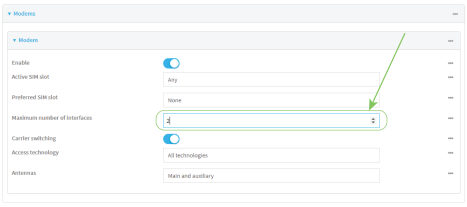


   The **Configuration** window is displayed.

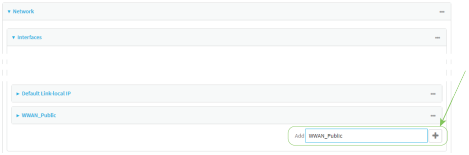
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3. Increase the maximum number of interfaces allowed for the modem:
   a. Click **Network** > **Modems** > **Modem**.
   b. For **Maximum number of interfaces**, type **2**.

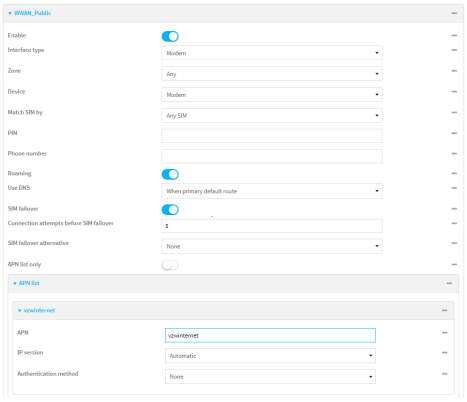


4. Create the WWAN interfaces:
   In this example, we will create two interfaces named **WWAN_Public** and **WWAN_Private**.
   a. Click **Network** > **Interfaces**.
   b. For **Add Interface**, type **WWAN_Public** and click ✚.

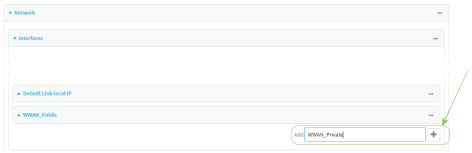


   c. For **Interface type**, select **Modem**.
   d. For **Zone**, select **External**.
   e. For **Device**, select **Modem** .
   f. (Optional): Configure the public APN. If the public APN is not configured, the EX12 will attempt to determine the APN.
      i. Click to expand **APN list** > **APN**.
      ii. For **APN**, type the public APN for your cellular carrier.

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g. For **Add Interface**, type **WWAN_Private** and click ✚.



h. For **Interface type**, select **Modem**.

i. For **Zone**, select **External**.

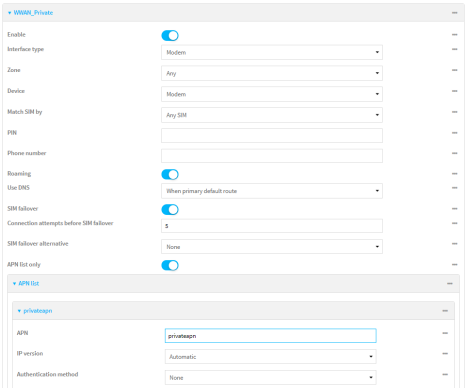
j. For **Device**, select **Modem** .

This should be the same modem selected for the **WWAN_Public** WWAN.

k. Enable **APN list only**.

l. Click to expand **APN list** > **APN**.

m. For **APN**, type the private APN provided to you by your cellular carrier.



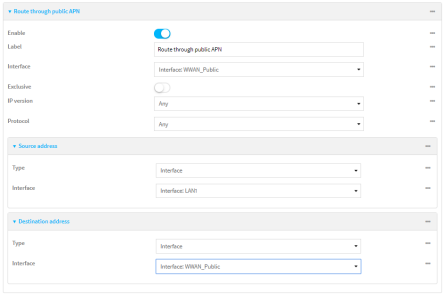
5. Create the routing policies. For example, to route all traffic from LAN1 through the public APN, and LAN2 through the private APN:

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a. Click **Network** > **Routes** > **Policy-based routing**.
b. Click the ✚ to add a new route policy.



c. For **Label**, enter **Route through public APN**.
d. For **Interface**, select **Interface: WWAN_Public**.
e. Configure the source address:
    i. Click to expand **Source address**.
    ii. For **Type**, select **Interface**.
    iii. For **Interface**, select **LAN1**.
f. Configure the destination address:
    i. Click to expand **Destination address**.
    ii. For **Type**, select **Interface**.
    iii. For **Interface**, select **Interface: WWAN_Public**.



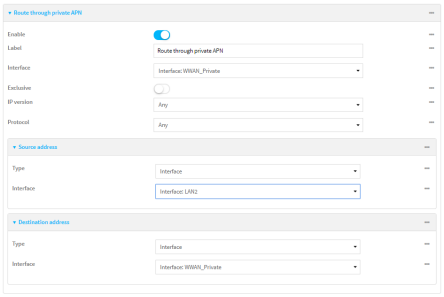
g. Click the ✚ to add another route policy.
h. For **Label**, enter **Route through private APN**.
i. For **Interface**, select **Interface: WWAN_Private**.
j. Configure the source address:
    i. Click to expand **Source address**.
    ii. For **Type**, select **Interface**.
    iii. For **Interface**, select **LAN2**.
k. Configure the destination address:
    i. Click to expand **Destination address**.
    ii. For **Type**, select **Interface**.

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iii. For **Interface**, select **Interface: WWAN_Private**.



6. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Set the maximum number of interfaces for the modem:

```
(config)> network modem modem max_intfs 2
(config)>
```

4. Create the WWAN interfaces:
   a. Create the **WWANPublic** interface:

```
(config)> add network interface WWANPublic
(config network interface WWANPublic)>
```

   b. Set the interface type to modem:

```
(config network interface WWANPublic)> type modem
(config network interface WWANPublic)>
```

   c. Set the modem device:

```
(config network interface WWANPublic)> modem device modem
(config network interface WWANPublic)>
```

   d. (Optional): Set the public APN. If the public APN is not configured, the EX12 will attempt to determine the APN.

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```
(config network interface WWANPublic)> modem apn public_apn
(config network interface WWANPublic)>
```

e. Use to periods (**..**) to move back one level in the configuration:

```
(config network interface WWANPublic)> ..
(config network interface)>
```

f. Create the **WWANPrivate** interface:

```
(config network interface)> add WWANPrivate
(config network interface WWANPrivate)>
```

g. Set the interface type to modem:

```
(config network interface WWANPrivate)> type modem
(config network interface WWANPrivate)>
```

h. Set the modem device:

```
(config network interface WWANPrivate)> modem device modem
(config network interface WWANPrivate)>
```

i. Enable **APN list only**:

```
(config network interface WWANPrivate)> apn_lock true
(config network interface WWANPrivate)>
```

j. Set the private APN:

```
(config network interface WWANPublic)> modem apn private_apn
(config network interface WWANPublic)>
```

5. Create the routing policies. For example, to route all traffic from LAN1 through the public APN, and LAN2 through the private APN:

a. Add a new routing policy:

```
(config)> add network route policy end
(config network route policy 0)>
```

b. Set the label that will be used to identify this route policy:

```
(config network route policy 0)> label "Route through public apn"
(config network route policy 0)>
```

c. Set the interface:

```
(config network route policy 0)> interface /network/interface/WWANPublic
(config network route policy 0)>
```

d. Configure the source address:
   i. Set the source type to **interface**:

```
(config network route policy 0)> src type interface
(config network route policy 0)>
```

   ii. Set the interface to **LAN1**:

```
(config network route policy 0)> src interface LAN1
(config network route policy 0)>
```

e. Configure the destination address:
   i. Set the type to **interface**:

```
(config network route policy 0)> dst type interface
(config network route policy 0)>
```

   ii. Set the interface to **WWANPublic** :

```
(config network route policy 0)> interface
/network/interface/WWANPublic
(config network route policy 0)>
```

f. Use to periods (**..**) to move back one level in the configuration:

```
(config nnetwork route policy 0)> ..
(config nnetwork route policy)>
```

g. Add a new routing policy:

```
(config network route policy )> add end
(config network route policy 1)>
```

h. Set the label that will be used to identify this route policy:

```
(config network route policy 1)> label "Route through private apn"
(config network route policy 1)>
```

i. Set the interface:

```
(config network route policy 1)> interface
/network/interface/WWANPrivate
(config network route policy 1)>
```

j. Configure the source address:
   i. Set the source type to **interface**:

```
(config network route policy 1)> src type interface
(config network route policy 1)>
```


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ii. Set the interface to **LAN2**:

```
(config network route policy 1)> src interface LAN2
(config network route policy 1)>
```

k. Configure the destination address:

i. Set the type to **interface**:

```
(config network route policy 1)> dst type interface
(config network route policy 1)>
```

ii. Set the interface to **WWANPrivate** :

```
(config network route policy 1)> interface
/network/interface/WWANPrivate
(config network route policy 1)>
```

6. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config network route policy 1)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

7. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Configure a Wide Area Network (WAN)

Configuring a Wide Area Network (WAN) involves configuring the following items:

Required configuration items

- The interface type: **Ethernet**.
- The firewall zone: **External**.
- The network device or bridge that is used by the WAN.
- Configure the WAN as a DHCP client.

Additional configuration items

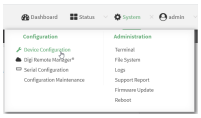
- Additional IPv4 configuration:
  - The metric for IPv4 routes associated with the WAN.
  - The relative weight for IPv4 routes associated with the WAN.
  - The IPv4 management priority of the WAN. The active interface with the highest management priority will have its address reported as the preferred contact address for central management and direct device access.
  - The IPv4 Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) of the WAN.
  - When to use DNS servers for this interface.
  - Whether to include the EX12 device's hostname in DHCP requests.
  - SureLink active recovery configuration. See Configure SureLink active recovery to detect WAN/WWAN failures for further information.
- IPv6 configuration:
  - The metric for IPv6 routes associated with the WAN.
  - The relative weight for IPv6 routes associated with the WAN.
  - The IPv6 management priority of the WAN. The active interface with the highest management priority will have its address reported as the preferred contact address for central management and direct device access.
  - The IPv6 Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) of the WAN.
  - When to use DNS servers for this interface.
  - Whether to include the EX12 device's hostname in DHCP requests.
  - Active recovery configuration. See Configure SureLink active recovery to detect WAN/WWAN failures for further information.
- MAC address blacklist and whitelist.

To create a new WAN or edit an existing WAN:

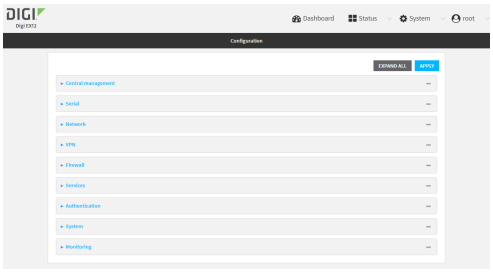
WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.

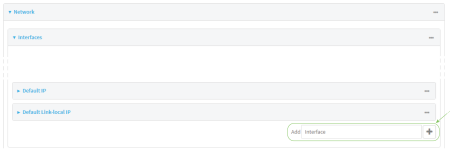
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.

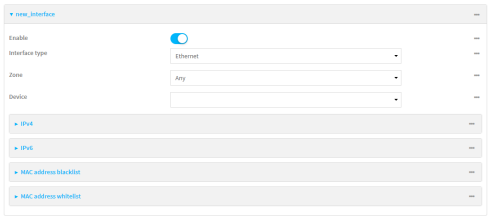


3. Click **Network** > **Interfaces**.
4. Create the WAN or select an existing WAN:
   - To create a new WAN, for **Add interface**, type a name for the WAN and click ✚.



   - To edit an existing WAN, click to expand the WAN.

The Interface configuration window is displayed.



New WANs are enabled by default. To disable, click **Enable**.

5. For **Interface type**, leave at the default setting of **Ethernet**.
6. For **Zone**, select **External**.
7. For **Device**, select an Ethernet device or a bridge. See Bridging for more information about bridging.
8. Configure IPv4 settings:
   a. Click to expand **IPv4**.
      IPv4 support is enabled by default.
   b. For **Type**, select **DHCP address**.
   c. Optional IPv4 configuration items:

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i. Set the **Metric**.

See Configure WAN/WWAN priority and default route metrics for further information about metrics.

ii. For **Weight**, type the relative weight for default routes associated with this interface. For multiple active interfaces with the same metric, **Weight** is used to load balance traffic to the interfaces.

iii. Set the **Management priority**. This determines which interface will have priority for central management activity. The interface with the highest number will be used.

iv. Set the **MTU**.

v. For **Use DNS**, select one of the following:

- **Always**: DNS will always be used for this WAN; when multiple interfaces have the same DNS server, the interface with the lowest metric will be used for DNS requests.
- **When primary default route**: Only use the DNS servers provided for this interface when the interface is the primary route.
- **Never**: Never use DNS servers for this interface.

vi. Enable **DHCP Hostname** to instruct the EX12 device to include the device's system name with DHCP requests as the Client FQDN option. The DHCP server can then be configured to register the device's hostname and IP address with an associated DNS server.

- See RFC4702 for further information about DHCP server support for the Client FQDN option.
- See Configure system information for information about setting the EX12 device's system name.

d. See Configure SureLink active recovery to detect WAN/WWAN failures for information about configuring **Active recovery**.

9. (Optional) Configure IPv6 settings:

a. Click to expand **IPv6**.

b. **Enable** IPv6 support.

c. For **Type**, select **DHCPv6 address**.

d. For **Prefix length**, type the minimum length of the prefix to assign to this LAN. If the minimum length is not available, then a longer prefix will be used.

e. For **Prefix ID**, type the identifier used to extend the prefix to the assigned length. Leave blank to use a random identifier.

f. Set the **Metric**.

See Configure WAN/WWAN priority and default route metrics for further information about metrics.

g. For **Weight**, type the relative weight for default routes associated with this interface. For multiple active interfaces with the same metric, **Weight** is used to load balance traffic to the interfaces.

h. Set the **Management priority**. This determines which interface will have priority for central management activity. The interface with the highest number will be used.

i. Set the **MTU**.

j. For **Use DNS**:
   - **Always**: DNS will always be used for this WAN; when multiple interfaces have the same DNS server, the interface with the lowest metric will be used for DNS requests.
   - **When primary default route**: Only use the DNS servers provided for this interface when the interface is the primary route.
   - **Never**: Never use DNS servers for this interface.

k. Enable **DHCP Hostname** to instruct the EX12 device to include the device's system name with DHCP requests as the Client FQDN option. The DHCP server can then be configured to register the device's hostname and IP address with an associated DNS server.
   - See RFC4702 for further information about DHCP server support for the Client FQDN option.
   - See Configure system information for information about setting the EX12 device's system name.

10. (Optional) Click to expand **MAC address blacklist**.

    Incoming packets will be dropped from any devices whose MAC addresses is included in the **MAC address blacklist**.
    a. Click to expand **MAC address blacklist**.
    b. For **Add MAC address**, click ✚.
    c. Type the **MAC address**.
11. (Optional) Click to expand **MAC address whitelist**.

    If there whitelist entries are specified, incoming packets will only be accepted from the listed MAC addresses.
    a. Click to expand **MAC address whitelist**.
    b. For **Add MAC address**, click ✚.
    c. Type the **MAC address**.
12. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```


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3. Create a new WAN or edit an existing one:
   - To create a new WAN named **my_wan**:

```
(config)> add network interface my_wan
(config network interface my_wan)>
```

   - To edit an existing WAN named **my_wan**, change to the **my_wan** node in the configuration schema:

```
(config)> network interface my_wan
(config network interface my_wan)>
```

4. Set the appropriate firewall zone:

```
(config network interface my_wan)> zone zone
(config network interface my_wan)>
```

   See Firewall configuration for further information.
5. Select an Ethernet device or a bridge. See Bridging for more information about bridging.
   a. Enter **device ?** to view available devices and the proper syntax.

```
(config network interface my_wan)> device ?

Device: The network device used by this network interface.
Format:
  /network/device/eth1
  /network/device/eth2
  /network/device/loopback
Current value:

(config network interface my_wan)> device
```

   b. Set the device for the LAN:

```
(config network interface my_wan)> device device
(config network interface my_wan)>
```

6. Configure IPv4 settings:
   - IPv4 support is enabled by default. To disable:

```
(config network interface my_wan)> ipv4 enable false
(config network interface my_wan)>
```

   - Configure the WAN to be a DHCP client:

```
(config network interface my_wan)> ipv4 type dhcp
(config network interface my_wan)>
```

   a. Optional IPv4 configuration items:
      i. Set the IP metric:

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```
(config network interface my_wan)> ipv4 metric num
(config network interface my_wan)>
```

See Configure WAN/WWAN priority and default route metrics for further information about metrics.

ii. Set the relative weight for default routes associated with this interface. For multiple active interfaces with the same metric, the weight is used to load balance traffic to the interfaces.

```
(config network interface my_wan)> ipv4 weight num
(config network interface my_wan)>
```

iii. Set the management priority. This determines which interface will have priority for central management activity. The interface with the highest number will be used.

```
(config network interface my_wan)> ipv4 mgmt num
(config network interface my_wan)>
```

iv. Set the MTU:

```
(config network interface my_wan)> ipv4 mtu num
(config network interface my_wan)>
```

v. Configure how to use DNS:

```
(config network interface my_wan)> ipv4 use_dns value
(config network interface my_wan)>
```

where *value* is one of:

- **always**: DNS will always be used for this WAN; when multiple interfaces have the same DNS server, the interface with the lowest metric will be used for DNS requests.
- **primary**: Only use the DNS servers provided for this interface when the interface is the primary route.
- **never**: Never use DNS servers for this interface.

vi. Enable DHCP Hostname to instruct the EX12 device to include the device's system name with DHCP requests as the Client FQDN option. The DHCP server can then be configured to register the device's hostname and IP address with an associated DNS server.

```
(config network interface my_wan)> ipv4 dhcp_hostname true
(config network interface my_wan)>
```

- See RFC4702 for further information about DHCP server support for the Client FQDN option.
- See Configure system information for information about setting the EX12 device's system name.

b. See Configure SureLink active recovery to detect WAN/WWAN failures for information about configuring active recovery.

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7. (Optional) Configure IPv6 settings:
   a. Enable IPv6 support:

```
(config network interface my_wan)> ipv6 enable true
(config network interface my_wan)>
```

   b. Set the IPv6 type to DHCP:

```
(config network interface my_wan)> ipv6 type dhcpv6
(config network interface my_wan)>
```

   c. Generally, the default settings for IPv6 support are sufficient. You can view the default IPv6 settings by using the question mark (**?**):

```
(config network interface my_wan)> ipv6 ?

IPv6

 Parameters                Current Value
 ------------------------------------------------------------------------
--------
 dhcp_hostname             false              DHCP Hostname
 enable                    true               Enable
 metric                    0                  Metric
 mgmt                      0                  Management priority
 mtu                       1500               MTU
 type                      dhcpv6             Type
 use_dns                   always             Use DNS
 weight                    10                 Weight

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------------------------------------
--------
 connection_monitor        Active recovery

(config network interface my_wan)>
```

   d. Modify any of the remaining default settings as appropriate. For example, to change the metric:

```
(config network interface my_wan)> ipv6 metric 1
(config network interface my_wan)>
```

   If the minimum length is not available, then a longer prefix will be used.

   See Configure WAN/WWAN priority and default route metrics for further information about metrics.
8. Save the configuration and apply the change:

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```
(config network interface my_wan)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

9. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Configure a Wireless Wide Area Network (WWAN)

Configuring a Wireless Wide Area Network (WWAN) involves configuring the following items:

Required configuration items

- The interface type: **Modem**.
- The firewall zone: **External**.
- The cellular modem that is used by the WWAN.

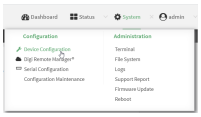
Additional configuration items

- SIM selection for this WWAN.
- The SIM PIN.
- The SIM phone number for SMS connections.
- Enable or disable roaming.
- DNS options.
- SIM failover configuration.
- APN configuration.
- The custom gateway/netmask.
- IPv4 configuration:
  - The metric for IPv4 routes associated with the WAN.
  - The relative weight for IPv4 routes associated with the WAN.
  - The IPv4 management priority of the WAN. The active interface with the highest management priority will have its address reported as the preferred contact address for central management and direct device access.
  - The IPv4 Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) of the WAN.
  - SureLink active recovery configuration. See Configure SureLink active recovery to detect WAN/WWAN failures for further information.
- IPv6 configuration:
  - The metric for IPv6 routes associated with the WAN.
  - The relative weight for IPv6 routes associated with the WAN.
  - The IPv6 management priority of the WAN. The active interface with the highest management priority will have its address reported as the preferred contact address for central management and direct device access.
  - The IPv6 Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) of the WAN.

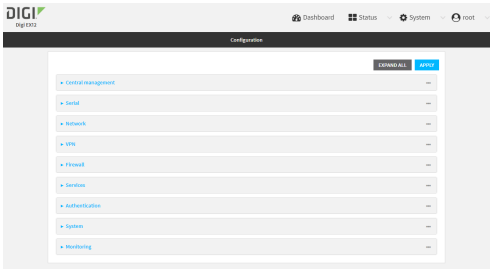
- SureLink active recovery configuration. See Configure SureLink active recovery to detect WAN/WWAN failures for further information.

WebUI

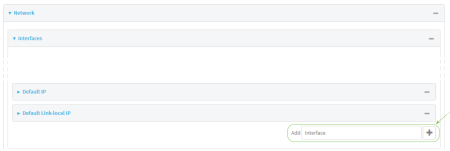
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



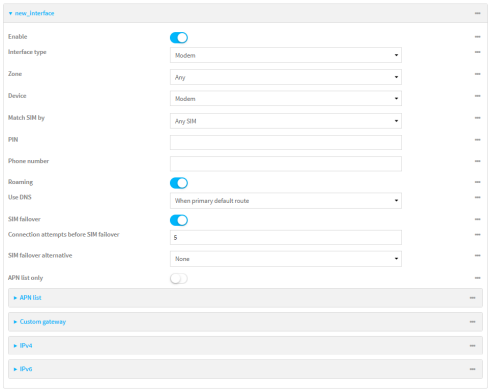
3. Click **Network** > **Interfaces**.
4. Create the WWAN or select an existing WWAN:
   - To create a new WWAN, for **Add interface**, type a name for the WWAN and click ✚.



   - To edit an existing WWAN, click to expand the WWAN.
     New WWANs are enabled by default. To disable, click **Enable**.

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5. For **Interface type**, select **Modem**.



6. For **Zone**, select **External**.
7. For **Device**, select a cellular modem.
8. Optional WWAN configuration items:
   a. For **Match SIM by**, select a SIM matching criteria to determine when this WWAN should be used:
      - If **SIM slot** is selected, for **Match SIM slot**, select which SIM slot must be in active for this WWAN to be used.
      - If **Carrier** is selected, for **Match SIM carrier**, select which cellular carrier must be in active for this WWAN to be used.
      - If **PLMN identifier** is selected, for **Match PLMN identifier**, type the PLMN id that must be in active for this WWAN to be used.
      - If **IMSI** is selected, for **Match IMSI**, type the International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) that must be in active for this WWAN to be used.
      - If **ICCID** is selected, for **Match ICCID**, type the unique SIM card ICCID that must be in active for this WWAN to be used.
   b. Type the **PIN** for the SIM. Leave blank if no PIN is required.
   c. Type the **Phone number** for the SIM, for SMS connections.

      Normally, this should be left blank. It is only necessary to complete this field if the SIM does not have a phone number or if the phone number is incorrect.
   d. **Roaming** is enabled by default. Click to disable.
   e. For **Use DNS**:
      - **Always**: DNS will always be used for this WWAN; when multiple interfaces have the same DNS server, the interface with the lowest metric will be used for DNS requests.
      - **When primary default route**: Only use the DNS servers provided for this WWAN when the WWAN is the primary route.
      - **Never**: Never use DNS servers for this WWAN.

      The default setting is **When primary default route**.
   f. **SIM failover** is enabled by default, which means that the modem will automatically fail over from the active SIM to the next available SIM when the active SIM fails to connect. If

enabled:

i. For **Connection attempts before SIM failover**, type the number of times that the device should attempt to connect to the active SIM before failing over to the next available SIM.

ii. For **SIM failover alternative**, configure how SIM failover will function if automatic SIM switching is unavailable:

- **None**: The device will perform no alternative action if automatic SIM switching is unavailable.
- **Reset modem**: The device will reset the modem if automatic SIM switching is unavailable.
- **Reboot device**: The device will reboot if automatic SIM switching is unavailable.

9. For **APN list** and **APN list only**, the EX12 device uses a preconfigured list of Access Point Names (APNs) when attempting to connect to a cellular carrier for the first time. After the device has successfully connected, it will remember the correct APN. As a result, it is generally not necessary to configure APNs. See Configure cellular modem APNs for further information and instructions for setting an APN.
10. (Optional) To configure the IP address of a custom gateway or a custom netmask:
    a. Click **Custom gateway** to expand.
    b. Click **Enable**.
    c. For **Gateway/Netmask**, enter the IP address and netmask of the custom gateway. To override only the gateway netmask, but not the gateway IP address, use all zeros for the IP address. For example, **0.0.0.0./32** will use the network-provided gateway, but with a /32 netmask.
11. Optional IPv4 configuration items:
    a. Click **IPv4** to expand.
    b. IPv4 support is **Enabled** by default. Click to disable.
    c. Set the **Metric**.

    See Configure WAN/WWAN priority and default route metrics for further information about metrics.
    d. For **Weight**, type the relative weight for default routes associated with this interface. For multiple active interfaces with the same metric, **Weight** is used to load balance traffic to the interfaces.
    e. Set the **Management priority**. This determines which interface will have priority for central management activity. The interface with the highest number will be used.
    f. Set the **MTU**.
    g. See Configure SureLink active recovery to detect WAN/WWAN failures for information about configuring **Active recovery**.
12. Optional IPv6 configuration items:
    a. Click **IPv6** to expand.
    b. IPv6 support is **Enabled** by default. Click to disable.

c. Set the **Metric**.

See Configure WAN/WWAN priority and default route metrics for further information about metrics.

d. For **Weight**, type the relative weight for default routes associated with this interface. For multiple active interfaces with the same metric, **Weight** is used to load balance traffic to the interfaces.

e. Set the **Management priority**. This determines which interface will have priority for central management activity. The interface with the highest number will be used.

f. Set the **MTU**.

g. See Configure SureLink active recovery to detect WAN/WWAN failures for information about configuring **Active recovery**.

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Create a new WWAN or edit an existing one:

   - To create a new WWAN named **my_wwan**:

```
(config)> add network interface my_wwan
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

   - To edit an existing WWAN named **my_wwan**, change to the my_wwan node in the configuration schema:

```
(config)> network interface my_wwan
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

4. Set the appropriate firewall zone:

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> zone zone
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

   See Firewall configuration for further information.

5. Select a cellular modem:

   a. Enter **modem device ?** to view available modems and the proper syntax.

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> modem device ?

Device: The modem used by this network interface.
Format:
  modem
Current value:
```


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```
(config network interface my_wwan)> device
```

b. Set the device:

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> modem device modem
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

6. Optional WWAN configuration items:
   a. Set theSIM matching criteria to determine when this WWAN should be used:

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> modem match value
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

Where *value* is one of:

- **any**
- **carrier**

  Set the cellular carrier must be in active for this WWAN to be used:

  i. Use **?** to determine available carriers:

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> modem carrier

Match SIM carrier: The SIM carrier match criteria. This
interface is applied when the SIM card is
provisioned from the carrier.
Format:
  AT&T
  Rogers
  Sprint
  T-Mobile
  Telstra
  Verizon
  Vodafone
  other
Default value: AT&T
Current value: AT&T

(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

  ii. Set the carrier:

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> modem carrier value
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

- **iccid**

  Set the unique SIM card ICCID that must be in active for this WWAN to be used:

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> modem iccid ICCID
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

- **imsi**

  Set the International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) that must be in active for this WWAN to be used:

  ```
  (config network interface my_wwan)> modem imsi IMSI
  (config network interface my_wwan)>
  ```

- **plmn_id**

  Set the PLMN id that must be in active for this WWAN to be used:

  ```
  (config network interface my_wwan)> modem plmn_id PLMN_ID
  (config network interface my_wwan)>
  ```

- **sim_slot**

  Set which SIM slot must be in active for this WWAN to be used:

  ```
  (config network interface my_wwan)> modem sim_slot value
  (config network interface my_wwan)>
  ```

  where *value* is either **1** or **2**.

b. Set the PIN for the SIM. Leave blank if no PIN is required.

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> modem pin value
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

c. Set the phone number for the SIM, for SMS connections:

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> modem phone num
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

Normally, this should be left blank. It is only necessary to complete this field if the SIM does not have a phone number or if the phone number is incorrect.

d. Roaming is enabled by default. To disable:

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> modem roaming false
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

e. Configure when the WWAN's DNS servers will be used:

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> modem dns value
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

Where *value* is one of:

- **always**: DNS will always be used for this WWAN; when multiple interfaces have the same DNS server, the interface with the lowest metric will be used for DNS requests.
- **never**: Never use DNS servers for this WWAN.
- **primary**: Only use the DNS servers provided for this WWAN when the WWAN is the primary route.

The default setting is **primary**.

f. SIM failover is enabled by default, which means that the modem will automatically fail over from the active SIM to the next available SIM when the active SIM fails to connect. To disable:

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> modem sim_failover false
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

If enabled:

i. Set the number of times that the device should attempt to connect to the active SIM before failing over to the next available SIM:

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> modem sim_failover_retries num
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

The default setting is **5**.

ii. Configure how SIM failover will function if automatic SIM switching is unavailable:

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> modem sim_failover_alt value
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

where *value* is one of:

- **none**: The device will perform no alternative action if automatic SIM switching is unavailable.
- **reset**: The device will reset the modem if automatic SIM switching is unavailable.
- **reboot**: The device will reboot if automatic SIM switching is unavailable.

7. The EX12 device uses a preconfigured list of Access Point Names (APNs) when attempting to connect to a cellular carrier for the first time. After the device has successfully connected, it will remember the correct APN. As a result, it is generally not necessary to configure APNs. See Configure cellular modem APNs for further information and instructions for setting an APN.
8. (Optional) To configure the IP address of a custom gateway or a custom netmask:
   a. Enable the custom gateway:

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> modem custom_gw enable true
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

   b. Set the IP address and netmask of the custom gateway:

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> modem custom_gw gateway ip_
address/netmask
(config network interface my_wwan)> modem custom_gw
```

To override only the gateway netmask, but not the gateway IP address, use all zeros for the IP address. For example, **0.0.0.0./32** will use the network-provided gateway, but with a /32 netmask.

9. Optional IPv4 configuration items:
   a. IPv4 support is enabled by default. To disable:

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> ipv4 enable false
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

b. Set the metric:

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> ipv4 metric num
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

See Configure WAN/WWAN priority and default route metrics for further information about metrics.

c. Set the relative weight for default routes associated with this interface. For multiple active interfaces with the same metric, the weight is used to load balance traffic to the interfaces.

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> ipv4 weight num
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

d. Set the management priority. This determines which interface will have priority for central management activity. The interface with the highest number will be used.

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> ipv4 mgmt num
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

e. Set the MTU:

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> ipv4 mtu num
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

f. See Configure SureLink active recovery to detect WAN/WWAN failures for information about configuring active recovery.

10. Optional IPv6 configuration items:

a. Click **IPv6** to expand.

b. IPv6 support is enabled by default. To disable:

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> ipv6 enable false
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

c. Set the metric.

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> ipv6 metric num
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

See Configure WAN/WWAN priority and default route metrics for further information about metrics.

d. Set the relative weight for default routes associated with this interface. For multiple active interfaces with the same metric, the weight is used to load balance traffic to the interfaces.

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> ipv6 weight num
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

e. Set the management priority. This determines which interface will have priority for central management activity. The interface with the highest number will be used.

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> ipv6 mgmt num
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

f. Set the **MTU**.

```
(config network interface my_wwan)> ipv6 mtu num
(config network interface my_wwan)>
```

g. See Configure SureLink active recovery to detect WAN/WWAN failures for information about configuring active recovery.

Show WAN and WWAN status and statistics

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. From the menu, click **Status**.
3. Under **Networking**, click **Interfaces**.

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. Enter the show network command at the Admin CLI prompt:

```
> show network

 Interface         Proto  Status   Address
 ----------------  -----  -------  ------------------------------
 defaultip         IPv4   up       192.168.210.1/24
 defaultlinklocal  IPv4   up       169.254.100.100/16
 eth2              IPv4   up       10.10.10.10/24
 eth2              IPv6   up       fe00:2404::240:f4ff:fe80:120/64
 eth1              IPv4   up       192.168.2.1/24
 eth1              IPv6   up       fd00:2704::1/48
 loopback          IPv4   up       127.0.0.1/8
 modem             IPv4   up       10.200.1.101/30
 modem             IPv6   down

>
```

3. Enter **show network interface *name*** at the Admin CLI prompt to display additional information about a specific WAN. For example, to display information about ETH2, enter **show**

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network interface *eth2*:

```
> show network interface eth2

 wan1 Interface Status
 ---------------------
 Device              : eth2
 Zone                : external

 IPv4 Status         : up
 IPv4 Type           : dhcp
 IPv4 Address(es)    : 10.10.10.10/24
 IPv4 Gateway        : 10.10.10.1
 IPv4 MTU            : 1500
 IPv4 Metric         : 1
 IPv4 Weight         : 10
 IPv4 DNS Server(s)  : 10.10.10.2, 10.10.10.3

 IPv6 Status         : up
 IPv6 Type           : dhcpv6
 IPv6 Address(es)    : fe00:2404::240:f4ff:fe80:120/64
 IPv6 Gateway        : ff80::234:f3ff:ff0e:4320
 IPv6 MTU            : 1500
 IPv6 Metric         : 1
 IPv6 Weight         : 10
 IPv6 DNS Server(s)  : fd00:244::1, fe80::234:f3f4:fe0e:4320

>
```

4. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

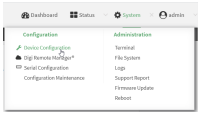
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Delete a WAN or WWAN.

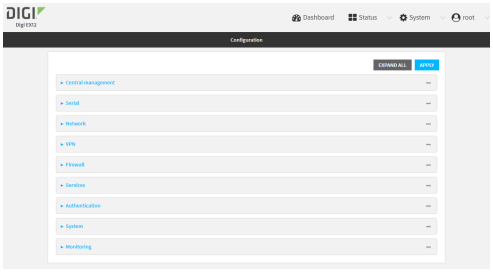
Follow this procedure to delete any WANs and WWANs that have been added to the system. You cannot delete the preconfigured WAN, **ETH2**, or the preconfigured WWAN, **Modem**.

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Network** > **Interfaces**.
4. Click the menu icon (**...**) next to the name of the WAN or WWAN to be deleted and select **Delete**.



5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```


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3. Use the **del** command to delete the WAN or WWAN. For example, to delete a WWAN named my_wwan:

```
(config)> del network interface my_wwan
```

4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Local Area Networks (LANs)

The EX12 device is preconfigured with the following Local Area Networks (LANs):

Interface type	Preconfigured interfaces	Devices	Default configuration
Local Area Network (LAN)	■ **ETH1**	■ Ethernet: **ETH1**	■ Firewall zone: Internal ■ IP address: 192.168.2.1/24 ■ DHCP server enabled ■ LAN priority: Metric=5
	■ **Loopback**	■ Ethernet: **Loopback**	■ Firewall zone: Loopback ■ IP address: 127.0.0.1/8
	■ **Default IP**	■ Bridge: **LAN**	■ Firewall zone: Setup ■ IP address 192.168.210.1/24
	■ **Default Link-local IP**	■ Bridge: **LAN**	■ Firewall zone: Setup ■ IP address 169.254.100.100/16

You can modify configuration settings for **ETH1**, and you can create new LANs.

This section contains the following topics:

About Local Area Networks (LANs) 104
Configure a LAN 104
Example: Configure two LANs 110
Show LAN status and statistics 119
Delete a LAN 121
DHCP servers 122
Create a Virtual LAN (VLAN) route 138

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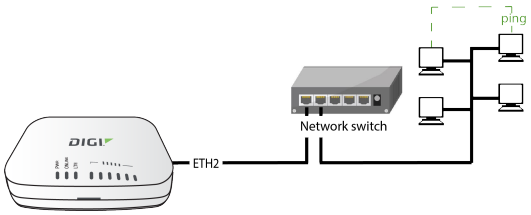
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About Local Area Networks (LANs)

A Local Area Network (LAN) connects network devices together, such as Ethernet or Wi-Fi, in a logical Layer-2 network.

The following diagram shows a LAN connected to the **1/PoE** Ethernet device. Once the LAN is configured and enabled, the devices connected to the network interfaces can communicate with each other, as demonstrated by the **ping** commands.



Configure a LAN

Configuring a Local Area Network (LAN) involves configuring the following items:

Required configuration items

- The interface type: either **Ethernet**, **IP Passthrough**, or **PPPoE**.
- The firewall zone: **Internal**.
- The network device or bridge that is used by the LAN.
- The IPv4 address and subnet mask for the LAN. While it is not strictly necessary for a LAN to have an IP address, if you want to send traffic from other networks to the LAN, you must configure an IP address.

> **Note** By default, **ETH1** is set to an IP address of 192.168.2.1 and uses the IP subnet of 192.168.2.0/24. If the **2/WAN** Ethernet device is being used by a WAN with the same IP subnet, you should change the default IP address and subnet of LAN1.

Additional configuration items

- Additional IPv4 configuration:
  - The metric for IPv4 routes associated with the LAN.
  - The relative weight for IPv4 routes associated with the LAN.
  - The IPv4 management priority of the LAN. The active interface with the highest management priority will have its address reported as the preferred contact address for central management and direct device access.
  - The IPv4 Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) of the LAN.
  - IPv4 DHCP server configuration. See DHCP servers for more information.
- IPv6 configuration:
  - The metric for IPv6 routes associated with the LAN.
  - The relative weight for IPv6 routes associated with the LAN.

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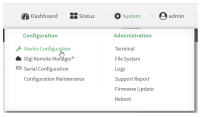
- The IPv6 management priority of the LAN. The active interface with the highest management priority will have its address reported as the preferred contact address for central management and direct device access.
- The IPv6 Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) of the LAN.
- The IPv6 prefix length and ID.
- IPv6 DHCP server configuration. See DHCP servers for more information.

- MAC address blacklist and whitelist.

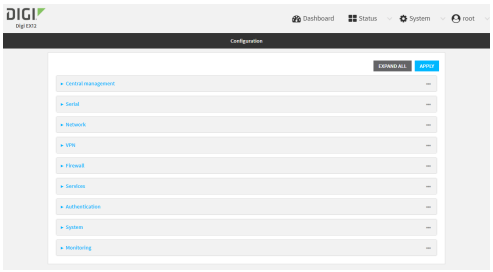
To create a new LAN or edit an existing LAN:

WebUI

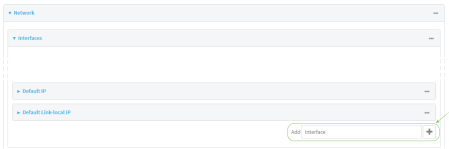
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



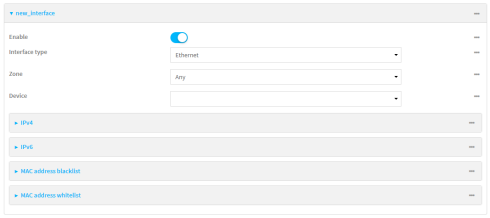
3. Click **Network** > **Interfaces**.
4. Create the LAN or select an existing LAN:
   - To create a new LAN, for **Add interface**, type a name for the LAN and click ✚.



   - To edit an existing LAN, click to expand the LAN.

The Interface configuration window is displayed.

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New LANs are enabled by default. To disable, click **Enable**.

5. For **Interface type**, leave at the default setting of **Ethernet**.
6. For **Zone**, select the appropriate firewall zone. See Firewall configuration for further information.
7. For **Device**, select an Ethernet device or a bridge. See Bridging for more information about bridging.
8. Configure IPv4 settings:
   a. Click to expand **IPv4**.
      IPv4 support is enabled by default.
   b. For **Type**, select **Static IP address**.
   c. For **Address**, type the IP address and subnet of the LAN interface. Use the format *IPv4_address/netmask*, for example, 192.168.2.1/24.
   d. Optional IPv4 configuration items:
      i. Set the **Metric**.
      ii. For **Weight**, type the relative weight for default routes associated with this interface. For multiple active interfaces with the same metric, **Weight** is used to load balance traffic to the interfaces.
      iii. Set the **Management priority**. This determines which interface will have priority for central management activity. The interface with the highest number will be used.
      iv. Set the **MTU**.
   e. Enable the DHCP server:
      i. Click to expand **DHCP server**.
      ii. Click **Enable**.
      See DHCP servers for information about configuring the DHCP server.
9. See Configure DHCP relay for information about configuring **DHCP relay**.
10. (Optional) Configure IPv6 settings:
    a. Click to expand **IPv6**.
    b. **Enable** IPv6 support.
    c. For **Type**, select **IPv6 prefix delegration**.
    d. For **Prefix length**, type the minimum length of the prefix to assign to this LAN. If the minimum length is not available, then a longer prefix will be used.
    e. For **Prefix ID**, type the identifier used to extend the prefix to the assigned length. Leave blank to use a random identifier.
    f. Set the **Metric**.

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g. For **Weight**, type the relative weight for default routes associated with this interface. For multiple active interfaces with the same metric, **Weight** is used to load balance traffic to the interfaces.

h. Set the **Management priority**. This determines which interface will have priority for central management activity. The interface with the highest number will be used.

i. Set the **MTU**.

11. (Optional) Click to expand **MAC address blacklist**.

    Incoming packets will be dropped from any devices whose MAC addresses is included in the **MAC address blacklist**.

    a. Click to expand **MAC address blacklist**.

    b. For **Add MAC address**, click ✚.

    c. Type the **MAC address**.

12. (Optional) Click to expand **MAC address whitelist**.

    If there whitelist entries are specified, incoming packets will only be accepted from the listed MAC addresses.

    a. Click to expand **MAC address whitelist**.

    b. For **Add MAC address**, click ✚.

    c. Type the **MAC address**.

13. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Create a new LAN or edit an existing one:

   - To create a new LAN named **my_lan**:

```
(config)> add network interface my_lan
(config network interface my_lan)>
```

   - To edit an existing LAN named **my_lan**, change to the **my_lan** node in the configuration schema:

```
(config)> network interface my_lan
(config network interface my_lan)>
```


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4. Set the appropriate firewall zone:

```
(config network interface my_lan)> zone zone
(config network interface my_lan)>
```

See Firewall configuration for further information.

5. Select an Ethernet device or a bridge. See Bridging for more information about bridging.
   a. Enter **device ?** to view available devices and the proper syntax.

```
(config network interface my_lan)> device ?

Device: The network device used by this network interface.
Format:
  /network/device/eth1
  /network/device/eth2
  /network/device/loopback
Current value:

(config network interface my_lan)> device
```

   b. Set the device for the LAN:

```
(config network interface my_lan)> device device
(config network interface my_lan)>
```

6. Configure IPv4 settings:
   - IPv4 support is enabled by default. To disable:

```
(config network interface my_lan)> ipv4 enable false
(config network interface my_lan)>
```

   - The LAN is configured by default to use a static IP address for its IPv4 configuration. To configure the LAN to be a DHCP client, rather than using a static IP addres:

```
(config network interface my_lan)> ipv4 type dhcp
(config network interface my_lan)>
```

   These instructions assume that the LAN will use a static IP address for its IPv4 configuration.

   a. Set the IPv4 address and subnet of the LAN interface. Use the format *IPv4_address/netmask*, for example, 192.168.2.1/24.

```
(config network interface my_lan)> ipv4 address ip_address/netmask
(config network interface my_lan)>
```

   b. Optional IPv4 configuration items:
      i. Set the IP metric:

```
(config network interface my_lan)> ipv4 metric num
(config network interface my_lan)>
```

      ii. Set the relative weight for default routes associated with this interface. For multiple

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active interfaces with the same metric, the weight is used to load balance traffic to the interfaces.

```
(config network interface my_lan)> ipv4 weight num
(config network interface my_lan)>
```

iii. Set the management priority. This determines which interface will have priority for central management activity. The interface with the highest number will be used.

```
(config network interface my_lan)> ipv4 mgmt num
(config network interface my_lan)>
```

iv. Set the MTU:

```
(config network interface my_lan)> ipv4 mtu num
(config network interface my_lan)>
```

c. Enable the DHCP server:

```
(config network interface my_lan)> ipv4 dhcp_server enable true
```

See DHCP servers for information about configuring the DHCP server.

7. (Optional) Configure IPv6 settings:

a. Enable IPv6 support:

```
(config network interface my_lan)> ipv6 enable true
(config network interface my_lan)>
```

b. Set the IPv6 type to DHCP:

```
(config network interface my_lan)> ipv6 type dhcpv6
(config network interface my_lan)>
```

c. Generally, the default settings for IPv6 support are sufficient. You can view the default IPv6 settings by using the question mark (**?**):

```
(config network interface my_lan)> ipv6 ?

IPv6

 Parameters                Current Value
 ------------------------------------------------------------------------
--------
 enable                    true              Enable
 metric                    0                 Metric
 mgmt                      0                 Management priority
 mtu                       1500              MTU
 prefix_id                 1                 Prefix ID
 prefix_length             48                Prefix length
 type                      prefix_delegation Type
 weight                    10                Weight
```


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```
 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------------------------------------
--------
 connection_monitor        Active recovery
 dhcpv6_server             DHCPv6 server

(config network interface my_lan)>
```

View default settings for the IPv6 DHCP server:

```
(config network interface my_lan)> ipv6 dhcpv6_server ?

DHCPv6 server: The DHCPv6 server settings for this network interface.

 Parameters                Current Value
 ------------------------------------------------------------------------
--------
 enable                    true           Enable

(config network interface my_lan)>
```

d. Modify any of the remaining default settings as appropriate. For example, to change the minimum length of the prefix:

```
(config network interface my_lan)> ipv6 prefix_length 60
(config network interface my_lan)>
```

If the minimum length is not available, then a longer prefix will be used.

See Configure WAN/WWAN priority and default route metrics for further information about metrics.

8. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config network interface my_lan)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

9. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

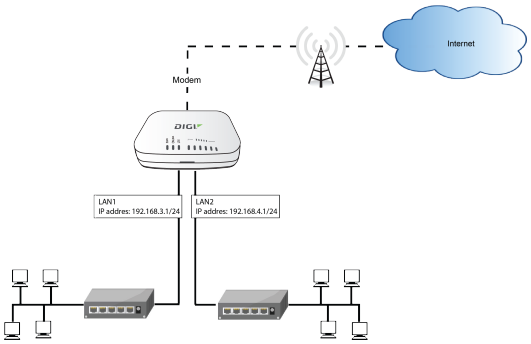
Example: Configure two LANs

The default configuration of the EX12 consists of one WAN (named **ETH1**), one WWAN (**Modem**), and one LAN (**ETH2**). For EX12W Wi-Fi enabled devices, the default configuration of the **ETH2** uses a bridge that consists of two devices, the **ETH2** Ethernet device and the **Digi AP** Wi-Fi access point.

In this example, we will:

1. Create a new Wi-Fi access point (EX12W models only).
2. Create a new bridge that consists of the new access point and the **ETH1** device.

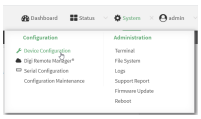
   In this configuration, the **ETH1** device will no longer be part of a WAN. Internet access will be provided by the cellular modem.
3. Create two new LANs:
   - **LAN1** will be configured to use the new bridge.
   - **LAN2** will be configured to use the **ETH2** device.



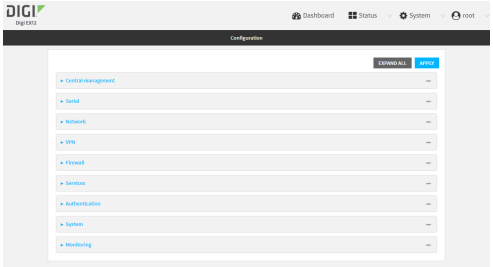
Task one: Create a new access point (EX12W models only)

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



   The **Configuration** window is displayed.

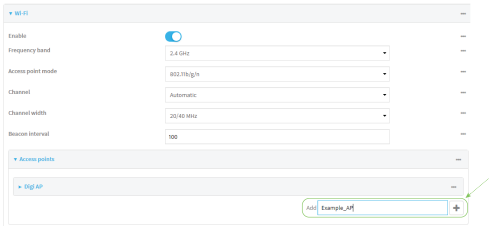


3. Click **Network** > **Wi-Fi** > **Access points**.
4. For **Add Wi-Fi access point**, type **Example_AP** for the name of the new access point and click ✚.

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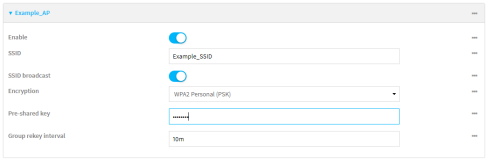
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The Wi-Fi access point configuration window is displayed.

5. For **SSID**, type **Example_SSID**.
6. Type a **Pre-shared key** that clients will use to access the AP.



7. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Create a new access point:

```
(config)> add network wifi ap Example_AP
(config network wifi ap Example_AP)>
```

   New access points are enabled by default.
4. Set the SSID for the Wi-Fi access point. Up to 32 characters are allowed.

```
(config network wifi ap Example_AP)> ssid Example_SSID
(config network wifi ap Example_AP)>
```

   SSID broadcasting is enabled by default for new access points.

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5. Set the security for the access point to WPA2:

```
(config network wifi ap Example_AP)> encryption type wpa2
(config network wifi ap Example_AP)>
```

6. Set the password that clients will use when connecting to the access point:

```
(config network wifi ap Example_AP)> encryption key_psk2 password
(config network wifi ap Example_AP)>
```

7. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config network wireless ap Example_AP)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

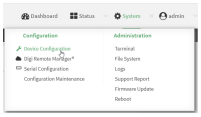
8. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

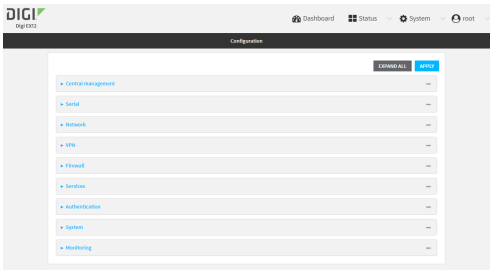
Task two: Create a new bridge (EX12W models only)

WebUI

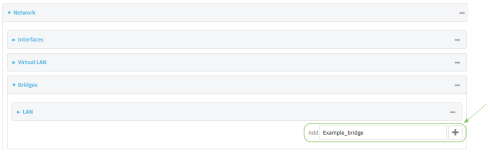
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



   The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Network** > **Bridges**.
4. For **Add Bridge**, type **Example_bridge** and click ✚.



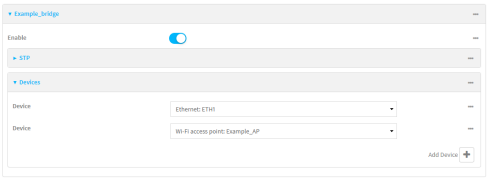
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The new bridge configuration window is displayed.



5. Click to expand **Devices**.
6. For **Add Device**, click ✚.
7. For Device, select **Ethernet: ETH1**.
8. Click ✚ again to add another device.
9. For Device, select **Wi-Fi access point: Example_AP**.



10. (Optional) Enable Spanning Tree Protocol (STP).

    STP is used when using multiple LANs on the same device, to prevent bridge loops and other routing conflicts.

    a. Click **STP**.
    b. Click **Enable**.
    c. For **Forwarding delay**, enter the number of seconds that the device will spend in each of the listening and learning states before the bridge begins forwarding data. The default is **2** seconds.
11. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Create a new bridge:

```
(config)> add network bridge Example_bridge
(config network bridge Example_bridge)>
```


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New access points are enabled by default.

4. Use the Tab key (twice) to determine available devices:

```
(config network bridge Example_bridge)> add device end [TAB][TAB]
/network/device/eth1              /network/device/eth2
/network/device/loopback          /network/bridge/lan
/network/wifi/ap/digi_ap          /network/wifi/ap/Example_AP
(config network bridge Example_bridge)> add device end /network/
```

5. Add the **eth1** Ethernet device:

```
(config network bridge Example_bridge)> add device end /network/device/eth1
(config network bridge Example_bridge)>
```

6. Add the **Example_AP** Wi-Fi access point:

```
(config network bridge Example_bridge)> add device end
/network/wireless/ap/Example_AP
(config network bridge Example_bridge)>
```

7. (Optional) Enable Spanning Tree Protocol (STP).

   STP is used when using multiple LANs on the same device, to prevent bridge loops and other routing conflicts.

   a. Enable STP:

   ```
   (config network bridge Example_bridge)> stp enable true
   ```

   b. Set the number of seconds that the device will spend in each of the listening and learning states before the bridge begins forwarding data:

   ```
   (config network bridge Example_bridge)> stp forward_delay num
   (config)>
   ```

   The default is **2** seconds.

8. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config network bridge Example_bridge)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

9. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

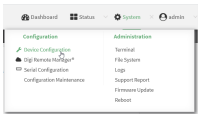
Task three: Create the LANs

WebUI

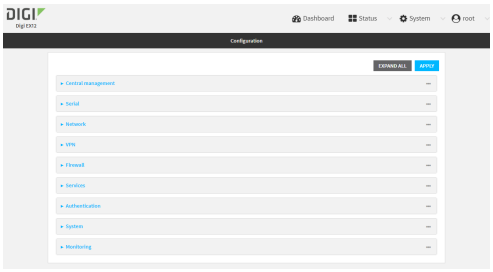
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.

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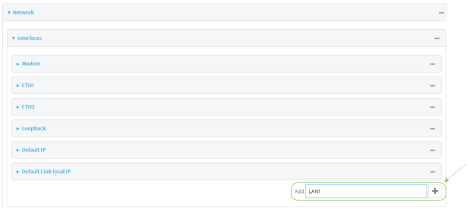
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



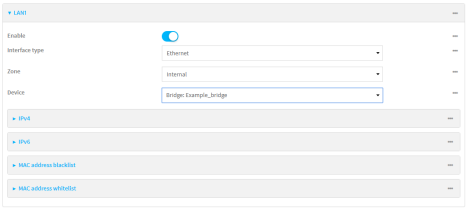
The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Create **LAN1**:
   a. Click **Network** > **Interfaces**.
   b. For **Add Interface:**, type **LAN1** and click ✚.



   c. For **Zone**, select **Internal**.
   d. For **Device**:
      - If you are configuring a Wi-Fi enabled EX12W, select **Bridge: Example_bridge**.
      - If you are configuring a non-Wi-Fi EX12, select **Ethernet: ETH1**.



   e. Click to expand **IPv4**.
   f. For **Address**, type **192.168.3.1/24**.
   g. Click to expand **DHCP server**.
   h. Click **Enable**.

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TS-TL-DGI-087

4. Create LAN2:
   a. Click **Network** > **Interfaces**.
   b. For **Add Interface:**, type **LAN2** and click ✚.
   c. For **Zone**, select **Internal**.
   d. For **Device**, select **Ethernet: ETH2**.
   e. Click to expand **IPv4**.
   f. For **Address**, type **192.168.4.1/24**.
   g. Click to expand **DHCP server**.
   h. Click **Enable**.
5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Create the LAN1 interface:
   a. Add the interface:

```
(config)> add network interface LAN1
(config network interface LAN1)>
```

   b. Configure the LAN1 interface:
      i. Enter **device ?** to view available devices and the proper syntax.

```
(config network interface LAN1)> device ?

Device: The network device used by this network interface.
Format:
  /network/device/eth1
  /network/device/eth2
  /network/bridge/LAN
  /network/bridge/Example_bridge
  /network/wireless/ap/digi_ap
  /network/wireless/ap/Example_AP
Current value:

(config network interface LAN1)> device
```


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ii. Set the device for the LAN1 interface:

- If you are configuring a Wi-Fi enabled EX12W, set the device to **/network/bridge/Example_bridge**.

```
(config network interface LAN1)> device
/network/bridge/Example_bridge
(config network interface LAN1)>
```

- If you are configuring a non-Wi-Fi EX12, set the device to **/network/device/eth1** .

```
(config network interface LAN1)> device /network/device/eth1
(config network interface LAN1)>
```

c. Configure the firewall zone for the LAN1 interface to **internal**:

```
(config network interface LAN1)> zone internal
(config network interface LAN1)>
```

d. Configure the IPv4 address for the LAN1 interface:

```
(config network interface LAN1)> ipv4 address 192.168.3.1/24
(config network interface LAN1)>
```

e. Enable the DHCP server for the LAN1 interface:

```
(config network interface LAN1)> ipv4 dhcp_server enable true
(config network interface LAN1)>
```

4. Create the LAN2 interface:

a. Add the interface:

```
(config)> add network interface LAN2
(config network interface LAN2)>
```

b. Configure the LAN2 interface:

i. Enter **device ?** to view available devices and the proper syntax.

```
(config network interface LAN2)> device ?

Device: The network device used by this network interface.
Format:
  /network/device/eth1
  /network/device/eth2
  /network/bridge/LAN
  /network/bridge/Example_bridge
  /network/wireless/ap/digi_ap
  /network/wireless/ap/Example_AP
Current value:

(config network interface LAN2)> device
```


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ii. Set the device for the LAN2 interface:

```
(config network interface LAN2)> device /network/device/eth1
(config network interface LAN2)>
```

c. Configure the firewall zone for the LAN2 interface to **internal**:

```
(config network interface LAN2)> zone internal
(config network interface LAN2)>
```

d. Configure the IPv4 address for the LAN2 interface:

```
(config network interface LAN2)> ipv4 address 192.168.4.1/24
(config network interface LAN2)>
```

e. Enable the DHCP server for the LAN2 interface:

```
(config network interface LAN2)> ipv4 dhcp_server enable true
(config network interface LAN2)>
```

5. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config network interface LAN2)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

6. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Task four: Verify the new configuration

The final step in this example is to verify the new configuration.

1. Verify that LAN1 is operating correctly:
   a. Connect a device to LAN1 through the **ETH1** Ethernet port, or by connecting to the Example_AP Wi-Fi1 access point.
   b. Verify that the device has been provided an IP address from the LAN DHCP server in the 192.168.3.* subnet.
2. Verify that LAN2 is operating correctly:
   a. Connect a device to LAN2 through the **ETH2** Ethernet port.
   b. Verify that the device has been provided an IP address from the LAN2 DHCP server in the 192.168.4.* subnet.

Show LAN status and statistics

WebUI

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1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. From the menu, click **Status**.
3. Under **Networking**, click **Interfaces**.

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. Enter the show network command at the Admin CLI prompt:

```
> show network

 Interface         Proto  Status   Address
 ----------------  -----  -------  --------------------------------
 defaultip         IPv4   up       192.168.210.1/24
 defaultlinklocal  IPv4   up       169.254.100.100/16
 eth2              IPv4   up       10.10.10.10/24
 eth2              IPv6   up       fe00:2404::240:f4ff:fe80:120/64
 eth1              IPv4   up       192.168.2.1/24
 eth1              IPv6   up       fd00:2704::1/48
 loopback          IPv4   up       127.0.0.1/8
 modem             IPv4   up       10.200.1.101/30
 modem             IPv6   down

>
```

3. Enter **show network interface *name*** at the Admin CLI prompt to display additional information about a specific LAN. For example, to display information about ETH1, enter **show network interface *eth1***:

```
> show network interface eth1

 lan1 Interface Status
 ---------------------
 Device              : eth1
 Zone                : internal

 IPv4 Status         : up
 IPv4 Type           : static
 IPv4 Address(es)    : 192.168.2.1/24
 IPv4 Gateway        :
 IPv4 MTU            : 1500
 IPv4 Metric         : 5
 IPv4 Weight         : 10
 IPv4 DNS Server(s)  :

 IPv6 Status         : up
 IPv6 Type           : prefix
 IPv6 Address(es)    : fd00:2704::1/48
```


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```
IPv6 Gateway         :
IPv6 MTU             : 1500
IPv6 Metric          : 5
IPv6 Weight          : 10
IPv6 DNS Server(s)   :

>
```

4. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

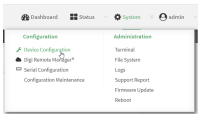
   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Delete a LAN

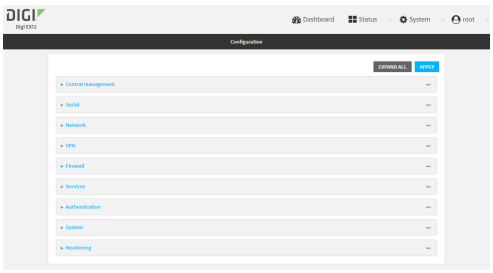
Follow this procedure to delete any LANs that have been added to the system. You cannot delete the preconfigured LAN, **LAN1**.

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



   The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Network** > **Interfaces**.
4. Click the menu icon (**...**) next to the name of the LAN to be deleted and select **Delete**.



5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



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Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Use the **del** command to delete the LAN. For example, to delete a LAN named my_lan:

```
(config)> del network interface my_lan
```

4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

DHCP servers

You can enable DHCP on your EX12 device to assign IP addresses to clients, using either:

- The DHCP server for the device's local network, which assigns IP addresses to clients on the device's local network. Addresses are assigned from a specified pool of IP addresses. For a local network, the device uses the DHCP server that has the IP address pool in the same IP subnet as the local network.

  When a host receives an IP configuration, the configuration is valid for a particular amount of time, known as the lease time. After this lease time expires, the configuration must be renewed. The host renews the lease time automatically.
- A DHCP relay server, which forwards DHCP requests from clients to a DHCP server that is running on a separate device.

Configure a DHCP server

Note These instructions assume you are configuring the device to use its local DHCP server. For instructions about configuring the device to use a DHCP relay server, see Configure DHCP relay.

Required configuration items

- Enable the DHCP server.

Additional configuration items

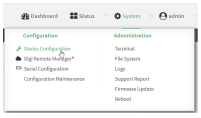
- The lease address pool: the range of IP addresses issued by the DHCP server to clients.
- Lease time: The length, in minutes, of the leases issued by the DHCP server.

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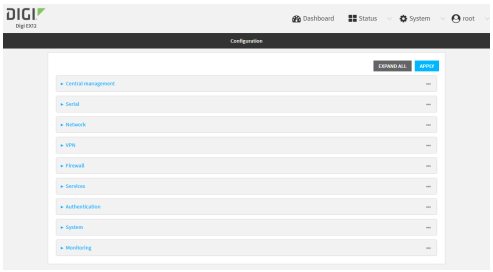
- The Maximum Transmission Units (MTU).
- The domain name suffix appended to host names.
- The IP gateway address given to clients.
- The IP addresses of the preferred and alternate Domain Name Server (DNS), NTP servers, and WINS severs that are given to clients.
- The TFTP server name.
- The filepath and name of the bootfile on the TFTP server.
- Custom DHCP options. See Configure DHCP options for information about custom DHCP options.
- Static leases. See Map static IP addresses to hosts for information about static leases.

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Network** > **Interfaces**.
4. Click to expand an existing LAN, or create a new LAN. See Configure a LAN.
5. Click to expand **IPv4** > **DHCP server**.
6. **Enable** the DHCP server.
7. (Optional) For **Lease time**, type the amount of time that a DHCP lease is valid.

   Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w**|**d**|**h**|**m**|**s**}.

   For example, to set **Lease time** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

   The default is 12 hours.
8. (Optional) For **Lease range start** and **Lease range end**, type the lowest and highest IP address that the DHCP server will assign to a client. This value represents the low order byte of the address (the final triplet in an IPv4 address, for example, 192.168.2.**xxx**). The remainder of the IP address will be based on the LAN's static IP address as defined in the **Address** field.

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Allowed values are between **1** and **254**, and the default is **100** for **Lease range start** and **250** for **Lease range end**.

9. Optional DHCP server settings:
   a. Click to expand **Advanced settings**.
   b. For **Gateway**, select either:
      - **None**: No gateway is broadcast by the DHCP server. Client destinations must be resolvable without a gateway.
      - **Automatic**: Broadcasts the EX12 device's gateway.
      - **Custom**: Allows you to identify the IP address of a **Custom gateway** to be broadcast.

      The default is **Automatic**.
   c. For **MTU**,
      - **None**: An MTU of length **0** is broadcast. This is not recommended.
      - **Automatic**: No MTU is broadcast and clients will determine their own MTU.
      - **Custom**: Allows you to identify a **Custom MTU** to be broadcast.

      The default is **Automatic**.
   d. For **Domain name suffix**, type the domain name that should be appended to host names.
   e. For **Primary** and **Secondary DNS**, **Primary** and **Secondary NTP server**, and **Primary** and **Secondary WINS server**, select either:
      - **None**: No server is broadcast.
      - **Automatic**: Broadcasts the EX12 device's server.
      - **Custom**: Allows you to identify the IP address of the server.
   f. For **Bootfile name**, type the relative path and file name of the bootfile on the TFTP server.
   g. For **TFTP server** name, type the IP address or host name of the TFTP server.
10. See Configure DHCP options for information about **Custom DHCP options**.
11. See Map static IP addresses to hosts for information about **Static leases**.
12. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```


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3. Enable the DHCP server for an existing LAN. For example, to enable the DHCP server for a LAN named **my_lan**:

```
(config)> network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server enable true
(config)>
```

See Configure a LAN for information about creating a LAN.

4. (Optional) Set the amount of time that a DHCP lease is valid:

```
(config)> network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server lease_time value
(config)>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w**|**d**|**h**|**m**|**s**}.

For example, to set **network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server lease_time** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config)> network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server lease_time 600s
(config)>
```

5. (Optional) Set the lowest IP address that the DHCP server will assign to a client. This value represents the low order byte of the address (the final triplet in an IPv4 address, for example, 192.168.2.**xxx**). The remainder of the IP address will be based on the LAN's static IP address as defined in the **address** parameter.

```
(config)> network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server lease_start num
(config)>
```

Allowed values are between **1** and **254**, and the default is **100**.

6. (Optional) Set the highest IP address that the DHCP server will assign to a client:

```
(config)> network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server lease_end num
(config)>
```

Allowed values are between **1** and **254**, and the default is **250**.

7. Optional DHCP server settings:
   a. Click to expand **Advanced settings**.
   b. Determine how the DHCP server should broadcast the gateway server:

```
(config)> network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced gateway
value
(config)>
```

where **value** is one of:

- **none**: No gateway is broadcast by the DHCP server. Client destinations must be resolvable without a gateway.
- **auto**: Broadcasts the EX12 device's gateway.

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- **custom**: Allows you to identify the IP address of a custom gateway to be broadcast:

```
(config)> network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced
gateway_custom ip_address
(config)>
```

The default is **auto**.

c. Determine how the DHCP server should broadcast the the MTU:

```
(config)> network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced mtu value
(config)>
```

where **value** is one of:

- **none**: An MTU of length **0** is broadcast. This is not recommended.
- **auto**: No MTU is broadcast and clients will determine their own MTU.
- **custom**: Allows you to identify a custom MTU to be broadcast:

```
(config)> network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced mtu_
custom mtu
(config)>
```

The default is **auto**.

d. Set the domain name that should be appended to host names:

```
(config)> network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced domain_
suffix name
(config)>
```

e. Set the IP address or host name of the primary and secondary DNS, the primary and secondary NTP server, and the primary and secondary WINS servers:

```
(config)> network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced primary_dns
value
(config)> network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced secondary_
dns value
(config)> network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced primary_ntp
value
(config)> network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced secondary_
ntp value
(config)> network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced primary_
wins value
(config)> network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced secondary_
wins value
(config)>
```

where **value** is one of:

- **none**: No server is broadcast.
- **auto**: Broadcasts the EX12 device's server.

- **custom**: Allows you to identify the IP address of the server. For example:

```
(config)> network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced
primary_dns_custom ip_address
(config)>
```

The default is **auto**.

f. Set the IP address or host name of the TFTP server:

```
(config)> network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced nftp_server
ip_address
(config)>
```

g. Set the relative path and file name of the bootfile on the TFTP server:

```
(config)> network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced bootfile
filename
(config)>
```

8. See Configure DHCP options for information about custom DHCP options.
9. See Map static IP addresses to hosts for information about static leases.
10. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced static_lease 0)>
save
Configuration saved.
>
```

11. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Map static IP addresses to hosts

You can configure the DHCP server to assign static IP addresses to specific hosts.

Required configuration items

- IP address that will be mapped to the device.
- MAC address of the device.

Additional configuration items

- A label for this instance of the static lease.

To map static IP addresses:

WebUI

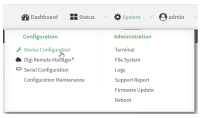
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.

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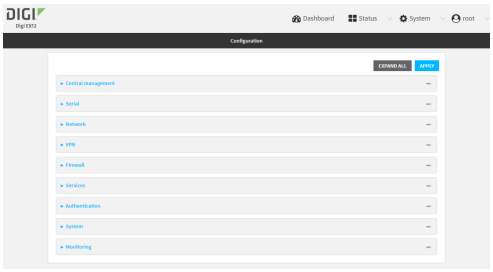
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TS-TL-DGI-087

2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Network** > **Interfaces**.
4. Click to expand an existing LAN, or create a new LAN. See Configure a LAN.
5. Click to expand **IPv4** > **DHCP server** > **Advanced settings** > **Static leases**.
6. For **Add Static lease**, click ✚.
7. Type the **MAC address** of the device associated with this static lease.
8. Type the **IP address** for the static lease.

> **Note** The IP address here should be outside of the DHCP server's configured lease range. See Configure a DHCP server for further information about the lease range.

9. (Optional) For **Hostname**, type a label for the static lease. This does not have to be the device's actual hostname.
10. Repeat for each additional DHCP static lease.
11. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Add a static lease to the DHCP server configuration for an existing LAN. For example, to add static lease to a LAN named **my_lan**:

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```
(config)> add network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced static_
lease end
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced static_lease 0)>
```

See Configure a LAN for information about creating a LAN.

4. Set the MAC address of the device associated with this static lease, using the colon-separated format:

```
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced static_lease 0)>
mac 00:40:D0:13:35:36
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced static_lease 0)>
```

5. Set the IP address for the static lease:

```
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced static_lease 0)>
ip 10.01.01.10
(network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced static_lease 0)>
```

Note The IP address here should be outside of the DHCP server's configured lease range. See Configure a DHCP server for further information about the lease range.

6. (Optional) Set a label for this static lease:

```
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced static_lease 0)>
name label
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced static_lease 0)>
```

7. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced static_lease 0)>
save
Configuration saved.
>
```

8. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Show current static IP mapping

To view your current static IP mapping:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. On the main menu, click **Status**
3. Under **Networking**, click **DHCP Leases**.

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

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Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Show the static lease configuration. For example, to show the static leases for a lan named **my_lan**:

```
(config)> show network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced static_
lease
0
    ip 192.168.2.10
    mac BF:C3:46:24:0E:D9
    no name
1
    ip 192.168.2.11
    mac E3:C1:1F:65:C3:0E
    no name
(config)>
```

4. Type **cancel** to exit configuration mode:

```
(config)> cancel
>
```

5. Type exit to exit the Admin CLI.

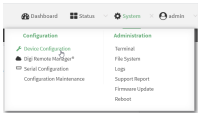
   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Delete static IP mapping entries

To delete a static IP entry:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.

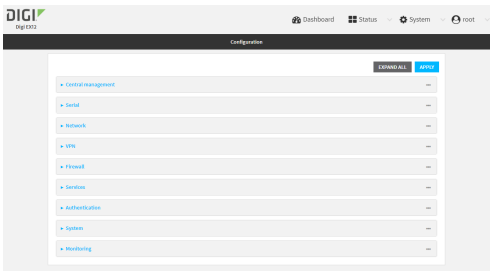


   The **Configuration** window is displayed.

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3. Click **Network** > **Interfaces**.
4. Click to expand an existing LAN.
5. Click to expand **IPv4** > **DHCP server** > **Advanced settings** > **Static leases**.
6. Click the menu icon (**...**) next to the name of the static lease to be deleted and select **Delete**.



7. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Show the static lease configuration. For example, to show the static leases for a lan named **my_lan**:

```
(config)> show network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced static_
lease
0
    ip 192.168.2.10
    mac BF:C3:46:24:0E:D9
    no name
1
    ip 192.168.2.11
    mac E3:C1:1F:65:C3:0E
    no name
(config)>
```


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4. Use the **del *index_number*** command to delete a static lease. For example, to delete the static lease for the device listed in the above output with a mac address of BF:C3:46:24:0E:D9 (index number **0**):

```
(config)> del network interface lan1 ipv4 dhcp_server advanced static_lease
0
(config)>
```

5. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

6. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Configure DHCP options

You can configure DHCP servers running on your EX12 device to send certain specified DHCP options to DHCP clients. You can also set the user class, which enables you to specify which specific DHCP clients will receive the option. You can also force the command to be sent to the clients.

DHCP options can be set on a per-LAN basis, or can be set for all LANs. A total of 32 DHCP options can be configured.

Required configuration items

- DHCP option number.
- Value for the DHCP option.

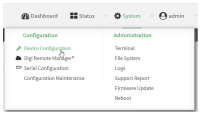
Additional configuration items

- The data type of the value.
- Force the option to be sent to the DHCP clients.
- A label for the custom option.

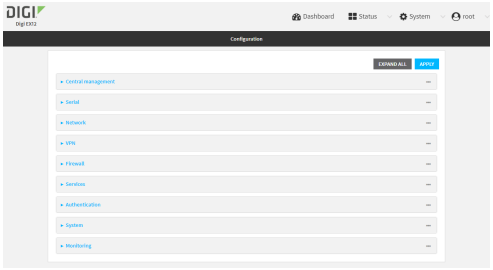
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WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Network** > **Interfaces**.
4. Click to expand an existing LAN, or create a new LAN. See Configure a LAN.
5. Click to expand **IPv4** > **DHCP server** > **Advanced settings** > **Custom DHCP option**.
6. For **Add Custom option**, click ✚.

   Custom options are enabled by default. To disable, uncheck **Enable**.
7. For **Option number**, type the DHCP option number.
8. For **Value**, type the value of the DHCP option.
9. (Optional) For **Label**, type a label for the custom option.
10. (Optional) If **Forced send** is enabled, the DHCP option will always be sent to the client, even if the client does not ask for it.
11. (Optional) For **Data type**, select the data type that the option uses. If the incorrect data type is selected, the device will send the value as a string.
12. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

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TS-TL-DGI-087

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Add a custom DHCP option to the DHCP server configuration for an existing LAN. For example, to add static lease to a LAN named **my_lan**:

```
(config)> add network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced custom_
option end
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced custom_option
0)>
```

See Configure a LAN for information about creating a LAN.

4. Custom options are enabled by default. To disable:

```
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced custom_option
0)> enable false
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced custom_option
0)>
```

5. Set the option number for the DHCP option:

```
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced custom_option
0)> option 210
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced custom_option
0)>
```

6. Set the value for the DHCP option:

```
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced custom_option
0)> value_str value
(network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced custom_option 0)>
```

7. (Optional) Set a label for this custom option:

```
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced custom_option
0)> name label
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced custom_option
0)>
```

8. (Optional) To force the DHCP option to always be sent to the client, even if the client does not ask for it:

```
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced custom_option
0)> force true
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced custom_option
0)>
```

9. (Optional) Set the data type that the option uses.

   If the incorrect data type is selected, the device will send the value as a string.

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```
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced custom_option
0)> datatype value
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced custom_option
0)>
```

where *value* is one of:

- **1byte**
- **2byte**
- **4byte**
- **hex**
- **ipv4**
- **str**

The default is **str**.

10. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_server advanced custom_option
0)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

11. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Configure DHCP relay

DHCP relay allows a router to forward DHCP requests from one LAN to a separate DHCP server, typically connected to a different LAN.

For the EX12 device, DHCP relay is configured by providing the IP address of a DHCP relay server, rather than an IP address range. If both the DHCP relay server and an IP address range are specified, DHCP relay is used, and the specified IP address range is ignored.

Multiple DHCP relay servers can be provided for each LAN. If multiple relay servers are provided, DHCP requests are forwarded to all servers without waiting for a response. Clients will typically use the IP address from the first DHCP response received.

Configuring DHCP relay involves the following items:

Required configuration items

- Disable the DHCP server, if it is enabled.
- IP address of the primary DHCP relay server, to define the relay server that will respond to DHCP requests.

Additional configuration items

- IP address of additional DHCP relay servers.

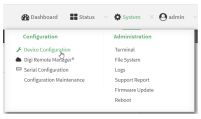
WebUI

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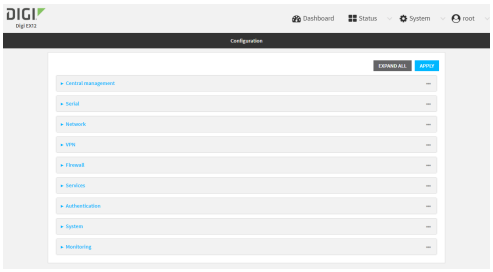
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TESSOL Technical Library
TS-TL-DGI-087

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Network** > **Interfaces**.
4. Click to expand an existing LAN, or create a new LAN. See Configure a LAN.
5. Disable the DHCP server, if it is enabled:
   a. Click to expand **IPv4** > **DHCP server**.
   b. Click **Enable** to toggle off the DHCP server.
6. Click to expand **DHCP relay**.
7. For **Add DHCP Server:**, click ✚.
8. For **DHCP server address**, type the IP address of the relay server.
9. Repeat for each additional DHCP relay server.
10. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.
   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Add a DHCP relay server to an existing LAN. For example, to add a server to a LAN named **my_lan**:

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TS-TL-DGI-087

```
(config)> add network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_relay end
(config network interface lan1 my_lan dhcp_relay 0)>
```

See Configure a LAN for information about creating a LAN.

4. Set the IP address of the DHCP relay server:

```
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_relay 0)> address 10.10.10.10
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_relay 0)>
```

5. (Optional) Add additional DHCP relay servers:
   a. Move back one step in the configuration schema by typing two periods (**..**):

```
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_relay 0)> ..
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_relay)>
```

   b. Add the next server:

```
(config network interface lan1 ipv4 dhcp_relay)> add end
(config network interface lan1 ipv4 dhcp_relay 1)>
```

   c. Set the IP address of the DHCP relay server:

```
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_relay 1)> address 10.10.10.11
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_relay 1)>
```

   d. Repeat for each additional relay server.
2. Disable the DHCP server, if it is enabled:

```
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_relay 1)> .. .. dhcp_server
enable false
(config network interface my_lan ipv4 dhcp_relay 1)>
```

6. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config network interface lan1 ipv4 dhcp_relay 1)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

7. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Show DHCP server status and settings

View DHCP status to monitor which devices have been given IP configuration by the EX12 device and to diagnose DHCP issues.

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. On the main menu, click **Status**
3. Under **Networking**, click **DHCP Leases**.

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Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. Enter the show dhcp-lease command at the Admn CLI prompt:

```
> show dhcp-lease

IP Address     Hostname         Expires
-------------  ---------------  -------
192.168.2.194  MTK-ENG-USER1
192.168.2.195  MTK-ENG-USER2

>
```

3. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Create a Virtual LAN (VLAN) route

Virtual LANs (VLANs) allow splitting a single physical LAN into separate Virtual LANs. This is useful for security reasons, and also helps to reduce broadcast traffic on the LAN.

Required configuration items

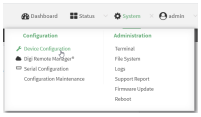
- Device to be assigned to the VLAN.
- The VLAN ID. The TCP header uses the VLAN ID to identify the destination VLAN for the packet.

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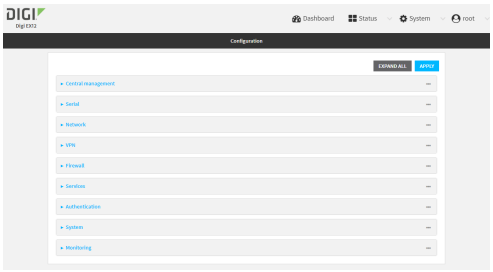
To create a VLAN:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Network** > **Virtual LAN**.
4. Type a name for the VLAN and click ✚.
5. Select the **Device**.
6. Type or select a unique numeric **ID** for the VLAN ID.
7. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



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TS-TL-DGI-087

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Add the VLAN:

```
(config)> add network vlan name
(config)>
```

4. Set the device to be used by the VLAN:
   a. View a list of available devices:

```
(config network vlan vlan1)> device ?

Device: The Ethernet device to use for this virtual LAN
Format:
  /network/device/eth2
  /network/device/eth1
  /network/device/loopback
  /network/vlan/vlan1
  /network/bridge/lan
Current value:

(config network vlan vlan1)>
```

   b. Add the device:

```
(config network vlan vlan1)> device /network/device/
(config network vlan vlan1)>
```

5. Set the VLAN ID:

```
(config network vlan vlan1)> id value
```

   where *value* is an integer between **1** and **4095**.
6. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config network vlan vlan1)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

7. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Bridging

Bridging is a mechanism to create a single network consisting of multiple devices, such as Ethernet devices and wireless access points.

This section contains the following topics:

Configure a bridge 142

Configure a bridge

Required configuration items

- A name for the bridge.
  Bridges are enabled by default.
- Devices to be included in the bridge.

Additional configuration items

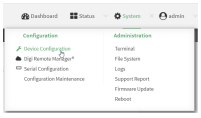
- Enable Spanning Tree Protocol (STP).

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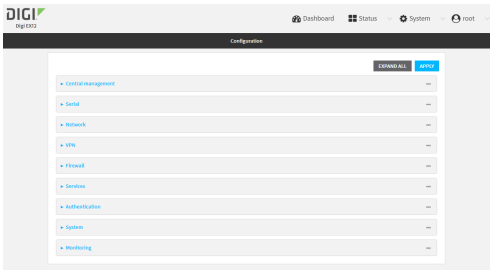
To create a bridge:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Network** > **Bridges**.
4. For **Add Bridge**, type a name for the bridge and click ✚.
5. Bridges are enabled by default. To disable, uncheck **Enable**.
6. Add devices to the bridge:
   a. Click to expand **Devices**.
   b. For **Add device**, click ✚.
   c. Select the **Device**.
   d. Repeat to add additional devices.
7. (Optional) Enable Spanning Tree Protocol (STP).

   STP is used when using multiple LANs on the same device, to prevent bridge loops and other routing conflicts.
   a. Click **STP**.
   b. Click **Enable**.
   c. For **Forwarding delay**, enter the number of seconds that the device will spend in each of the listening and learning states before the bridge begins forwarding data. The default is **2** seconds.
8. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



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Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Create the bridge:

```
(config)> add network bridge my_bridge
(config network bridge my_bridge)>
```

4. Bridges are enabled by default.
   - To disable:

```
(config network bridge my_bridge)> enable false
(config network bridge my_bridge)>
```

   - To enable if it has been disabled:

```
(config network bridge my_bridge)> enable true
(config network bridge my_bridge)>
```

5. Add devices to the bridge:
   a. Determine available devices:

```
(config network bridge my_bridge)> .. .. interface lan device ?

Device: The network device used by this network interface.
Format:
  /network/device/eth1
  /network/device/eth2
  /network/device/loopback

Default value: /network/lan
Current value: /network/lan

(config network bridge my_bridge)>
```

   b. Add the appropriate device. For example, to add the **Digi AP** Wi-Fi access point:

```
(config network bridge my_bridge)> add device end
/network/wireless/ap/digi_ap
(config)>
```

6. (Optional) Enable Spanning Tree Protocol (STP).

   STP is used when using multiple LANs on the same device, to prevent bridge loops and other routing conflicts.

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a. Enable STP:

```
(config network bridge my_bridge)> stp enable true
```

b. Set the number of seconds that the device will spend in each of the listening and learning states before the bridge begins forwarding data:

```
(config network bridge my_bridge)> stp forward_delay num
(config)>
```

The default is **2** seconds.

7. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

8. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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TS-TL-DGI-087

Serial port

EX12 devices have a single serial port that provides access to the command-line interface.

Use an RS-232 serial cable to establish a serial connection from your EX12 to your local laptop or PC. Use a terminal emulator program to establish the serial connection. The terminal emulator's serial connection must be configured to match the configuration of the EX12 device's serial port. The default serial port configuration for the EX12 is:

- Baud rate: **115200**
- Data bits: **8**
- Parity: **None**
- Stop bits: **1**
- Flow control: **None**

Configure the serial port

By default, the EX12 serial port is configured as follows:

- **Enabled**
- **Serial mode**: Login
- **Label**: None
- **Baud rate**: 9600
- **Data bits**: 8
- **Parity**: None
- **Stop bits**: 1
- **Flow control**: None

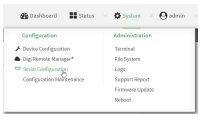
To change the configuration to match the serial configuration of the device to which you want to connect:

WebUI

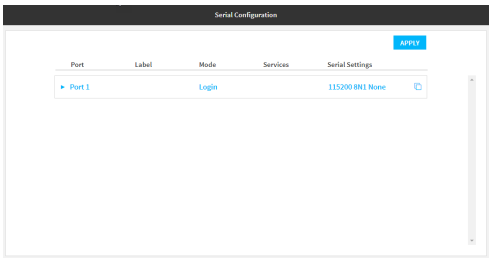
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.

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2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Serial Configuration**.

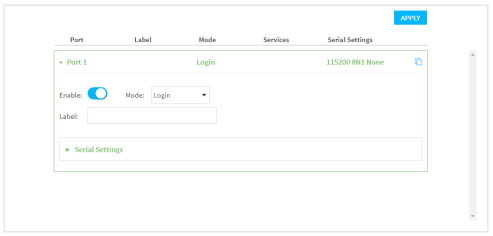


The **Serial Configuration** page is displayed.



Note You can also configure the serial port by using **Device Configuration** > **Serial**. Changes made by using either **Device Configuration** or **Serial Configuration** will be reflected in both.

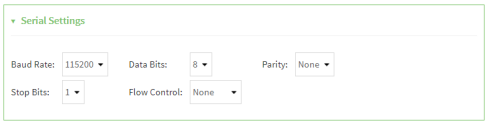
3. Click to expand **Port 1**.



The serial port is enabled by default. To disable, toggle off **Enable**.

4. For **Mode**, one of the following:
   - **Login**: Allows the user to log into the device through the serial port.
   - **Remote access**: Allows for remote access to another device that is connected to the serial port.
   - **Application**: Provides access to the serial device from Python applications. See Use Python to access serial ports for information about creating Python applications that access the serial port.

   The default is **Login**.
5. (Optional) For **Label**, enter a label that will be used when referring to this port.
6. Click to expand **Serial Settings**.



7. For **Baud rate**, select the baud rate used by the device to which you want to connect.

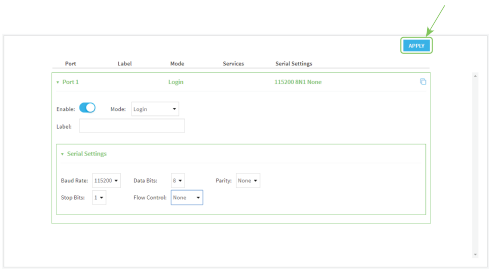
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TS-TL-DGI-087

8. For **Data bits**, select the number of data bits used by the device to which you want to connect.
9. For **Parity**, select the type of parity used by the device to which you want to connect.
10. For **Stop bits**, select the number of stop bits used by the device to which you want to connect.
11. For **Flow control**, select the type of flow control used by the device to which you want to connect.
12. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.

    The **Apply** button is located at the top of the WebUI page. You may need to scroll to the top of the page to locate it.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. The serial port is enabled by default. To disable:

```
(config)> serial port1 enable false
(config)>
```

4. Set the mode:

```
(config)> serial port1 mode mode
(config)>
```

   where *mode* is either:

   - **login**: Allows the user to log into the device through the serial port.
   - **remote**: Allows for remote access to another device that is connected to the serial port.
   - **application**: Provides access to the serial device from Python applications. See Use Python to access serial ports for information about creating Python applications that access the serial port.

   The default is **login**.

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5. (Optional) Set a label that will be used when referring to this port.

```
(config)> serial port1 label label
(config)>
```

6. If **mode** is set to **login** or **remote**:
   a. Set the baud rate used by the device to which you want to connect:

```
(config)> serial port1 baudrate rate
(config)>
```

   b. Set the number of data bits used by the device to which you want to connect:

```
(config)> serial port1 databits bits
(config)>
```

   c. Set the type of parity used by the device to which you want to connect:

```
(config)> serial port1 parity parity
(config)>
```

   Allowed values are:
   - **even**
   - **odd**
   - **none**

   The default is **none**.
   d. Set the stop bits used by the device to which you want to connect:

```
(config)> serial port1 stopbits bits
(config)>
```

   e. Set the type of flow control used by the device to which you want to connect:

```
(config)> serial port1 flow type
(config)
```

   Allowed values are:
   - **none**
   - **rts/cts**
   - **xon/xoff**

   The default is **none**.
7. If **mode** is set to **remote**:
   a. Set the characters used to start an escape sequence:

```
(config)> serial port1 escape string
(config)
```

   If no characters are defined, the escape sequence is disabled. The default is **~b**.

b. Limit access to the serial port to a single active session:

```
(config)> serial port1 exclusive true
(config)
```

c. Set the number of bytes of output from the serial port that are written to buffer. These bytes are redisplayed when a user connects to the serial port.

```
(config)> serial port1 history bytes
(config)
```

The default is **4000** bytes.

d. Set the amount of time to wait before disconnecting due to user inactivity:

```
(config)> serial port1 idle_timeout value
(config)
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

For example, to set **idle_timeout** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config)> serial port1 idle_timeout 600s
(config)
```

The default is **15m**.

e. (Optional) Enable monitoring of CTS (Clear to Send) changes on this port:

```
(config)> serial port1 monitor cts true
(config)
```

f. (Optional) Enable monitoring of DCD (Data Carrier Detect) changes on this port:

```
(config)> serial port1 monitor dcd true
(config)
```

8. Configure TCP access to this port:



CAUTION! This connection is not authenticated or encrypted.

a. Enable TCP access:

```
(config)> serial port1 service tcp enable false
(config)>
```

b. Set the TCP port:

```
(config)> serial port1 service tcp port port
(config)>
```

c. (Optional) Configure the access control list to limit access to the TCP connection:

- To limit access to specified IPv4 addresses and networks:

```
(config)> add serial port1 service tcp acl address end value
(config)>
```

Where *value* can be:

- A single IP address or host name.
- A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 192.168.1.0/24.
- **any**: No limit to IPv4 addresses that can access the tcp port.

Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.

- To limit access to specified IPv6 addresses and networks:

```
(config)> add serial port1 service tcp acl address6 end value
(config)>
```

Where *value* can be:

- A single IP address or host name.
- A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 2001:db8::/48.
- **any**: No limit to IPv6 addresses that can access the tcp port.

Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.

- To limit access to hosts connected through a specified interface on the EX12 device:

```
(config)> add serial port1 service tcp acl interface end value
(config)>
```

Where *value* is an interface defined on your device.

Display a list of available interfaces:

Use **... network interface ?** to display interface information:

```
(config)> ... network interface ?

Interfaces

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------
 defaultip                 Default IP
 defaultlinklocal          Default Link-local IP
 eth1                      ETH1
 eth2                      ETH2
 loopback                  Loopback
 modem                     Modem
(config)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional interfaces.

- To limit access based on firewall zones:

```
(config)> add serial port1 service tcp acl zone end value
```

Where *value* is a firewall zone defined on your device, or the **any** keyword.

Display a list of available firewall zones:

Type **... firewall zone ?** at the config prompt:

```
(config)> ... firewall zone ?

Zones: A list of groups of network interfaces that can
be referred to by packet
filtering rules and access control lists.

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------------------
-------------------------
  any
  dynamic_routes
  edge
  external
  internal
  ipsec
  loopback
  setup

(config)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional firewall zones.

d. (Optional) Enable **mDNS**. mDNS is a protocol that resolves host names in small networks that do not have a DNS server.

```
(config)> serial port1 service tcp mdns enable true
(config)>
```

9. Configure telnet access to this port:



CAUTION! This connection is not authenticated or encrypted.

a. Enable telnet access:

```
(config)> serial port1 service telnet enable false
(config)>
```

b. Set the telnet port:

```
(config)> serial port1 service telnet port port
(config)>
```

c. (Optional) Configure the access control list to limit access to the telnet connection:

- To limit access to specified IPv4 addresses and networks:

```
(config)> add serial port1 service telnet acl address end value
(config)>
```


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Where *value* can be:

- A single IP address or host name.
- A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 192.168.1.0/24.
- **any**: No limit to IPv4 addresses that can access the telnet port.

Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.

- To limit access to specified IPv6 addresses and networks:

```
(config)> add serial port1 service telnet acl address6 end value
(config)>
```

Where *value* can be:

- A single IP address or host name.
- A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 2001:db8::/48.
- **any**: No limit to IPv6 addresses that can access the telnet port.

Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.

- To limit access to hosts connected through a specified interface on the EX12 device:

```
(config)> add serial port1 service telnet acl interface end value
(config)>
```

Where *value* is an interface defined on your device.

Display a list of available interfaces:

Use **... network interface ?** to display interface information:

```
(config)> ... network interface ?

Interfaces

 Additional Configuration
 ----------------------------------------
 defaultip                 Default IP
 defaultlinklocal          Default Link-local IP
 eth1                      ETH1
 eth2                      ETH2
 loopback                  Loopback
 modem                     Modem
(config)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional interfaces.

- To limit access based on firewall zones:

```
(config)> add serial port1 service telnet acl zone end value
```

Where *value* is a firewall zone defined on your device, or the **any** keyword.

Display a list of available firewall zones:

Type **... firewall zone ?** at the config prompt:

```
(config)> ... firewall zone ?

Zones: A list of groups of network interfaces that can
be referred to by packet
filtering rules and access control lists.

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------------------
-------------------------
  any
  dynamic_routes
  edge
  external
  internal
  ipsec
  loopback
  setup

(config)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional firewall zones.

d. (Optional) Enable **mDNS**. mDNS is a protocol that resolves host names in small networks that do not have a DNS server.

```
(config)> serial port1 service telnet mdns enable true
(config)>
```

10. Configure ssh access to this port:

a. Enable ssh access:

```
(config)> serial port1 service ssh enable false
(config)>
```

b. Set the ssh port:

```
(config)> serial port1 service ssh port port
(config)>
```

c. (Optional) Configure the access control list to limit access to the telnet connection:

- To limit access to specified IPv4 addresses and networks:

```
(config)> add serial port1 service ssh acl address end value
(config)>
```

Where *value* can be:

- A single IP address or host name.
- A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 192.168.1.0/24.
- **any**: No limit to IPv4 addresses that can access the ssh port.

Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.

- To limit access to specified IPv6 addresses and networks:

```
(config)> add serial port1 service ssh acl address6 end value
(config)>
```

Where *value* can be:

- A single IP address or host name.
- A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 2001:db8::/48.
- **any**: No limit to IPv6 addresses that can access the ssh port.

Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.

- To limit access to hosts connected through a specified interface on the EX12 device:

```
(config)> add serial port1 service ssh acl interface end value
(config)>
```

Where *value* is an interface defined on your device.

Display a list of available interfaces:

Use **... network interface ?** to display interface information:

```
(config)> ... network interface ?

Interfaces

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------
 defaultip                 Default IP
 defaultlinklocal          Default Link-local IP
 eth1                      ETH1
 eth2                      ETH2
 loopback                  Loopback
 modem                     Modem
(config)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional interfaces.

- To limit access based on firewall zones:

```
(config)> add serial port1 service ssh acl zone end value
```

Where *value* is a firewall zone defined on your device, or the **any** keyword.

Display a list of available firewall zones:

Type **... firewall zone ?** at the config prompt:

```
(config)> ... firewall zone ?

Zones: A list of groups of network interfaces that can
be referred to by packet
filtering rules and access control lists.
```

```
 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------------------
-------------------------
  any
  dynamic_routes
  edge
  external
  internal
  ipsec
  loopback
  setup

(config)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional firewall zones.

d. (Optional) Enable **mDNS**. mDNS is a protocol that resolves host names in small networks that do not have a DNS server.

```
(config)> serial port1 service ssh mdns enable true
(config)>
```

11. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

12. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Show serial status and statistics

To show the status and statistics for the serial port:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. On the main menu, click **Status**
3. Under **Connections**, click **Serial**.

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

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2. Use the show serial command:

```
> show serial

Label     Port   Enable  Mode   Baudrate
--------  -----  ------  -----  --------
Serial 1  port1  true    login  9600
>
```

3. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Routing

This chapter contains the following topics:

IP routing 159
Show the routing table 186
Dynamic DNS 187
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) 193

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IP routing

The EX12 device uses IP routes to decide where to send a packet it receives for a remote network. The process for deciding on a route to send the packet is as follows:

1. The device examines the destination IP address in the IP packet, and looks through the IP routing table to find a match for it.
2. If it finds a route for the destination, it forwards the IP packet to the configured IP gateway or interface.
3. If it cannot find a route for the destination, it uses a default route.
4. If there are two or more routes to a destination, the device uses the route with the longest mask.
5. If there are two or more routes to a destination with the same mask, the device uses the route with the lowest metric.

This section contains the following topics:

Configure a static route 160
Delete a static route 163
Policy-based routing 165
Configure a routing policy 165
Example: Dual WAN policy-based routing 174
Example: Route traffic to a specific WAN interface based on the client MAC address 177
Routing services 182
Configure routing services 183

Configure a static route

A static route is a manually configured routing entry. Information about the route is manually entered rather than obtained from dynamic routing traffic.

Required configuration items

- The destination address or network.
- The interface to use to reach the destination.

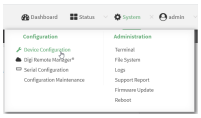
Additional configuration items

- A label used to identify this route.
- The IPv4 address of the gateway used to reach the destination.
- The metric for the route. When multiple routes are available to reach the same destination, the route with the lowest metric is used.
- The Maximum Transmission Units (MTU) of network packets using this route.

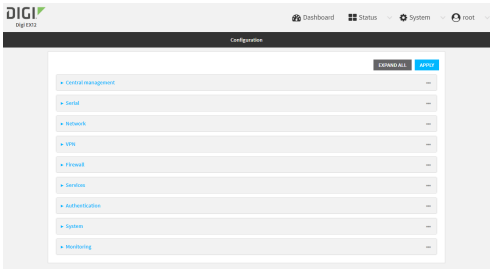
To configure a static route:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.

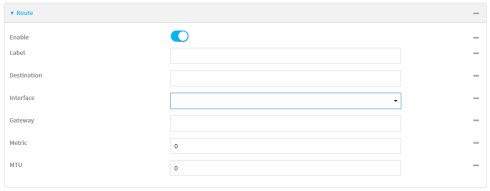


3. Click **Network** > **Routes** > **Static routes**.
4. Click the ✚ to add a new static route.



The new static route configuration page is displayed:

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New static route configurations are enabled by default. To disable, click to toggle **Enable** to off.

5. (Optional) For **Label**, type a label that will be used to identify this route.
6. For **Destination**, type the IP address or network of the destination of this route.

   For example, to route traffic to the 192.168.47.0 network that uses a subnet mask of 255.255.255.0, type **192.168.47.0/24**. The **any** keyword can also be used to route packets to any destination with this static route.
7. For **Interface**, select the interface on the EX12 device that will be used with this static route.
8. (Optional) For **Gateway**, type the IPv4 address of the gateway used to reach the destination. Set to blank if the destination can be accessed without a gateway.
9. (Optional) For **Metric**, type the metric for the route. When multiple routes are available to reach the same destination, the route with the lowest metric is used.
10. (Optional) For **MTU**, type the Maximum Transmission Units (MTU) of network packets using this route.
11. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Add a new static route:

```
(config)> add network route static end
(config network route static 0)>
```

New static route instances are enabled by default. To disable:

```
(config network route static 0)> enable false
(config network route static 0)>
```


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4. (Optional) set a label that will be used to identify this route. For example:

```
(config network route static 0)> label "route to accounting network"
(config network route static 0)>
```

5. Set the IP address or network of the destination of this route. For example:

```
(config network route static 0)> destination ip_address[/netmask]
(config network route static 0)>
```

For example, to route traffic to the 192.168.47.0 network that uses a subnet mask of 255.255.255.0:

```
(config network route static 0)> dst 192.168.47.0/24
(config network route static 0)>
```

The **any** keyword can also be used to route packets to any destination with this static route.

6. Set the interface on the EX12 device that will be used with this static route:
   a. Use the **?** to determine available interfaces:

```
(config network route static 0)> interface ?

Interface: The network interface to use to reach the destination.
Format:
  /network/interface/defaultip
  /network/interface/defaultlinklocal
  /network/interface/eth1
  /network/interface/eth2
  /network/interface/loopback
Current value:

(config network route static 0)> interface
```

   b. Set the interface. For example:

```
(config network route static 0)> interface /network/interface/eth2
(config network route static 0)>
```

7. (Optional) Set the IPv4 address of the gateway used to reach the destination. Set to blank if the destination can be accessed without a gateway.

```
(config network route static 0)> gateway IPv4_address
(config network route static 0)>
```

8. (Optional) Set the metric for the route. When multiple routes are available to reach the same destination, the route with the lowest metric is used.

```
(config network route static 0)> metric value
(config network route static 0)>
```

where *value* is an interger between **0** and **65535**. The default is **0**.

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9. (Optional) Set the Maximum Transmission Units (MTU) of network packets using this route:

```
(config network route static 0)> mtu integer
(config network route static 0)>
```

10. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

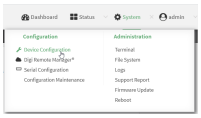
11. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

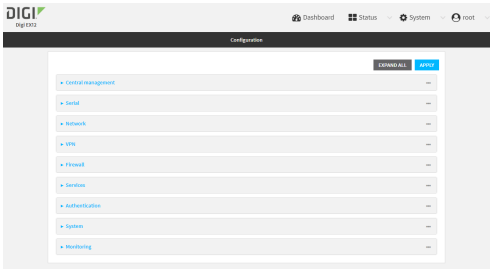
Delete a static route

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Network** > **Routes** > **Static routes**.
4. Click the menu icon (**...**) for a static route and select **Delete**.



5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.

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Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Determine the index number of the static route to be deleted:

```
(config)> show network route static
0
    dst 10.0.0.1
    enable true
    no gateway
    interface /network/interface/lan1
    label new_static_route
    metric 0
    mtu 0
1
    dst 192.168.5.1
    enable true
    gateway 192.168.5.1
    interface /network/interface/lan2
    label new_static_route_1
    metric 0
    mtu 0
(config)>
```

4. Use the index number to delete the static route:

```
(config)> del network route static 0
(config)>
```

5. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

6. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Policy-based routing

Normally, a routing device determines how to route a network packet based on its destination address. However, you can use policy-based routing to forward the packet based on other criteria, such as the source of the packet. For example, you can configure the EX12 device so that high-priority traffic is routed through the cellular connection, while all other traffic is routed through an Ethernet (WAN) connection.

Policy-based routing for the EX12 device uses the following criteria to determine how to route traffic:

- Firewall zone (for example, internal/outbound traffic, external/inbound traffic, or IPSec tunnel traffic).
- Network interface (for example, the cellular connection, the WAN, or the LAN).
- IPv4 address.
- IPv6 address.
- MAC address.
- Domain.
- Protocol type (TCP, UDP, ICMP, or all).

The order of the policies is important. Routing policies are processed sequentially; as a result, if a packet matches an earlier policy, it will be routed using that policy's rules. It will not be processed by any subsequent rules.

Configure a routing policy

Required configuration items

- The packet matching parameters. It can any combination of the following:
  - Source interface.
  - Source address. This can be a firewall zone, an interface, a single IPv4/IPv6 address or network, or a MAC address.
  - Destination address. This can be a firewall zone, an interface, a single IPv4/IPv6 address or network, or a domain.
  - Protocol. This can be **any**, **tcp**, **udp** or **icmp**.
  - Source port. This is only used if the protocol is set to **tcp** or **udp**.
  - Destination port. This is only used if protocol is set to **tcp** or **udp**.
- The network interface used to reach the destination.

Additional configuration items

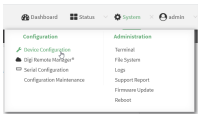
- A label for the routing policy.
- Whether packets that match this policy should be dropped when the gateway interface is disconnected, rather than forwarded through other interfaces.

To configure a routing policy:

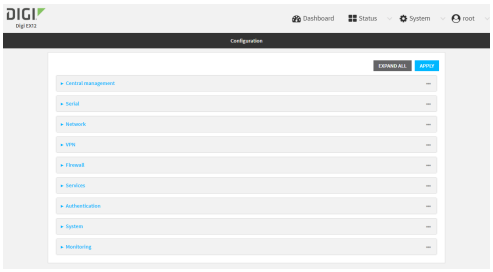
WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.

2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Network** > **Routes** > **Policy-based routing**.
4. Click the ✚ to add a new route policy.



The new route policy page is displayed:

New route policies are enabled by default. To disable, click to toggle **Enable** to off.

5. (Optional) For **Label**, type a label that will be used to identify this route policy.
6. For **Interface**, select the interface on the EX12 device that will be used with this route policy.
7. (Optional) Enable **Exclusive** to configure the policy to drop packets that match the policy when the gateway interface is disconnected, rather than forwarded through other interfaces.
8. For **IP version**, select **Any**, **IPv4**, or **IPv6**.
9. For **Protocol**, select **Any**, **TCP**, **UDP**, or **ICMP**.
    - If **TCP** or **UDP** is selected for **Protocol**, type the port numbers of the **Source port** and **Destination port**, or set to **any** to match for any port.
    - If **ICMP** is selected for **Protocol**, type the ICMP type and optional code, or set to **any** to match for any ICMP type.
10. Configure source address information:
    a. Click to expand **Source address**.
    b. For **Type**, select one of the following:
        - **Zone**: Matches the source IP address to the selected firewall zone. See Firewall configuration for more information about firewall zones.
        - **Interface**: Matches the source IP address to the selected interface's network address.

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- **IPv4 address**: Matches the source IP address to the specified IP address or network. Use the format ***IPv4_address***[**/*netmask***], or use **any** to match any IPv4 address.
- **IPv6 address**: Matches the source IP address to the specified IP address or network. Use the format ***IPv6_address***[**/*prefix_length***], or use **any** to match any IPv6 address.
- **MAC address**: Matches the source MAC address to the specified MAC address.

11. Configure the destination address information:
    a. Click to expand **Destination address**.
    b. For **Type**, select one of the following:
        - **Zone**: Matches the destination IP address to the selected firewall zone. See Firewall configuration for more information about firewall zones.
        - **Interface**: Matches the destination IP address to the selected interface's network address.
        - **IPv4 address**: Matches the destination IP address to the specified IP address or network. Use the format *IPv4_address*/[*netmask*], or use **any** to match any IPv4 address.
        - **IPv6 address**: Matches the destination IP address to the specified IP address or network. Use the format *IPv6_address*/[*prefix_length*], or use **any** to match any IPv6 address.
        - **Domain**: Matches the destination IP address to the specified domain names. To specify domains:
            i. Click to expand **Domains**.
            ii. Click the ✚ to add a domain.
            iii. For **Domain**, type the domain name.
            iv. Repeat to add additional domains.
12. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.
   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```


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3. Add a new routing policy:

```
(config)> add network route policy end
(config network route policy 0)>
```

New route policies are enabled by default. To disable:

```
(config network route policy 0)> enable false
(config network route policy 0)>
```

4. (Optional) Set the label that will be used to identify this route policy:

```
(config network route policy 0)> label "New route policy"
(config network route policy 0)>
```

5. Set the interface on the EX12 device that will be used with this route policy:
   a. Use the **?** to determine available interfaces:

```
(config network route policy 0)> interface ?

Interface: The network interface used to reach the destination. Packets
that satisfy the matching criteria will be routed through this
interface. If the interface has a gateway then it will be used as the
next hop.
Format:
  /network/interface/defaultip
  /network/interface/defaultlinklocal
  /network/interface/eth1
  /network/interface/eth2
  /network/interface/loopback
Current value:

(config network route policy 0)> interface
```

   b. Set the interface. For example:

```
(config network route policy 0)> interface /network/interface/eth2
(config network route policy 0)>
```

6. (Optional) Enable **exclusive** to configure the policy to drop packets that match the policy when the gateway interface is disconnected, rather than forwarded through other interfaces:

```
(config network route policy 0)> exclusive true
(config network route policy 0)>
```

7. Select the IP version:

```
(config network route policy 0)> ip_version value
(config network route policy 0)>
```

where *value* is one of **any**, **ipv4**, or **ipv6**.

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8. Set the protocol:

```
(config network route policy 0)> protocol value
(config network route policy 0)>
```

where *value* is one of:

- **any**: All protocols are matched.
- **tcp**: Source and destination ports are matched:
  a. Set the source port:

```
(config network route policy 0)> src_port value
(config network route policy 0)>
```

  where *value* is the port number, or the keyword **any** to match any port as the source port.
  b. Set the destination port:

```
(config network route policy 0)> dst_port value
(config network route policy 0)>
```

  where *value* is the port number, or the keyword **any** to match any port as the destination port.
- **upd**: Source and destination ports are matched:
  a. Set the source port:

```
(config network route policy 0)> src_port value
(config network route policy 0)>
```

  where *value* is the port number, or the keyword **any** to match any port as the source port.
  b. Set the destination port:

```
(config network route policy 0)> dst_port value
(config network route policy 0)>
```

  where *value* is the port number, or the keyword **any** to match any port as the destination port.
- **icmp**: The ICMP protocol is matched. Identify the ICMP type:

```
(config network route policy 0)> icmp_type value
(config network route policy 0)>
```

  where *value* is the ICMP type and optional code, or set to **any** to match for any ICMP type.

9. Set the source address type:

```
(config network route policy 0)> src type value
(config network route policy 0)>
```


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where *value* is one of:

- **zone**: Matches the source IP address to the selected firewall zone. Set the zone:
  a. Use the **?** to determine available zones:

```
(config network route policy 0)> src zone ?

Zone: Match the IP address to the specified firewall zone.
Format:
  any
  dynamic_routes
  edge
  external
  internal
  ipsec
  loopback
  setup

Default value: any
Current value: any

(config network route policy 0)> src zone
```

  b. Set the zone. For example:

```
(config network route policy 0)> src zone external
(config network route policy 0)>
```

  See Firewall configuration for more information about firewall zones.
- **interface**: Matches the source IP address to the selected interface's network address. Set the interface:
  a. Use the **?** to determine available interfaces:

```
(config network route policy 0)> src interface ?

Interface: The network interface.
Format:
  /network/interface/defaultip
  /network/interface/defaultlinklocal
  /network/interface/eth1
  /network/interface/eth2
  /network/interface/loopback
Current value:

(config network route policy 0)> src interface
```

  b. Set the interface. For example:

```
(config network route policy 0)> src interface
/network/interface/eth2
(config network route policy 0)>
```


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- **address**: Matches the source IPv4 address to the specified IP address or network. Set the address that will be matched:

```
(config network route policy 0)> src address value
(config network route policy 0)>
```

  where value uses the format ***IPv4_address***[**/*netmask***], or **any** to match any IPv4 address.
- **address6**: Matches the source IPv6 address to the specified IP address or network. Set the address that will be matched:

```
(config network route policy 0)> src address6 value
(config network route policy 0)>
```

  where value uses the format ***IPv6_address***[**/*prefix_length***], or **any** to match any IPv6 address.
- **mac**: Matches the source MAC address to the specified MAC address. Set the MAC address to be matched:

```
(config network route policy 0)> src mac MAC_address
(config network route policy 0)>
```

10. Set the destination address type:

```
(config network route policy 0)> dst type value
(config network route policy 0)>
```

    where *value* is one of:
    - **zone**: Matches the destination IP address to the selected firewall zone. Set the zone:
      a. Use the **?** to determine available zones:

```
(config network route policy 0)> dst zone ?

Zone: Match the IP address to the specified firewall zone.
Format:
  any
  dynamic_routes
  edge
  external
  internal
  ipsec
  loopback
  setup

Default value: any
Current value: any

(config network route policy 0)> dst zone
```


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b. Set the zone. For example:

```
(config network route policy 0)> dst zone external
(config network route policy 0)>
```

See Firewall configuration for more information about firewall zones.

- **interface**: Matches the destination IP address to the selected interface's network address. Set the interface:
  a. Use the **?** to determine available interfaces:

```
(config network route policy 0)> dst interface ?

Interface: The network interface.
Format:
  /network/interface/defaultip
  /network/interface/defaultlinklocal
  /network/interface/eth1
  /network/interface/eth2
  /network/interface/loopback
Current value:

(config network route policy 0)> dst interface
```

  b. Set the interface. For example:

```
(config network route policy 0)> dst interface
/network/interface/eth2
(config network route policy 0)>
```

- **address**: Matches the destination IPv4 address to the specified IP address or network. Set the address that will be matched:

```
(config network route policy 0)> dst address value
(config network route policy 0)>
```

  where value uses the format ***IPv4_address***[**/*netmask***], or **any** to match any IPv4 address.
- **address6**: Matches the destination IPv6 address to the specified IP address or network. Set the address that will be matched:

```
(config network route policy 0)> dst address6 value
(config network route policy 0)>
```

  where value uses the format ***IPv6_address***[**/*prefix_length***], or **any** to match any IPv6 address.
- **mac**: Matches the destination MAC address to the specified MAC address. Set the MAC address to be matched:

```
(config network route policy 0)> dst mac MAC_address
(config network route policy 0)>
```

11. Save the configuration and apply the change:

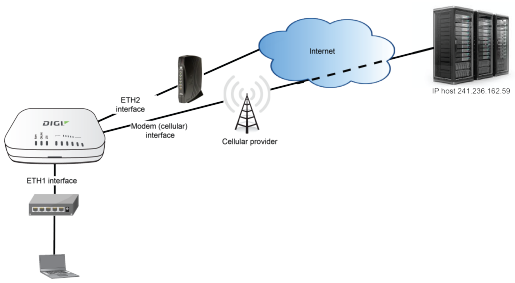
```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

12. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

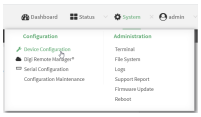
Example: Dual WAN policy-based routing

This example routes traffic to a specific IP address to go through the cellular WWAN interface, while all other traffic uses the Ethernet WAN interface.

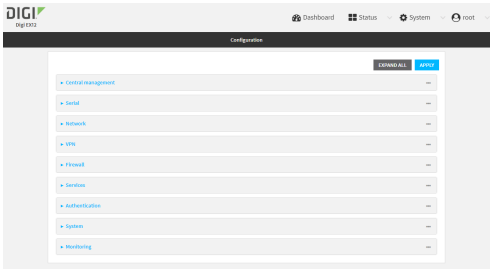


WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Network** > **Routes** > **Policy-based routing**.
4. Click the ✚ to add a new route policy.



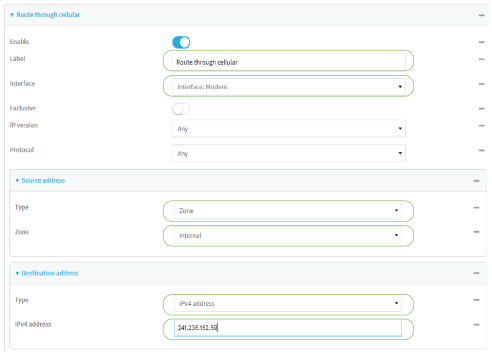
5. For **Label**, enter **Route through cellular**.
6. For **Interface**, select .

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7. Configure the source address:
   a. Click to expand **Source address**.
   b. For **Type**, select **Zone**.
   c. For **Zone**, select **Internal**.
8. Configure the destination address:
   a. Click to expand **Destination address**.
   b. For **Type**, select **IPv4 address**.
   c. For **IPv4 address**, type the IP address that will be the destination for outgoing traffic routed through the WWAN interface. In the above example, this is 241.236.162.59.



9. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Create the route policy:
   a. Add a new routing policy:

```
(config)> add network route policy end
(config network route policy 0)>
```


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b. Set the label that will be used to identify this route policy:

```
(config network route policy 0)> label "Route through cellular"
(config network route policy 0)>
```

c. Set the interface:

```
(config network route policy 0)> interface /network/interface/
(config network route policy 0)>
```

d. Configure the source address:

i. Set the source type to **zone**:

```
(config network route policy 0)> src type zone
(config network route policy 0)>
```

ii. Set the zone to **internal**:

```
(config network route policy 0)> src zone internal
(config network route policy 0)>
```

e. Configure the destination address:

i. Set the destination to use an IPv4 address:

```
(config network route policy 0)> dst type address
(config network route policy 0)>
```

ii. Set the IP address that will be the destination for outgoing traffic routed through the WWAN interface. In the above example, this is 241.236.162.59.

```
(config network route policy 0)> dst address 241.236.162.59
(config network route policy 0)>
```

4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

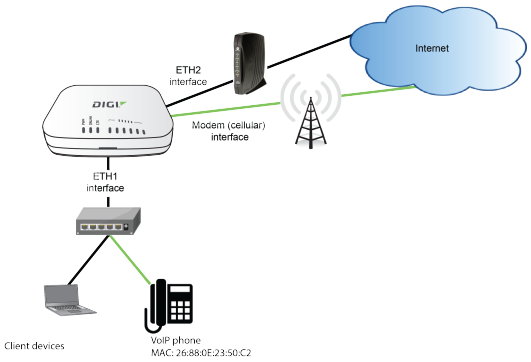
```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

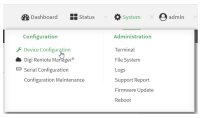
Example: Route traffic to a specific WAN interface based on the client MAC address

This example routes all data from a certain client device through a cellular WAN based on the device's MAC address, while all other client devices are routed through the Ethernet WAN.

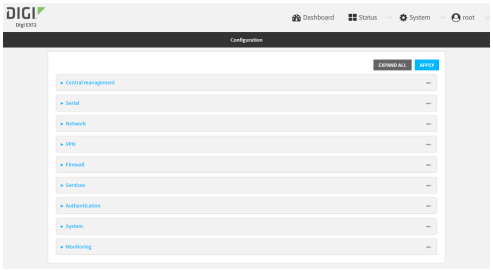


WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.

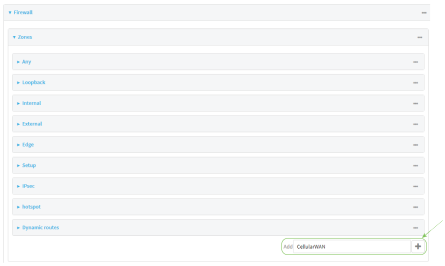


The **Configuration** window is displayed.

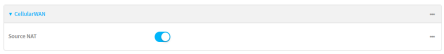


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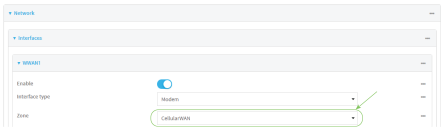
3. Create new firewall zones:
   a. Create a firewall zone named CellularWAN with Source NAT enabled:
      i. Click **Firewall** > **Zones**.
      ii. For **Add Zone**, type **CellularWAN** and click ✚.



      iii. Enable Source **NAT**.



   b. Create second firewall zone named EthernetWAN with Source NAT enabled:
      i. For **Add Zone**, type **EthernetWAN** and click ✚.
      ii. Enable Source **NAT**.
4. Configure the WAN interfaces to use the new zones:
   a. Configure the cellular WAN interface:
      i. Click **Network** > **Interfaces** > .
      ii. For **Zone**, select **CellularWAN**.



   b. Configure the Ethernet WAN interface:
      i. Click **Network** > **Interfaces** > .
      ii. For **Zone**, select **EthernetWAN**.
5. Configure the policy-based route for traffic from the client device that will be sent over the cellular WAN:
   a. Click **Network** > **Routes** > **Policy-based routing**.
   b. Click the ✚ to add a new route policy.

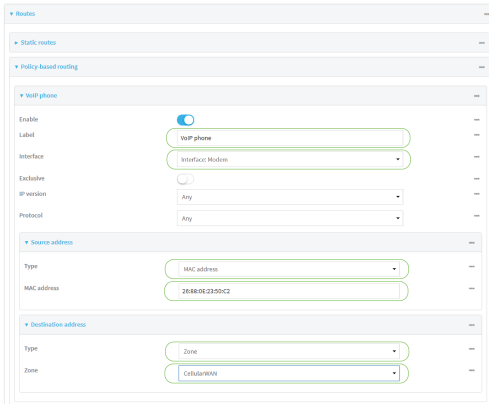


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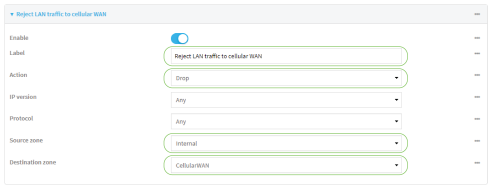
c. For **Label**, type **VoIP phone**.
d. For **Interface**, select .
e. Configure the source as the MAC address of the VoIP phone:
   i. Click to expand **Source address**.
   ii. For **Type**, select **MAC address**.
   iii. For **MAC address**, type **26:88:0E:23:50:C2**.
f. Configure the destination zone:
   i. Click to expand **Destination address**.
   ii. For **Type**, select **Zone**.
   iii. For **Zone**, select **CellularWAN**.



6. Create a packet filtering rule that rejects all other LAN packets on the cellular WAN interface.
   a. Click **Firewall** > **Packet filtering**.
   b. Click the ✚ to add a new packet filtering rule.



   c. For **Label**, type **Reject LAN traffic to cellular WAN**.
   d. For **Action**, select **Drop**.
   e. For **Source zone**, select **Internal**.
   f. For **Destination zone**, select **CellularWAN**.



7. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.

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Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Create new firewall zones:
   a. Create a firewall zone named CellularWAN with Source NAT enabled:
      i. Create the firewall zone:

```
(config)> add firewall zone CellularWAN
(config firewall zone CellularWAN)>
```

      ii. Enable Source NAT on the new zone:

```
(config firewall zone CellularWAN)> src_nat true
(config firewall zone CellularWAN)>
```

   b. Create second firewall zone named EthernetWAN with Source NAT enabled:
      i. Type **..** to move back one node in the configuration:

```
(config firewall zone CellularWAN)> ..
(config firewall zone)>
```

      ii. Create the firewall zone:

```
(config firewall zone)> add EthernetWAN
(config firewall zone EthernetWAN)>
```

      ii. Enable Source NAT on the new zone:

```
(config firewall zone EthernetWAN)> src_nat true
(config firewall zone EthernetWAN)>
```

4. Configure the WAN interfaces to use the new zones:
   a. Set the zone for the cellular WAN interface:
      i. Type **...** to move to the root of the configuration:

```
(config firewall zone EthernetWAN)> ...
(config)>
```


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ii. Set the zone:

```
(config)> network interface  zone CellularWAN
(config)>
```

b. Set the zone for the Ethernet WAN interface:

```
(config)> network interface  zone EthernetWAN
(config)>
```

5. Configure the policy-based route for traffic from the client device that will be sent over the cellular WAN:
   a. Add a new routing policy:

```
(config)> add network route policy end
(config network route policy 0)>
```

   b. Set the label that will be used to identify this route policy:

```
(config network route policy 0)> label "VoIP phone"
(config network route policy 0)>
```

   c. Set the interface:

```
(config network route policy 0)> interface /network/interface/
(config network route policy 0)>
```

   d. Configure the source as the MAC address of the VoIP phone:
      i. Set the source type to **mac**:

```
(config network route policy 0)> src type mac
(config network route policy 0)>
```

      ii. Set the MAC address to the MAC address of the VoIP phone:

```
(config network route policy 0)> src mac 26:88:0E:23:50:C2
(config network route policy 0)>
```

   e. Configure the destination zone:
      i. Set the source destination to **zone**:

```
(config network route policy 0)> dst type zone
(config network route policy 0)>
```

      ii. Set the zone to **CellularWAN**:

```
(config network route policy 0)> dst zone CellularWAN
(config network route policy 0)>
```

6. Create a packet filtering rule that rejects all other LAN packets on the cellular WAN interface:
   a. Create a new packet filtering rule:
      i. Type **...** to move to the root of the configuration:

```
(config network route policy 0)> ...
(config)>
```

      ii. Create the packet filtering rule:

```
(config)> add firewall filter end
(config firewall filter 2)>
```

   b. Set the lable to **Reject LAN traffic to cellular WAN**:

```
(config firewall filter 2)> label "Reject LAN traffic to cellular WAN"
(config firewall filter 2)>
```

   c. Set the action to **drop**:

```
(config firewall filter 2)> action drop
(config firewall filter 2)>
```

   d. Set the source zone to **internal**:

```
(config firewall filter 2)> src_zone internal
(config firewall filter 2)>
```

   e. Set the destination zone to **CellularWAN**:

```
(config firewall filter 2)> dst_zone CellularWAN
(config firewall filter 2)>
```

7. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config firewall filter 2)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

8. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Routing services

Your EX12 includes support for dynamic routing services and protocols. The following routing services are supported:

Service or protocol	Information
RIP	The IPv4 Routing Information Protocol (RIP) service supports RIPv2 (RFC2453) and RIPv1 (RFC1058).

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Service or protocol	Information
RIPng	The IPv6 Routing Information Protocol (RIP) service supports RIPng (RFC2080).
OSPFv2	The IPv4 Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) service supports OSPFv2 (RFC2328).
OSPFv3	The IPv6 Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) service supports OSPFv3 (RFC2740).
BGP	The Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) service supports BGP-4 (RFC1771).
Babel	The IPv4 and IPv6 Babel service.
IS-IS	The IPv4 and IPv6 Intermediate System to Intermediate System (IS-IS) service.

Configure routing services

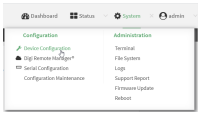
Required configuration items

- Enable routing services.
- Enable and configure the types of routing services that will be used.

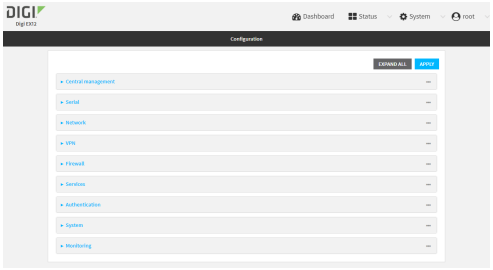
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WebUI

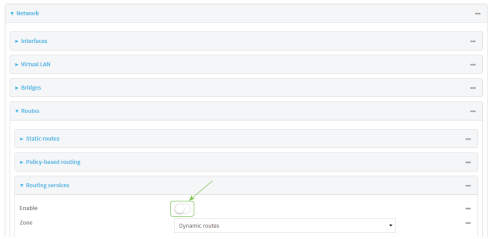
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Network** > **Routes** > **Routing services**.
4. Click **Enable**.



The default firewall zone setting, **Dynamic routes**, is specifically designed to work with routing services and should be left as the default.

5. Configure the routing services that will be used:
   a. Click to expand a routing service.
   b. **Enable** the routing service.
   c. Complete the configuration of the routing service.
6. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

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Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Enable routing services:

```
(config)> network route service enable true
(config)>
```

4. Configure routing services that will be used:
   a. Use the **?** to display available routing services:

```
(config)> network route service ?

Routing services: Settings for dynamic routing services and protocols.

 Parameters                Current Value
 ------------------------------------------------------------------------
--------
 enable                    true            Enable
 zone                      dynamic_routes  Zone

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------------------------------------
--------
 babel                     Babel
 bgp                       BGP
 isis                      IS-IS
 ospfv2                    OSPFv2
 ospfv3                    OSPFv3
 rip                       RIP
 ripng                     RIPng

(config)>
```

   b. Enable a routing service that will be used. For example, to enable the RIP service:

```
(config)> network route service rip enable true
(config)>
```

   c. Complete the configuration of the routing service. For example, use the **?** to view the available parameters for the RIP service:

```
(config)> network route service rip ?

 Parameters                Current Value
 ------------------------------------------------------------------------
--------
```

```
 ecmp                        false          Allow ECMP
 enable                      true           Enable

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------------------------------------
--------
 interface                   Interfaces
 neighbour                   Neighbours
 redis                       Route redistribution
 timer                       Timers

(config)>
```

5. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

6. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

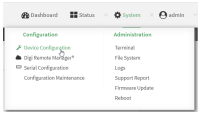
   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Show the routing table

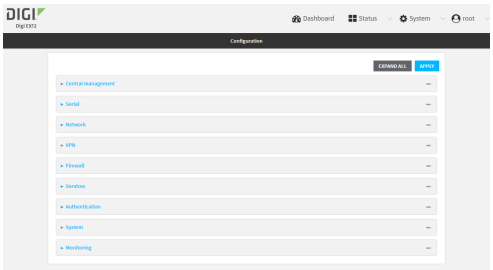
To display the routing table:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



   The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Status** > **Routes**.

   The **Network Routing** window is displayed.

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4. Click **IPv4 Load Balance** to view IPv4 load balancing.
5. Click **IPv6 Load Balance** to view IPv6 load balancing.

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the Admin CLI prompt, type show route:

   You can limit the display to only IPv4 entries by using **show route ipv4**, or to IPv6 entries by using **show route ipv6**. You can also display more information by adding the **verbose** option to the **show route** and **show route *ip_type*** commands.
3. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Dynamic DNS

The Domain Name System (DNS) uses name servers to provide a mapping between computer-readable IP addresses and human-readable hostnames. This allows users to access websites and personal networks with easy-to-remember URLs. Unfortunately, IP addresses change frequently, invalidating these mappings when they do. Dynamic DNS has become the standard method of addressing this problem, allowing devices to update name servers with their new IP addresses.

By providing the EX12 device with the domain name and credentials obtained from a dynamic DNS provider, the router can automatically update the remote nameserver whenever your WAN or public IP address changes.

Your EX12 device supports a number of Dynamic DNS providers as well as the ability to provide a custom provider that is not included on the list of providers.

Configure dynamic DNS

This section describes how to cofigure dynamic DNS on a EX12 device.

Required configuration items

- Add a new Dynamic DNS service.
- The interface that has its IP address registered with the Dynamic DNS provider.
- The name of a Dynamic DNS provider.
- The domain name that is linked to the interface's IP address.
- The username and password to authenticate with the Dynamic DNS provider.

Additional configuration items

- If the Dynamic DNS service provider is set to **custom**, identify the URL that should be used to update the IP address with the Dynamic DNS provider.
- The amount of time to wait to check if the interface's IP address needs to be updated.
- The amount of time to wait to force an update of the interface's IP address.

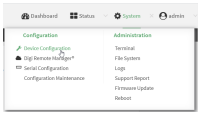
- The amount of time to wait for an IP address update to succeed before retrying the update.
- The number of times to retry a failed IP address update.

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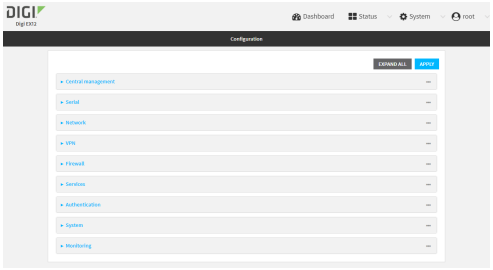
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WebUI

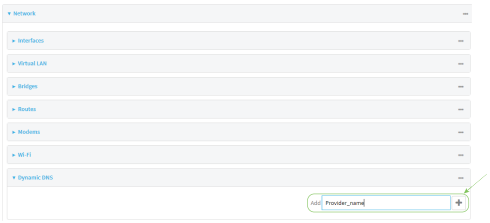
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



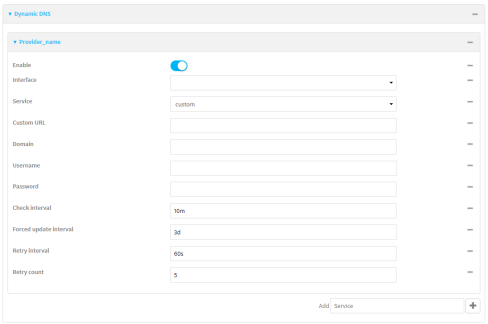
The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Network** > **Dynamic DNS**.
4. Type a name for this Dynamic DNS instance in **Add Service** and click ✚.



The Dynamic DNS configuration page displays.



New Dynamic DNS configurations are enabled by default. To disable, click to toggle **Enable** to off.

5. For **Interface**, select the interface that has its IP address registered with the Dynamic DNS provider.

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6. For **Service**, select the Dynamic DNS provider, or select **custom** to enter a custom URL for the Dynamic DNS provider.
7. If **custom** is selected for **Service**, type the **Custom URL** that should be used to update the IP address with the Dynamic DNS provider.
8. Type the **Domain** name that is linked to the interface's IP address.
9. Type the **Username** and **Password** used to authenticate with the Dynamic DNS provider.
10. (Optional) For **Check Interval**, type the amount of time to wait to check if the interface's IP address needs to be updated.

    Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w**|**d**|**h**|**m**|**s**}.

    For example, to set **Check interval** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.
11. (Optional) For **Forced update interval**, type the amount of time to wait to force an update of the interface's IP address.

    Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w**|**d**|**h**|**m**|**s**}.

    For example, to set **Forced update interval** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

    The setting for **Forced update interval** must be larger than the setting for **Check Interval**.
12. (Optional) For **Retry interval**, type the amount of time to wait for an IP address update to succeed before retrying the update.

    Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w**|**d**|**h**|**m**|**s**}.

    For example, to set **Retry interval** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.
13. (Optional) For **Retry count**, type the number of times to retry a failed IP address update.
14. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Add a new Dynamic DNS instance. For example, to add an instance named **new_ddns_instance**:

```
(config)> add network ddns new_ddns_instance
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)>
```


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New Dynamic DNS instances are enabled by default. To disable:

```
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)> enable false
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)>
```

4. Set the interface for the Dynamic DNS instance:
   a. Use the **?** to determine available interfaces:

```
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)> interface ?

Interface: The network interface from which to obtain the IP address to
register with the dynamic DNS service.
Format:
  defaultip
  defaultlinklocal
  eth1
  eth2
  loopback
Current value:

(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)> interface
```

   b. Set the interface. For example:

```
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)> interface eth2
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)>
```

5. Set the Dynamic DNS provider service:
   a. Use the **?** to determine available services:

```
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)> service ?

Service: The provider of the dynamic DNS service.
Format:
  custom
  3322.org
  changeip.com
  ddns.com.br
  dnsdynamic.org
  ...

Default value: custom
Current value: custom

(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)> service
```

   b. Set the service:

```
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)> service service_name
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)>
```

6. If **custom** is configured for **service**, set the custom URL that should be used to update the IP address with the Dynamic DNS provider:

```
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)> custom url
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)>
```

7. Set the domain name that is linked to the interface's IP address:

```
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)> domain domain_name
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)>
```

8. Set the username to authenticate with the Dynamic DNS provider:

```
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)> username name
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)>
```

9. Set the password to authenticate with the Dynamic DNS provider:

```
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)> password pwd
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)>
```

10. (Optional) Set the amount of time to wait to check if the interface's IP address needs to be updated:

```
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)> check_interval value
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

For example, to set **check_interval** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)> check_interval 600s
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)>
```

The default is **10m**.

11. (Optional) Set the amount of time to wait to force an update of the interface's IP address:

```
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)> force_interval value
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

For example, to set **force_interval** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)> force_interval 600s
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)>
```

The default is **3d**.

12. (Optional) Set the amount of time to wait for an IP address update to succeed before retrying the update:

```
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)> retry_interval value
```


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```
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

For example, to set **retry_interval** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)> retry_interval 600s
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)>
```

The default is **60s**.

13. (Optional) Set the number of times to retry a failed IP address update:

```
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)> retry_count value
(config network ddns new_ddns_instance)>
```

where *value* is any interger. The default is **5**.

14. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

15. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)

Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) is a standard for gateway device redundancy and failover that creates a "virtual router" with a floating IP address. Devices connected to the LAN then use this virtual router as their default gateway. Responsibility for the virtual router is assigned to one of the VRRP-enabled devices on a LAN (the "master router"), and this responsibility transparently fails over to backup VRRP devices if the master router fails. This prevents the default gateway from being a single point of failure, without requiring configuration of dynamic routing or router discovery protocols on every host.

Multiple EX12 devices can be configured as VRRP devices and assigned a priority. The router with the highest priority will be used as the master router. If the master router fails, then the IP address of the virtual router is mapped to the backup device with the next highest priority. Each VRRP router is configured with a unique LAN IP address, and the same shared VRRP address.

Configure VRRP

This section describes how to configure VRRP on a EX12 device.

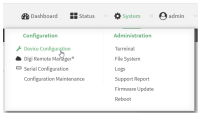
Required configuration items

- Enable VRRP.
- The interface used by VRRP.
- The Router ID that identifies the virtual router instance. The Router ID must be the same on all VRRP devices that participate in the same VRRP device pool.

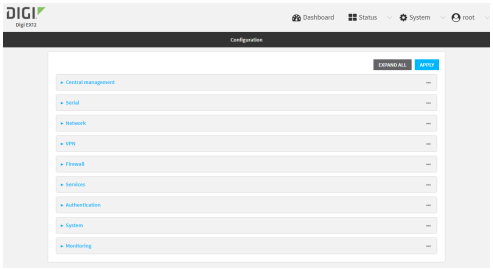
- The VRRP priority of this device.
- The shared virtual IP address for the VRRP virtual router that devices connected to the LAN will use as their default gateway.

WebUI

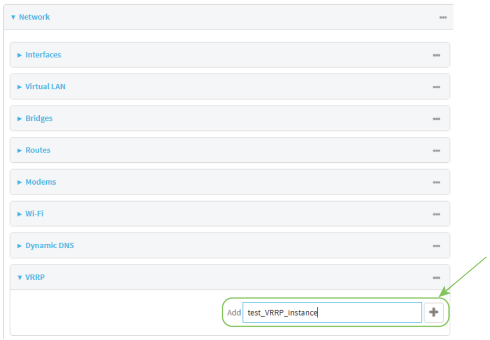
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



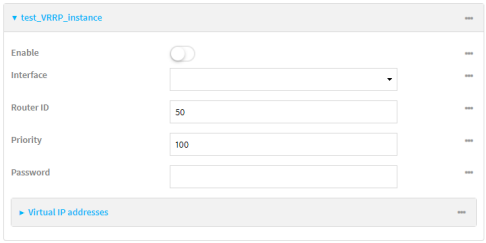
The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Network** > **VRRP**.
4. For **Add VRRP instance**, type a name for the VRRP instance and click **+**.



The new VRRP instance configuration is displayed.

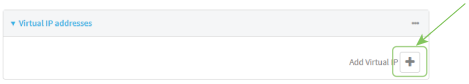


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5. Click **Enable**.
6. For **Interface**, select the interface on which this VRRP instance should run.
7. For **Router ID** field, type the ID of the virtual router instance. The Router ID must be the same on all VRRP devices that participate in the same VRRP device pool. Allowed values are from **1** and **255**, and it is configured to **50** by default.
8. For **Priority**, type the priority for this router in the group. The router with the highest priority will be used as the master router. If the master router fails, then the IP address of the virtual router is mapped to the backup device with the next highest priority. If this device's actual IP address is being used as the virtual IP address of the VRRP pool, then the priority of this device should be set to **255** . Allowed values are from **1** and **255**, and it is configured to **100** by default.
9. (Optional) For **Password**, type a password that will be used to authenticate this VRRP router with VRRP peers. If the password length exceeds 8 characters, it will be truncated to 8 characters.
10. Configure the virtual IP addresses associated with this VRRP instance:
    a. Click to expand **Virtual IP addresses**.
    b. Click ✚ to add a virtual IP address.



    c. For **Virtual IP**, type the IPv4 or IPv6 address for a virtual IP of this VRRP instance.
    d. (Optional) Repeat to add additional virtual IPs.
11. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Add a VRRP instance. For example:

```
(config)> add network vrrp new_vrrp_instance
(config network vrrp new_vrrp_instance)>
```

4. Enable the VRRP instance:

```
(config network vrrp new_vrrp_instance)> enable true
(config network vrrp new_vrrp_instance)>
```


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5. Set the interface on which this VRRP instance should run:
   a. Use the **?** to determine available interfaces:

```
(config network vrrp new_vrrp_instance)> interface ?

Interface: The network interface to communicate with VRRP peers on and
listen for traffic to virtual IP addresses.
Format:
  /network/interface/defaultip
  /network/interface/defaultlinklocal
  /network/interface/eth1
  /network/interface/eth2
  /network/interface/loopback
Current value:

(config network vrrp new_vrrp_instance)> interface
```

   b. Set the interface. For example:

```
(config network vrrp new_vrrp_instance)> interface
/network/interface/eth2
(config network vrrp new_vrrp_instance)>
```

6. Set the router ID. The Router ID must be the same on all VRRP devices that participate in the same VRRP device pool. Allowed values are from **1** and **255**, and it is configured to **50** by default.

```
(config network vrrp new_vrrp_instance)> router_id int
(config network vrrp new_vrrp_instance)>
```

7. Set the priority for this router in the group. The router with the highest priority will be used as the master router. If the master router fails, then the IP address of the virtual router is mapped to the backup device with the next highest priority. If this device's actual IP address is being used as the virtual IP address of the VRRP pool, then the priority of this device should be set to **255** . Allowed values are from **1** and **255**, and it is configured to **100** by default.

```
(config network vrrp new_vrrp_instance)> priority int
(config network vrrp new_vrrp_instance)>
```

8. (Optional) Set a password that will be used to authenticate this VRRP router with VRRP peers. If the password length exceeds 8 characters, it will be truncated to 8 characters.

```
(config network vrrp new_vrrp_instance)> password pwd
(config network vrrp new_vrrp_instance)>
```

9. Add a virtual IP address associated with this VRRP instance. This can be an IPv4 or IPv6 address.

```
(config network vrrp new_vrrp_instance)> add virtual_address end ip_address
(config network vrrp new_vrrp_instance)>
```

   Additional virtual IP addresses can be added by repeating this step with different values for *ip_address*.

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10. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config network vrrp new_vrrp_instance)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

11. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

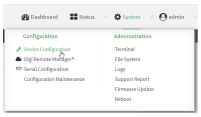
    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Show VRRP status and statistics

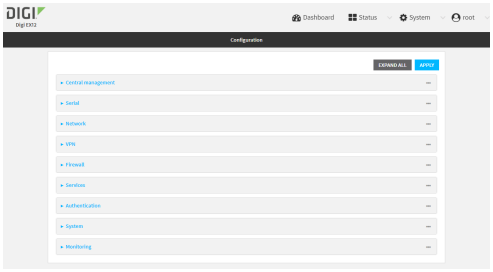
This section describes how to display VRRP status and statistics for a EX12 device. VRRP status is available from the Web UI only.

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.

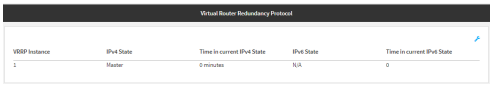


The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Status** > **VRRP**.

   The **Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol** window is displayed.



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Virtual Private Networks (VPN)

Virtual Private Networks (VPNs) are used to securely connect two private networks together so that devices can connect from one network to the other using secure channels.

This chapter contains the following topics:

IPsec 199
OpenVPN 232
Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) 263

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IPsec

IPsec is a suite of protocols for creating a secure communication link—an IPsec tunnel—between a host and a remote IP network or between two IP networks across a public network such as the Internet.

IPsec data protection

IPsec protects the data being sent across a public network by providing the following:

Data origin authentication
Authentication of data to validate the origin of data when it is received.

Data integrity
Authentication of data to ensure it has not been modified during transmission.

Data confidentiality
Encryption of data sent across the IPsec tunnel to ensure that an unauthorized device cannot read the data.

Anti-Replay
Authentication of data to ensure an unauthorized device has not injected it into the IPsec tunnel.

IPsec modes

IPsec can run in two different modes: **Tunnel** and **Transport**.

Tunnel
The entire IP packet is encrypted and/or authenticated and then encapsulated as the payload in a new IP packet.

Transport
Only the payload of the IP packet is encrypted and/or authenticated. The IP header is left untouched. This mode has limitations when using an authentication header, because the IP addresses in the IP header cannot be translated (for example, with Network Address Translation (NAT), as it would invalidate the authentication hash value.

Internet Key Exchange (IKE) settings

IKE is a key management protocol that allows IPsec to negotiate the security associations (SAs) that are used to create the secure IPsec tunnel. Both IKEv1 and IKEv2 are supported.

SA negotiations are performed in two phases, known as **phase 1** and **phase 2**.

Phase 1

In phase 1, IKE creates a secure authenticated communication channel between the device and the peer (the remote device which is at the other end of the IPsec tunnel) using the configured pre-shared key and the Diffie-Hellman key exchange. This creates the IKE SAs that are used to encrypt further IKE communications.

For IKEv1, there are two modes for the phase 1 negotiation: **Main mode** and **Aggressive mode**. IKEv2 does not use these modes.

Main mode
Main mode is the default mode. It is slower than aggressive mode, but more secure, in that all sensitive information sent between the device and its peer is encrypted.

Aggressive mode
Aggressive mode is faster than main mode, but is not as secure as main mode, because the device and its peer exchange their IDs and hash information in clear text instead of being encrypted.

Aggressive mode is usually used when one or both of the devices have a dynamic external IP address.

Phase 2

In phase 2, IKE negotiates the SAs for IPsec. This creates two unidirectional SAs, one for each direction. Once the phase 2 negotiation is complete, the IPsec tunnel should be fully functional.

IPsec and IKE renegotiation

To reduce the chances of an IPsec tunnel being compromised, the IPsec SAs and IKE SA are renegotiated at a regular interval. This results in different encryption keys being used in the IPsec tunnel.

Authentication

Client authenticaton

XAUTH (extended authentication) pre-shared key authentication mode provides additional security by using client authentication credentials in addition to the standard pre-shared key. The EX12 device can be configured to authenticate with the remote peer as an XAUTH client.

RSA Signatures

With RSA signatures authentication, the EX12 device uses a private RSA key to authenticate with a remote peer that is using a corresponding public key.

Certificate-based Authentication

X.509 certificate-based authentication makes use of private keys on both the server and client which are secured and never shared. Both the server and client have a certificate which is generated with their respective private key and signed by a Certificate Authority (CA).

The EX12 implementation of IPsec can be configured to use X.509 certificate-based authentication using the private keys and certificates, along with a root CA certificate from the signing authority and, if available, a Certificate Revocation List (CRL).

Configure an IPsec tunnel

Configuring an IPsec tunnel with a remote device involves configuring the following items:

Required configuration items

- **IPsec tunnel configuration items:**
  - The mode: either tunnel or transport.
  - Enable the IPsec tunnel.

    The IPsec tunnel is enabled by default.
  - The firewall zone of the IPsec tunnel.
  - The authentication type and pre-shared key or other applicable keys and certificates.
  - The local endpoint type and ID values, and the remote endpoint host and ID values.

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- **IKE configuration items**
  - The IKE version, either IKEv1 or IKEv2.
  - Whether to initiate a key exchange or wait for an incoming request.
  - The IKE mode, either main aggressive.
  - The IKE authentication protocol to use for the IPsec tunnel negotiation during phase 1 and phase 2.
  - The IKE encryption protocol to use for the IPsec tunnel negotiation during phase 1 and phase 2.
  - The IKE Diffie-Hellman group to use for the IPsec tunnel negotiation during phase 1 and phase 2.
- Enable dead peer detection and configure the delay and timeout.
- Destination networks that require source NAT.
- Active recovery configuration. See Configure SureLink active recovery for IPsec for information about IPsec active recovery.

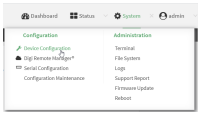
Additional configuration items

The following additional configuration settings are not typically configured to get an IPsec tunnel working, but can be configured as needed:

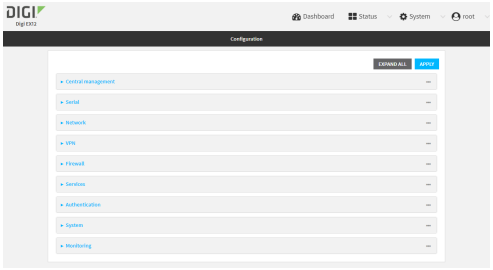
- Determine whether the device should use UDP encapsulation even when it does not detect that NAT is being used.
- If using IPsec failover, identify the primary tunnel during configuration of the backup tunnel.
- The Network Address Translation (NAT) keep alive time.
- The protocol, either Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) or Authentication Header (AH).
- The management priority for the IPsec tunnel interface. The active interface with the highest management priority will have its address reported as the preferred contact address for central management and direct device access.
- Enable XAUTH client authentication, and the username and password to be used to authenticate with the remote peer.
- Enable Mode-configuration (MODECFG) to receive configuration information, such as the private IP address, from the remote peer.
- Disable the padding of IKE packets. This should normally not be done except for compatibility purposes.
- Destination networks that require source NAT.
- **Tunnel and key renegotiating**
  - The lifetime of the IPsec tunnel before it is renegotiated.
  - The amount of time before the IKE phase 1 lifetime expires.
  - The amount of time before the IKE phase 2 lifetime expires
  - The lifetime margin, a randomizing amount of time before the IPsec tunnel is renegotiated.

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.

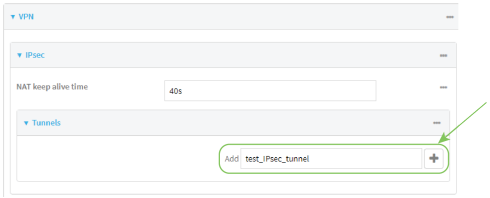


3. Click **VPN** > **IPsec**.
4. (Optional) Change the **NAT keep alive time**.

   Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w**|**d**|**h**|**m**|**s**}.

   For example, to set **NAT keep alive time** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

   The default is 40 seconds.
5. Click to expand **Tunnels**.
6. For **Add IPsec tunnel**, type a name for the tunnel and click **+**.

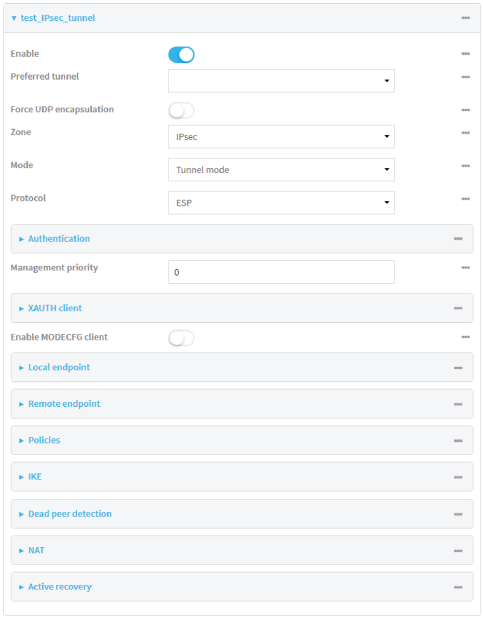


The new IPsec tunnel configuration is displayed.

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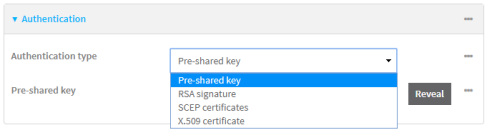
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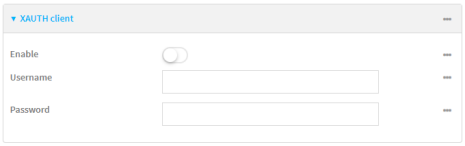
7. The IPsec tunnel is enabled by default. To disable, click **Enable**.
8. (Optional) The **Preferred tunnel** option allows you to configure IPsec failover behavior. When configuring a backup IPsec tunnel, for **Preferred tunnel**, select the primary IPsec tunnel. This instructs the backup tunnel to only start when the primary tunnel is determined to have failed. It will continue to operate until the preferred tunnel returns to full operational status.

   When configuring the primary tunnel, and when configuring tunnels that will not fail over to a backup tunnel, leave this option blank.
9. (Optional) Enable **Force UDP encapsulation** to force the tunnel to use UDP encapsulation even when it does not detect that NAT is being used.
10. For **Zone**, select the firewall zone for the IPsec tunnel. Generally this should be left at the default of **IPsec**.
11. Select the Mode, either:
    - **Tunnel**: The entire IP packet is encrypted and/or authenticated and then encapsulated as the payload in a new IP packet.
    - **Transport**: Only the payload of the IP packet is encrypted and/or authenticated. The IP header is unencrypted.
12. Select the **Protocol**, either:
    - **ESP** (Encapsulating Security Payload): Provides encryption as well as authentication and integrity.
    - **AH** (Authentication Header): Provides authentication and integrity only.

13. Click to expand **Authentication**.



    a. For **Authentication type**, select one of the following:
        - **Pre-shared key**: Uses a pre-shared key (PSK) to authenticate with the remote peer.
            i. Type the **Pre-shared key**.
        - **RSA signature**: Uses a private RSA key to authenticate with the remote peer.
            i. For **Private key**, paste the device's private RSA key in PEM format.
            ii. Type the **Private key passphrase** that is used to decrypt the private key. Leave blank if the private key is not encrypted.
            iii. For **Peer public key**, paste the peer's public RSA key in PEM format.
        - **X.509 certificate**: Uses private key and X.509 certificates to authenticate with the remote peer.
            i. For **Private key**, paste the device's private RSA key in PEM format.
            ii. Type the **Private key passphrase** that is used to decrypt the private key. Leave blank if the private key is not encrypted.
            iii. For **Certificate**, paste the local X.509 certificate in PEM format.
            iv. For Peer verification, select either:
                - **Peer certificate**: For **Peer certificate**, paste the peer's X.509 certificate in PEM format.
                - **Certificate Authority**: For **Certificate Authority chain**, paste the Certificate Authority (CA) certificates. These must include all peer certificates in the chain up to the root CA certificate, in PEM format.
14. (Optional) For **Management Priority**, set the priority for this IPsec tunnel.
15. (Optional) To configure the device to connect to its remote peer as an XAUTH client:
    a. Click to expand **XAUTH client**.



    b. Click **Enable**.
    c. Type the **Username** and **Password** that the device will use to authenticate as an XAUTH client with the peer.
16. (Optional) Click **Enable MODECFG client** to receive configuration information, such as the private IP address, from the remote peer.

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17. Click to expand **Local endpoint**.
    a. For **Type**, select either:
        - **Default route**: Uses the same network interface as the default route.
        - **Interface**: Select the **Interface** to be used as the local endpoint.
    b. Click to expand **ID**.
        i. Select the ID type:
            - **Auto**: The ID will be automatically determined from the value of the tunnels endpoints.
            - **Raw**: Enter an ID and have it passed unmodified to the underlying IPsec stack.

              For **Raw ID value**, type the ID that will be passed.
            - **Any**: Any ID will be accepted.
            - **IPv4**: The ID will be interpreted as an IP address and sent as an ID_IPV4_ADDR IKE identity.

              For **IPv4 ID value**, type an IPv4 formatted ID. This can be a fully-qualified domain name or an IPv4 address.
            - **IPv6**: The ID will be interpreted as an IP address and sent as an ID_IPV6_ADDR IKE identity.

              For **IPv6 ID value**, type an IPv6 formatted ID. This can be a fully-qualified domain name or an IPv6 address.
            - **RFC822/Email**: The ID will be interpreted as an RFC822 (email address).

              For **RFC822 ID value**, type the ID in internet email address format.
            - **FQDN**: The ID will be interpreted as FQDN (Fully Qualified Domain Name) and sent as an ID_FQDN IKE identity.

              For **FQDN ID value**, type the ID as an FQDN.
            - **KeyID**: The ID will be interpreted as a Key ID and sent as an ID_KEY_ID IKE identity.

              For **KEYID ID value**, type the key ID.
18. Click to expand **Remote endpoint**.
    a. For **Hostname**, select either a hostname or IP address. If your device is not configured to initiate the IPsec connection (see **IKE** > **Initiate connection**), you can also use the keyword **any**, which means that the hostname is dynamic or unknown.
    b. Click to expand **ID**.
        i. Select the ID type:
            - **Auto**: The ID will be automatically determined from the value of the tunnels endpoints.
            - **Raw**: Enter an ID and have it passed unmodified to the underlying IPsec stack.

              For **Raw ID value**, type the ID that will be passed.
            - **Any**: Any ID will be accepted.
            - **IPv4**: The ID will be interpreted as an IPv4 address and sent as an ID_IPV4_ADDR IKE identity.

              For **IPv4 ID value**, type an IPv4 formatted ID. This can be a fully-qualified domain name or an IPv4 address.

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TS-TL-DGI-087

- **IPv6**: The ID will be interpreted as an IPv6 address and sent as an ID_IPV6_ADDR IKE identity.

  For **IPv6 ID value**, type an IPv6 formatted ID. This can be a fully-qualified domain name or an IPv6 address.
- **RFC822/Email**: The ID will be interpreted as an RFC822 (email address).

  For **RFC822 ID value**, type the ID in internet email address format.
- **FQDN**: The ID will be interpreted as FQDN (Fully Qualified Domain Name) and sent as an ID_FQDN IKE identity.

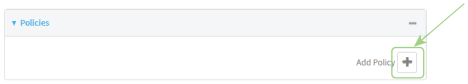
  For **FQDN ID value**, type the ID as an FQDN.
- **KeyID**: The ID will be interpreted as a Key ID and sent as an ID_KEY_ID IKE identity.

  For **KEYID ID value**, type the key ID.

19. Click to expand **Policies**.

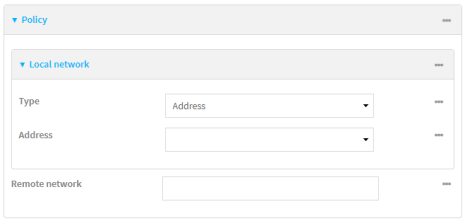
    Policies define the network traffic that will be encapsulated by this tunnel.

    a. Click ✚ to create a new policy.

    The new policy configuration is displayed.

    b. Click to expand **Local network**.

    c. For **Type**, select one of the following:
    - **Address**: The address of a local network interface.

      For **Address**, select the appropriate interface.
    - **Network**: The subnet of a local network interface.

      For **Address**, select the appropriate interface.
    - **Custom network**: A user-defined network.

      For **Custom network**, enter the IPv4 address and optional netmask. The keyword **any** can also be used.
    - **Request a network**: Requests a network from the remote peer.

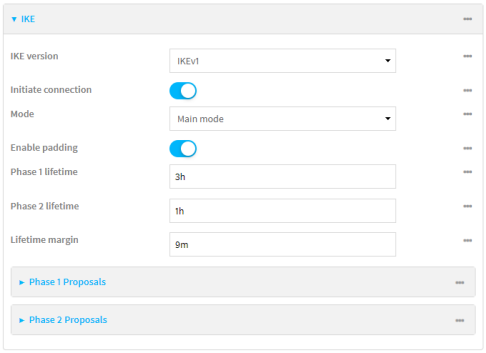
    d. For **Remote network**, enter the IP address and optional netmask of the remote network. The keyword **any** can also be used. .

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TS-TL-DGI-087

20. Click to expand **IKE**.



a. For **IKE version**, select either IKEv1 or IKEv2. This setting must match the peer's IKE version.
b. **Initiate connection** instructs the device to initiate the key exchange, rather than waiting for an incoming request. This must be disabled if **Remote endpoint** > **Hostname** is set to **any**.
c. For **Mode**, select either **Main mode** or **Aggressive mode**.
d. For **Enable padding**, click to disable the padding of IKE packets. This should normally not be disabled except for compatibility purposes.
e. For Phase 1 lifetime, enter the amount of time that the IKE security association expires after a successful negotiation and must be re-authenticated.

   Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

   For example, to set **Phase 1 lifetime** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.
f. For Phase 2 lifetime, enter the amount of time that the IKE security association expires after a successful negotiation and must be rekeyed.

   Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

   For example, to set **Phase 2 lifetime** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.
g. For Lifetime margin, enter a randomizing amount of time before the IPsec tunnel is renegotiated.

   Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

   For example, to set **Lifetime margin** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.
h. Click to expand **Phase 1 Proposals**.
   i. Click ✚ to create a new phase 1 proposal.
   ii. For **Cipher**, select the type of encryption.
   iii. For **Hash**, select the type of hash to use to verify communication integrity.
   iv. For **Diffie-Hellman group**, select the type of Diffie-Hellman group to use for key exchange.
   v. You can add additional Phase 1 proposals by clicking ✚ next to **Add Phase 1 Proposal**.

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i. Click to expand **Phase 2 Proposals**.
   i. Click ✚ to create a new phase 2 proposal.
   ii. For **Cipher**, select the type of encryption.
   iii. For **Hash**, select the type of hash to use to verify communication integrity.
   iv. For **Diffie-Hellman group**, select the type of Diffie-Hellman group to use for key exchange.
   v. You can add additional Phase 2 proposals by clicking ✚ next to **Add Phase 2 Proposal**.

21. (Optional) Click to expand **Dead peer detection**. Dead peer detection is enabled by default. Dead peer detection uses periodic IKE transmissions to the remote endpoint to detect whether tunnel communications have failed, allowing the tunnel to be automatically restarted when failure occurs.
    a. To enable or disable dead peer detection, click **Enable**.
    b. For **Delay**, type the number of seconds between transmissions of dead peer packets. Dead peer packets are only sent when the tunnel is idle.
    c. For **Timeout**, type the number of seconds to wait for a response from a dead peer packet before assuming the tunnel has failed.
22. (Optional) Click to expand **NAT** to create a list of destination networks that require source NAT.
    a. Click ✚ next to **Add NAT destination**.
    b. For **Destination network**, type the IPv4 address and optional netmask of a destination network that requires source NAT. You can also use **any**, meaning that any destination network connected to the tunnel will use source NAT.
23. See Configure SureLink active recovery for IPsec for information about IPsec **Active recovery**.
24. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



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Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Add an IPsec tunnel. For example, to add an IPsec tunnel named **ipsec_example**:

```
(config)> add vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

   The IPsec tunnel is enabled by default. To disable:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> enable false
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

4. (Optional) Configure the device to serve as a backup IPsec tunnel.

   When configuring a backup IPsec tunnel the **ipsec_failover** parameter instructs the backup tunnel to only start when the primary tunnel is determined to have failed. It will continue to operate until the preferred tunnel returns to full operational status.

   When configuring the primary tunnel, and when configuring tunnels that will not fail over to a backup tunnel, do not set this parameter.

   a. Use the **?** to view a list of available tunnels:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> ipsec_failover ?

Preferred tunnel: This tunnel will not start until the preferred tunnel
has failed. It will continue
to operate until the preferred tunnel returns to full operation status.
Format:
 primary_ipsec_tunnel
Optional: yes
Current value:

(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> ipsec_failover
```

   b. Set the primary IPsec tunnel:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> ipsec_failover primary_ipsec_
tunnel
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

5. (Optional) Set the tunnel to use UDP encapsulation even when it does not detect that NAT is being used:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> force_udp_encap true
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```


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6. Set the firewall zone for the IPsec tunnel. Generally this should be left at the default of **ipsec**.

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> zone zone
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

To view a list of available zones:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> zone ?

Zone: The firewall zone assigned to this IPsec tunnel. This can be used by
packet filtering rules
and access control lists to restrict network traffic on this tunnel.
Format:
  any
  dynamic_routes
  edge
  external
  internal
  ipsec
  loopback
  setup
Default value: ipsec
Current value: ipsec

(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

7. Set the mode:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> mode mode
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

where *mode* is either:

- **tunnel**: The entire IP packet is encrypted and/or authenticated and then encapsulated as the payload in a new IP packet.
- **transport**: Only the payload of the IP packet is encrypted and/or authenticated. The IP header is unencrypted.

The default is **tunnel**.

8. Set the protocol:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> type protocol
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

where *protocol* is either:

- **esp** (Encapsulating Security Payload): Provides encryption as well as authentication and integrity.
- **ah** (Authentication Header): Provides authentication and integrity only.

The default is **esp**.

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9. (Optional) Set the management priority for this IPsec tunnel:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> mgmt value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

where *value* is any interger between **0** and **1000**.

10. Set the authentication type:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> auth type value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

where *value* is one of:

- **secret**: Uses a pre-shared key (PSK) to authenticate with the remote peer.
  a. Set the pre-shared key:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> auth secret key
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

- **rsasig**: Uses a private RSA key to authenticate with the remote peer.
  a. For the **private_key** parameter, paste the device's private RSA key in PEM format:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> auth private_key key
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

  b. Set the private key passphrase that is used to decrypt the private key. Leave blank if the private key is not encrypted.

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> auth private_key_
passphrase passphrase
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

  c. For the **peer_public_key** parameter, paste the peer's public RSA key in PEM format:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> auth peer_public_key key
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

- **x509**: Uses private key and X.509 certificates to authenticate with the remote peer.
  a. For the **private_key** parameter, paste the device's private RSA key in PEM format:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> auth private_key key
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

  b. Set the private key passphrase that is used to decrypt the private key. Leave blank if the private key is not encrypted.

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> auth private_key_
passphrase passphrase
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```


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c. For the **cert** parameter, paste the local X.509 certificate in PEM format:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> auth cert certificate
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

d. Set the method for verifying the peer's X.509 certificate:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> auth peer_verify value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

where *value* is either:

- **cert**: Uses the peer's X.509 certificate in PEM format for verification.
  - For the **peer_cert** parameter, paste the peer's X.509 certificate in PEM format:

    ```
    (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> auth peer_cert
    certificate
    (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
    ```

- **ca**: Uses the Certificate Authority chain for verification.
  - For the **ca_cert** parameter, paste the Certificate Authority (CA) certificates. These must include all peer certificates in the chain up to the root CA certificate, in PEM format.

    ```
    (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> auth ca_cert cert_
    chain
    (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
    ```

11. (Optional) Configure the device to connect to its remote peer as an XAUTH client:
    a. Enable XAUTH client functionality:

    ```
    (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> xauth_client enable true
    (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
    ```

    b. Set the XAUTH client username:

    ```
    (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> xauth_client username name
    (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
    ```

    c. Set the XAUTH client password:

    ```
    (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> xauth_client password pwd
    (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
    ```

12. (Optional) Enable MODECFG client functionality:

    MODECFG client functionality configures the device to receive configuration information, such as the private IP address, from the remote peer.
    a. Enable MODECFG client functionality:

    ```
    (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> modecfg_client enable true
    (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
    ```

13. Configure the local endpoint:
    a. Set the method for determining the local network interface:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> local type value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

    where *value* is either:

    - **defaultroute**: Uses the same network interface as the default route.
    - **interface**: Select the **Interface** to be used as the local endpoint.

    b. Set the ID type:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> local id type value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

    where *value* is one of:

    - **auto**: The ID will be automatically determined from the value of the tunnels endpoints.
    - **raw**: Enter an ID and have it passed unmodified to the underlying IPsec stack.

      Set the unmodified ID that will be passed:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> local id raw_id id
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

    - **any**: Any ID will be accepted.
    - **ipv4**: The ID will be interpreted as an IPv4 address and sent as an ID_IPV4_ADDR IKE identity.

      Set an IPv4 formatted ID. This can be a fully-qualified domain name or an IPv4 address.

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> local id ipv4_id id
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

    - **ipv6**: The ID will be interpreted as an IPv6 address and sent as an ID_IPV6_ADDR IKE identity.

      Set an IPv6 formatted ID. This can be a fully-qualified domain name or an IPv6 address.

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> local id ipv6_id id
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

    - **rfc822**: The ID will be interpreted as an RFC822 (email address).

      Set the ID in internet email address format:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> local id rfc822_id id
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

    - **fqdn**: The ID will be interpreted as FQDN (Fully Qualified Domain Name) and sent as an ID_FQDN IKE identity.

Set the ID as an FQDN:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> local id rfc822_id id
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

- **keyid**: The ID will be interpreted as a Key ID and sent as an ID_KEY_ID IKE identity.

  Set the key ID:

  ```
  (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> local id keyid_id id
  (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
  ```

14. Configure the remote endpoint:
    a. Set the hostname or IP address of the remote endpoint:

    ```
    (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> remote hostname value
    (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
    ```

    If your device is not configured to initiate the IPsec connection (see ike initiate), you can also use the keyword **any**, which means that the hostname is dynamic or unknown.

    b. Set the ID type:

    ```
    (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> remote id type value
    (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
    ```

    where *value* is one of:

    - **auto**: The ID will be automatically determined from the value of the tunnels endpoints.
    - **raw**: Enter an ID and have it passed unmodified to the underlying IPsec stack.

      Set the unmodified ID that will be passed:

      ```
      (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> remote id raw_id id
      (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
      ```

    - **any**: Any ID will be accepted.
    - **ipv4**: The ID will be interpreted as an IPv4 address and sent as an ID_IPV4_ADDR IKE identity.

      Set an IPv4 formatted ID. This can be a fully-qualified domain name or an IPv4 address.

      ```
      (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> remote id ipv4_id id
      (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
      ```

    - **ipv6**: The ID will be interpreted as an IPv6 address and sent as an ID_IPV6_ADDR IKE identity.

      Set an IPv6 formatted ID. This can be a fully-qualified domain name or an IPv6 address.

      ```
      (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> remote id ipv6_id id
      (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
      ```


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- **rfc822**: The ID will be interpreted as an RFC822 (email address).
  Set the ID in internet email address format:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> remote id rfc822_id id
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

- **fqdn**: The ID will be interpreted as FQDN (Fully Qualified Domain Name) and sent as an ID_FQDN IKE identity.
  Set the ID as an FQDN:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> remote id rfc822_id id
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

- **keyid**: The ID will be interpreted as a Key ID and sent as an ID_KEY_ID IKE identity.
  Set the key ID:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> remote id keyid_id id
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

15. Configure IKE settings:
    a. Set the IKE version:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> ike version value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

    where *value* is either **ikev1** or **ikev2**. This setting must match the peer's IKE version.
    b. Determine whether the device should initiate the key exchange, rather than waiting for an incoming request. By default, the device will initiate the key exchange. This must be disabled if remote hostname is set to **any**. To disable:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> ike initiate false
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

    c. Set the IKE phase 1 mode:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> ike mode value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

    where *value* is either **aggressive** or **main**.
    d. Padding of IKE packets is enabled by default and should normally not be disabled except for compatibility purposes. To disable:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> ike pad false
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

    e. Set the amount of time that the IKE security association expires after a successful negotiation and must be re-authenticated:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> ike phase1_lifetime value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```


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where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

For example, to set **phase1_lifetime** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> ike phase1_lifetime 600s
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

The default is three hours.

f. Set the amount of time that the IKE security association expires after a successful negotiation and must be rekeyed.

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> ike phase2_lifetime value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

For example, to set **phase2_lifetime** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> ike phase2_lifetime 600s
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

The default is one hour.

g. Set a randomizing amount of time before the IPsec tunnel is renegotiated:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> ike lifetime_margin value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

For example, to set **lifetime_margin** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> ike lifetime_margin 600s
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

The default is nine minutes.

h. Configure the types of encryption, hash, and Diffie-Hellman group to use during phase 1:

i. Add a phase 1 proposal:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> add ike phase1_proposal end
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase1_proposal 0)>
```

ii. Set the type of encryption to use during phase 1:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase1_proposal 0)>
cipher value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase1_proposal 0)>
```

where *value* is one of **3des**, **aes128**, **aes192**, **aes256**, or **null**. The default is **3des**.

iii. Set the type of hash to use during phase 1 to verify communication integrity:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase1_proposal 0)> hash
value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase1_proposal 0)>
```

where *value* is one of **md5**, **sha1**, **sha256**, **sha384**, or **sha512**. The default is **sha1**.

iv. Set the type of Diffie-Hellman group to use for key exchange during phase 1:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase1_proposal 0)> dh_
group value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase1_proposal 0)>
```

where *value* is one of **ecp384**, **modp768**, **modp1024**, **modp1536**, **modp2048**, **modp3072**, **modp4096**, **modp6144**, or **modp8192**, . The default is **modp1024**.

v. (Optional) Add additional phase 1 proposals:

i. Move back one level in the schema:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase1_proposal 0)>
..
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase1_proposal)>
```

ii. Add an additional proposal:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase1_proposal)> add
end
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase1_proposal 1)>
```

Repeat the above steps to set the type of encryption, hash, and Diffie-Hellman group for the additional proposal.

iii. Repeat to add more phase 1 proposals.

i. Configure the types of encryption, hash, and Diffie-Hellman group to use during phase 2:

i. Move back two levels in the schema:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase1_proposal 0)> .. ..
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike)>
```

ii. Add a phase 2 proposal:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike)> add ike phase2_proposal
end
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase2_proposal 0)>
```

iii. Set the type of encryption to use during phase 2:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase2_proposal 0)>
cipher value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase2_proposal 0)>
```

where *value* is one of **3des**, **aes128**, **aes192**, **aes256**, or **null**. The default is **3des**.

iv. Set the type of hash to use during phase 2 to verify communication integrity:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase2_proposal 0)> hash
value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase2_proposal 0)>
```

where *value* is one of **md5**, **sha1**, **sha256**, **sha384**, or **sha512**. The default is **sha1**.

v. Set the type of Diffie-Hellman group to use for key exchange during phase 2:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase2_proposal 0)> dh_
group value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase2_proposal 0)>
```

where *value* is one of **ecp384**, **modp768**, **modp1024**, **modp1536**, **modp2048**, **modp3072**, **modp4096**, **modp6144**, or **modp8192**, . The default is **modp1024**.

vi. (Optional) Add additional phase 2 proposals:

i. Move back one level in the schema:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase2_proposal 0)>
..
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase2_proposal)>
```

ii. Add an additional proposal:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase2_proposal)> add
end
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase2_proposal 1)>
```

Repeat the above steps to set the type of encryption, hash, and Diffie-Hellman group for the additional proposal.

iii. Repeat to add more phase 2 proposals.

16. (Optional) Configure dead peer detection:

Dead peer detection is enabled by default. Dead peer detection uses periodic IKE transmissions to the remote endpoint to detect whether tunnel communications have failed, allowing the tunnel to be automatically restarted when failure occurs.

a. Change to the root of the configuration schema:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example ike phase2_proposal 0)> ...
(config)>
```

b. To disable dead peer detection:

```
(config)> vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example dpd enable false
(config)>
```

c. Set the number of seconds between transmissions of dead peer packets. Dead peer packets are only sent when the tunnel is idle. The default is **60**.

```
(config)> vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example dpd delay value
(config)>
```


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d. Set the number of seconds to wait for a response from a dead peer packet before assuming the tunnel has failed. The default is **90**.

```
(config)> vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example dpd timeout value
(config)>
```

17. (Optional) Create a list of destination networks that require source NAT:
    a. Add a destination network:

```
(config)> add vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example nat end
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example nat 0)>
```

    b. Set the IPv4 address and optional netmask of a destination network that requires source NAT. You can also use **any**, meaning that any destination network connected to the tunnel will use source NAT.

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example nat 0)> dst value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example nat 0)>
```

18. Configure policies that define the network traffic that will be encapsulated by this tunnel:
    a. Change to the root of the configuration schema:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example nat 0)> ...
(config)>
```

    b. Add a policy:

```
(config)> add vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example policy end
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example policy 0)>
```

    c. Set the type of local network policy:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example policy 0)> local type value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example policy 0)>
```

    where *value* is one of:

    - **address**: The address of a local network interface.

      Set the address:

      i. Use the **?** to determine available interfaces:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example policy 0)> local
address ?

Address: The local network interface to use the address of.
This field must be set when 'Type' is set to 'Address'.
Format:
  defaultip
  defaultlinklocal
  eth1
  eth2
  loopback
```


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```
Current value:

(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example policy 0)> local
address
```

ii. Set the interface. For example:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example policy 0)> local
address eth2
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example policy 0)>
```

- **network**: The subnet of a local network interface.

  Set the network:

  i. Use the **?** to determine available interfaces:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example policy 0)> local
network ?

Interface: The network interface.
Format:
  defaultip
  defaultlinklocal
  eth1
  eth2
  loopback
Current value:

(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example policy 0)> local
network
```

  ii. Set the interface. For example:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example policy 0)> local
network eth2
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example policy 0)>
```

- **custom**: A user-defined network.

  Set the custom network:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example policy 0)> local custom
value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example policy 0)>
```

  where *value* is the IPv4 address and optional netmask. The keyword **any** can also be used.

- **request**: Requests a network from the remote peer.

d. Set the IP address and optional netmask of the remote network. The keyword **any** can also be used.

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example policy 0)> remote network value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example policy 0)>
```

19. (Optional) Change the NAT keep alive time:
    a. Change to the root of the configuration schema:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example policy 0)> ...
(config)>
```

    b.

```
(config)> vpn ipsec advanced keep_alive value
(config)>
```

    where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

    For example, to set **keep_alive** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config)> vpn ipsec advanced keep_alive 600s
(config)>
```

    The default is 40 seconds.

20. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

21. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Configure IPsec failover

You can configure the EX12 device to fail over from a primary IPsec tunnel to a backup tunnel.

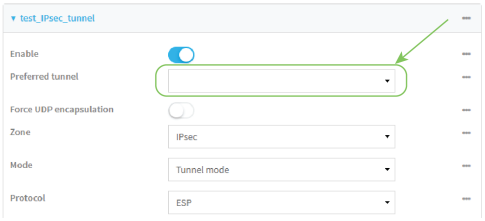
During configuration of the backup IPsec tunnel, identify the primary IPsec tunnel in the **Preferred tunnel** parameter. The **Preferred tunnel** parameter instructs the backup IPsec tunnel to start only when the preferred tunnel has been determined to have failed. It will continue to operate until the preferred tunnel returns to full operational status.

Required configuration items

- Two configured IPsec tunnels: The primary tunnel, and the backup tunnel.
- Identify the primary tunnel during configuration of the backup tunnel.

WebUI

1. Configure the primary IPsec tunnel. See Configure an IPsec tunnel for instructions.
2. Create a backup IPsec tunnel. See Configure an IPsec tunnel for instructions.
3. During configuration of the backup IPsec tunnel, identify the primary IPsec tunnel in the **Preferred tunnel** parameter.



4. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Configure the primary IPsec tunnel. See Configure an IPsec tunnel for instructions.
2. Create a backup IPsec tunnel. See Configure an IPsec tunnel for instructions.
3. During configuration of the backup IPsec tunnel, identify the primary IPsec tunnel:
   a. Use the **?** to view a list of available tunnels:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel backup_ipsec_tunnel)> ipsec_failover ?

Preferred tunnel: This tunnel will not start until the preferred tunnel
has failed. It will continue
to operate until the preferred tunnel returns to full operation status.
```


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```
Format:
 primary_ipsec_tunnel
 backup_ipsec_tunnel
Optional: yes
Current value:

(config vpn ipsec tunnel backup_ipsec_tunnel)> ipsec_failover
```

b. Set the primary IPsec tunnel:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel backup_ipsec_tunnel)> ipsec_failover primary_
ipsec_tunnel
(config vpn ipsec tunnel backup_ipsec_tunnel)>
```

4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel backup_ipsec_tunnel)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Configure SureLink active recovery for IPsec

You can configure the EX12 device to regularly probe IPsec client connections to determine if the connection has failed and take remedial action.

You can also configure the IPsec tunnel to fail over to a backup tunnel. See Configure IPsec failover for further information.

Required configuration items

- A valid IPsec configuration. See Configure an IPsec tunnel for configuration instructions.
- Enable IPsec active recovery.
- The behavior of the EX12 device upon IPsec failure: either
  - Restart the IPsec interface
  - Reboot the device.

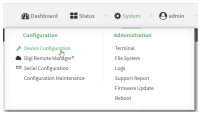
Additional configuration items

- The interval between connectivity tests.
- Whether the interface should be considered to have failed if one of the test targets fails, or all of the test targets fail.
- The number of probe attempts before the IPsec connection is considered to have failed.
- The amount of time that the device should wait for a response to a probe attempt before considering it to have failed.

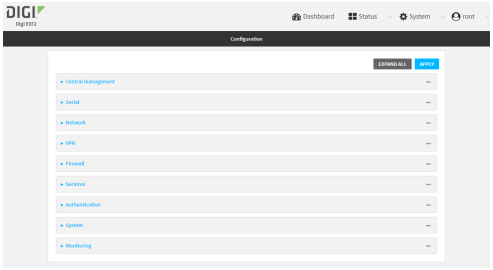
To configure the EX12 device to regularly probe the IPsec connection:

WebUI

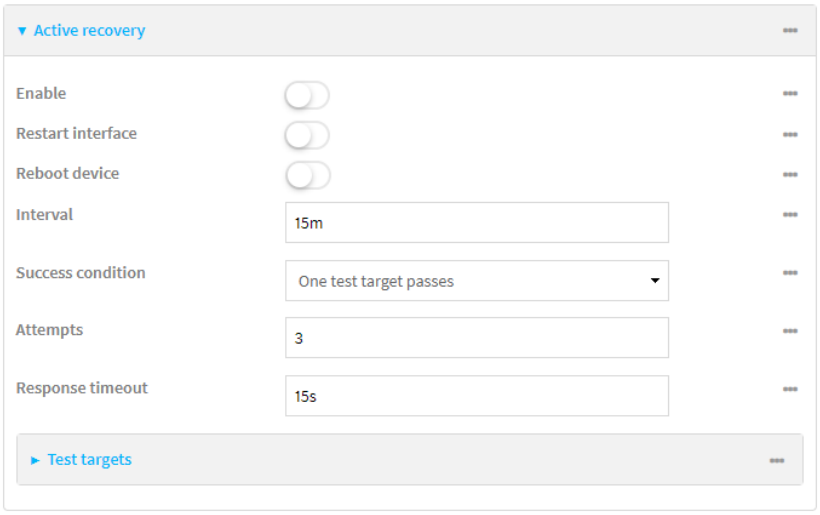
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **VPN** > **IPsec**.
4. Create a new IPsec tunnel or select an existing one:
   - To create a new IPsec tunnel, see Configure an IPsec tunnel.
   - To edit an existing IPsec tunnel, click to expand the appropriate tunnel.
5. After creating or selecting the IPsec tunnel, click **Active recovery**.



6. **Enable** active recovery.
7. For **Restart interface**, enable to configure the device to restart the interface when its connection is considered to have failed. This is useful for interfaces that may regain connectivity after restarting, such as a cellular modem.

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8. For **Reboot device**, enable to instruct the device to reboot when the WAN connection is considered to have failed.
9. Change the **Interval** between connectivity tests.

   Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

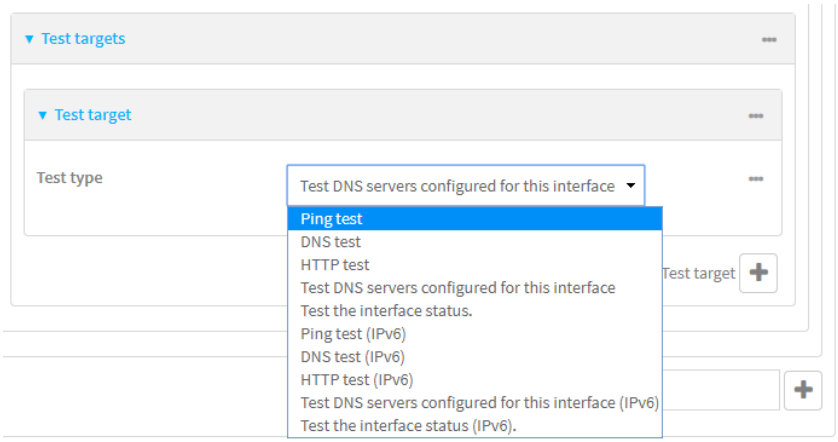
   For example, to set **Interval** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

   The default is 15 minutes.
10. For **Success condition**, determine whether the interface should fail over based on the failure of one of the test targets, or all of the test targets.
11. For **Attempts**, type the number of probe attempts before the WAN is considered to have failed.
12. For **Response timeout**, type the amount of time that the device should wait for a response to a probe attempt before considering it to have failed.

    Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

    For example, to set **Response timeout** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

    The default is 15 seconds.
13. Add a test target:
    a. Click to expand **Test targets**.



    b. For **Add Test target**, click **+**.
    c. Select the **Test type**:
       - **Ping test** or **Ping test (IPv6)**: Tests connectivity by sending an ICMP echo request to the hostname or IP address specified in **Ping host**. You can also optionally change the number of bytes in the **Ping payload size**.
       - **DNS test** or **DNS test (IPv6)**: Tests connectivity by sending a DNS query to the specified **DNS server**.
       - **HTTP test HTTP test (IPv6)**: Tests connectivity by sending an HTTP or HTTPS GET request to the URL specified in **Web servers**. The URL should take the format of **http[s]://*hostname*/[*path*]**.

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TS-TL-DGI-087

- **Test DNS servers configured for this interface** or **Test DNS servers configured for this interface (IPv6)**: Tests connectivity by sending a DNS query to the DNS servers configured for this interface.
- **Test the interface status** or **Test the interface status IPv6**: The interface is considered to be down based on:
  - **Down time**: The amount of time that the interface can be down before this test is considered to have failed.

    Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

    For example, to set **Down time** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

    The default is 60 seconds.
  - **Initial connection time**: The amount of time to wait for an initial connection to the interface before this test is considered to have failed.

    Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

    For example, to set **Initial connection time** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

    The default is 60 seconds.

14. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Create a new IPsec tunnel, or edit an existing one:
   - To create a new IPsec tunnel, see Configure an IPsec tunnel.
   - To edit an existing IPsec tunnel, change to the IPsec tunnel's node in the configuration schema. For example, for an IPsec tunnel named **ipsec_example**, change to the **ipsec_example** node in the configuration schema:

```
(config)> vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```


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4. Enable active recovery:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> connection_monitor enable true
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

5. To configure the device to restart the interface when its connection is considered to have failed:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> connection_monitor restart true
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

This is useful for interfaces that may regain connectivity after restarting, such as a cellular modem.

6. To configure the device to reboot when the interface is considered to have failed:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> connection_monitor reboot enable
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

7. Set the **Interval** between connectivity tests:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> connection_monitor interval value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

For example, to set **interval** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> connection_monitor interval 600s
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

The default is 15 minutes.

8. Determine whether the interface should fail over based on the failure of one of the test targets, or all of the test targets:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> connection_monitor success_
condition value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

Where *value* is either **one** or **all**.

9. Set the number of probe attempts before the WAN is considered to have failed:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> connection_monitor attempts num
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

The default is **3**.

10. Set the amount of time that the device should wait for a response to a probe attempt before considering it to have failed:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> connection_monitor timeout value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

For example, to set **timeout** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> connection_monitor interval 600s
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)>
```

The default is 15 seconds.

11. Configure test targets:
    a. Add a test target:

    ```
    (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example)> add connection_monitor target
    end
    (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example connection_monitor target 0)>
    ```

    b. Set the test type:

    ```
    (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example connection_monitor target 0)>
    test value
    (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example connection_monitor target 0)>
    ```

    where *value* is one of:

    - **ping** (IPv4) or **ping6** (IPv6): Tests connectivity by sending an ICMP echo request to a specified hostname or IP address.
      - Specify the hostname or IP address by using **ping_host** or **ping_host6**:

      ```
      (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example connection_monitor
      target 0)> ping_host host
      (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example connection_monitor
      target 0)>
      ```

      - (Optional) Set the size, in bytes, of the ping packet by using **ping_size** or **ping_size6**:

      ```
      (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example connection_monitor
      target 0)> ping_size [num]
      (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example connection_monitor
      target 0)>
      ```

    - **dns** (IPv4) or **dns6** (IPv6): Tests connectivity by sending a DNS query to the specified DNS server.
      - Specify the DNS server. Allowed value is the IP address of the DNS server.

      ```
      (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example connection_monitor
      target 0)> dns_server ip_address
      (config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example connection_monitor
      target 0)>
      ```

    - **dns_configured** (IPv4) or **dns_configured6** (IPv6): Tests connectivity by sending a DNS query to the DNS servers configured for this interface.

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- **http** (IPv4) or **http6** (IPv6): Tests connectivity by sending an HTTP or HTTPS GET request to the specified URL.
  - Specify the url. Allowed value uses the format **http[s]://*hostname*/[*path*]**.

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example connection_monitor
target 0)> http_url url
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example connection_monitor
target 0)>
```

- **interface_up** (IPv4) or **interface_up6** (IPv6): : The interface is considered to be down based on the interfaces down time, and the amount of time an initial connection to the interface takes before this test is considered to have failed.
  - (Optional) Set the amount of time that the interface can be down before this test is considered to have failed:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example connection_monitor
target 0)> interface_down_time value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example connection_monitor
target 0)>
```

    where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

    For example, to set **interface_down_time** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config ipsec tunnel ipsec_example connection_monitor target
0)> interface_down_time 600s
(config ipsec tunnel ipsec_example connection_monitor target
0)>
```

    The default is 60 seconds.
  - (Optional) Set the amount of time to wait for an initial connection to the interface before this test is considered to have failed:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example connection_monitor
target 0)> interface_timeout value
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_example connection_monitor
target 0)>
```

    where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

    For example, to set **interface_timeout** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 connection_monitor target
0)> interface_timeout 600s
(config network interface my_wan ipv4 connection_monitor target
0)>
```

    The default is 60 seconds.

12. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config ipsec tunnel ipsec_example connection_monitor target 0)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

13. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Show IPsec status and statistics

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. On the menu, select **Status** > **IPsec**.

   The **IPsec** page appears.
3. To view configuration details about an IPsec tunnel, click the (configuration) icon in the upper right of the tunnel's status pane.

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. To display details about all configured OpenVPN servers, type the following at the prompt:

```
> show ipsec all

 Name    Enable  Status   Hostname
 ------  ------  -------  ---------------
 ipsec1  true    up       192.168.2.1
 vpn1    false   pending  192.168.3.1

>
```

3. To display details about a specific server:

```
> show ipsec tunnel ipsec1

 Tunnel                  : ipsec1
 Enable                  : true
 Status                  : pending
 Hostname                : 192.168.2.1
 Zone                    : ipsec
 Mode                    : tunnel
 Type                    : esp

>
```


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4. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.
   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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OpenVPN

OpenVPN is an open-source Virtual Private Network (VPN) technology that creates secure point-to-point or site-to-site connections in routed or bridged configurations. OpenVPN uses a custom security protocol that is Secure Socket Layer (SSL) / Transport Layer Security (TLS) for key exchange. It uses standard encryption and authentication algorithms for data privacy and authentication over TCP or UDP.

The OpenVPN server can push the network configuration, such as the topology and IP routes, to OpenVPN clients. This makes OpenVPN simpler to configure as it reduces the chances of a configuration mismatch between the client and server. OpenVPN also supports cipher negotiation between the client and server. This means you can configure the OpenVPN server and clients with a range of different cipher options and the server will negotiate with the client on the cipher to use for the connection.

For more information on OpenVPN, see www.openvpn.net.

OpenVPN modes:

There are two modes for running OpenVPN:

- Routing mode, also known as TUN.
- Bridging mode, also known as TAP.

Routing (TUN) mode

In routing mode, each OpenVPN client is assigned a different IP subnet from the OpenVPN server and other OpenVPN clients. OpenVPN clients use Network Address Translation (NAT) to route traffic from devices connected on its LAN interfaces to the OpenVPN server.

The manner in which the IP subnets are defined depends on the OpenVPN topology in use. The EX12 device supports two types of OpenVPN topology:

OpenVPN Topology	Subnet definition method
net30	Each OpenVPN client is assigned a **/30** subnet within the IP subnet specified in the OpenVPN server configuration. With net30 topology, pushed routes are used, with the exception of the default route. . Automatic route pushing (exec) is not allowed, because this would not inform the firewall and would be blocked.
subnet	Each OpenVPN client connected to the OpenVPN server is assigned an IP address within the IP subnet specified in the OpenVPN server configuration. For the EX12 device, pushed routes are not allowed; you will need to manually configure routes on the device.

For more information on OpenVPN topologies, see OpenVPN topology.

Bridging (TAP) mode

In bridging mode, a LAN interface on the OpenVPN server is assigned to OpenVPN. The LAN interfaces of the OpenVPN clients are on the same IP subnet as the OpenVPN server's LAN interface. This means that devices connected to the OpenVPN client's LAN interface are on the same IP subnet as devices. The EX12 device supports two mechanisms for configuring an OpenVPN server in TAP mode:

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- OpenVPN managed—The EX12 device creates the interface and then uses its standard configuration to set up the connection (for example, its standard DHCP server configuration).
- Device only—IP addressing is controlled by the system, not by OpenVPN.

Additional OpenVPN information

For more information on OpenVPN, see these resources:

Bridging vs. routing

OpenVPN/Routing

Configure an OpenVPN server

Required configuration items

- Enable the OpenVPN server.

  The OpenVPN server is enabled by default.
- The mode used by the OpenVPN server, one of:
  - **TUN (OpenVPN managed)**—Also known as routing mode. Each OpenVPN client is assigned a different IP subnet from the OpenVPN server and other OpenVPN clients. OpenVPN clients use Network Address Translation (NAT) to route traffic from devices connected on its LAN interfaces to the OpenVPN server.
  - **TAP - OpenVPN managed**—Also know as bridging mode. A more advanced implementation of OpenVPN. The EX12 device creates an OpenVPN interface and uses standard interface configuration (for example, a standard DHCP server configuration).
  - **TAP - Device only**—An alternate form of OpenVPN bridging mode, in which the device, rather than OpenVPN, controls the interface configuration. If this method is is, the OpenVPN server must be included as a device in either an interface or a bridge.
- The firewall zone to be used by the OpenVPN server.
- The IP network and subnet mask of the OpenVPN server.
- The server's Certificate authority (CA) certificate, and public, private and Diffie-Hellman (DH) keys.
- An OpenVPN authentication group and an OpenVPN user.
- Determine the method of certificate management:
  - Certificates managed by the server.
  - Certificates created externally and added to the server.
- If certificates are created and added to the server, determine the level of authentication:
  - Certificate authentication only.
  - Username and password authentication only.
  - Certificate and username and password authentication.

  If username and password authentication is used, you must create an OpenVPN authentication group and user. See Configure an OpenVPN Authentication Group and User for instructions.
- Certificates and keys:
  - The **CA certificate** (usually in a ca.crt file).
  - The **Public key** (for example, server.crt)

- The **Private key** (for example, server.key).
- The **Diffie Hellman key** (usually in dh2048.pem).

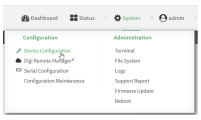
- Active recovery configuration. See Configure active recovery for OpenVPN for information about OpenVPN active recovery.

Additional configuration items

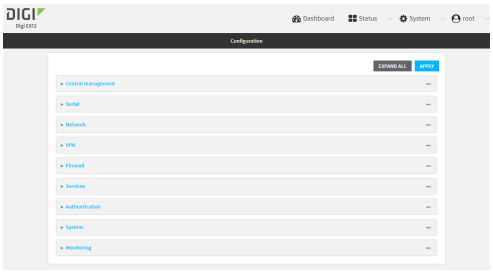
- The route metric for the OpenVPN server.
- The range of IP addresses that the OpenVPN server will provide to clients.
- The TCP/UDP port to use. By default, the EX12 device uses port **1194**.
- Access control list configuration to restrict access to the OpenVPN server through the firewall.
- Additional OpenVPN parameters.

WebUI

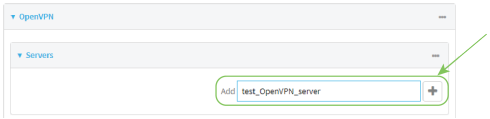
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **VPN** > **OpenVPN** > **Servers**.
4. For **Add**, type a name for the OpenVPN server and click **+**.

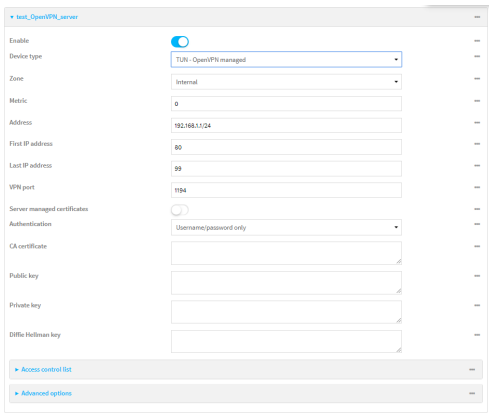


The new OpenVPN server configuration is displayed.

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TS-TL-DGI-087



The OpenVPN server is enabled by default. To disable, click **Enable**.

5. For **Device type**, select the mode used by the OpenVPN server, either:
   - **TUN (OpenVPN managed)**
   - **TAP - OpenVPN managed**
   - **TAP - Device only**

   See OpenVPN for information about OpenVPN server modes.
6. If **TUN (OpenVPN managed)** or **TAP - OpenVPN managed** is selected for **Device type**:
   a. For **Zone**, select the firewall zone for the OpenVPN server. For TUN device types, this should be set to **Internal** to treat clients as LAN devices.
   b. (Optional) Select the **Metric** for the OpenVPN server. If multiple active routes match a destination, the route with the lowest metric will be used. The default setting is **0**.
   c. For **Address**, type the IP address and subnet mask of the OpenVPN server.
   d. (Optional) For **First IP address** and **Last IP address**, set the range of IP addresses that the OpenVPN server will use when providing IP addresses to clients. The default is from **80** to **99**.
7. (Optional) Set the **VPN port** that the OpenVPN server will use. The default is **1194**.
8. For **Server managed certificates**, determine the method of certificate management. If enabled, the server will manage certificates. If not enabled, certificates must be created externally and added to the server.
9. If **Server managed certificates** is not enabled:
   a. Select the **Authentication** type:
      - **Certificate only**: Uses only certificates for client authentication. Each client requires a public and private key.
      - **Username/password only**: Uses a username and password for client authentication. You must create an OpenVPN authentication group and user. See Configure an OpenVPN Authentication Group and User for instructions.
      - **Certificate and username/password**: Uses both certificates and a username and password for client authentication. Each client requires a public and private key, and you must create an OpenVPN authentication group and user. See Configure an OpenVPN Authentication Group and User for instructions.

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b. Paste the contents of the **CA certificate** (usually in a ca.crt file), the **Public key** (for example, server.crt), the **Private key** (for example, server.key), and the **Diffie Hellman key** (usually in dh2048.pem) into their respective fields. The contents will be hidden when the configuration is saved.

10. (Optional) Click to expand **Access control list** to restrict access to the OpenVPN server:
    - To limit access to specified IPv4 addresses and networks:
      a. Click **IPv4 Addresses**.
      b. For **Add Address**, click ✚.
      c. For **Address**, enter the IPv4 address or network that can access the device's service-type. Allowed values are:
         - A single IP address or host name.
         - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 192.168.1.0/24.
         - **any**: No limit to IPv4 addresses that can access the service-type.
      d. Click ✚ again to list additional IP addresses or networks.
    - To limit access to specified IPv6 addresses and networks:
      a. Click **IPv6 Addresses**.
      b. For **Add Address**, click ✚.
      c. For **Address**, enter the IPv6 address or network that can access the device's service-type. Allowed values are:
         - A single IP address or host name.
         - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 2001:db8::/48.
         - **any**: No limit to IPv6 addresses that can access the service-type.
      d. Click ✚ again to list additional IP addresses or networks.
    - To limit access to hosts connected through a specified interface on the EX12 device:
      a. Click **Interfaces**.
      b. For **Add Interface**, click ✚.
      c. For **Interface**, select the appropriate interface from the dropdown.
      d. Click ✚ again to allow access through additional interfaces.
    - To limit access based on firewall zones:
      a. Click **Zones**.
      b. For **Add Zone**, click ✚.
      c. For **Zone**, select the appropriate firewall zone from the dropdown.
         See Firewall configuration for information about firewall zones.
      d. Click ✚ again to allow access through additional firewall zones.
11. (Optional) Click to expand **Advanced Options** to manually set additional OpenVPN parameters.
    a. Click **Enable** to enable the use of additional OpenVPN parameters.
    b. Click **Override** if the additional OpenVPN parameters should override default options.
    c. For **OpenVPN parameters**, type the additional OpenVPN parameters.
12. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.

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Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. At the config prompt, type:

```
(config)> add vpn openvpn server name
(config vpn openvpn server name)>
```

   where *name* is the name of the OpenVPN server.

   The OpenVPN server is enabled by default. To disable the server, type:

```
(config vpn openvpn server name)> enable false
(config vpn openvpn server name)>
```

4. Set the mode used by the OpenVPN server:

```
(config vpn openvpn server name)> device_type value
(config vpn openvpn server name)>
```

   where *value* is one of:

   - **TUN (OpenVPN managed)**—Also known as routing mode. Each OpenVPN client is assigned a different IP subnet from the OpenVPN server and other OpenVPN clients. OpenVPN clients use Network Address Translation (NAT) to route traffic from devices connected on its LAN interfaces to the OpenVPN server.
   - **TAP - OpenVPN managed**—Also know as bridging mode. A more advanced implementation of OpenVPN. The EX12 device creates an OpenVPN interface and uses standard interface configuration (for example, a standard DHCP server configuration).
   - **TAP - Device only**—An alternate form of OpenVPN bridging mode, in which the device, rather than OpenVPN, controls the interface configuration. If this method is is, the OpenVPN server must be included as a device in either an interface or a bridge.

   See OpenVPN for information about OpenVPN modes. The default is **tun**.

5. If **tap** or **tun** are set for **device_type**:

   a. Set the IP address and subnet mask of the OpenVPN server.

```
(config vpn openvpn server name)> address ip_address/netmask
(config vpn openvpn server name)>
```


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b. Set the firewall zone for the OpenVPN server. For TUN device types, this should be set to **internal** to treat clients as LAN devices.

```
(config vpn openvpn server name)> zone value
(config vpn openvpn server name)>
```

To view a list of available zones:

```
(config vpn openvpn server name)> firewall zone ?

Zone: The zone for the local TUN interface. To treat clients as LAN
devices this would usually be
set to internal.
Format:
  any
  dynamic_routes
  edge
  external
  internal
  ipsec
  loopback
  setup
Current value:

(config vpn openvpn server name)>
```

c. (Optional) Set the route metric for the OpenVPN server. If multiple active routes match a destination, the route with the lowest metric will be used.

```
(config vpn openvpn server name)> metric value
(config vpn openvpn server name)>
```

where *value* is an interger between **0** and **65535**. The default is **0**.

d. (Optional) Set the range of IP addresses that the OpenVPN server will use when providing IP addresses to clients:

i. Set the first address in the range limit:

```
(config vpn openvpn server name)> server_first_ip value
(config vpn openvpn server name)>
```

where *value* is a number between **1** and **255**. The number entered here will represent the first client IP address. For example, if **address** is set to **192.168.1.1/24** and **server_first_ip** is set to **80**, the first client IP address will be 192.168.1.80.

The default is from **80**.

ii. Set the last address in the range limit:

```
(config vpn openvpn server name)> server_last_ip value
(config vpn openvpn server name)>
```


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where *value* is a number between **1** and **255**. The number entered here will represent the last client IP address. For example, if **address** is set to **192.168.1.1/24** and **server_last_ip** is set to **99**, the last client IP address will be 192.168.1.80.

The default is from **80**.

6. (Optional) Set the port that the OpenVPN server will use:

```
(config vpn openvpn server name)> port port
(config vpn openvpn server name)>
```

The default is **1194**.

7. Determine the method of certificate management:
   a. To allow the server to manage certificates:

```
(config vpn openvpn server name)> autogenerate true
(config vpn openvpn server name)>
```

   b. To create certificates externally and add them to the server

```
(config vpn openvpn server name)> autogenerate false
(config vpn openvpn server name)>
```

   The default setting is **false**.

   c. If **autogenerate** is set to false:
      i. Set the authentication type:

```
(config vpn openvpn server name)> authentication value
(config vpn openvpn server name)>
```

      where *value* is one of:
      - **cert**: Uses only certificates for client authentication. Each client requires a public and private key.
      - **passwd**: Uses a username and password for client authentication. You must create an OpenVPN authentication group and user. See Configure an OpenVPN Authentication Group and User for instructions.
      - **cert_passwd**: Uses both certificates and a username and password for client authentication. Each client requires a public and private key, and you must create an OpenVPN authentication group and user. See Configure an OpenVPN Authentication Group and User for instructions.

      ii. Paste the contents of the CA certificate (usually in a ca.crt file) into the value of the **cacert** parameter:

```
(config vpn openvpn server name)> cacert value
(config vpn openvpn server name)>
```

      iii. Paste the contents of the public key (for example, server.crt) into the value of the **server_cert** parameter:

```
(config vpn openvpn server name)> server_cert value
(config vpn openvpn server name)>
```


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iv. Paste the contents of the private key (for example, server.key) into the value of the **server_key** parameter:

```
(config vpn openvpn server name)> server_key value
(config vpn openvpn server name)>
```

v. Paste the contents of the Diffie Hellman key (usually in dh2048.pem) into the value of the **diffie** parameter:

```
(config vpn openvpn server name)> diffie value
(config vpn openvpn server name)>
```

8. (Optional) Set the access control list to restrict access to the OpenVPN server:
   - To limit access to specified IPv4 addresses and networks:

     ```
     (config vpn openvpn server name)> add acl address end value
     (config vpn openvpn server name)>
     ```

     Where *value* can be:
     - A single IP address or host name.
     - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 192.168.1.0/24.
     - **any**: No limit to IPv4 addresses that can access the service-type.

     Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.
   - To limit access to specified IPv6 addresses and networks:

     ```
     (config vpn openvpn server name)> add acl address6 end value
     (config vpn openvpn server name)>
     ```

     Where *value* can be:
     - A single IP address or host name.
     - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 2001:db8::/48.
     - **any**: No limit to IPv6 addresses that can access the service-type.

     Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.
   - To limit access to hosts connected through a specified interface on the EX12 device:

     ```
     (config vpn openvpn server name)> add acl interface end value
     (config vpn openvpn server name)>
     ```

     Where *value* is an interface defined on your device.

     Display a list of available interfaces:

     Use **... network interface ?** to display interface information:

     ```
     (config vpn openvpn server name)> ... network interface ?

     Interfaces

      Additional Configuration
      ----------------------------------------
     ```


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```
 defaultip                  Default IP
 defaultlinklocal           Default Link-local IP
 eth1                       ETH1
 eth2                       ETH2
 loopback                   Loopback
 modem                      Modem
(config vpn openvpn server name)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional interfaces.

- To limit access based on firewall zones:

```
(config vpn openvpn server name)> add acl zone end value
```

Where *value* is a firewall zone defined on your device, or the **any** keyword.

Display a list of available firewall zones:

Type **... firewall zone ?** at the config prompt:

```
(config vpn openvpn server name)> ... firewall zone ?

Zones: A list of groups of network interfaces that can be
referred to by packet
filtering rules and access control lists.

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------------------------
----------------------
  any
  dynamic_routes
  edge
  external
  internal
  ipsec
  loopback
  setup

(config vpn openvpn server name)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional firewall zones.

9. (Optional) Set additional OpenVPN parameters.
   a. Enable the use of additional OpenVPN parameters:

```
(config vpn openvpn server name)> advanced_options enable true
(config vpn openvpn server name)>
```

   b. Configure whether the additional OpenVPN parameters should override default options:

```
(config vpn openvpn server name)> advanced_options override true
(config vpn openvpn server name)>
```


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c. Set the additional OpenVPN parameters:

```
(config vpn openvpn server name)> extra parameters
(config vpn openvpn server name)>
```

10. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

11. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

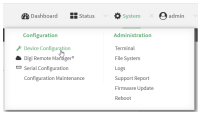
Configure an OpenVPN Authentication Group and User

If username and password authentication is used for the OpenVPN server, you must create an OpenVPN authentication group and user.

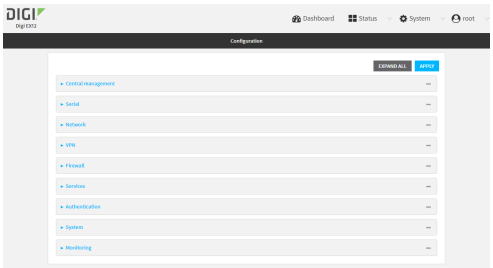
See Configure an OpenVPN server for information about configuring an OpenVPN server to use username and password authentication. See EX12 user authentication for more information about creating authentication groups and users.

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.

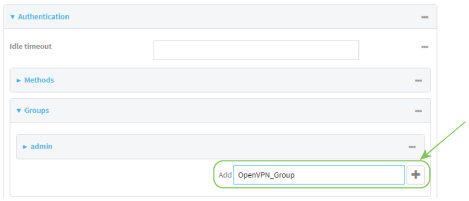


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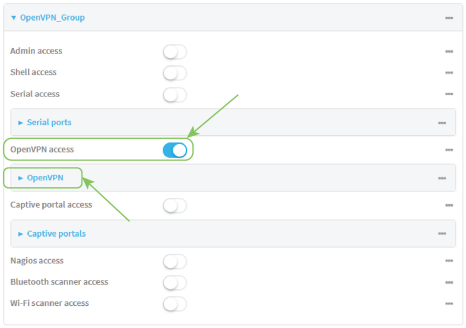
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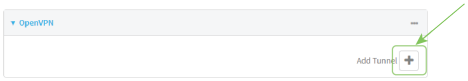
3. Add an OpenVPN authentication group:
   a. Click **Authentication** > **Groups**.
   b. For **Add Group**, type a name for the group (for example, **OpenVPN_Group**) and click **+**.



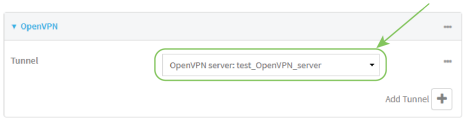
The new authentication group configuration is displayed.



   c. Click **OpenVPN access** to enable OpenVPN access rights for users of this group.
   d. Click to expand the **OpenVPN** node.
   e. Click **+** to add a tunnel.



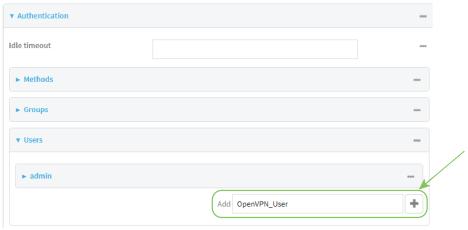
   f. For **Tunnel**, select an OpenVPN tunnel to which users of this group will have access.



   g. Repeat to add additional OpenVPN tunnels.

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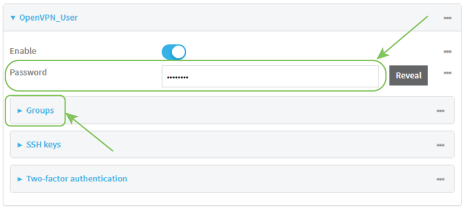
4. Add an OpenVPN authentication user:
   a. Click **Authentication** > **Users**.
   b. For **Add**, type a name for the user (for example, **OpenVPN_User**) and click ✚.



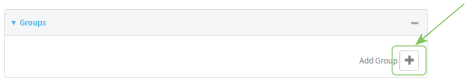
   c. Type a password for the user.

      This password is used for local authentication of the user. You can also configure the user to use RADIUS or TACACS+ authentication by configuring authentication methods. See User authentication methods for information.

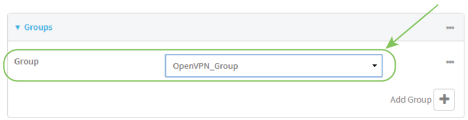
   d. Click to expand the **Groups** node.



   e. Click ✚ to add a group to the user.



   f. Select a **Group** with **OpenVPN access** enabled.



5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



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Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Use the **add auth group** command to add a new authentication. For example, to add a group named **OpenVPN_Group**:

```
(config)> add auth group OpenVPN_Group
(config auth group OpenVPN_Group)>
```

4. Enable OpenVPN access rights for users of this group:

```
(config auth group OpenVPN_Group)> acl openvpn enable true
```

5. Add an OpenVPN tunnel to which users of this group will have access:

   a. Determine available tunnels:

```
(config auth group OpenVPN_Group)> .. .. .. vpn openvpn server ?

Servers: A list of openvpn servers

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------------------------------------
--------
 OpenVPN_server1           OpenVPN server

(config auth group OpenVPN_Group)>
```

   b. Add a tunnel:

```
(config auth group OpenVPN_Group)> add auth group test acl openvpn
tunnels end /vpn/openvpn/server/OpenVPN_server1
(config auth group OpenVPN_Group)>
```

6. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

7. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Configure an OpenVPN client by using an .ovpn file

Required configuration items

- Enable the OpenVPN client.
  The OpenVPN client is enabled by default.
- The firewall zone to be used by the OpenVPN client.

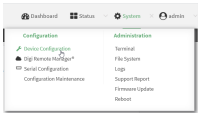
Additional configuration items

- The route metric for the OpenVPN client.
- The login credentials for the OpenVPN client, if configured on the OpenVPN server.

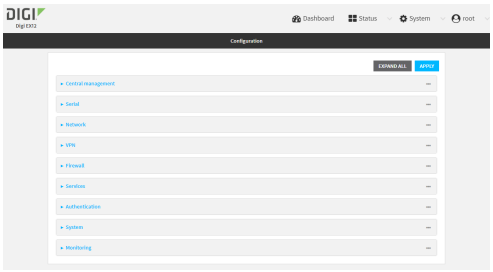
See Configure active recovery for OpenVPN for information about OpenVPN active recovery.

WebUI

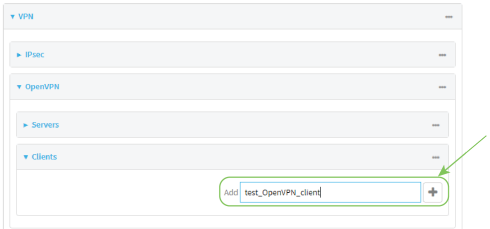
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **VPN** > **OpenVPN** > **Clients**.
4. For **Add**, type a name for the OpenVPN client and click **+**.

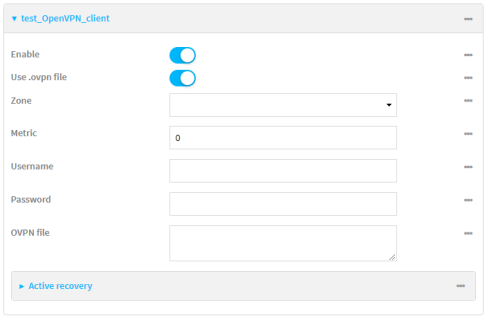


The new OpenVPN client configuration is displayed.

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5. The OpenVPN client is enabled by default. To disable, click **Enable**.
6. The default behavior is to use an OVPN file for client configuration. To disable this behavior and configure the client manually, click **Use .ovpn file** to disable. If **Use .ovpn file** is disabled, see Configure an OpenVPN client without using an .ovpn file for configuration information.
7. For **Zone**, select the firewall zone for the OpenVPN client.
8. (Optional) Select the **Metric** for the OpenVPN client. If multiple active routes match a destination, the route with the lowest metric will be used.
9. (Optional) For **Username** and **Password**, type the login credentials as configured on the OpenVPN server.
10. For **OVPN file**, paste the content of the client.ovpn file.
11. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. At the config prompt, type:

```
(config)> add vpn openvpn client name
(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```

   where *name* is the name of the OpenVPN server.

   The OpenVPN client is enabled by default. To disable the client, type:

```
(config vpn openvpn client name)> enable false
(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```


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4. Set the firewall zone for the OpenVPN client:

```
(config vpn openvpn client name)> zone value
(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```

To view a list of available zones:

```
(config vpn openvpn client name)> zone ?

Zone: The zone for the openvpn client interface.
Format:
  any
  dynamic_routes
  edge
  external
  internal
  ipsec
  loopback
  setup
Current value:

(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```

5. (Optional) Set the route metric for the OpenVPN server. If multiple active routes match a destination, the route with the lowest metric will be used.

```
(config vpn openvpn client name)> metric value
(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```

where *value* is an interger between **0** and **65535**. The default is **0**.

6. (Optional) Set the login credentials as configured on the OpenVPN server:

```
(config vpn openvpn client name)> username value
(config vpn openvpn client name)> password value
(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```

7. Paste the content of the client.ovpn file into the value of the **config_file** parameter:

```
(config vpn openvpn client name)> config_file value
(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```

8. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

9. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Configure an OpenVPN client without using an .ovpn file

Required configuration items

- Enable the OpenVPN client.
  The OpenVPN client is enabled by default.
- The mode used by the OpenVPN server, either routing (TUN), or bridging (TAP).
- The firewall zone to be used by the OpenVPN client.
- The IP address of the OpenVPN server.
- Certificates and keys:
  - The **CA certificate** (usually in a ca.crt file).
  - The **Public key** (for example, client.crt)
  - The **Private key** (for example, client.key).

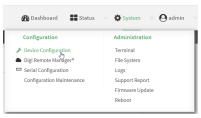
Additional configuration items

- The route metric for the OpenVPN client.
- The login credentials for the OpenVPN client, if configured on the OpenVPN server.
- Additional OpenVPN parameters.

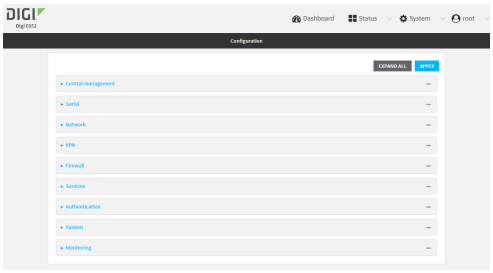
See Configure active recovery for OpenVPN for information about OpenVPN active recovery.

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



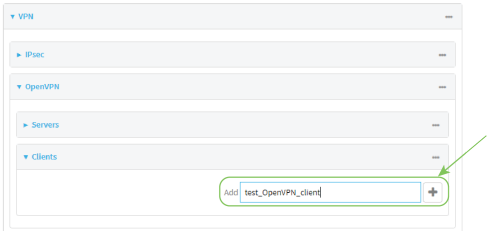
3. Click **VPN** > **OpenVPN** > **Clients**.

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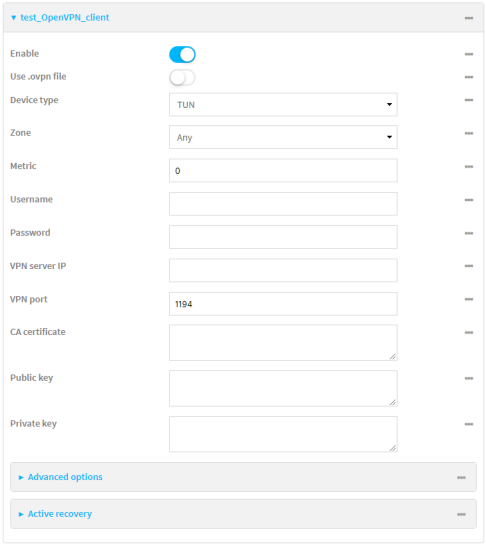
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4. For **Add**, type a name for the OpenVPN client and click **+**.



The new OpenVPN client configuration is displayed.



5. The OpenVPN client is enabled by default. To disable, click **Enable**.
6. The default behavior is to use an OVPN file for client configuration. To disable this behavior and configure the client manually, click **Use .ovpn file** to disable.
7. For **Device type**, select the mode used by the OpenVPN server, either **TUN** or **TAP**.
8. For **Zone**, select the firewall zone for the OpenVPN client.
9. (Optional) Select the **Metric** for the OpenVPN client. If multiple active routes match a destination, the route with the lowest metric will be used.
10. (Optional) For **Username** and **Password**, type the login credentials as configured on the OpenVPN server.
11. For **VPN server IP**, type the IP address of the OpenVPN server.
12. (Optional) Set the **VPN port** used by the OpenVPN server. The default is **1194**.
13. Paste the contents of the **CA certificate** (usually in a ca.crt file), the **Public key** (for example, client.crt), and the **Private key** (for example, client.key) into their respective fields. The contents will be hidden when the configuration is saved.
14. (Optional) Click to expand **Advanced Options** to manually set additional OpenVPN parameters.

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a. Click **Enable** to enable the use of additional OpenVPN parameters.
b. Click **Override** if the additional OpenVPN parameters should override default options.
c. For **OpenVPN parameters**, type the additional OpenVPN parameters. For example, to override the configuration by using a configuration file, enter **--config filename**, for example, **--config /etc/config/openvpn_config**.

15. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. At the config prompt, type:

```
(config)> add vpn openvpn client name
(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```

   where *name* is the name of the OpenVPN server.

   The OpenVPN client is enabled by default. To disable the client, type:

```
(config vpn openvpn client name)> enable false
(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```

4. The default behavior is to use an OVPN file for client configuration. To disable this behavior and configure the client manually:

```
(config vpn openvpn client name)> use_file false
(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```

5. Set the mode used by the OpenVPN server:

```
(config vpn openvpn client name)> device_type value
(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```

   where *value* is either **tun** or **tap**. The default is **tun**.

6. Set the firewall zone for the OpenVPN client:

```
(config vpn openvpn client name)> zone value
(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```

   To view a list of available zones:

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```
(config vpn openvpn client name)> zone ?

Zone: The zone for the openvpn client interface.
Format:
  any
  dynamic_routes
  edge
  external
  internal
  ipsec
  loopback
  setup
Current value:

(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```

7. (Optional) Set the route metric for the OpenVPN server. If multiple active routes match a destination, the route with the lowest metric will be used.

```
(config vpn openvpn client name)> metric value
(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```

where *value* is an interger between **0** and **65535**. The default is **0**.

8. (Optional) Set the login credentials as configured on the OpenVPN server:

```
(config vpn openvpn client name)> username value
(config vpn openvpn client name)> password value
(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```

9. Set the IP address of the OpenVPN server:

```
(config vpn openvpn client name)> server ip_address
(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```

10. (Optional) Set the port used by the OpenVPN server:

```
(config vpn openvpn client name)> port port
(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```

The default is **1194**.

11. Paste the contents of the CA certificate (usually in a ca.crt file) into the value of the **cacert** parameter:

```
(config vpn openvpn client name)> cacert value
(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```

12. Paste the contents of the public key (for example, client.crt) into the value of the **public_cert** parameter:

```
(config vpn openvpn client name)> public_cert value
(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```


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13. Paste the contents of the private key (for example, client.key) into the value of the **private_key** parameter:

```
(config vpn openvpn client name)> private_key value
(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```

14. (Optional) Set additional OpenVPN parameters.
    a. Enable the use of additional OpenVPN parameters:

```
(config vpn openvpn client name)> advanced_options enable true
(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```

    b. Configure whether the additional OpenVPN parameters should override default options:

```
(config vpn openvpn client name)> advanced_options override true
(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```

    c. Set the additional OpenVPN parameters:

```
(config vpn openvpn client name)> advanced_options extra parameters
(config vpn openvpn client name)>
```

15. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

16. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Configure active recovery for OpenVPN

You can configure the EX12 device to regularly probe OpenVPN client connections to determine if the connection has failed and take remedial action.

Required configuration items

- A valid OpenVPN client configuration. See Configure an OpenVPN client by using an .ovpn file or Configure an OpenVPN client without using an .ovpn file for configuration instructions.
- Enable OpenVPN active recovery.
- The behavior of the EX12 device upon OpenVPN failure: either
  - Restart the OpenVPN interface
  - Reboot the device.

Additional configuration items

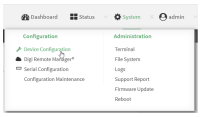
- The interval between connectivity tests.
- Whether the interface should be considered to have failed if one of the test targets fails, or all of the test targets fail.
- The number of probe attempts before the OpenVPN connection is considered to have failed.

- The amount of time that the device should wait for a response to a probe attempt before considering it to have failed.

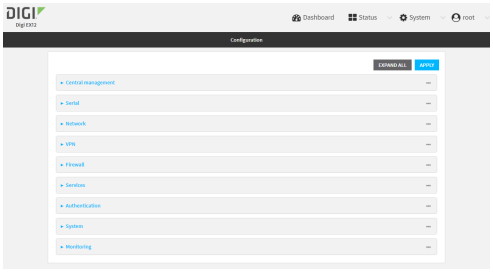
To configure the EX12 device to regularly probe the OpenVPN connection:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



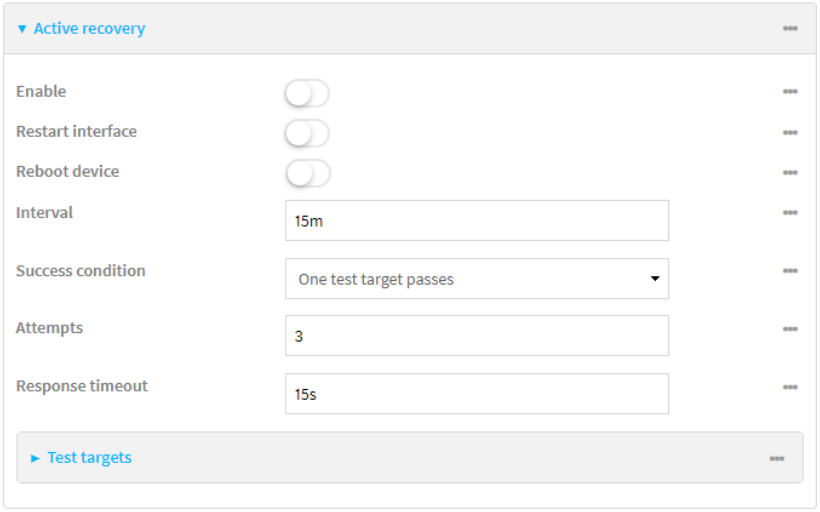
3. Click **VPN** > **OpenVPN** > **Clients**.
4. Create a new OpenVPN client or select an existing one:
   - To create a new OpenVPN client, see Configure an OpenVPN client by using an .ovpn file or Configure an OpenVPN client without using an .ovpn file.
   - To edit an existing OpenVPN client, click to expand the appropriate client.

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5. After creating or selecting the OpenVPN client, click **Active recovery**.



6. **Enable** active recovery.
7. For **Restart interface**, enable to configure the device to restart the interface when its connection is considered to have failed. This is useful for interfaces that may regain connectivity after restarting, such as a cellular modem.
8. For **Reboot device**, enable to instruct the device to reboot when the WAN connection is considered to have failed.
9. Change the **Interval** between connectivity tests.

   Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

   For example, to set **Interval** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

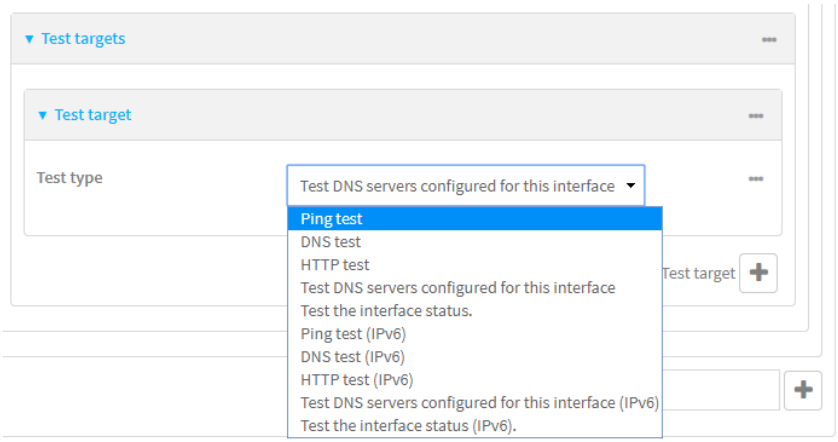
   The default is 15 minutes.
10. For **Success condition**, determine whether the interface should fail over based on the failure of one of the test targets, or all of the test targets.
11. For **Attempts**, type the number of probe attempts before the WAN is considered to have failed.
12. For **Response timeout**, type the amount of time that the device should wait for a response to a probe attempt before considering it to have failed.

    Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

    For example, to set **Response timeout** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

    The default is 15 seconds.

13. Add a test target:
    a. Click to expand **Test targets**.



    b. For **Add Test target**, click ✚.
    c. Select the **Test type**:
        - **Ping test** or **Ping test (IPv6)**: Tests connectivity by sending an ICMP echo request to the hostname or IP address specified in **Ping host**. You can also optionally change the number of bytes in the **Ping payload size**.
        - **DNS test** or **DNS test (IPv6)**: Tests connectivity by sending a DNS query to the specified **DNS server**.
        - **HTTP test HTTP test (IPv6)**: Tests connectivity by sending an HTTP or HTTPS GET request to the URL specified in **Web servers**. The URL should take the format of **http[s]://*hostname*/[*path*]**.
        - **Test DNS servers configured for this interface** or **Test DNS servers configured for this interface (IPv6)**: Tests connectivity by sending a DNS query to the DNS servers configured for this interface.
        - **Test the interface status** or **Test the interface status IPv6**: The interface is considered to be down based on:
            - **Down time**: The amount of time that the interface can be down before this test is considered to have failed.

              Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

              For example, to set **Down time** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

              The default is 60 seconds.
            - **Initial connection time**: The amount of time to wait for an initial connection to the interface before this test is considered to have failed.

              Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

              For example, to set **Initial connection time** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

              The default is 60 seconds.

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TS-TL-DGI-087

14. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Create a new OpenVPN client, or edit an existing one:
   - To create a new OpenVPN client, see Configure an OpenVPN client by using an .ovpn file or Configure an OpenVPN client without using an .ovpn file.
   - To edit an existing OpenVPN client, change to the OpenVPN client's node in the configuration schema. For example, for an OpenVPN client named **openvpn_client1**, change to the **openvpn_client1** node in the configuration schema:

```
(config)> vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1)>
```

4. Enable active recovery:

```
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1)> connection_monitor enable true
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1)>
```

5. To configure the device to restart the interface when its connection is considered to have failed:

```
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1)> connection_monitor restart
true
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1)>
```

   This is useful for interfaces that may regain connectivity after restarting, such as a cellular modem.
6. To configure the device to reboot when the interface is considered to have failed:

```
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1)> connection_monitor reboot
enable
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1)>
```

7. Set the **Interval** between connectivity tests:

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```
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1)> connection_monitor interval
value
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1)>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

For example, to set **interval** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1)> connection_monitor interval
600s
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1)>
```

The default is 15 minutes.

8. Determine whether the interface should fail over based on the failure of one of the test targets, or all of the test targets:

```
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1)> connection_monitor success_
condition value
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1)>
```

Where *value* is either **one** or **all**.

9. Set the number of probe attempts before the WAN is considered to have failed:

```
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1)> connection_monitor attempts
num
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1)>
```

The default is **3**.

10. Set the amount of time that the device should wait for a response to a probe attempt before considering it to have failed:

```
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1)> connection_monitor timeout
value
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1)>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

For example, to set **timeout** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1)> connection_monitor interval
600s
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1)>
```

The default is 15 seconds.

11. Configure test targets:
    a. Add a test target:

```
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1)> add connection_monitor
target end
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1 connection_monitor target 0)>
```


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TS-TL-DGI-087

b. Set the test type:

```
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1 connection_monitor target 0)>
test value
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1 connection_monitor target 0)>
```

where *value* is one of:

- **ping** (IPv4) or **ping6** (IPv6): Tests connectivity by sending an ICMP echo request to a specified hostname or IP address.
  - Specify the hostname or IP address by using **ping_host** or **ping_host6**:

    ```
    (config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1 connection_monitor
    target 0)> ping_host host
    (config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1 connection_monitor
    target 0)>
    ```

  - (Optional) Set the size, in bytes, of the ping packet by using **ping_size** or **ping_size6**:

    ```
    (config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1 connection_monitor
    target 0)> ping_size [num]
    (config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1 connection_monitor
    target 0)>
    ```

- **dns** (IPv4) or **dns6** (IPv6): Tests connectivity by sending a DNS query to the specified DNS server.
  - Specify the DNS server. Allowed value is the IP address of the DNS server.

    ```
    (config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1 connection_monitor
    target 0)> dns_server ip_address
    (config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1 connection_monitor
    target 0)>
    ```

- **dns_configured** (IPv4) or **dns_configured6** (IPv6): Tests connectivity by sending a DNS query to the DNS servers configured for this interface.
- **http** (IPv4) or **http6** (IPv6): Tests connectivity by sending an HTTP or HTTPS GET request to the specified URL.
  - Specify the url. Allowed value uses the format **http[s]://*hostname*/[*path*]**.

    ```
    (config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1 connection_monitor
    target 0)> http_url url
    (config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1 connection_monitor
    target 0)>
    ```

- **interface_up** (IPv4) or **interface_up6** (IPv6): : The interface is considered to be down based on the interfaces down time, and the amount of time an initial connection to the interface takes before this test is considered to have failed.
  - (Optional) Set the amount of time that the interface can be down before this test is considered to have failed:

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```
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1 connection_monitor
target 0)> interface_down_time value
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1 connection_monitor
target 0)>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w**|**d**|**h**|**m**|**s**}.

For example, to set **interface_down_time** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config openvpn client openvpn_client1 connection_monitor
target 0)> interface_down_time 600s
(config openvpn client openvpn_client1 connection_monitor
target 0)>
```

The default is 60 seconds.

- (Optional) Set the amount of time to wait for an initial connection to the interface before this test is considered to have failed:

```
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1 connection_monitor
target 0)> interface_timeout value
(config vpn openvpn client openvpn_client1 connection_monitor
target 0)>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w**|**d**|**h**|**m**|**s**}.

For example, to set **interface_timeout** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config network interface my_wwan ipv4 connection_monitor
target 0)> interface_timeout 600s
(config network interface my_wwan ipv4 connection_monitor
target 0)>
```

The default is 60 seconds.

12. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config openvpn client openvpn_client1 connection_monitor target 0)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

13. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Show OpenVPN server status and statistics

You can view status and statistics for OpenVPN servers from either the web interface or the command line:

WebUI

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1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. On the menu, select **Status** > **OpenVPN** > **Servers**.

   The **OpenVPN Servers** page appears.
3. To view configuration details about an OpenVPN server, click the (configuration) icon in the upper right of the OpenVPN server's status pane.

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. To display details about all configured OpenVPN servers, type the following at the prompt:

```
> show openvpn server all

Server           Enable  Type  Zone      Address          Port
---------------  ------  ----  --------  ---------------  ----
OpenVPN_server1  true    tun   internal  192.168.30.1/24  1194
OpenVPN_server2  false   tun   internal  192.168.40.1/24  1194

>
```

3. To display details about a specific server:

```
> show openvpn server name OpenVPN_server1

Server                  : OpenVPN_server1
Enable                  : true
Type                    : tun
Zone                    : internal
Address                 : 192.168.30.1/24
Port                    : 1194
Use File                : true
Metric                  : 0
Protocol                : udp
First IP                : 80
Last IP                 : 99

>
```

4. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Show OpenVPN client status and statistics

You can view status and statistics for OpenVPN clients from either web interface or the command line:

WebUI

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1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. On the menu, select **Status** > **OpenVPN** > **Clients**.

   The **OpenVPN Clients** page appears.
3. To view configuration details about an OpenVPN client, click the (configuration) icon in the upper right of the OpenVPN client's status pane.

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. To display details about all configured OpenVPN clients, type the following at the prompt:

```
> show openvpn client all

 Client           Enable  Status     Username  Use File  Zone
 ---------------  ------  -------    --------  --------  --------
 OpenVPN_Client1  true    connected            true      internal
 OpenVPN_Client2  true    pending            true      internal

>
```

3. To display details about a specific server:

```
> show openvpn client name OpenVPN_client1
```

4. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE)

Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) is an IP packet encapsulation protocol that allow for networks and routes to be advertized from one network device to another. You can use GRE to encapsulate a wide variety of network layer protocols inside virtual point-to-point links over an IP network.

Configuring a GRE tunnel

Configuring a GRE tunnel involves the following items:

Required configuration items

- A GRE loopback endpoint interface.
- GRE tunnel configuration:
  - Enable the GRE tunnel.

    The GRE tunnels are enabled by default.
  - The local endpoint interface.
  - The IP address of the remote device/peer.

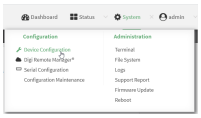
Additional configuration items

- A GRE key.
- Enable the device to respond to keepalive packets.

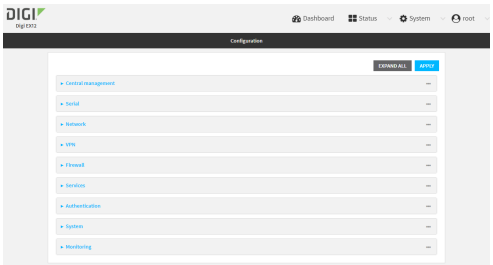
Task One: Create a GRE loopback endpoint interface

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



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3. Click **Network** > **Interfaces**.
4. For **Add Interface**, type a name for the GRE loopback endpoint interface and click **+**.
5. **Enable** the interface.

   New interfaces are enabled by default. To disable, or to enable if it has been disabled, click **Enable**.
6. For **Interface type**, select **Ethernet**.
7. For **Zone**, select **Internal**.
8. For **Device**, select **Ethernet: Loopback**.
9. Click to expand **IPv4**.
10. For **Address**, enter the IP address and subnet mask of the local GRE endpoint, for example **10.10.1.1/24**.
11. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Add the GRE endpoint interface. For example, to add an interface named **gre_endpoint**:

```
(config)> add network interface gre_interface
(config network interface gre_interface)>
```

4. Set the interface zone to **internal**:

```
(config network interface gre_interface)> zone internal
(config network interface gre_interface)>
```

5. Set the interface device to **loopback**:

```
(config network interface gre_interface)> device /network/device/loopback
(config network interface gre_interface)>
```

6. Set the IP address and subnet mask of the local GRE endpoint. For example, to set the local GRE endpoint's IP address and subnet mask to **10.10.1.1/24:**

```
(config network interface gre_interface)> ipv4 address 10.10.1.1/24
(config network interface gre_interface)>
```


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7. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config network interface gre_interface)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

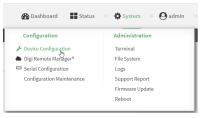
8. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

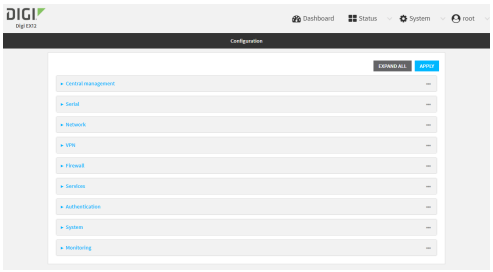
Task Two: Configure the GRE tunnel

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



   The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **VPN** > **IP Tunnels**.
4. For **Add IP tunnel**, type a name for the GRE tunnel and click **+**.
5. **Enable** the tunnel.

   New tunnels are enabled by default. To disable, or to enable if it has been disabled, click **Enable**.
6. For **Local endpoint**, select the GRE endpoint interface created in Task One.
7. For **Remote endpoint**, type the IP address of the GRE endpoint on the remote peer.
8. (Optional) For **Key**, enter a key that will be inserted in GRE packets created by this tunnel. It must match the key set by the remote endpoint. Allowed value is an interger between 0 and 4294967295, or an IP address.
9. (Optional) **Enable keepalive reply** to enable the device to reply to Cisco GRE keepalive packets.
10. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.

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Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Add the GRE endpoint tunnel. For example, to add a tunnel named **gre_example**:

```
(config)> add vpn iptunnel gre_example
(config vpn iptunnel gre_example)>
```

   GRE tunnels are enabled by default. To disable:

```
(config vpn iptunnel gre_example)> enable false
(config vpn iptunnel gre_example)>
```

4. Set the local endpoint to the GRE endpoint interface created in Task One, for example:

```
(config vpn iptunnel gre_example)> local /network/interface/gre_endpoint
(config vpn iptunnel gre_example)>
```

5. Set the IP address of the GRE endpoint on the remote peer:

```
(config vpn iptunnel gre_example)> remote ip_address
(config vpn iptunnel gre_example)>
```

6. (Optional) Set a key that will be inserted in GRE packets created by this tunnel.

   The key must match the key set by the remote endpoint.

```
(config vpn iptunnel gre_example)> key value
(config vpn iptunnel gre_example)>
```

   where value is an interger between 0 and 4294967295, or an IP address.

7. (Optional) Enable the device to reply to Cisco GRE keepalive packets:

```
(config vpn iptunnel gre_example)> keepalive true
(config vpn iptunnel gre_example)>
```

8. Save the configuration and apply the change:

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```
(config vpn iptunnel gre_example)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

9. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Show GRE tunnels

To view information about currently configured GRE tunnels:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. On the menu, click **Status** > **IP tunnels**.

   The **IP Tunnels**page appears.
3. To view configuration details about a GRE tunnel, click the (configuration) icon in the upper right of the tunnel's status pane.

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Use the **show vpn iptunnel** command:

```
(config)> show vpn iptunnel
gre_tunnel
        enable true
        keepalive false
        no key
        local /network/interface/gre_endpoint
        remote 172.168.1.2
        type gre
(config)>
```

4. Type **cancel** to exit configuration mode:

```
(config)> cancel
>
```

5. Type exit to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Example: GRE tunnel over an IPSec tunnel

The EX12 device can be configured as an advertised set of routes through an IPSec tunnel. This allows you to leverage the dynamic route advertisement of GRE tunnels through a secured IPSec tunnel.

The example configuration provides instructions for configuring the EX12 device with a GRE tunnel through IPsec.



EX12-1 configuration tasks

1. Create an IPsec tunnel named **ipsec_gre1** with:
   - A pre-shared key.
   - **Remote endpoint** set to the public IP address of the EX12-2 device.
   - A policy with:
     - **Local network** set to the IP address and subnet of the local GRE tunnel, **172.30.0.1/32**.
     - **Remote network** set to the IP address and subnet of the remote GRE tunnel, **172.30.0.2/32**.
2. Create an IPsec endpoint interface named **ipsec_endpoint1**:
   a. **Zone** set to **Internal**.
   b. **Device** set to **Ethernet: Loopback**.
   c. IPv4 Address set to the IP address of the local GRE tunnel, **172.30.0.1/32**.
3. Create a GRE tunnel named **gre_tunnel1**:
   a. **Local endpoint** set to the IPsec endpoint interface, **Interface: ipsec_endpoint1**.
   b. Remote endpoint set to the IP address of the GRE tunnel on EX12-2, **172.30.0.2**.
4. Create an interface named **gre_interface1** and add it to the GRE tunnel:
   a. **Zone** set to **Internal**.
   b. **Device** set to **IP tunnel: gre_tunnel1**.
   c. IPv4 Address set to a virtual IP address on the GRE tunnel, **172.31.0.1/30**.

EX12-2 configuration tasks

1. Create an IPsec tunnel named **ipsec_gre2** with:
   - The same pre-shared key as the **ipsec_gre1** tunnel on EX12-1.
   - **Remote endpoint** set to the public IP address of EX12-1.
   - A policy with:
     - **Local network** set to the IP address and subnet of the local GRE tunnel, **172.30.0.2/32**.
     - **Remote network** set to the IP address of the remote GRE tunnel, **172.30.0.1/32**.

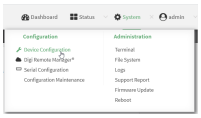
2. Create an IPsec endpoint interface named **ipsec_endpoint2**:
   a. **Zone** set to **Internal**.
   b. **Device** set to **Ethernet: Loopback**.
   c. IPv4 Address set to the IP address of the local GRE tunnel, **172.30.0.2/32**.
3. Create a GRE tunnel named **gre_tunnel2**:
   a. **Local endpoint** set to the IPsec endpoint interface, **Interface: ipsec_endpoint2**.
   b. Remote endpoint set to the IP address of the GRE tunnel on EX12-1, **172.30.0.1**.
4. Create an interface named **gre_interface2** and add it to the GRE tunnel:
   a. **Zone** set to **Internal**.
   b. **Device** set to **IP tunnel: gre_tunnel2**.
   c. IPv4 Address set to a virtual IP address on the GRE tunnel, **172.31.1.1/30**.

Configuration procedures

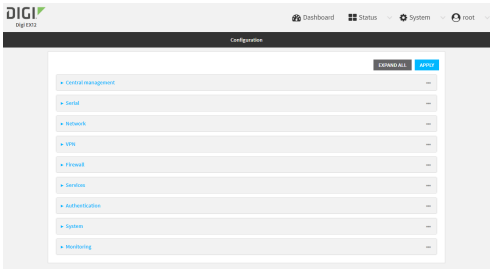
Configure the EX12-1 device
Task one: Create an IPsec tunnel

WebUI

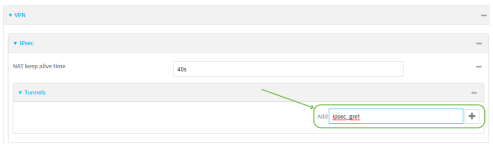
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **VPN** > **IPsec** > **Tunnels**.
4. For **Add IPsec Tunnel**, type **ipsec_gre1** and click **+**.



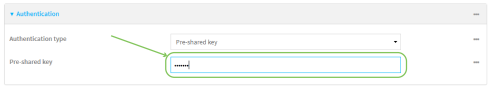
5. Click to expand **Authentication**.

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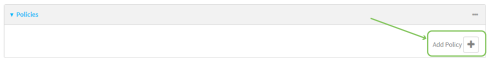
6. For **Pre-shared key**, type **testkey**.



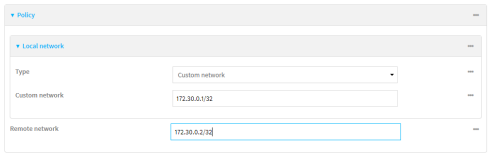
7. Click to expand **Remote endpoint**.
8. For **Hostname**, type public IP address of the EX12-2 device.



9. Click to expand **Policies**.
10. For **Add Policy**, click ✚ to add a new policy.



11. Click to expand **Local network**.
12. For **Type**, select **Custom network**.
13. For **Address**, type the IP address and subnet of the local GRE tunnel, **172.30.0.1/32**.
14. For **Remote network**, type the IP address and subnet of the remote GRE tunnel, **172.30.0.2/32**.



15. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```


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3. Add an IPsec tunnel named **ipsec_gre1**:

```
(config)> add vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre1
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre1)>
```

4. Set the pre-shared key to **testkey**:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre1)> auth secret testkey
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre1)>
```

5. Set the remote endpoint to public IP address of the EX12-2 device:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre1)> remote hostname 192.168.101.1
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre1)>
```

6. Add a policy:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre1)> add policy end
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre1 policy 0)>
```

7. Set the local network policy type to **custom**:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre1 policy 0)> local type custom
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre1 policy 0)>
```

8. Set the local network address to the IP address and subnet of the local GRE tunnel, **172.30.0.1/32**:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre1 policy 0)> local custom 172.30.0.1/32
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre1 policy 0)>
```

9. Set the remote network address to the IP address and subnet of the remote GRE tunnel, **172.30.0.2/32**:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre1 policy 0)> remote network 172.30.0.2/32
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre1 policy 0)>
```

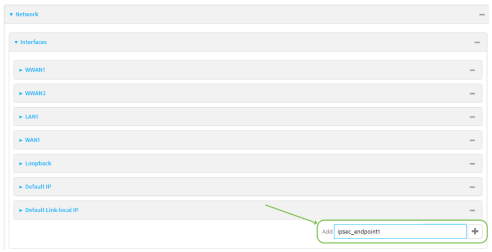
10. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre1 policy 0)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

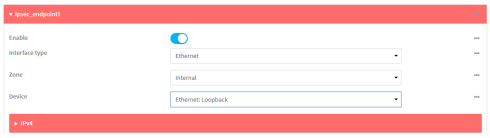
Task two: Create an IPsec endpoint interface

WebUI

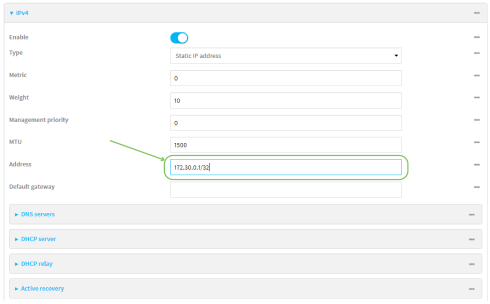
1. Click **Network** > **Interface**.
2. For **Add Interface**, type **ipsec_endpoint1** and click **+**.



3. For **Zone**, select **Internal**.
4. For **Device**, select **Ethernet: loopback**.



5. Click to expand **IPv4**.
6. For **Address**, type the IP address of the local GRE tunnel, **172.30.0.1/32**.



7. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



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Command line

1. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

2. Add an interface named **ipsec_endpoint1**:

```
(config)> add network interface ipsec_endpoint1
(config network interface ipsec_endpoint1)>
```

3. Set the zone to **internal**:

```
(config network interface ipsec_endpoint1)> zone internal
(config network interface ipsec_endpoint1)>
```

4. Set the device to **/network/device/loopback**:

```
(config network interface ipsec_endpoint1)> device /network/device/loopback
(config network interface ipsec_endpoint1)>
```

5. Set the IPv4 address to the IP address of the local GRE tunnel, **172.30.0.1/32**:

```
(config network interface ipsec_endpoint1)> ipv4 address 172.30.0.1/32
(config network interface ipsec_endpoint1)>
```

6. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_endpoint1 policy 0)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

Task three: Create a GRE tunnel

WebUI

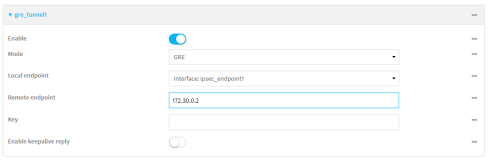
1. Click **VPN** > **IP Tunnels**.
2. For **Add IP Tunnel**, type **gre_tunnel1** and click **+**.



3. For **Local endpoint**, select the IPsec endpoint interface created in Task two (**Interface: ipsec_endpoint1**).

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4. For **Remote endpoint**, type the IP address of the GRE tunnel on EX12-2, **172.30.0.2**.



5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

2. Add a GRE tunnel named **gre_tunnel1**:

```
(config)> add vpn iptunnel gre_tunnel1
(config vpn iptunnel gre_tunnel1)>
```

3. Set the local endpoint to the IPsec endpoint interface created in Task two (**/network/interface/ipsec_endpoint1**):

```
(config vpn iptunnel gre_tunnel1)> local /network/interface/ipsec_endpoint1
(config vpn iptunnel gre_tunnel1)>
```

4. Set the remote endpoint to the IP address of the GRE tunnel on EX12-2, **172.30.0.2**:

```
(config vpn iptunnel gre_tunnel1)> remote 172.30.0.2
(config vpn iptunnel gre_tunnel1)>
```

5. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config vpn iptunnel gre_tunnel1)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```


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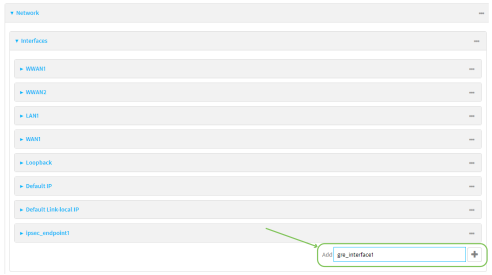
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Task four: Create an interface for the GRE tunnel device

WebUI

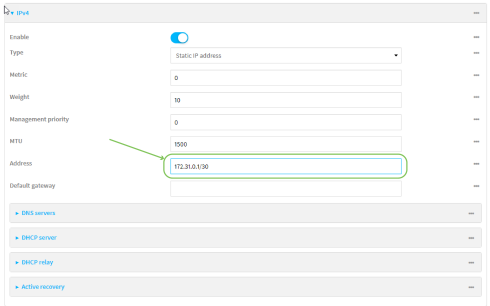
1. Click **Network** > **Interfaces**.
2. For **Add Interface**, type **gre_interface1** and click **+**.



3. For **Zone**, select **Internal**.
4. For **Device**, select the GRE tunnel created in Task three (**IP tunnel: gre_tunnel1**).



5. Click to expand **IPv4**.
6. For **Address**, type **172.31.0.1/30** for a virtual IP address on the GRE tunnel.



7. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



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Command line

1. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

2. Add an interface named **gre_interface1**:

```
(config)> add network interface gre_interface1
(config network interface gre_interface1)>
```

3. Set the zone to **internal**:

```
(config network interface gre_interface1)> zone internal
(config network interface gre_interface1)>
```

4. Set the device to the GRE tunnel created in Task three (**/vpn/iptunnel/gre_tunnel1**):

```
(config network interface gre_interface1)> device /vpn/iptunnel/gre_tunnel1
(config network interface gre_interface1)>
```

5. Set **172.31.0.1/30** as the virtual IP address on the GRE tunnel:

```
(config network interface gre_interface1)> ipv4 address 172.31.0.1/30
(config network interface gre_interface1)>
```

6. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config network interface gre_interface1)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

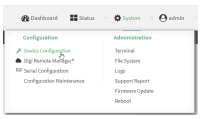
7. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Configure the EX12-2 device
Task one: Create an IPsec tunnel

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.

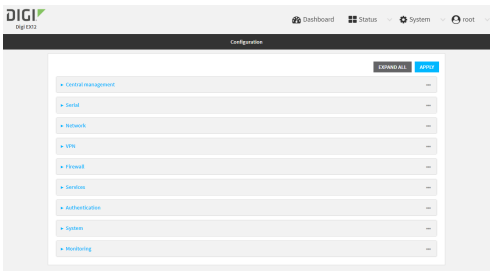


   The **Configuration** window is displayed.

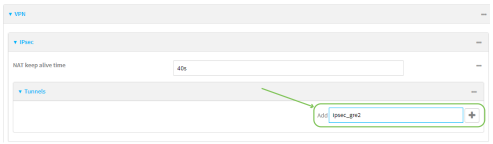
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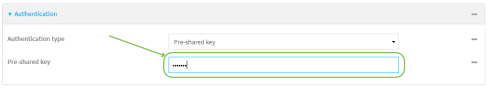
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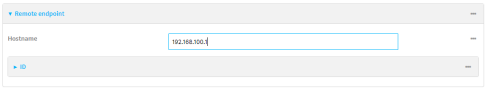
3. Click **VPN** > **IPsec** > **Tunnels**.
4. For **Add IPsec Tunnel**, type **ipsec_gre2** and click **+**.



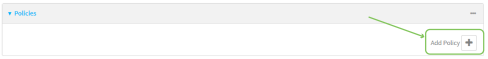
5. Click to expand **Authentication**.
6. For **Pre-shared key**, type the same pre-shared key that was configured for the EX12-1 (**testkey**).



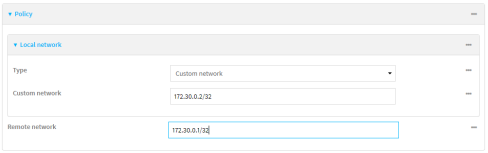
7. Click to expand **Remote endpoint**.
8. For **Hostname**, type public IP address of the EX12-1 device.



9. Click to expand **Policies**.
10. For **Add Policy**, click **+** to add a new policy.



11. Click to expand **Local network**.
12. For **Type**, select **Custom network**.
13. For **Address**, type the IP address and subnet of the local GRE tunnel, **172.30.0.2/32**.
14. For **Remote network**, type the IP address and subnet of the remote GRE tunnel, **172.30.0.1/32**.



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15. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Add an IPsec tunnel named **ipsec_gre2**:

```
(config)> add vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre2
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre2)>
```

4. Set the pre-shared key to the same pre-shared key that was configured for the EX12-1 (**testkey**):

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre2)> auth secret testkey
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre2)>
```

5. Set the remote endpoint to public IP address of the EX12-1 device:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre2)> remote hostname 192.168.100.1
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre2)>
```

6. Add a policy:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre2)> add policy end
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre2 policy 0)>
```

7. Set the local network policy type to **custom**:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre2 policy 0)> local type custom
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre2 policy 0)>
```

8. Set the local network address to the IP address and subnet of the local GRE tunnel, **172.30.0.2/32**:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre2 policy 0)> local custom 172.30.0.2/32
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre2 policy 0)>
```

9. Set the remote network address to the IP address and subnet of the remote GRE tunnel, **172.30.0.1/32**:

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```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre2 policy 0)> remote network 172.30.0.1/32
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre2 policy 0)>
```

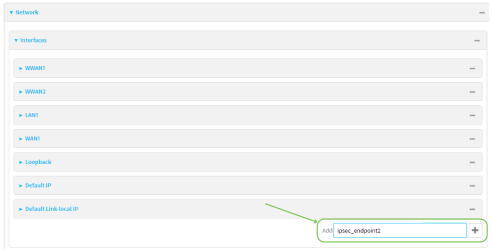
10. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_gre2 policy 0)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

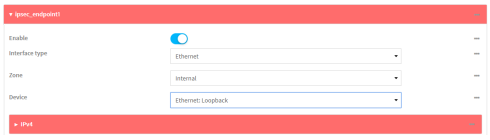
Task two: Create an IPsec endpoint interface

WebUI

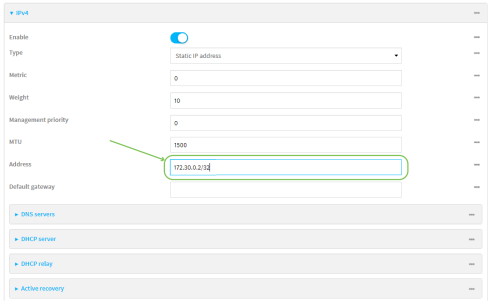
1. Click **Network** > **Interfaces**.
2. For **Add Interface**, type **ipsec_endpoint2** and click **+**.



3. For **Zone**, select **Internal**.
4. For **Device**, select **Ethernet: loopback**.



5. Click to expand **IPv4**.
6. For **Address**, type the IP address of the local GRE tunnel, **172.30.0.2/32**.



7. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.

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Command line

1. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

2. Add an interface named **ipsec_endpoint2**:

```
(config)> add network interface ipsec_endpoint2
(config network interface ipsec_endpoint2)>
```

3. Set the zone to **internal**:

```
(config network interface ipsec_endpoint2)> zone internal
(config network interface ipsec_endpoint2)>
```

4. Set the device to **/network/device/loopback**:

```
(config network interface ipsec_endpoint2)> device /network/device/loopback
(config network interface ipsec_endpoint2)>
```

5. Set the IPv4 address to the IP address of the local GRE tunnel, **172.30.0.2/32**:

```
(config network interface ipsec_endpoint2)> ipv4 address 172.30.0.2/32
(config network interface ipsec_endpoint2)>
```

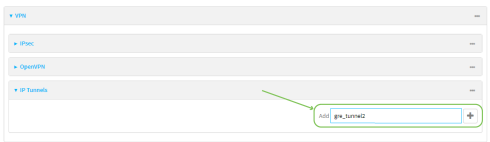
6. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config vpn ipsec tunnel ipsec_endpoint2)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

Task three: Create a GRE tunnel

WebUI

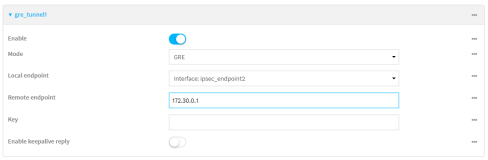
1. Click **VPN** > **IP Tunnels**.
2. For **Add IP Tunnel**, type **gre_tunnel2** and click **+**.



3. For **Local endpoint**, select the IPsec endpoint interface created in Task two (**Interface: ipsec_endpoint2**).

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4. For **Remote endpoint**, type the IP address of the GRE tunnel on EX12-1, **172.30.0.1**.



5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

2. Add a GRE tunnel named **gre_tunnel2**:

```
(config)> add vpn iptunnel gre_tunnel2
(config vpn iptunnel gre_tunnel2)>
```

3. Set the local endpoint to the IPsec endpoint interface created in Task two (**/network/interface/ipsec_endpoint2**):

```
(config vpn iptunnel gre_tunnel2)> local /network/interface/ipsec_endpoint2
(config vpn iptunnel gre_tunnel2)>
```

4. Set the remote endpoint to the IP address of the GRE tunnel on EX12-1, **172.30.0.1**:

```
(config vpn iptunnel gre_tunnel2)> remote 172.30.0.1
(config vpn iptunnel gre_tunnel2)>
```

5. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config vpn iptunnel gre_tunnel2)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

Task four: Create an interface for the GRE tunnel device

WebUI

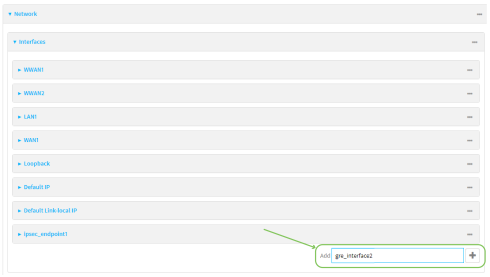
1. Click **Network** > **Interfaces**.

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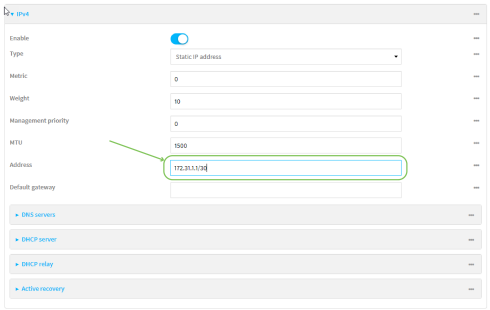
2. For **Add Interface**, type **gre_interface2** and click **+**.



3. For **Zone**, select **Internal**.
4. For **Device**, select the GRE tunnel created in Task three (**IP tunnel: gre_tunnel2**).



5. Click to expand **IPv4**.
6. For **Address**, type **172.31.1.1/30** for a virtual IP address on the GRE tunnel.



7. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```


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2. Add an interface named **gre_interface2**:

```
(config)> add network interface gre_interface2
(config network interface gre_interface2)>
```

3. Set the zone to **internal**:

```
(config network interface gre_interface2)> zone internal
(config network interface gre_interface2)>
```

4. Set the device to the GRE tunnel created in Task three (**/vpn/iptunnel/gre_tunnel2**):

```
(config network interface gre_interface2)> device /vpn/iptunnel/gre_tunnel2
(config network interface gre_interface2)>
```

5. Set **172.31.0.1/30** as the virtual IP address on the GRE tunnel:

```
(config network interface gre_interface2)> ipv4 address 172.31.1.1/30
(config network interface gre_interface2)>
```

6. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config network interface gre_interface2)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

7. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Services

This chapter contains the following topics:

Allow remote access for web administration and SSH 286
Configure the web administration service 289
Configure SSH access 296
Use SSH with key authentication 302
Configure telnet access 305
Configure DNS 310
Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) 317
System time 323
Configure the system time 323
Network Time Protocol 326
Configure the device as an NTP server 326
Configure a multicast route 332
Enable service discovery (mDNS) 335
Use the iPerf service 338

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Allow remote access for web administration and SSH

By default, only devices connected to the EX12's LAN have access to the device via web administration and SSH. To enable these services for access from remote devices:

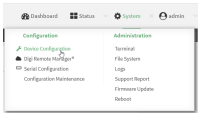
- The EX12 device must have a publicly reachable IP address.
- The **External** firewall zone must be added to the web administration or SSH service. See Firewall configuration for information on zones.
- See Set the idle timeout for EX12 users for information about setting the inactivity timeout for the web administration and SSH services.

To allow web administration or SSH for the External firewall zone:

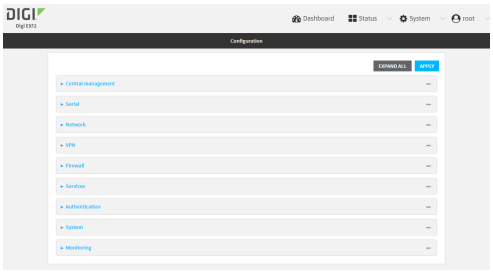
Add the External firewall zone to the web administration service

WebUI

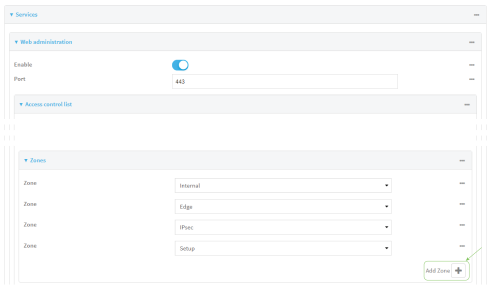
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.

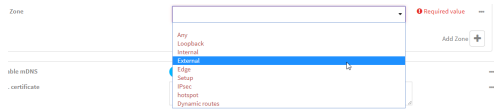


3. Click **Services** > **Web administration** > **Access Control List** > **Zones**.
4. For **Add Zone**, click ✚.



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5. Select **External**.



6. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Add the external zone to the web administration service:

```
(config)> add service web_admin acl zone end external
(config)>
```

4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

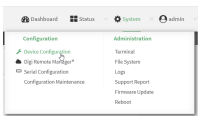
5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Add the External firewall zone to the SSH service

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



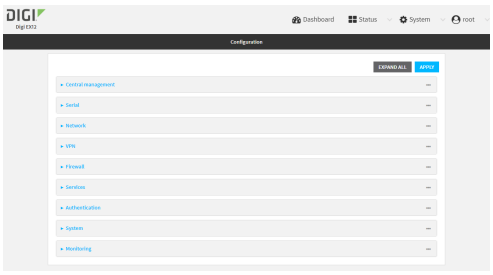
   The **Configuration** window is displayed.

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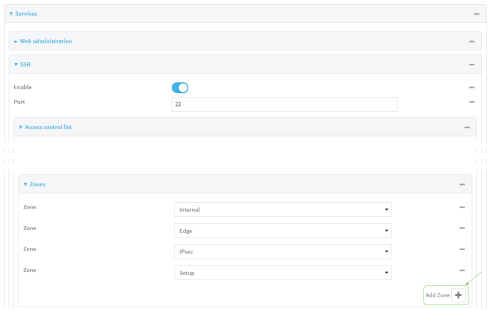
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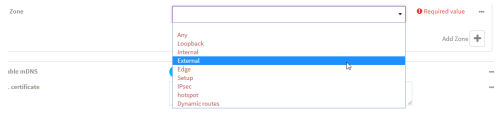
Services	*Allow remote access for web administration and SSH*



3. Click **Configuration** > **Services** > **SSH** > **Access Control List** > **Zones**.
4. For **Add Zone**, click ✚.



5. Select **External**.



6. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



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Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Add the **External** zone to the SSH service:

```
(config)> add service ssh acl zone end external
(config)>
```

4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Configure the web administration service

The web administration service allows you to monitor and configure the EX12 device by using the WebUI, a browser-based interface.

By default, the web administration service is enabled and uses the standard HTTPS port, 443. The default access control for the service uses the **Internal** firewall zone, which means that only devices connected to the EX12's LAN can access the WebUI. If this configuration is sufficient for your needs, no further configuration is required. See Allow remote access for web administration and SSH for information about configuring the web administration service to allow access from remote devices.

Required configuration items

- The web administration service is enabled by default.
- Configure access control for the service.

Additional configuration items

- Port to use for web administration service communication.
- Multicast DNS (mDNS) support.
- An SSL certificate to use for communications with the service.
- Support for legacy encryption protocols.

See Set the idle timeout for EX12 users for information about setting the inactivity timeout for the web administration services.

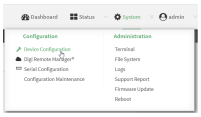
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Enable or disable the web administration service

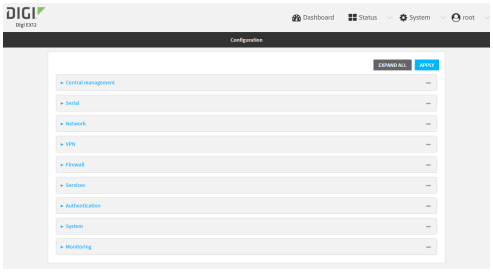
The web administration service is enabled by default. To disable the service, or enable it if it has been disabled:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Services** > **Web administration**.
4. Click **Enable**.
5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Enable or disable the web administration service:
   - To enable the service:

```
(config)> service web_admin enable true
(config)>
```


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- To disable the sevice:

```
(config)> service web_admin enable false
(config)>
```

4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

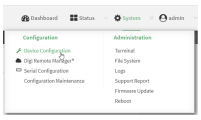
5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

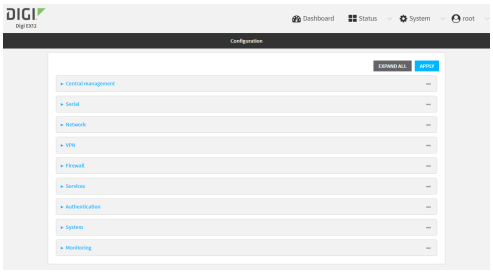
Configure the service

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



   The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Services** > **Web administration**.
4. (Optional) For **Port**, enter the port number for the service. Normally this should not be changed.
5. Click **Access control list** to configure access control:
   - To limit access to specified IPv4 addresses and networks:
     a. Click **IPv4 Addresses**.
     b. For **Add Address**, click ✚.
     c. For **Address**, enter the IPv4 address or network that can access the device's web administration service. Allowed values are:
        - A single IP address or host name.
        - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 192.168.1.0/24.
        - **any**: No limit to IPv4 addresses that can access the web administration service.

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d. Click ✚ again to list additional IP addresses or networks.

- To limit access to specified IPv6 addresses and networks:
  a. Click **IPv6 Addresses**.
  b. For **Add Address**, click ✚.
  c. For **Address**, enter the IPv6 address or network that can access the device's web administration service. Allowed values are:
     - A single IP address or host name.
     - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 2001:db8::/48.
     - **any**: No limit to IPv6 addresses that can access the web administration service.
  d. Click ✚ again to list additional IP addresses or networks.
- To limit access to hosts connected through a specified interface on the EX12 device:
  a. Click **Interfaces**.
  b. For **Add Interface**, click ✚.
  c. For **Interface**, select the appropriate interface from the dropdown.
  d. Click ✚ again to allow access through additional interfaces.
- To limit access based on firewall zones:
  a. Click **Zones**.
  b. For **Add Zone**, click ✚.
  c. For **Zone**, select the appropriate firewall zone from the dropdown.
     See Firewall configuration for information about firewall zones.
  d. Click ✚ again to allow access through additional firewall zones.

6. Multicast DNS (mDNS) is enabled by default. mDNS is a protocol that resolves host names in small networks that do not have a DNS server. To disable mDNS, or enable it if it has been disabled, click **Enable mDNS**.
7. For **SSL certificate**, if you have your own signed SSL certificate, type the certificate and private key in PEM format. If **SSL certificate** is blank, the device will use an automatically-generated, self-signed certificate.
8. For **Allow legacy encryption protocols**, enable this option to allow clients to connect to the HTTPS session by using encryption protocols older than TLS 1.2, in addition to TLS 1.2 and later protocols. This option is disabled by default, which means that only TLS 1.2 and later encryption protocols are allowed with HTTPS connections.
9. **View** is set to **Auto** by default and normally should not be changed.
10. **Legacy port redirection** is used to redirect client HTTP requests to the HTTPS service. Legacy port redirection is enabled by default, and normally these settings should not be changed. To disable legacy port redirection, click to expand **Legacy port redirection** and deselect **Enable**.
11. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

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1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Configure access control:
   - To limit access to specified IPv4 addresses and networks:

```
(config)> add service web_admin acl address end value
(config)>
```

     Where *value* can be:
     - A single IP address or host name.
     - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 192.168.1.0/24.
     - **any**: No limit to IPv4 addresses that can access the web administratrion service.

     Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.
   - To limit access to specified IPv6 addresses and networks:

```
(config)> add service web_admin acl address6 end value
(config)>
```

     Where *value* can be:
     - A single IP address or host name.
     - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 2001:db8::/48.
     - **any**: No limit to IPv6 addresses that can access the web administratrion service.

     Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.
   - To limit access to hosts connected through a specified interface on the EX12 device:

```
(config)> add service web_admin acl interface end value
(config)>
```

     Where *value* is an interface defined on your device.

     Display a list of available interfaces:

     Use **... network interface ?** to display interface information:

```
(config)> ... network interface ?

Interfaces

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------
 defaultip                 Default IP
 defaultlinklocal          Default Link-local IP
 eth1                      ETH1
```


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```
 eth2                    ETH2
 loopback                Loopback
 modem                   Modem
(config)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional interfaces.

- To limit access based on firewall zones:

```
(config)> add service web_admin acl zone end value
```

Where *value* is a firewall zone defined on your device, or the **any** keyword.

Display a list of available firewall zones:

Type **... firewall zone ?** at the config prompt:

```
(config)> ... firewall zone ?

Zones: A list of groups of network interfaces that can be
referred to by packet
filtering rules and access control lists.

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------------------------
----------------------
  any
  dynamic_routes
  edge
  external
  internal
  ipsec
  loopback
  setup

(config)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional firewall zones.

4. (Optional) If you have your own signed SSL certificate, set the certificate and private key in PEM format. If not set, the device will use an automatically-generated key.

```
(config)> service web_admin cert cert.pem
(config)>
```

5. (Optional) Configure Multicast DNS (mDNS):

mDNS is a protocol that resolves host names in small networks that do not have a DNS server. mDNS is enabled by default. To disable mDNS, or enable it if it has been disabled:

- To enable the mDNS protocol:

```
(config)> service web_admin mdns enable true
(config>
```

- To disable the mDNS protocl:

```
(config)> service web_admin mdns enable false
(config)>
```

6. (Optional) Set the port number for this service.

   The default setting of 443 normally should not be changed.

```
(config)> service web_admin port 444
(config)>
```

7. (Optional) Configure the device to allow legacy encryption protocols.

   Legacy encryption protocols allow clients to connect to the HTTPS session by using encryption protocols older than TLS 1.2, in addition to TLS 1.2 and later protocols. This option is disabled by default, which means that only TLS 1.2 and later encryption protocols are allowed with HTTPS connections.

   To enable legacy encryption protocols:

```
(config)> service web_admin legacy_encryption true
(config)>
```

8. (Optional) Disable legacy port redirection.

   Legacy port redirection is used to redirect client HTTP requests to the HTTPS service. Legacy port redirection is enabled by default, and normally these settings should not be changed.

   To disable legacy port redirection:

```
(config)> service web_admin legacy enable false
(config)>
```

9. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

10. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Configure SSH access

The EX12's default configuration has SSH access enabled, and allows SSH access to the device from authorized users within the **Internal** firewall zone. If this configuration is sufficient for your needs, no further configuration is required. See Allow remote access for web administration and SSH for information about configuring the SSH service to allow access from remote devices.

Required configuration items

- Enable SSH access.
- Configure access control for the SSH service.

Additional configuration items

- Port to use for communications with the SSH service.
- Multicast DNS (mDNS) support.
- A private key to use for communications with the SSH service.

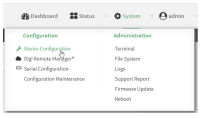
See Set the idle timeout for EX12 users for information about setting the inactivity timeout for the SSH service.

Enable or disable the SSH service

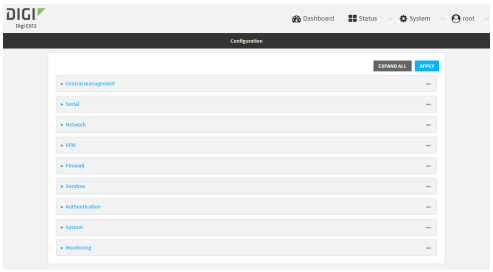
The SSH service is enabled by default. To disable the service, or enable it if it has been disabled:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Services** > **SSH**.
4. Click **Enable**.

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5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Enable or disable the SSH service:
   - To enable the service:

```
(config)> service ssh enable true
(config)>
```

   - To disable the sevice:

```
(config)> service ssh enable false
(config)>
```

4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

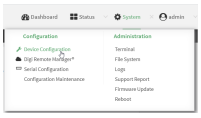
5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Configure the service

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.

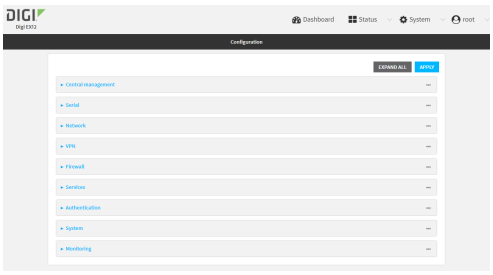


The **Configuration** window is displayed.

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3. Click **Services** > **SSH**.
4. (Optional) For **Port**, enter the port number for the service. Normally this should not be changed.
5. Click **Access control list** to configure access control:
   - To limit access to specified IPv4 addresses and networks:
     a. Click **IPv4 Addresses**.
     b. For **Add Address**, click ✚.
     c. For **Address**, enter the IPv4 address or network that can access the device's SSH service. Allowed values are:
        - A single IP address or host name.
        - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 192.168.1.0/24.
        - **any**: No limit to IPv4 addresses that can access the SSH service.
     d. Click ✚ again to list additional IP addresses or networks.
   - To limit access to specified IPv6 addresses and networks:
     a. Click **IPv6 Addresses**.
     b. For **Add Address**, click ✚.
     c. For **Address**, enter the IPv6 address or network that can access the device's SSH service. Allowed values are:
        - A single IP address or host name.
        - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 2001:db8::/48.
        - **any**: No limit to IPv6 addresses that can access the SSH service.
     d. Click ✚ again to list additional IP addresses or networks.
   - To limit access to hosts connected through a specified interface on the EX12 device:
     a. Click **Interfaces**.
     b. For **Add Interface**, click ✚.
     c. For **Interface**, select the appropriate interface from the dropdown.
     d. Click ✚ again to allow access through additional interfaces.
   - To limit access based on firewall zones:
     a. Click **Zones**.
     b. For **Add Zone**, click ✚.
     c. For **Zone**, select the appropriate firewall zone from the dropdown.
     See Firewall configuration for information about firewall zones.

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TS-TL-DGI-087

d. Click ✚ again to allow access through additional firewall zones.

6. Multicast DNS (mDNS) is enabled by default. mDNS is a protocol that resolves host names in small networks that do not have a DNS server. To disable mDNS, or enable it if it has been disabled, click **Enable mDNS**.
7. For **Private key**, type the private key in PEM format. If **Private key** is blank, the device will use an automatically-generated key.
8. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Configure access control:
   - To limit access to specified IPv4 addresses and networks:

```
(config)> add service ssh acl address end value
(config)>
```

     Where *value* can be:
     - A single IP address or host name.
     - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 192.168.1.0/24.
     - **any**: No limit to IPv4 addresses that can access the SSH service.

     Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.
   - To limit access to specified IPv6 addresses and networks:

```
(config)> add service ssh acl address6 end value
(config)>
```

     Where *value* can be:
     - A single IP address or host name.
     - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 2001:db8::/48.
     - **any**: No limit to IPv6 addresses that can access the SSH service.

     Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.

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- To limit access to hosts connected through a specified interface on the EX12 device:

```
(config)> add service ssh acl interface end value
(config)>
```

Where *value* is an interface defined on your device.

Display a list of available interfaces:

Use **... network interface ?** to display interface information:

```
(config)> ... network interface ?

Interfaces

 Additional Configuration
 ----------------------------------------
 defaultip                 Default IP
 defaultlinklocal          Default Link-local IP
 eth1                      ETH1
 eth2                      ETH2
 loopback                  Loopback
 modem                     Modem
(config)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional interfaces.

- To limit access based on firewall zones:

```
(config)> add service ssh acl zone end value
```

Where *value* is a firewall zone defined on your device, or the **any** keyword.

Display a list of available firewall zones:

Type **... firewall zone ?** at the config prompt:

```
(config)> ... firewall zone ?

Zones: A list of groups of network interfaces that can be
referred to by packet
filtering rules and access control lists.

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------------------------
----------------------
  any
  dynamic_routes
  edge
  external
  internal
  ipsec
  loopback
  setup
```


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```
(config)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional firewall zones.

4. (Optional) Set the private key in PEM format. If not set, the device will use an automatically-generated key.

```
(config)> service ssh key key.pem
(config)>
```

5. (Optional) Configure Multicast DNS (mDNS)

mDNS is a protocol that resolves host names in small networks that do not have a DNS server. mDNS is enabled by default. To disable mDNS, or enable it if it has been disabled:

- To enable the mDNS protocol:

```
(config)> service ssh mdns enable true
(config>
```

- To disable the mDNS protocl:

```
(config)> service ssh mdns enable false
(config)>
```

6. (Optional) Set the port number for this service.

The default setting of 22 normally should not be changed.

```
(config)> service ssh port 24
(config)>
```

7. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

8. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Use SSH with key authentication

Rather than using passwords, you can use SSH keys to authenticate users connecting via SSH, SFTP, or SCP. SSH keys provide security and scalability:

- **Security**: Using SSH keys for authentication is more secure than using passwords. Unlike a password that can be guessed by an unauthorized user, SSH key pairs provide more sophisticated security. A public key configured on the EX12 device is paired with a private key on the user's PC. The private key, once generated, remains on the user's PC.
- **Scalability**: SSH keys can be used on more than one EX12 device.

Generating SSH key pairs

On a Microsoft Windows PC, you can generate SSH key pairs using a terminal emulator application, such as **PuTTY** or **Tera Term**.

On a Linux host, an SSH key pair is usually created automatically in the user's **.ssh** directory. The private and public keys are named **id_rsa** and **id_rsa.pub**. If you need to generate an SSH key pair, you can use the **ssh-keygen** application.

For example, the following entry generates an RSA key pair in the user's **.ssh** directory:

```
ssh-keygen -t rsa -f ~/.ssh/id_rsa
```

The private key file is named **id_rsa** and the public key file is named **id_rsa.pub**. (The **.pub** extension is automatically appended to the name specified for the private key output file.)

Required configuration items

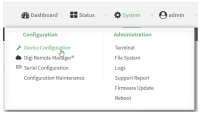
- Name for the user
- SSH public key for the user

Additional configuration items

- If you want to access the EX12 device using SSH over a WAN interface, configure the access control list for the SSH service to allow SSH access for the **External** firewall zone.

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.

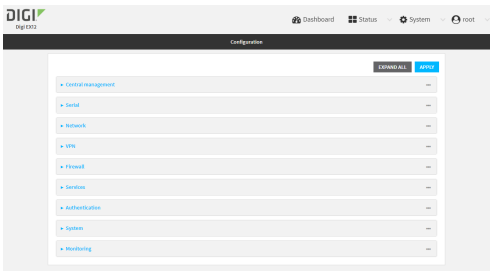


The **Configuration** window is displayed.

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TS-TL-DGI-087



3. Click **Authentication** > **Users**.
4. Select an existing user or create a new user. See User authentication for information about creating a new user.
5. Click **SSH keys**.
6. In **Add SSH key**, enter a name for the SSH key and click ✚.
7. Enter the public SSH key by pasting or typing a public encryption key that this user can use for passwordless SSH login.
8. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

You can add configure passwordless SSH login for an existing user or include the support when creating a new user. See User authentication for information about creating a new user. These instructions assume an existing user named **temp_user**.

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Add an SSH key for the user by using the ssh_key command and pasting or typing a public encryption key:

```
(config)> add auth user maria ssh_key key_name key
(config)>
```

   where:

   - *key_name* is a name for the key.
   - *key* is a public SSH key, which you can enter by pasting or typing a public encryption key that this user can use for passwordless SSH login

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4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Configure telnet access

By default, the telnet service is disabled.

Note Telnet is an insecure protocol and should only be used for backward-compatibility reasons, and only if the network connection is otherwise secured.

Required configuration items

- Enable telnet access.
- Configure access control for the telnet service.

Additional configuration items

- Port to use for communications with the telnet service.
- Multicast DNS (mDNS) support.

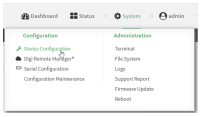
See Set the idle timeout for EX12 users for information about setting the inactivity timeout for the telnet service.

Enable the telnet service

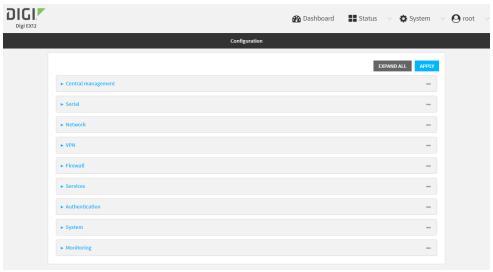
The telnet service is disabled by default. To enable the service:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Services** > **telnet**.
4. Click **Enable**.

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5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Enable the telnet service:

```
(config)> service telnet enable true
(config)>
```

4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

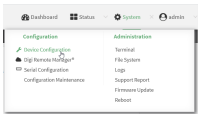
5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Configure the service

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.

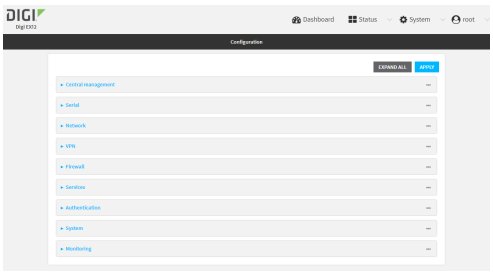


   The **Configuration** window is displayed.

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3. Click **Services** > **telnet**.
4. (Optional) For **Port**, enter the port number for the service. Normally this should not be changed.
5. Click **Access control list** to configure access control:
   - To limit access to specified IPv4 addresses and networks:
     a. Click **IPv4 Addresses**.
     b. For **Add Address**, click ✚.
     c. For **Address**, enter the IPv4 address or network that can access the device's telnet service. Allowed values are:
        - A single IP address or host name.
        - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 192.168.1.0/24.
        - **any**: No limit to IPv4 addresses that can access the telnet service.
     d. Click ✚ again to list additional IP addresses or networks.
   - To limit access to specified IPv6 addresses and networks:
     a. Click **IPv6 Addresses**.
     b. For **Add Address**, click ✚.
     c. For **Address**, enter the IPv6 address or network that can access the device's telnet service. Allowed values are:
        - A single IP address or host name.
        - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 2001:db8::/48.
        - **any**: No limit to IPv6 addresses that can access the telnet service.
     d. Click ✚ again to list additional IP addresses or networks.
   - To limit access to hosts connected through a specified interface on the EX12 device:
     a. Click **Interfaces**.
     b. For **Add Interface**, click ✚.
     c. For **Interface**, select the appropriate interface from the dropdown.
     d. Click ✚ again to allow access through additional interfaces.
   - To limit access based on firewall zones:
     a. Click **Zones**.
     b. For **Add Zone**, click ✚.
     c. For **Zone**, select the appropriate firewall zone from the dropdown.
     See Firewall configuration for information about firewall zones.

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TS-TL-DGI-087

d. Click ✚ again to allow access through additional firewall zones.

6. Multicast DNS (mDNS) is disabled by default. mDNS is a protocol that resolves host names in small networks that do not have a DNS server. To enable mDNS, click **Enable mDNS**.
7. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Configure access control:
   - To limit access to specified IPv4 addresses and networks:

```
(config)> add service telnet acl address end value
(config)>
```

     Where *value* can be:
     - A single IP address or host name.
     - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 192.168.1.0/24.
     - **any**: No limit to IPv4 addresses that can access the telnet service.

     Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.
   - To limit access to specified IPv6 addresses and networks:

```
(config)> add service telnet acl address6 end value
(config)>
```

     Where *value* can be:
     - A single IP address or host name.
     - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 2001:db8::/48.
     - **any**: No limit to IPv6 addresses that can access the telnet service.

     Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.
   - To limit access to hosts connected through a specified interface on the EX12 device:

```
(config)> add service telnet acl interface end value
(config)>
```

     Where *value* is an interface defined on your device.

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Display a list of available interfaces:

Use **... network interface ?** to display interface information:

```
(config)> ... network interface ?

Interfaces

 Additional Configuration
 ----------------------------------------
 defaultip                 Default IP
 defaultlinklocal          Default Link-local IP
 eth1                      ETH1
 eth2                      ETH2
 loopback                  Loopback
 modem                     Modem
(config)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional interfaces.

- To limit access based on firewall zones:

```
(config)> add service telnet acl zone end value
```

Where *value* is a firewall zone defined on your device, or the **any** keyword.

Display a list of available firewall zones:

Type **... firewall zone ?** at the config prompt:

```
(config)> ... firewall zone ?

Zones: A list of groups of network interfaces that can be
referred to by packet
filtering rules and access control lists.

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------------------------
----------------------
  any
  dynamic_routes
  edge
  external
  internal
  ipsec
  loopback
  setup

(config)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional firewall zones.

4. (Optional) Configure Multicast DNS (mDNS)

mDNS is a protocol that resolves host names in small networks that do not have a DNS server. mDNS is disabled by default. To enable:

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```
(config)> service telnet mdns enable true
(config>
```

5. (Optional) Set the port number for this service.

   The default setting of 23 normally should not be changed.

```
(config)> service telnet port 25
(config)>
```

6. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

7. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Configure DNS

The EX12 device includes a caching DNS server which forwards queries to the DNS servers that are associated with the network interfaces, and caches the results. This server is used within the device, and cannot be disabled. Use the access control list to restrict external access to this server.

Required configuration items

- Configure access control for the DNS service.

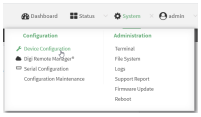
Additional configuration items

- Whether the device should cache negative responses.
- Whether the device should always perform DNS queries to all available DNS servers.
- Whether to prevent upstream DNS servers from returning private IP addresses.
- Additional DNS servers, in addition to the ones associated with the device's network interfaces.
- Specific host names and their IP addresses.

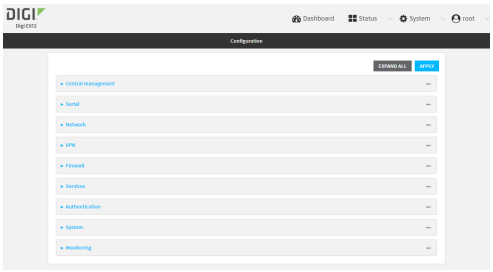
To configure the DNS server:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Services** > **DNS**.
4. Click **Access control list** to configure access control:
   - To limit access to specified IPv4 addresses and networks:
     a. Click **IPv4 Addresses**.
     b. For **Add Address**, click ✚.
     c. For **Address**, enter the IPv4 address or network that can access the device's DNS service. Allowed values are:
        - A single IP address or host name.
        - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 192.168.1.0/24.
        - **any**: No limit to IPv4 addresses that can access the DNS service.
     d. Click ✚ again to list additional IP addresses or networks.
   - To limit access to specified IPv6 addresses and networks:
     a. Click **IPv6 Addresses**.
     b. For **Add Address**, click ✚.
     c. For **Address**, enter the IPv6 address or network that can access the device's DNS service. Allowed values are:
        - A single IP address or host name.
        - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 2001:db8::/48.
        - **any**: No limit to IPv6 addresses that can access the DNS service.
     d. Click ✚ again to list additional IP addresses or networks.

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- To limit access to hosts connected through a specified interface on the EX12 device:
  a. Click **Interfaces**.
  b. For **Add Interface**, click ✚.
  c. For **Interface**, select the appropriate interface from the dropdown.
  d. Click ✚ again to allow access through additional interfaces.
- To limit access based on firewall zones:
  a. Click **Zones**.
  b. For **Add Zone**, click ✚.
  c. For **Zone**, select the appropriate firewall zone from the dropdown.
  See Firewall configuration for information about firewall zones.
  d. Click ✚ again to allow access through additional firewall zones.

5. (Optional) **Cache negative responses** is enabled by default. Disabling this option may improve performance on networks with transient DNS results, when one or more DNS servers may have positive results. To disable, click **Cache negative responses**.
6. (Optional) **Query all servers** is enabled by default. This option is useful when only some DNS servers will be able to resolve hostnames. To disable, click **Query all servers**.
7. (Optional) **Rebind protection**, if enabled, prevents upstream DNS servers from returning private IP addresses. To enable, click **Rebind protection**.
8. (Optional) **Allow localhost rebinding** is enabled by default if **Rebind protection** is enabled. This is useful for Real-time Black List (RBL) servers.
9. (Optional) To add additional DNS servers:
   a. Click **DNS servers**.
   b. For **Add Server**, click ✚.
   c. (Optional) Enter a label for the DNS server.
   d. For **DNS server**, enter the IP address of the DNS server.
   e. **Domain** restricts the device's use of this DNS server based on the domain. If no domain are listed, then all queries may be sent to this server.
10. (Optional) To add host names and their IP addresses that the device's DNS server will resolve:
    a. Click **Additional DNS hostnames**.
    b. For **Add Host**, click ✚.
    c. Type the **IP address** of the host.
    d. For **Name**, type the hostname.
11. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

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TS-TL-DGI-087

Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Configure access control:
   - To limit access to specified IPv4 addresses and networks:

     ```
     (config)> add service dns acl address end value
     (config)>
     ```

     Where *value* can be:
     - A single IP address or host name.
     - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 192.168.1.0/24.
     - **any**: No limit to IPv4 addresses that can access the DNS service.

     Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.
   - To limit access to specified IPv6 addresses and networks:

     ```
     (config)> add service dns acl address6 end value
     (config)>
     ```

     Where *value* can be:
     - A single IP address or host name.
     - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 2001:db8::/48.
     - **any**: No limit to IPv6 addresses that can access the DNS service.

     Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.
   - To limit access to hosts connected through a specified interface on the EX12 device:

     ```
     (config)> add service dns acl interface end value
     (config)>
     ```

     Where *value* is an interface defined on your device.

     Display a list of available interfaces:

     Use **... network interface ?** to display interface information:

     ```
     (config)> ... network interface ?

     Interfaces

      Additional Configuration
      ------------------------------------------
      defaultip                 Default IP
      defaultlinklocal          Default Link-local IP
      eth1                      ETH1
      eth2                      ETH2
     ```


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```
 loopback                  Loopback
 modem                     Modem
(config)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional interfaces.

- To limit access based on firewall zones:

```
(config)> add service dns acl zone end value
```

Where *value* is a firewall zone defined on your device, or the **any** keyword.

Display a list of available firewall zones:

Type **... firewall zone ?** at the config prompt:

```
(config)> ... firewall zone ?

Zones: A list of groups of network interfaces that can be
referred to by packet
filtering rules and access control lists.

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------------------------
----------------------
  any
  dynamic_routes
  edge
  external
  internal
  ipsec
  loopback
  setup

(config)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional firewall zones.

4. (Optional) Cache negative responses

   By default, the device's DNS server caches negative responses. Disabling this option may improve performance on networks with transient DNS results, when one or more DNS servers may have positive results. To disable:

```
(config)> service dns cache_negative_responses false
(config>
```

5. (Optional) Query all servers

   By default, the device's DNS server queries all available DNS servers. Disabling this option may improve performance on networks with transient DNS results, when one or more DNS servers may have positive results. To disable:

```
(config)> service dns query_all_servers false
(config>
```


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6. (Optional) Rebind protection

   By default, rebind protection is disabled. If enabled, this prevents upstream DNS servers from returning private IP addresses. To enable:

```
(config)> service dns stop_dns_rebind false
(config)>
```

7. (Optional) Allow localhost rebinding

   By default, localhost rebinding is enabled by default if rebind protection is enabled. This is useful for Real-time Black List (RBL) servers. To disable:

```
(config)> service dns rebind_localhost_ok false
(config)>
```

8. (Optional) Add additional DNS servers
   a. Add a DNS server:

```
(config)> add service dns server end
(config service dns server 0)>
```

   b. Set the IP address of the DNS server:

```
(config service dns server 0)> address ip-addr
(config service dns server 0)>
```

   c. To restrict the device's use of this DNS server based on the domain, use the **domain** command. If no domain are listed, then all queries may be sent to this server.

```
(config service dns server 0)> domain domain
(config service dns server 0)>
```

   d. (Optional) Set a label for this DNS server:

```
(config service dns server 0)> label label
(config service dns server 0)>
```

9. (Optional) Add host names and their IP addresses that the device's DNS server will resolve
   a. Add a host:

```
(config)> add service dns host end
(config service dns host 0)>
```

   b. Set the IP address of the host:

```
(config service dns host 0)> address ip-addr
(config service dns host 0)>
```

   c. Set the host name:

```
(config service dns host 0)> name host-name
(config service dns host 0)>
```


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TS-TL-DGI-087

10. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

11. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is a protocol for remotely managing and monitoring network devices. Network administrators can use the SNMP architecture to manage nodes, including servers, workstations, routers, switches, hubs, and other equipment on an IP network, manage network performance, find and solve network problems, and plan for network growth.

The EX12 device supports SNMPv3, read-only mode. SNMPv1 and v2 are not supported.

SNMP Security

By default, the EX12 device automatically blocks SNMP packets from being received over WAN and LAN interfaces. As a result, if you want a EX12 device to receive SNMP packets, you must configure the SNMP access control list to allow the device to receive the packets. See Configure Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP).

Configure Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)

Required configuration items

- Enable SNMP.
- Firewall configuration using access control to allow remote connections to the SNMP agent.
- The user name and password used to connect to the SNMP agent.

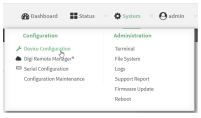
Additional configuration items

- The port used by the SNMP agent.
- Authentication type (either MD5 or SHA).
- Privacy protocol (either DES or AES).
- Privacy passphrase, if different that the SNMP user password.
- Enable Multicast DNS (mDNS) support.

To configure the SNMP agent on your EX12 device:

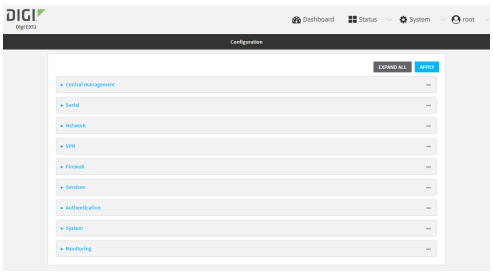
WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.

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3. Click **Services** > **SNMP**.
4. Click **Enable**.
5. Click **Access control list** to configure access control:
   - To limit access to specified IPv4 addresses and networks:
     a. Click **IPv4 Addresses**.
     b. For **Add Address**, click ✚.
     c. For **Address**, enter the IPv4 address or network that can access the device's SNMP agent. Allowed values are:
        - A single IP address or host name.
        - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 192.168.1.0/24.
        - **any**: No limit to IPv4 addresses that can access the SNMP agent.
     d. Click ✚ again to list additional IP addresses or networks.
   - To limit access to specified IPv6 addresses and networks:
     a. Click **IPv6 Addresses**.
     b. For **Add Address**, click ✚.
     c. For **Address**, enter the IPv6 address or network that can access the device's SNMP agent. Allowed values are:
        - A single IP address or host name.
        - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 2001:db8::/48.
        - **any**: No limit to IPv6 addresses that can access the SNMP agent.
     d. Click ✚ again to list additional IP addresses or networks.
   - To limit access to hosts connected through a specified interface on the EX12 device:
     a. Click **Interfaces**.
     b. For **Add Interface**, click ✚.
     c. For **Interface**, select the appropriate interface from the dropdown.
     d. Click ✚ again to allow access through additional interfaces.
   - To limit access based on firewall zones:
     a. Click **Zones**.
     b. For **Add Zone**, click ✚.
     c. For **Zone**, select the appropriate firewall zone from the dropdown.
        See Firewall configuration for information about firewall zones.
     d. Click ✚ again to allow access through additional firewall zones.

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6. Type the **Username** used to connect to the SNMP agent.
7. Type the **Password** used to connect to the SNMP agent.
8. (Optional) For **Port**, type the port number. The default is **161**.
9. (Optional) Multicast DNS (mDNS) is disabled by default. mDNS is a protocol that resolves host names in small networks that do not have a DNS server. To enable mDNS, click **Enable mDNS**.
10. (Optional) Select the **Authentication type**, either **MD5** or **SHA**. The default is **MD5**.
11. (Optional) Type the **Privacy passphrase**. If not set, the password, entered above, is used.
12. (Optional) Select the **Privacy protocol**, either **DES** or **AES**. The default is **DES**.
13. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Enable the SNMP agent:

```
(config)> service snmp enable true
(config)>
```

4. Configure access control:
   - To limit access to specified IPv4 addresses and networks:

```
(config)> add service snmp acl address end value
(config)>
```

     Where *value* can be:
     - A single IP address or host name.
     - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 192.168.1.0/24.
     - **any**: No limit to IPv4 addresses that can access the SNMP service.

     Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.
   - To limit access to specified IPv6 addresses and networks:

```
(config)> add service snmp acl address6 end value
(config)>
```

     Where *value* can be:

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- A single IP address or host name.
- A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 2001:db8::/48.
- **any**: No limit to IPv6 addresses that can access the SNMP service.

Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.

- To limit access to hosts connected through a specified interface on the EX12 device:

```
(config)> add service snmp acl interface end value
(config)>
```

Where *value* is an interface defined on your device.

Display a list of available interfaces:

Use **... network interface ?** to display interface information:

```
(config)> ... network interface ?

Interfaces

 Additional Configuration
 ----------------------------------------
 defaultip                Default IP
 defaultlinklocal         Default Link-local IP
 eth1                     ETH1
 eth2                     ETH2
 loopback                 Loopback
 modem                    Modem
(config)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional interfaces.

- To limit access based on firewall zones:

```
(config)> add service snmp acl zone end value
```

Where *value* is a firewall zone defined on your device, or the **any** keyword.

Display a list of available firewall zones:

Type **... firewall zone ?** at the config prompt:

```
(config)> ... firewall zone ?

Zones: A list of groups of network interfaces that can be
referred to by packet
filtering rules and access control lists.

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------------------------
----------------------
  any
  dynamic_routes
  edge
```


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```
  external
  internal
  ipsec
  loopback
  setup

(config)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional firewall zones.

5. Set the name of the user that will be used to connect to the SNMP agent.

```
(config)> service snmp username name
(config)>
```

6. Set the password for the user that will be used to connect to the SNMP agent:

```
(config)> service snmp password pwd
(config)>
```

7. (Optional) Set the port number for the SNMP agent. The default is **161**.

```
(config)> service snmp port port
(config)>
```

8. (Optional) Configure Multicast DNS (mDNS)

   mDNS is a protocol that resolves host names in small networks that do not have a DNS server. For the SNMP agent, mDNS is disabled by default. To enable:

```
(config)> service snmp mdns enable true
(config>
```

9. (Optional) Set the authentication type. Allowed values are **MD5** or **SHA**. The default is **MD5**.

```
(config)> service snmp auth_type SHA
(config)>
```

10. (Optional) Set the privacy passphrase. If not set, the password, entered above, is used.

```
(config)> service snmp privacy pwd
(config)>
```

11. (Optional) Set the privacy protocol, either **DES** or **AES**. The default is **DES**.

```
(config)> service snmp privacy_protocol AES
(config)>
```

12. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```


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13. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Download MIBs

This procedure is available from the WebUI only.

Required configuration items

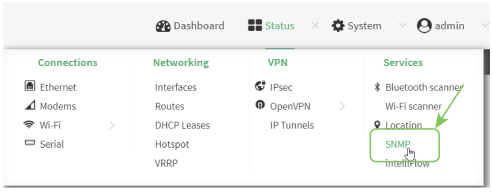
- Enable SNMP.

To download a .zip archive of the SNMP MIBs supported by this device:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. Enable SNMP.

   See Configure Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) for information about enabling and configuring SNMP support on the EX12 device.
3. On the main menu, click **Status**. Under **Services**, click **SNMP**.



   The **SNMP** page is displayed.



4. Click **Download**.

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TS-TL-DGI-087

System time

By default, the EX12 device synchronizes the system time by periodically connecting to the Digi NTP server, **time.devicecloud.com**. In this mode, the device queries the time server based on following events and schedule:

- At boot time.
- Once a day.

The default configuration has the system time zone set to UTC. No additional configuration is required for the system time if the default configuration is sufficient. However, you can change the default time zone and the default NTP server, as well as configuring additional NTP servers. If multiple servers are configured, a number of time samples are obtained from each of the servers and a subset of the NTP clock filter and selection algorithms are applied to select the best of these. See Configure the system time for details about changing the default configuration.

The EX12 device can also be configured to use Network Time Protocol (NTP). In this configuration, the device serves as an NTP server, providing NTP services to downstream devices. See Network Time Protocol for more information about NTP server support.

Configure the system time

This procedure is optional.

The EX12 device's default system time configuration uses the Digi NTP server, **time.devicecloud.com**, and has the time zone set to **UTC**. You can change the default NTP server and the default time zone, as well as configuring additional NTP servers.

Required Configuration Items

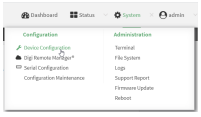
- The time zone for the EX12 device.
- At least one upstream NTP server for synchronization.

Additional Configuration Options

- Additional upstream NTP servers.

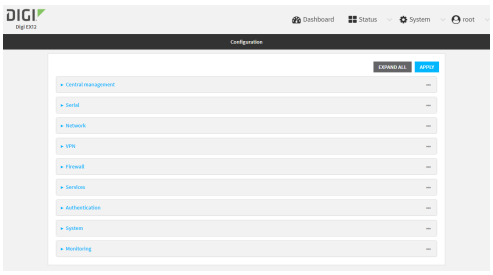
WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.

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3. Click **System** > **Time**
4. (Optional) Select the **Timezone** for the location of your EX12 device.
5. (Optional) Add upstream NTP servers that the device will use to synchronize its time. The default setting is **time.devicecloud.com**.
   - To change the default value of the NTP server:
     a. Click **NTP servers**.
     b. For **Server**, type a new server name.
   - To add an NTP server:
     a. Click **NTP servers**.
     b. For **Add Server**, click ✚.
     c. For **Server**, enter the hostname of the upstream NTP server that the device will use to synchronize its time.
     d. Click ✚ to add additional NTP servers. If multiple servers are included, servers are tried in the order listed until one succeeds.

Note This list is synchronized with the list of servers included with NTP server configuration, and changes made to one will be reflected in the other. See Configure the device as an NTP server for more information about NTP server configuration.

6. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. (Optional) Set the timezone for the location of your EX12 device. The default is **UTC**.

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```
(config)> system time timezone value
(config)>
```

Where *value* is the timezone using the format specified with the following command:

```
(config)> system time timezone ?

Timezone: The timezone for the location of this device. This is used to
adjust the time for log
messages. It also affects actions that occur at a specific time of day.
Format:
  Africa/Abidjan
  Africa/Accra
  Africa/Addis_Ababa
  ...

(config)>
```

4. (Optional) Add an upstream NTP server that the device will use to synchronize its time to the appropriate location in the list of NTP servers. The default setting is **time.devicecloud.com**.
   - To delete the default NTP server, **time.devicecloud.com**:

     ```
     (config)> del service ntp server 0
     ```

   - To add the NTP server to the beginning of the list, use the index value of **0** to indicate that it should be added as the first server:

     ```
     (config)> add service ntp server 0 time.server.com
     (config)>
     ```

   - To add the NTP server to the end of the list, use the index keyword **end**:

     ```
     (config)> add service ntp server end time.server.com
     (config)>
     ```

   - To add the NTP server in another location in the list, use an index value to indicate the appropriate position. For example:

     ```
     (config)> add service ntp server 1 time.server.com
     (config)>
     ```

Note This list is synchronized with the list of servers included with NTP server configuration, and changes made to one will be reflected in the other. See Configure the device as an NTP server for more information about NTP server configuration.

5. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```


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6. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Network Time Protocol

Network Time Protocol (NTP) enables devices connected on local and worldwide networks to synchronize their internal software and hardware clocks to the same time source. The EX12 device can be configured as an NTP server, allowing downstream hosts that are attached to the device's Local Area Networks to synchronize with the device.

When the device is configured as an NTP server, it also functions as an NTP client. The NTP client will be consistently synchronized with one or more upstream NTP servers, which means that NTP packets are transferred every few seconds. A minimum of one upstream NTP server is required. Additional NTP servers can be configured. If multiple servers are configured, a number of time samples are obtained from each of the servers and a subset of the NTP clock filter and selection algorithms are applied to select the best of these.

See Configure the device as an NTP server for information about configuring your device as an NTP server.

Configure the device as an NTP server

Required Configuration Items

- Enable the NTP service.
- At least one upstream NTP server for synchronization. The default setting is the Digi NTP server, **time.devicecloud.com**.

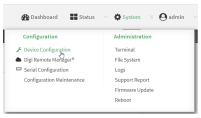
Additional Configuration Options

- Additional upstream NTP servers.
- Access control list to limit downstream access to the EX12 device's NTP service.
- The time zone setting, if the default setting of UTC is not appropriate.

To configure the EX12 device's NTP service:

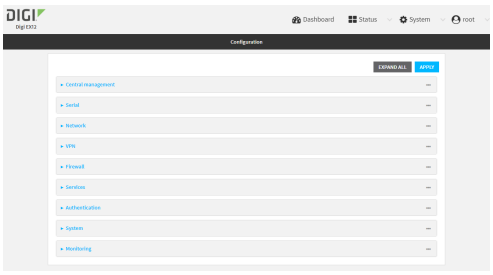
WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



   The **Configuration** window is displayed.

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3. Click **Services** > **NTP**.
4. Enable the EX12 device's NTP service by clicking **Enable**.
5. (Optional) Configure the access control list to limit downstream access to the EX12 device's NTP service.
   - To limit access to specified IPv4 addresses and networks:
     a. Click **IPv4 Addresses**.
     b. For **Add Address**, click ✚.
     c. For **Address**, enter the IPv4 address or network that can access the device's NTP service. Allowed values are:
        - A single IP address or host name.
        - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 192.168.1.0/24.
        - **any**: No limit to IPv4 addresses that can access the NTP service.
     d. Click ✚ again to list additional IP addresses or networks.
   - To limit access to specified IPv6 addresses and networks:
     a. Click **IPv6 Addresses**.
     b. For **Add Address**, click ✚.
     c. For **Address**, enter the IPv6 address or network that can access the device's NTP service. Allowed values are:
        - A single IP address or host name.
        - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 2001:db8::/48.
        - **any**: No limit to IPv6 addresses that can access the NTP service.
     d. Click ✚ again to list additional IP addresses or networks.
   - To limit access to hosts connected through a specified interface on the EX12 device:
     a. Click **Interfaces**.
     b. For **Add Interface**, click ✚.
     c. For **Interface**, select the appropriate interface from the dropdown.
     d. Click ✚ again to allow access through additional interfaces.
   - To limit access based on firewall zones:
     a. Click **Zones**.
     b. For **Add Zone**, click ✚.
     c. For **Zone**, select the appropriate firewall zone from the dropdown.
     See Firewall configuration for information about firewall zones.

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d. Click ✚ again to allow access through additional firewall zones.

Note By default, the access control list for the NTP service is empty, which means that all downstream hosts connected to the EX12 device can use the NTP service.

6. (Optional) Add upstream NTP servers that the device will use to synchronize its time. The default setting is **time.devicecloud.com**.
   - To change the default value of the NTP server:
     a. Click **NTP servers**.
     b. For **Server**, type a new server name.
   - To add an NTP server:
     a. Click **NTP servers**.
     b. For **Add Server**, click ✚.
     c. For **Server**, enter the hostname of the upstream NTP server that the device will use to synchronize its time.
     d. Click ✚ to add additional NTP servers. If multiple servers are included, servers are tried in the order listed until one succeeds.

Note This list is synchronized with the list of servers included with NTP client configuration, and changes made to one will be reflected in the other. See Configure the system time for more information about NTP client configuration.

7. (Optional) Configure the system time zone. The default is **UTC**.
   a. Click **System** > **Time**
   b. Select the **Timezone** for the location of your EX12 device.
8. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.
   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Enable the NTP service:

```
(config)> service NTP enable true
(config)>
```

4. (Optional) Add an upstream NTP server that the device will use to synchronize its time to the

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appropriate location in the list of NTP servers. The default setting is **time.devicecloud.com**.

- To delete the default NTP server, **time.devicecloud.com**:

```
(config)> del service ntp server 0
```

- To add the NTP server to the beginning of the list, use the index value of **0** to indicate that it should be added as the first server:

```
(config)> add service ntp server 0 time.server.com
(config)>
```

- To add the NTP server to the end of the list, use the index keyword **end**:

```
(config)> add service ntp server end time.server.com
(config)>
```

- To add the NTP server in another location in the list, use an index value to indicate the appropriate position. For example:

```
(config)> add service ntp server 1 time.server.com
(config)>
```

Note This list is synchronized with the list of servers included with NTP client configuration, and changes made to one will be reflected in the other. See Configure the system time for more information about NTP client configuration.

5. (Optional) Configure the access control list to limit downstream access to the EX12 device's NTP service.
   - To limit access to specified IPv4 addresses and networks:

```
(config)> add service ntp acl address end value
(config)>
```

     Where *value* can be:
     - A single IP address or host name.
     - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 192.168.1.0/24.
     - **any**: No limit to IPv4 addresses that can access the NTP server agent.

     Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.
   - To limit access to specified IPv6 addresses and networks:

```
(config)> add service ntp acl address6 end value
(config)>
```

     Where *value* can be:
     - A single IP address or host name.
     - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 2001:db8::/48.
     - **any**: No limit to IPv6 addresses that can access the NTP server agent.

     Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.

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- To limit access to hosts connected through a specified interface on the EX12 device:

```
(config)> add service ntp acl interface end value
(config)>
```

Where *value* is an interface defined on your device.

Display a list of available interfaces:

Use **... network interface ?** to display interface information:

```
(config)> ... network interface ?

Interfaces

 Additional Configuration
 ----------------------------------------
 defaultip                 Default IP
 defaultlinklocal          Default Link-local IP
 eth1                      ETH1
 eth2                      ETH2
 loopback                  Loopback
 modem                     Modem
(config)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional interfaces.

- To limit access based on firewall zones:

```
(config)> add service ntp acl zone end value
```

Where *value* is a firewall zone defined on your device, or the **any** keyword.

Display a list of available firewall zones:

Type **... firewall zone ?** at the config prompt:

```
(config)> ... firewall zone ?

Zones: A list of groups of network interfaces that can be
referred to by packet
filtering rules and access control lists.

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------------------------
----------------------
  any
  dynamic_routes
  edge
  external
  internal
  ipsec
  loopback
  setup
```


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```
(config)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional firewall zones.

Note By default, the access control list for the NTP service is empty, which means that all downstream hosts connected to the EX12 device can use the NTP service.

6. (Optional) Set the timezone for the location of your EX12 device. The default is **UTC**.

```
(config)> system time timezone value
(config)>
```

Where *value* is the timezone using the format specified with the following command:

```
(config)> system time timezone ?

Timezone: The timezone for the location of this device. This is used to
adjust the time for log
messages. It also affects actions that occur at a specific time of day.
Format:
  Africa/Abidjan
  Africa/Accra
  Africa/Addis_Ababa
  ...

(config)>
```

7. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

8. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

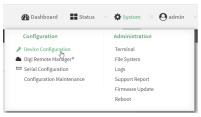
Configure a multicast route

Multicast routing allows a device to transmit data to a single multicast address, which is then distributed to a group of devices that are configured to be members of that group.

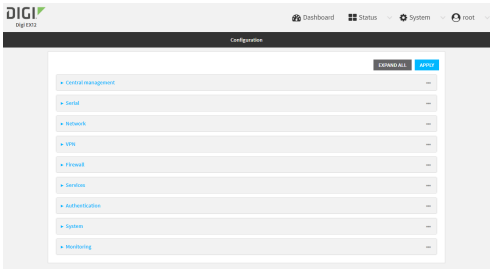
To configure a multicast route:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Services** > **Multicast**.
4. For **Add Multicast route**, type a name for the route and click ✚.
5. The new route is enabled by default. To disable, uncheck **Enable**.
6. Type the **Source address** for the route. This must be a multicast IP address between 224.0.0.1 and 239.255.255.255.
7. Type the **Source port**. Ensure the port is not used by another protocol.
8. Select a **Source interface** where multicast packets will arrive.
9. Select a **Destination interface** that the EX12 device will use to send mutlicast packets.
10. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

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2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Add the multicast route. For example, to add a route named **test**:

```
(config)> add service multicast test
(config service multicast test)>
```

4. The multicast route is enabled by default. If it has been disabled, enable the route:

```
(config service multicast test)> enable true
(config service multicast test)>
```

5. Set the source address for the route. This must be a multicast IP address between 224.0.0.1 and 239.255.255.255.

```
(config service multicast test)> dst ip-address
(config service multicast test)>
```

6. Set the source port for the route. Ensure the port is not used by another protocol.

```
(config service multicast test)> port port
(config service multicast test)>
```

7. Set the source interface for the route where multicast packets will arrive:
   a. Use the **?** to determine available interfaces:

```
(config service multicast test)> src_interface ?

Source interface: Where the multicast packets will arrive. IP routes do
not have an effect in the incoming stream.
Format:
  /network/interface/defaultip
  /network/interface/defaultlinklocal
  /network/interface/eth1
  /network/interface/eth2
  /network/interface/loopback
Current value:

(config service multicast test)> src_interface
```

   b. Set the interface. For example:

```
(config service multicast test)> src_interface /network/interface/eth2
(config service multicast test)>
```

8. Set the destination interface that the EX12 device will use to send mutlicast packets.

```
(config service multicast test)> interface interface
(config service multicast test)>
```


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a. Use the **?** to determine available interfaces:

```
(config service multicast test)> interface ?

Destination interface: Which interface to send the multicast packets.
Format:
  /network/interface/defaultip
  /network/interface/defaultlinklocal
  /network/interface/eth1
  /network/interface/eth2
  /network/interface/loopback
Current value:

(config service multicast test)> interface
```

b. Set the interface. For example:

```
(config service multicast test)> interface /network/interface/eth2
(config service multicast test)>
```

9. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

10. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

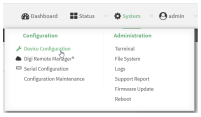
    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Enable service discovery (mDNS)

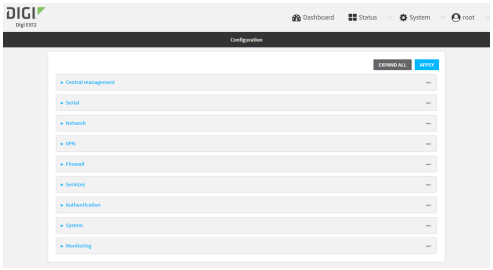
Multicast DNS mDNS is a protocol that resolves host names in small networks that do not have a DNS server. You can enable the EX12 device to use mDNS.

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Services** > **Service Discovery (mDNS)**.
4. **Enable** the mDNS service.
5. Click **Access control list** to configure access control:
   - To limit access to specified IPv4 addresses and networks:
     a. Click **IPv4 Addresses**.
     b. For **Add Address**, click ✚.
     c. For **Address**, enter the IPv4 address or network that can access the device's mDNS service. Allowed values are:
        - A single IP address or host name.
        - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 192.168.1.0/24.
        - **any**: No limit to IPv4 addresses that can access the mDNS service.
     d. Click ✚ again to list additional IP addresses or networks.
   - To limit access to specified IPv6 addresses and networks:
     a. Click **IPv6 Addresses**.
     b. For **Add Address**, click ✚.
     c. For **Address**, enter the IPv6 address or network that can access the device's mDNS service. Allowed values are:
        - A single IP address or host name.
        - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 2001:db8::/48.

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- **any**: No limit to IPv6 addresses that can access the mDNS service.

d. Click ✚ again to list additional IP addresses or networks.

- To limit access to hosts connected through a specified interface on the EX12 device:
  a. Click **Interfaces**.
  b. For **Add Interface**, click ✚.
  c. For **Interface**, select the appropriate interface from the dropdown.
  d. Click ✚ again to allow access through additional interfaces.
- To limit access based on firewall zones:
  a. Click **Zones**.
  b. For **Add Zone**, click ✚.
  c. For **Zone**, select the appropriate firewall zone from the dropdown.
  See Firewall configuration for information about firewall zones.
  d. Click ✚ again to allow access through additional firewall zones.

6. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.
   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Enable the mDNS service:

```
(config)> service mdns enable true
(config)>
```

4. Configure access control:
   - To limit access to specified IPv4 addresses and networks:

```
(config)> add service mdns acl address end value
(config)>
```

   Where *value* can be:
   - A single IP address or host name.
   - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 192.168.1.0/24.
   - **any**: No limit to IPv4 addresses that can access the mDNS service.

   Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.

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- To limit access to specified IPv6 addresses and networks:

```
(config)> add service mdns acl address6 end value
(config)>
```

Where *value* can be:

- A single IP address or host name.
- A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 2001:db8::/48.
- **any**: No limit to IPv6 addresses that can access the mDNS service.

Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.

- To limit access to hosts connected through a specified interface on the EX12 device:

```
(config)> add service mdns acl interface end value
(config)>
```

Where *value* is an interface defined on your device.

Display a list of available interfaces:

Use **... network interface ?** to display interface information:

```
(config)> ... network interface ?

Interfaces

 Additional Configuration
 ----------------------------------------
 defaultip                 Default IP
 defaultlinklocal          Default Link-local IP
 eth1                      ETH1
 eth2                      ETH2
 loopback                  Loopback
 modem                     Modem
(config)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional interfaces.

- To limit access based on firewall zones:

```
(config)> add service mdns acl zone end value
```

Where *value* is a firewall zone defined on your device, or the **any** keyword.

Display a list of available firewall zones:

Type **... firewall zone ?** at the config prompt:

```
(config)> ... firewall zone ?

Zones: A list of groups of network interfaces that can be
referred to by packet
filtering rules and access control lists.
```


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```
 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------------------------
----------------------
  any
  dynamic_routes
  edge
  external
  internal
  ipsec
  loopback
  setup

(config)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional firewall zones.

5. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

6. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Use the iPerf service

Your EX12 device includes an iPerf3 server that you can use to test the performance of your network.

IPerf3 is a command-line tool that measures the maximum network throughput an interface can handle. This is useful when diagnosing network speed issues, to determine, for example, whether a cellular connection is providing expected throughput.

The EX12 implementation of iPerf3 supports testing with both TCP and UDP.

Note Using iPerf clients that are at a version earlier than iPerf3 to connect to the EX12 device's iPerf3 server may result in unpredictable results. As a result, Digi recommends using an iPerf client at version 3 or newer to connect to the EX12 device's iPerf3 server.

Required configuration items

- Enable the iPerf server on the EX12 device.
- An iPerf3 client installed on a remote host. iPerf3 software can be downloaded at https://iperf.fr/iperf-download.php.

Additional configuration Items

- The port that the EX12 device's iPerf server will use to listen for incoming connections.
- The access control list for the iPerf server.

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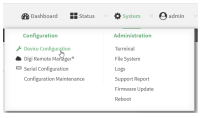
When the iPerf server is enabled, the EX12 device will automatically configure its firewall rules to allow incoming connections on the configured listening port. You can restrict access by configuring the access control list for the iPerf server.

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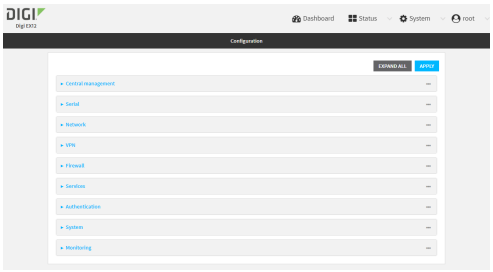
To enable the Iperf3 server:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Services** > **IPerf**.
4. Click **Enable**.
5. (Optional) For **Iperf Server Port**, type the appropriate port number for the iPerf server listening port.
6. (Optional) Click to expand **Access control list** to restrict access to the iPerf server:
   - To limit access to specified IPv4 addresses and networks:
     a. Click **IPv4 Addresses**.
     b. For **Add Address**, click ✚.
     c. For **Address**, enter the IPv4 address or network that can access the device's service-type. Allowed values are:
        - A single IP address or host name.
        - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 192.168.1.0/24.
        - **any**: No limit to IPv4 addresses that can access the service-type.
     d. Click ✚ again to list additional IP addresses or networks.
   - To limit access to specified IPv6 addresses and networks:
     a. Click **IPv6 Addresses**.
     b. For **Add Address**, click ✚.
     c. For **Address**, enter the IPv6 address or network that can access the device's service-type. Allowed values are:
        - A single IP address or host name.
        - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 2001:db8::/48.
        - **any**: No limit to IPv6 addresses that can access the service-type.
     d. Click ✚ again to list additional IP addresses or networks.

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- To limit access to hosts connected through a specified interface on the EX12 device:
  a. Click **Interfaces**.
  b. For **Add Interface**, click ✚.
  c. For **Interface**, select the appropriate interface from the dropdown.
  d. Click ✚ again to allow access through additional interfaces.
- To limit access based on firewall zones:
  a. Click **Zones**.
  b. For **Add Zone**, click ✚.
  c. For **Zone**, select the appropriate firewall zone from the dropdown.
  See Firewall configuration for information about firewall zones.
  d. Click ✚ again to allow access through additional firewall zones.

7. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.
   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Enable the iPerf server:

```
(config)> service iperf enable true
(config)>
```

4. (Optional) Set the port number for the iPerf server listening port. The default is 5201.

```
(config)> service iperf port port_number
(config)>
```

5. (Optional) Set the access control list to restrict access to the iPerf server:
   - To limit access to specified IPv4 addresses and networks:

```
(config)> add service iperf acl address end value
(config)>
```

   Where *value* can be:
   - A single IP address or host name.
   - A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 192.168.1.0/24.
   - **any**: No limit to IPv4 addresses that can access the service-type.

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Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.

- To limit access to specified IPv6 addresses and networks:

```
(config)> add service iperf acl address6 end value
(config)>
```

Where *value* can be:

- A single IP address or host name.
- A network designation in CIDR notation, for example, 2001:db8::/48.
- **any**: No limit to IPv6 addresses that can access the service-type.

Repeat this step to list additional IP addresses or networks.

- To limit access to hosts connected through a specified interface on the EX12 device:

```
(config)> add service iperf acl interface end value
(config)>
```

Where *value* is an interface defined on your device.

Display a list of available interfaces:

Use **... network interface ?** to display interface information:

```
(config)> ... network interface ?

Interfaces

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------
 defaultip                 Default IP
 defaultlinklocal          Default Link-local IP
 eth1                      ETH1
 eth2                      ETH2
 loopback                  Loopback
 modem                     Modem
(config)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional interfaces.

- To limit access based on firewall zones:

```
(config)> add service iperf acl zone end value
```

Where *value* is a firewall zone defined on your device, or the **any** keyword.

Display a list of available firewall zones:

Type **... firewall zone ?** at the config prompt:

```
(config)> ... firewall zone ?

Zones: A list of groups of network interfaces that can be
referred to by packet
```

```
filtering rules and access control lists.

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------------------------
----------------------
  any
  dynamic_routes
  edge
  external
  internal
  ipsec
  loopback
  setup

(config)>
```

Repeat this step to list additional firewall zones.

6. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

7. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Example performance test using Iperf3

On a remote host with Iperf3 installed, enter the following command:

```
$ iperf3 -c device_ip
```

where *device_ip* is the IP address of the EX12 device. For example:

```
$ iperf3 -c 192.168.2.1
Connecting to host 192.168.2.1, port 5201
[  4] local 192.168.3.100 port 54934 connected to 192.168.1.1 port 5201
[ ID] Interval           Transfer     Bandwidth       Retr  Cwnd
[  4]   0.00-1.00   sec  26.7 MBytes   224 Mbits/sec    8   2.68 MBytes
[  4]   1.00-2.00   sec  28.4 MBytes   238 Mbits/sec   29   1.39 MBytes
[  4]   2.00-3.00   sec  29.8 MBytes   250 Mbits/sec    0   1.46 MBytes
[  4]   3.00-4.00   sec  31.2 MBytes   262 Mbits/sec    0   1.52 MBytes
[  4]   4.00-5.00   sec  32.1 MBytes   269 Mbits/sec    0   1.56 MBytes
[  4]   5.00-6.00   sec  32.5 MBytes   273 Mbits/sec    0   1.58 MBytes
[  4]   6.00-7.00   sec  33.9 MBytes   284 Mbits/sec    0   1.60 MBytes
[  4]   7.00-8.00   sec  33.7 MBytes   282 Mbits/sec    0   1.60 MBytes
[  4]   8.00-9.00   sec  33.5 MBytes   281 Mbits/sec    0   1.60 MBytes
[  4]   9.00-10.00  sec  33.2 MBytes   279 Mbits/sec    0   1.60 MBytes
- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
[ ID] Interval           Transfer     Bandwidth       Retr
[  4]   0.00-10.00  sec   315 MBytes   264 Mbits/sec   37             sender
[  4]   0.00-10.00  sec   313 MBytes   262 Mbits/sec                  receiver
```


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```
iperf Done.
$
```


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Applications

The EX12 supports Python 3.6 and provides you with the ability to run Python applications on the device interactively or from a file. You can also specify Python applications and other scripts to be run each time the device system restarts, at specific intervals, or at a specified time.

This chapter contains the following topics:

Configure applications to run automatically 346
Run a Python application at the shell prompt 352
Start an interactive Python session 354
Digidevice module 356
Hid module 375
Use Python to access serial ports 376

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Configure applications to run automatically

You can configure an application to run automatically when the system restarts, at specific intervals, or at a specified time.

Required configuration items

- Upload or create the Python application.
- Enable the Python application to be run automatically.
- Select whether the application should run:
  - When the device boots.
  - At a specified time.
  - At a specified interval.
  - During system maintenance.

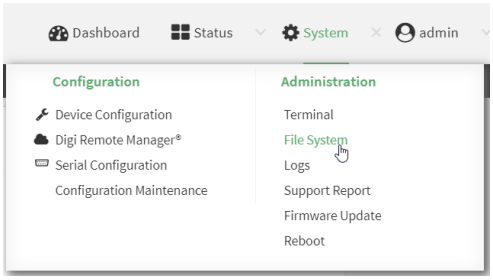
Additional configuration items

- A label used to identify the application.
- The action to take if the Python application finishes. The actions that can be taken are:
  - None.
  - Restart the script.
  - Reboot the device.
- The arguments for the Python application.
- Whether to write the application output and errors to the system log.
- The memory available to be used by the application.
- Whether the script should run one time only.

Task one: Upload the application

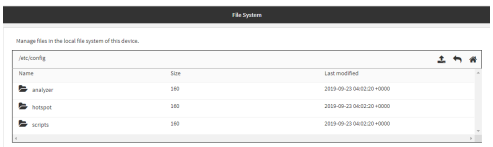
WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Administration**, click **File System**.



The **File System** page appears.

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3. Highlight the **scripts** directory and click to open the directory.
4. Click (upload).
5. Browse to the location of the script on your local machine. Select the file and click **Open** to upload the file.

The uploaded file is uploaded to the **/etc/config/scripts** directory.

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, use the scp command to upload the Python application script to the EX12 device:

   ```
   > scp host hostname-or-ip user username remote remote-path local local-path
   to local
   ```

   where:

   - *hostname-or-ip* is the hostname or ip address of the remote host.
   - *username* is the name of the user on the remote host.
   - *remote-path* is the path and filename of the file on the remote host that will be copied to the EX12 device.
   - *local-path* is the location on the EX12 device where the copied file will be placed.

   For example:

   To upload a Python application from a remote host with an IP address of 192.168.4.1 to the /etc/config/scripts directory on the EX12 device, issue the following command:

   ```
   > scp host 192.168.4.1 user admin remote /home/admin/bin/test.py local
   /etc/config/scripts/ to local
   admin@192.168.4.1's password: adminpwd
   test.py                          100%    36MB    11.1MB/s        00:03
   >
   ```
3. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Note You can also create Python applications by using the **vi** command when logged in with shell access.

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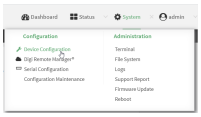
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Task two: Configure the application to run automatically

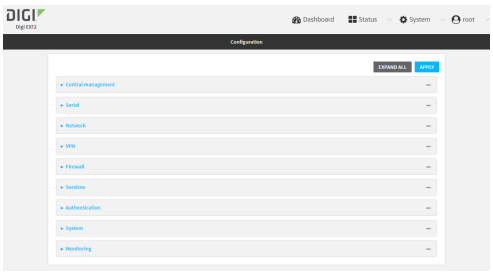
Note This feature does not provide syntax or error checking. Certain commands can render the device inoperable. Use with care.

WebUI

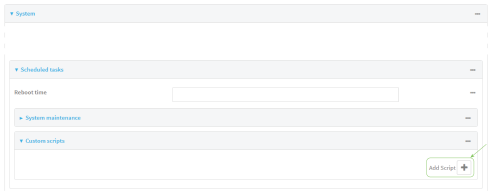
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



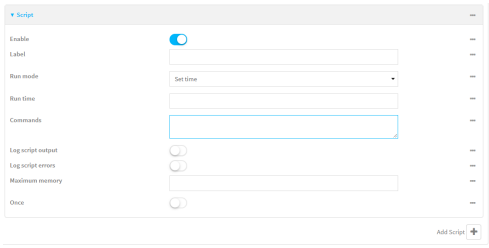
The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Applications**.
   Scripts created here are also automatically entered in **System** > **Scheduled tasks** > **Custom scripts**.
4. For **Add Script**, click ✚.



The schedule script configuration window is displayed.



Scheduled scripts are enabled by default. To disable, click **Enable** to toggle off.

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TS-TL-DGI-087

5. (Optional) For **Label**, provide a label for the script.
6. For **Run mode**, select the mode that will be used to run the script. Available options are:
   - **On boot**: The script will run once each time the device boots.
     - If **On boot** is selected, select the action that will be taken when the script completes in **Exit action**. Available options are:
       - **None**: Action taken when the script exits.
       - **Restart script**: Runs the script repeatedly.
       - **Reboot**: The device will reboot when the script completes.
   - **Interval**: The script will start running at the specified interval, within 30 seconds after the configuration change is saved.
     - If **Interval** is selected, in **Interval**, type the interval.

       Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w**|**d**|**h**|**m**|**s**}.

       For example, to set **Interval** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.
     - Click to enable **Run single** to run only a single instance of the script at a time.

       If **Run single** is not selected, a new instance of the script will be started at every interval, regardless of whether the script is still running from a previous interval.
   - **Set time**: Runs the script at a specified time of the day.
     - If **Set Time** is selected, specify the time that the script should run in **Run time**, using the format *HH*:*MM*.
   - **During system maintenance**: The script will run during the system maintenance time window.
7. For **Commands**, enter the commands that will execute the script.

   If the script begins with **#!**, then the script will be invoked in the location specified by the path for the script command. Otherwise, the default shell will be used (equivalent to **#!/bin/sh**).
8. Script logging options:
   a. Click to enable **Log script output** to log the script's output to the system log.
   b. Click to enable **Log script errors** to log script errors to the system log.

   If neither option is selected, only the script's exit code is written to the system log.
9. For **Maximum memory**, enter the maximum amount of memory available to be used by the script and its subprocesses, using the format *number*{**b**|**bytes**|**KB**|**k**|**MB**|**M**|**GB**|**G**|**TB**|**T**}.
10. Click to enable **Once** to configure the script to run only once at the specified time.

    If **Once** is enabled, rebooting the device will cause the script to not run again. The only way to re-run the script is to:
    - Remove the script from the device and add it again.
    - Make a change to the script.
    - Uncheck **Once**.
11. **Sandbox** is enabled by default. This option protects the script from accidentally destroying the system it is running on.
12. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Add a script:

```
(config)> add system schedule script end
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

   Scheduled scripts are enabled by default. To disable:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> enable false
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

4. (Optional) Provide a label for the script.

```
(config system schedule script 0)> label value
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

   where *value* is any string. if spaces are used, enclose *value* within double quotes.
5. Set the mode that will be used to run the script:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> when mode
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

   where *mode* is one of the following:

   - **boot**: The script will run once each time the device boots.
     - If **boot** is selected, set the action that will be taken when the script completes:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> exit_action action
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

       where *action* is one of the following:
       - **none**: Action taken when the script exits.
       - **restart**: Runs the script repeatedly.
       - **reboot**: The device will reboot when the script completes.
   - **interval**: The script will start running at the specified interval, within 30 seconds after the configuration change is saved. If **interval** is selected:

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- Set the interval:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> on_interval value
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

For example, to set **on_interval** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> on_interval  600s
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

- (Optional) Configure the script to run only a single instance at a time:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> once true
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

If **once** is set to **false**, a new instance of the script will be started at every interval, regardless of whether the script is still running from a previous interval.

- **set_time**: Runs the script at a specified time of the day.
  - If **set_time** is set, set the time that the script should run, using the format *HH*:*MM*:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> run_time HH:MM
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

- **maintenance_time**: The script will run during the system maintenance time window.

6. Set the commands that will execute the script:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> commands filename
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

where *filename* is the path and filename of the script, and any related command line information.

If the script begins with **#!**, then the script will be invoked in the location specified by the path for the script command. Otherwise, the default shell will be used (equivalent to **#!/bin/sh**).

7. Script logging options:
   - To log the script's output to the system log:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> syslog_stdout true
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

   - To log script errors to the system log:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> syslog_stderr true
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

If **syslog_stdout** and **syslog_stderr** are not enabled, only the script's exit code is written to the system log.

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8. Set the maximum amount of memory available to be used by the script and its subprocesses:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> max_memory value
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

where *value* uses the syntax ***number***{**b**|**bytes**|**KB**|**k**|**MB**|**MB**|**M**|**GB**|**G**|**TB**|**T**}.

9. To run the script only once at the specified time:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> once true
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

If **once** is enabled, rebooting the device will cause the script to run again. The only way to re-run the script is to:

- Remove the script from the device and add it again.
- Make a change to the script.
- Disable **once**.

10. **Sandbox** is enabled by default. This option protects the script from accidentally destroying the system it is running on.

```
(config system schedule script 0)> sandbox true
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

11. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

12. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Run a Python application at the shell prompt

Python applications can be run from a file at the shell prompt. The Python application will run until it completes, displaying output and prompting for additional user input if needed. To interrupt the application, enter **CTRL-C**.

Note Python applications cannot be run from the Admin CLI. You must access the device shell in order to run Python applications from the command line. See Authentication groups for information about configuring authentication groups that include shell access.

1. Upload the Python application to the EX12 device:

WebUI

a. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.

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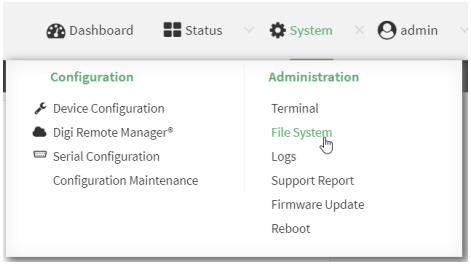
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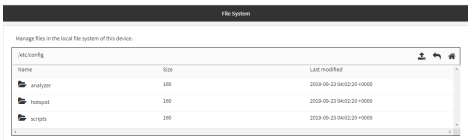
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b. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Administration**, click **File System**.



The **File System** page appears.



c. Highlight the **scripts** directory and click to open the directory.
d. Click (upload).
e. Browse to the location of the script on your local machine. Select the file and click **Open** to upload the file.

The uploaded file is uploaded to the **/etc/config/scripts** directory.

Command line

a. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

b. At the command line, use the scp command to upload the Python application script to the EX12 device:

```
> scp host hostname-or-ip user username remote remote-path local local-path to local
```

   where:

   - *hostname-or-ip* is the hostname or ip address of the remote host.
   - *username* is the name of the user on the remote host.
   - *remote-path* is the path and filename of the file on the remote host that will be copied to the EX12 device.
   - *local-path* is the location on the EX12 device where the copied file will be placed.

   For example:

   To upload a Python application from a remote host with an IP address of 192.168.4.1 to the /etc/config/scripts directory on the EX12 device, issue the following command:

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```
> scp host 192.168.4.1 user admin remote /home/admin/bin/test.py local
/etc/config/scripts/ to local
admin@192.168.4.1's password: adminpwd
test.py                          100%    36MB    11.1MB/s        00:03
>
```

c. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Note You can also create Python applications by using the **vi** command when logged in with shell access.

2. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with shell access.

Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **shell** to access the device shell.

3. Use the **python** command to run the Python application. In the following example, the Python application, **test.py**, takes 3 parameters: **120**, **ports** and **storage**:

```
# python test.py 120 ports storage
```

Start an interactive Python session

Use the **python** command without specifying any parameters to start an interactive Python session. The Python session operates interactively using REPL (Read Evaluate Print Loop) to allow you to write Python code on the command line.

Note The Python interactive session is not available from the Admin CLI. You must access the device shell in order to run Python applications from the command line. See Authentication groups for information about configuring authentication groups that include shell access.

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with shell access.

Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **shell** to access the device shell.

2. At the shell prompt, use the **python** command with no parameters to enter an interactive Python session:

```
# python
Python 3.6.10 (default, Jan 31 2020, 08:45:19)
[GCC 8.3.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

3. Type Python commands at the Python prompt. For example, to view help for the digidevice module, type:

```
>>> help("digidevice")
Help on package digidevice:
```


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```
NAME
    digidevice - Digi device python extensions

DESCRIPTION
    This module includes various extensions that allow Python
    to interact with additional features offered by the device.
...
```

4. Use **Ctrl-D** to exit the Python session. You can also exit the session using **exit()** or **quit()**.

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Digidevice module

The Python **digidevice** module provides platform-specific extensions that allow you to interact with the device's configuration and interfaces. The following submodules are included with the **digidevice** module:

This section contains the following topics:

Use digidevice.cli to execute CLI commands 357
Use digidevice.datapoint to upload custom datapoints to Digi Remote Manager 358
Use digidevice.config for device configuration 360
Use Python to respond to Digi Remote Manager SCI requests 362
Use digidevice runtime to access the runtime database 371
Using Python to upload the device name to Digi Remote Manager 373

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Use digidevice.cli to execute CLI commands

Use the **digidevice.cli** Python module to issue CLI commands from Python to retrieve status and statistical information about the device.

For example, to display the system status and statistics by using an interactive Python session, use the show system command with the **cli** module:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with shell access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **shell** to access the device shell.

2. At the shell prompt, use the **python** command with no parameters to enter an interactive Python session:

```
# python
Python 3.6.10 (default, Jan 31 2020, 08:45:19)
[GCC 8.3.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

3. Import the **cli** submodule:

```
>>> from digidevice import cli
>>>
```

4. Execute a CLI command using the **cli.execute(*command*)** function. For example, to print the system status and statistics to stdout using the **show system** command:

```
>>> response = cli.execute("show system")
>>>
>>> print (response)

  Model                    : Digi EX12
  Serial Number            : EX12-000065
  SKU                      : EX12
  Hostname                 : EX12
  MAC                      : DF:DD:E2:AE:21:18

  Hardware Version         : 50001947-01 1P
  Firmware Version         : 20.5.38.39
  Alt. Firmware Version    : 20.5.38.39
  Bootloader Version       : 19.7.23.0-15f936e0ed

  Current Time             : Fri, 29 May 2020 21:14:12 +0000
  CPU                      : 1.4%
  Uptime                   : 6 days, 6 hours, 21 minutes, 57 seconds
(541317s)
  Temperature              : 40C

>>>
```

5. Use **Ctrl-D** to exit the Python session. You can also exit the session using **exit()** or **quit()**.

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Help for using Python to execute EX12 CLI commands

Get help executing a CLI command from Python by accessing help for **cli.execute**:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with shell access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **shell** to access the device shell.
2. At the shell prompt, use the **python** command with no parameters to enter an interactive Python session:

```
# python
Python 3.6.10 (default, Jan 31 2020, 08:45:19)
[GCC 8.3.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

3. Import the **cli** submodule:

```
>>> from digidevice import cli
>>>
```

4. Use the help command with **cli.execute**:

```
>>> help(cli.execute)
Help on function execute in module digidevice.cli:

execute(command, timeout=5)
Execute a CLI command with the timeout specified returning the results.
...
```

5. Use **Ctrl-D** to exit the Python session. You can also exit the session using **exit()** or **quit()**.

Use digidevice.datapoint to upload custom datapoints to Digi Remote Manager

Use the **datapoint** Python module to upload custom datapoints to Digi Remote Manager.
The following characteristics can be defined for a datapoint:

- Stream ID
- Value
- (Optional) Data type
  - integer
  - long
  - float
  - double
  - string
  - binary
- Units (optional)
- Timestamp (optional)

- Location (optional)
  - Tuple of latitude, longitude and altitude
- Description (optional)
- Quality (optional)
  - An integer describing the quality of the data point

For example, to use an interactive Python session to upload datapoints related to velocity, temperature, and the state of the emergency door:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with shell access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **shell** to access the device shell.
2. At the shell prompt, use the **python** command with no parameters to enter an interactive Python session:

```
# python
Python 3.6.10 (default, Jan 31 2020, 08:45:19)
[GCC 8.3.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

3. Import the **datapoint** submodule and other necessary modules:

```
>>> from digidevice import datapoint
>>> import time
>>>
```

4. Upload the datapoints to Remote Manager:

```
>>> datapoint.upload("Velocity", 69, units="mph")
>>> datapoint.upload("Temperature", 24, geo_location=(54.409469, -1.718836,
129))
>>> datapoint.upload("Emergency_Door", "closed", timestamp=time.time())
```

5. Use **Ctrl-D** to exit the Python session. You can also exit the session using **exit()** or **quit()**.

Once the datapoints have been uploaded to Remote Manager, they can be viewed via Remote Manager or accessed using Web Services calls. See the *Digi Remote Manager Programmers Guide* for more information on web services and datapoints.

Help for using Python to upload custom datapoints to Remote Manager

Get help for uploading datapoints to your Digi Remote Manager account by accessing help for **datapoint.upload**:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with shell access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **shell** to access the device shell.
2. At the shell prompt, use the **python** command with no parameters to enter an interactive Python session:

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```
# python
Python 3.6.10 (default, Jan 31 2020, 08:45:19)
[GCC 8.3.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

3. Import the **datapoint** submodule and other necessary modules:

```
>>> from digidevice import datapoint
>>>
```

4. Use the help command with **datapoint.upload**:

```
>>> help(datapoint.upload)
Help on function upload in module digidevice.datapoint:

upload(stream_id:str, data, *, description:str=None, timestamp:float=None,
units:str=None,
geo_location:Tuple[float, float, float]=None, quality:int=None,
data_type:digidevice.datapoint.DataType=None, timeout:float=None)
...
```

5. Use **Ctrl-D** to exit the Python session. You can also exit the session using **exit()** or **quit()**.

Use digidevice.config for device configuration

Use the **config** Python module to access and modify the device configuration.

Read the device configuration

Use the **get()** method to read the device configuration:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with shell access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **shell** to access the device shell.
2. At the shell prompt, use the **python** command with no parameters to enter an interactive Python session:

```
# python
Python 3.6.10 (default, Jan 31 2020, 08:45:19)
[GCC 8.3.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

3. Import the **config** submodule:

```
>>> from digidevice import config
>>>
```

4. Use **config.load()** and the **get()** method to return the device's configuration:

```
>>> cfg = config.load()
>>> print(cfg)
```


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```
...
network.interface.lan1.device=/network/bridge/lan1
network.interface.lan1.enable=true
network.interface.lan1.ipv4.address=192.168.2.1/24
network.interface.lan1.ipv4.connection_monitor.attempts=3
...
>>> interfaces = cfg.get("network.interface")
>>> print(interfaces.keys())
['defaultip', 'defaultlinklocal', 'lan1', 'loopback', 'wan1', 'wwan1',
'wwan2']
>>> print(interfaces.get("lan.ipv4.address"))
192.168.2.1/24
>>>
```

Modify the device configuration

Use the **set()** and **commit()** methods to modify the device configuration:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with shell access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **shell** to access the device shell.

2. At the shell prompt, use the **python** command with no parameters to enter an interactive Python session:

   ```
   # python
   Python 3.6.10 (default, Jan 31 2020, 08:45:19)
   [GCC 8.3.0] on linux
   Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
   >>>
   ```

3. Import the **config** submodule:

   ```
   >>> from digidevice import config
   >>>
   ```

4. Use **config.load(writable=True)** to enable write mode for the configuration:

   ```
   >>> cfg = config.load(writable=True)
   >>>
   ```

5. Use the **set()** method to make changes to the configuration:

   ```
   >>> cfg.set("system.name", "New-Name")
   >>>
   ```

6. Use the **commit()** method to save the changes:

   ```
   >>> cfg.commit()
   True
   >>>
   ```


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7. Use the **get()** method to verify the change:

```
>>> print(cfg.get("system.name"))
New-Name
>>>
```

Help for using Python to read and modify device configuration

Get help for reading and modifying the device configuration by accessing help for **digidevice.config**:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with shell access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **shell** to access the device shell.
2. At the shell prompt, use the **python** command with no parameters to enter an interactive Python session:

```
# python
Python 3.6.10 (default, Jan 31 2020, 08:45:19)
[GCC 8.3.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

3. Import the **config** submodule:

```
>>> from digidevice import config
>>>
```

4. Use the help command with **config**:

```
>>> help(config)
Help on module acl.config in acl:

NAME
acl.config - Python interface to ACL configuration (libconfig).
...
```

5. Use **Ctrl-D** to exit the Python session. You can also exit the session using **exit()** or **quit()**.

Use Python to respond to Digi Remote Manager SCI requests

The **device_request** Python module allows you to interact with Digi Remote Manager by using Remote Manager's Server Command Interface (SCI), a web service that allows users to access information and perform commands that relate to their devices.

Use Remote Manager's SCI interface to create SCI requests that are sent to your EX12 device, and use the **device_request** module to send responses to those requests to Remote Manager.

See the *Digi Remote Manager Programmers Guide* for more information on SCI.

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TS-TL-DGI-087

Task one: Use the device_request module on your EX12 device to create a response

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with shell access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **shell** to access the device shell.
2. At the shell prompt, use the **python** command with no parameters to enter an interactive Python session:

```
# python
Python 3.6.10 (default, Jan 31 2020, 08:45:19)
[GCC 8.3.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

3. Import the **device_request** module:

```
>>> from digidevice import device_request
>>>
```

4. Create a function to handle the request from Remote Manager:

```
>>> def handler(target, request):
...     print ("received request %s for target %s" % (request, target))
...     return "OK"
...
>>>
```

5. Register a callbackup function that will be called when the device receives a SCI request from Remote Manager:

```
>>> device_request.register("myTarget", handler)
>>>
```

Note Leave the interactive Python session active while completing task two, below. Once you have completed task two, exit the interactive session by using **Ctrl-D**. You can also exit the session using **exit()** or **quit()**.

Task two: Create and send an SCI request from Digi Remote Manager

The second step in using the **device_request** module is to create an SCI request that Remote Manager will forward to the device. For example, you can create in SCI request a the Remote Manager API explorer:

1. In Remote Manager, click **Documentation** > **API Explorer**.
2. Select the device to use as the SCI target:
   a. Click **SCI Targets**.
   b. Click **Add Targets**.
   c. Enter or select the device ID of the device.
   d. Click **Add**.
   e. Click **OK**.

3. Click **Examples** > **SCI** > **Data Service** > **Send Request**.

   Code similar to the following will be displayed in the HTTP message body text box:

```
<sci_request version="1.0">
  <data_service>
  <targets>
    <device id="00000000-00000000-0000FFFF-A83CF6A3"/>
  </targets>
    <requests>
      <device_request target_name="myTarget">
        my payload string
      </device_request>
    </requests>
  </data_service>
</sci_request>
```

   Note The value of the **target_name** parameter in the **device_request** element must correspond to the **target** parameter of the **device_request.register** function in the Python script. In this example, the two are the same.

4. Click **Send**.

   Once that the request has been sent to the device, the handler on the device is executed.

   - On the device, you will receive the following output:

```
>>> received request
       my payload string
      for target myTarget
```

   - In Remote Manager, you will receive a response similar to the following:

```
<sci_reply version="1.0">
  <data_service>
    <device id="00000000-00000000-0000FFFF-A83CF6A3"/>
      <requests>
        <device_request target_name="myTarget" status="0">OK</device_
request>
      </requests>
    </device>
  </data_service>
</sci_request>
```

Example: Use digidevice.cli with digidevice.device_request

In this example, we will use the **digidevice.cli** module in conjunction with the **digidevice.device_request** module to return information about multiple devices to Remote Manager.

1. Create a Python application, called showsystem.py, that uses the **digidevice.cli** module to create a response containing information about device and the **device_request** module to respond with this information to a request from Remote Manager:

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```
from digidevice import device_request
from digidevice import cli
import time

def handler(target, request):
    return cli.execute("show system verbose")

def status_cb(error_code, error_description):
    if error_code != 0:
        print("error handling showSystem device request: %s" % error_
description)

device_request.register("showSystem", handler, status_callback = status_cb)

# Do not let the process finish so that it handles device requests
while True:
    time.sleep(10)
```

2. Upload the showsystem.py application to the /etc/config/scripts directory on two or more Digi devices. In this example, we will upload it to two devices, and use the same request in Remote Manager to query both devices.

   See Configure applications to run automatically for information about uploading Python applications to your device. You can also create the script on the device by using the **vi** command when logged in with shell access.

3. For both devices:

   a. Configure the device to automatically run the showsystem.py application on reboot, and to restart the application if it crashes. This can be done from either the WebUI or the command line:

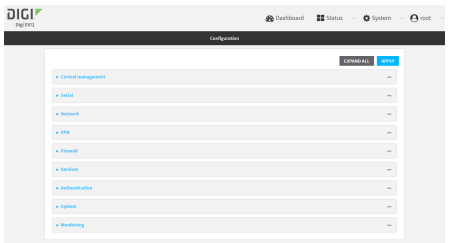
   WebUI

   i. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.

   ii. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.

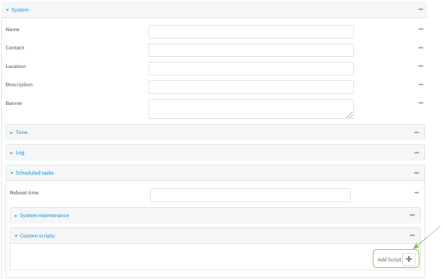
   The **Configuration** window is displayed.

   iii. Click **System** > **Scheduled tasks** > **Custom scripts**.

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iv. Click ✚ to add a custom script.

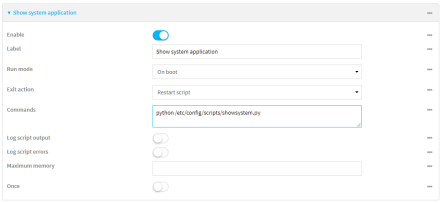


v. For **Label**, type **Show system application**.

vi. For **Run mode**, select **On boot**.

vii. For **Exit action**, select **Restart script**.

viii. For **Commands**, type **python /etc/config/scripts/showsystem.py**.



ix. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

i. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

ii. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

iii. Add an application entry:

```
(config)> add system schedule script end
(config system schedule script 0)>
```


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Scheduled scripts are enabled by default. To disable:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> enable false
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

iv. Provide a label for the script:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> label "Show system application"
```

v. Configure the application to run automatically when the device reboots:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> when boot
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

vi. Configure the application to restart if it crashes:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> exit_action restart
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

vii. Set the command that will execute the application:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> commands "python
/etc/config/scripts/showsystem.py"
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

viii. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

b. Run the showsystem.py application. You can run the application by either rebooting the device, or by running it from the shell prompt.

- To reboot the device:
  i. From the WebUI:
     i. From the main menu, click **System**.
     ii. Click **Reboot**.
  ii. From the command line, at the Admin CLI prompt, type:

```
> reboot
```

- To run the application from the shell prompt:
  i. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with shell access.

  Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **shell** to access the device shell.
  ii. Type the following at the shell prompt:

```
# python /etc/config/scripts/showsystem.py &
#
```


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iii. Exit the shell:

```
# exit
```

4. In Remote Manager, click **Documentation** > **API Explorer**.
5. Select the devices to use as the SCI targest:
   a. Click **SCI Targets**.
   b. Click **Add Targets**.
   c. Enter or select the device ID of one of the devices.
   d. Click **Add**.
   e. Enter or select the device ID of the second device and click **Add**.
   f. Click **OK**.
6. Click **Examples** > **SCI** > **Data Service** > **Send Request**.
   Code similar to the following will be displayed in the HTTP message body text box:

```
<sci_request version="1.0">
  <data_service>
  <targets>
    <device id="00000000-00000000-0000FFFF-A83CF6A3"/>
    <device id="00000000-00000000-0000FFFF-485740BC"/>
  </targets>
    <requests>
      <device_request target_name="myTarget">
        my payload string
      </device_request>
    </requests>
  </data_service>
</sci_request>
```

7. For the **device_request** element, replace the value of **target_name** with **showSystem**. This matches the **target** parameter of the **device_request.register** function in the showsystem.py application.

```
      <device_request target_name="showSystem">
```

8. Click **Send**.
   You should receive a response similar to the following:

```
<sci_reply version="1.0">
  <data_service>
    <device id="00000000-00000000-0000FFFF-A83CF6A3"/>
      <requests>
        <device_request target_name="showSystem" status="0">Model
         : Digi EX12
          Serial Number            : EX12-000068
          Hostname                 : EX12
          MAC                      : 00:40:D0:13:35:36

          Hardware Version         : 50001959-01 A
          Firmware Version         : 20.5.38.39
          Bootloader Version       : 1
```


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```
          Firmware Build Date      : Fri, 29 May 2020 21:14:12
          Schema Version           : 461

          Timezone                 : UTC
          Current Time             : Fri, 29 May 2020 21:14:12
          CPU                      : 1.1
          Uptime                   : 1 day, 21 hours, 49 minutes, 47
seconds (164987s)
          Temperature              : 39C

          Contact                  : Jane Smith

          Disk
          ----
          Load Average             : 0.10, 0.05, 0.00
          RAM Usage                : 85.176MB/250.484MB(34%)
          Disk /etc/config Usage   : 0.068MB/13.416MB(1%)
          Disk /opt Usage          : 47.724MB/5309.752MB(1%)
          Disk /overlay Usage      : MB/MB(%)
          Disk /tmp Usage          : 0.004MB/40.96MB(0%)
          Disk /var Usage          : 0.820MB/32.768MB(3%)</device_request>
      </requests>
    </device>
    <device id="00000000-00000000-0000FFFF-485740BC"/>
      <requests>
        <device_request target_name="showSystem" status="0">Model
         : Digi EX12
          Serial Number            : EX12-000023
          Hostname                 : EX12
          MAC                      : 00:40:D0:26:79:1C

          Hardware Version         : 50001959-01 A
          Firmware Version         : 20.5.38.39
          Bootloader Version       : 1
          Firmware Build Date      : Fri, 29 May 2020 21:14:12
          Schema Version           : 461

          Timezone                 : UTC
          Current Time             : Fri, 29 May 2020 21:14:12
          CPU                      : 1.1
          Uptime                   : 4 day, 13 hours, 43 minutes, 22
seconds (395002s)
          Temperature              : 37C

          Contact                  : Omar Ahmad
          Disk
          ----
          Load Average             : 0.10, 0.05, 0.00
          RAM Usage                : 85.176MB/250.484MB(34%)
          Disk /etc/config Usage   : 0.068MB/13.416MB(1%)
          Disk /opt Usage          : 47.724MB/5309.752MB(1%)
          Disk /overlay Usage      : MB/MB(%)
          Disk /tmp Usage          : 0.004MB/40.96MB(0%)
          Disk /var Usage          : 0.820MB/32.768MB(3%)</device_request>
      </requests>
    </device>
  </data_service>
```

```
</sci_request>
```

Help for using Python to respond to Digi Remote Manager SCI requests

Get help for respond to Digi Remote Manager Server Command Interface (SCI) requests by accessing help for **digidevice.device_request**:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with shell access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **shell** to access the device shell.

2. At the shell prompt, use the **python** command with no parameters to enter an interactive Python session:

```
# python
Python 3.6.10 (default, Jan 31 2020, 08:45:19)
[GCC 8.3.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

3. Import the **device_request** submodule:

```
>>> from digidevice import device_request
>>>
```

4. Use the help command with **device_request**:

```
>>> help(device_request)
Help on module digidevice.device_request in digidevice:

NAME
digidevice.device_request - APIs for registering device request handlers
...
```

   You can also use the help command with available **device_request** functions:

   - Use the help command with **device_request.register**:

```
>>> help(device_request.register)
Help on function register in module digidevice.device_request:

register(target:str, response_callback:Callable[[str, str], str],
status_callback:Callable[[int, str], NoneType]=None, xml_
encoding:str='UTF-8')
...
```

   - Use the help command with **device_request.unregister**:

```
>>> help(device_request.unregister)
Help on function unregister in module digidevice.device_request:

unregister(target:str) -> bool
...
```

5. Use **Ctrl-D** to exit the Python session. You can also exit the session using **exit()** or **quit()**.

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Use digidevice runtime to access the runtime database

Use the **runt** submodule to access and modify the device runtime database.

Read from the runtime database

Use the **keys()** and **get()** methods to read the device configuration:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with shell access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **shell** to access the device shell.
2. At the shell prompt, use the **python** command with no parameters to enter an interactive Python session:

```
# python
Python 3.6.10 (default, Jan 31 2020, 08:45:19)
[GCC 8.3.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

3. Import the **runt** submodule:

```
>>> from digidevice import runt
>>>
```

4. Use **start()** method to open the runtime database:

```
>>> runt.start()
>>>
```

5. Display available keys in the runtime database:

```
>>> print(runt.keys(""))
['advanced', 'drm', 'firmware', 'location', 'manufacture', 'metrics', 'mm',
'network', 'pam', 'serial', 'system']
>>> print(runt.keys("system"))
['boot_count', 'chassis', 'cpu_temp', 'cpu_usage', 'disk', 'load_avg',
'local_time', 'mac', 'mcu', 'model', 'ram', 'serial', 'uptime']
>>> print(runt.get("system.mac"))
00:40:D0:13:35:36
```

6. Close the runtime database:

```
>>> runt.stop()
>>>
```

Modify the runtime database

Use the **set()** method to modify the runtime database:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with shell access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **shell** to access the device shell.
2. At the shell prompt, use the **python** command with no parameters to enter an interactive

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Python session:

```
# python
Python 3.6.10 (default, Jan 31 2020, 08:45:19)
[GCC 8.3.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

3. Import the **runt** submodule:

```
>>> from digidevice import runt
>>>
```

4. Use **start()** method to open the runtime database:

```
>>> runt.start()
>>>
```

5. Use the **set()** method to make changes to the runtime database:

```
>>> runt.set("my-variable", "my-value")
>>>
```

6. Use the **get()** method to verify the change:

```
>>> print(runt.get("my-variable"))
my-variable
>>>
```

7. Close the runtime database:

```
>>> runt.stop()
>>>
```

8. Use **Ctrl-D** to exit the Python session. You can also exit the session using **exit()** or **quit()**.

Help for using Python to access the runtime database

Get help for reading and modifying the device runtime database by accessing help for **digidevice.runt**:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with shell access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **shell** to access the device shell.
2. At the shell prompt, use the **python** command with no parameters to enter an interactive Python session:

```
# python
Python 3.6.10 (default, Jan 31 2020, 08:45:19)
[GCC 8.3.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

3. Import the **runt** submodule:

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```
>>> from digidevice import runt
>>>
```

4. Use the help command with **runt**:

```
>>> help(runt)

Help on module acl.runt in digidevice:

NAME
acl.runt - Python interface to ACL runtime database (runtd).
...
```

5. Use **Ctrl-D** to exit the Python session. You can also exit the session using **exit()** or **quit()**.

Using Python to upload the device name to Digi Remote Manager

The **name** submodule can be used to upload a custom name for your device to Digi Remote Manager.

When you use the **name** submodule to upload a custom device name to Remote Manager, the following issues apply:

- If the name is being used by to another device in your Remote Manager account, the name will be removed from the previous device and added to the new device.
- If Remote Manager is configured to apply a profile to a device based on the device name, changing the name of the device may cause Remote Manager to automatically push a profile onto the device.

Together, these two features allow you to swap one device for another by using the **name** submodule to change the device name, while guaranteeing that the new device will have the same configuration as the previous one.

Note Because causing a profile to be automatically pushed from Remote Manager may change the behavior of the device, including overwriting existing usernames and passwords, the **name** submodule should be used with caution. As a result, support for this functionality is disabled by default on Remote Manager.

Enable support on Digi Remote Manager for uploading custom device names

1. In Remote Manager, select **Documentation** > **API Explorer**.
2. For **Path**, type **/ws/v1/settings/inventory/AllowDeviceToSetOwnNameEnabled**.
3. For **HTTP Method**, select **POST**.
4. In the HTTP message body text box, type the following:

```
{
   "name" : "AllowDeviceToSetOwnNameEnabled",
   "value" : "true"
}
```

5. Click **Send**.

Upload a custom name

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with shell access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **shell** to access the device shell.
2. At the shell prompt, use the **python** command with no parameters to enter an interactive Python session:

```
# python
Python 3.6.10 (default, Jan 31 2020, 08:45:19)
[GCC 8.3.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

3. Import the **name** submodule:

```
>>> from digidevice import name
```

4. Upload the name to Remote Manager:

```
>>> name.upload("my_name")
```

   Use **Ctrl-D** to exit the Python session. You can also exit the session using **exit()** or **quit()**.
5.

Help for upload the device name to Digi Remote Manager

Get help for uploading the device name to Digi Remote Managerby accessing help for **digidevice.name**:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with shell access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **shell** to access the device shell.
2. At the shell prompt, use the **python** command with no parameters to enter an interactive Python session:

```
# python
Python 3.6.10 (default, Jan 31 2020, 08:45:19)
[GCC 8.3.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

3. Import the **name** submodule:

```
>>> from digidevice import name
>>>
```

4. Use the help command with **name**:

```
>>> help(name)

Help on module digidevice.name in digidevice:
```


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```
NAME
digidevice.name - API for uploading name from the device
...
```

5. Use **Ctrl-D** to exit the Python session. You can also exit the session using **exit()** or **quit()**.

Hid module

The Python **hid** module provides a programmatic access to a USB Human Interface Device (HID) from within a Python script.

For example, to determine information about a USB-connected keyboard:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with shell access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **shell** to access the device shell.
2. At the shell prompt, use the **python** command with no parameters to enter an interactive Python session:

```
# python
Python 3.6.10 (default, Jan 31 2020, 08:45:19)
[GCC 8.3.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

3. Import the **hid** module:

```
>>> import hid
>>>
```

4. Use the enumerate() function to return information about the keyboard:

```
>>> hid.enumerate()
[{'path': b'/dev/hidraw0', 'vendor_id': 1008, 'product_id': 36, 'serial_
number': '', 'release_number': 768,
'manufacturer_string': 'CHICONY', 'product_string': 'Basic USB Keyboard',
'usage_page': 18432, 'usage': 17481,
'interface_number': 0}]>>>
```

5. Use the **vender_id** and **product_id** to return specific information about the keyboard, or to read input from the keyboard:

```
>>> hid.Device(1008,36).product
'Basic USB Keyboard'
>>>
>>> hid.Device(1008,36).read(64)
b'\x00\x00,\x00\x00\x00\x00\x00'
>>>
```

6. Use **Ctrl-D** to exit the Python session. You can also exit the session using **exit()** or **quit()**.

Help for the hid module

Get help for the **hid** module:

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1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with shell access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **shell** to access the device shell.
2. At the shell prompt, use the **python** command with no parameters to enter an interactive Python session:

```
# python
Python 3.6.10 (default, Jan 31 2020, 08:45:19)
[GCC 8.3.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

3. Import the **hid** module:

```
>>> import hid
>>>
```

4. Use the help command with **hid**:

```
>>> help(hid)
Help on package hid:

NAME
    hid

PACKAGE CONTENTS

CLASSES
    _ctypes.Structure(_ctypes._CData)
        DeviceInfo
    builtins.Exception(builtins.BaseException)
        HIDException
    builtins.object
        Device
...
>>>
```

5. Use **Ctrl-D** to exit the Python session. You can also exit the session using **exit()** or **quit()**.

Use Python to access serial ports

You can use the Python **serial** module to access serial ports on your EX12 device that are configured to be in Application mode. See Configure the serial port for information about configuring a serial port in Application mode.

To use Python to access serial ports:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with shell access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **shell** to access the device shell.

2. Determine the path to the serial port:

```
# ls /dev/serial/
by-id   by-path   by-usb   port1
#
```

3. At the shell prompt, use the **python** command with no parameters to enter an interactive Python session:

```
# python
Python 3.6.10 (default, Jan 31 2020, 08:45:19)
[GCC 8.3.0] on linux
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>>
```

4. Import the **serial** module:

```
>>> import serial
>>>
```

5. You can now perform operations on the serial port. For example, to write a message to the serial port:

```
>>> s = serial.Serial("/dev/serial/port1", 115200)
>>> s.write(b"Hello from serial port")
26
>>>
```

6. Use **Ctrl-D** to exit the Python session. You can also exit the session using **exit()** or **quit()**.

User authentication

This chapter contains the following topics:

EX12 user authentication 379
User authentication methods 379
Authentication groups 386
Local users 396
Terminal Access Controller Access-Control System Plus (TACACS+) 408
Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) 416
LDAP 423
Disable shell access 430
Set the idle timeout for EX12 users 431
Example user configuration 434

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EX12 user authentication

User authentication on the EX12 has the following features and default configuration:

Feature	Description	Default configuration
Idle timeout	Determines how long a user session can be idle before the system automatically disconnects.	■ 10 minutes.
Allow shell	If disabled, prevents all authentication prohibits access to the shell prompt for all authentication groups. This does not prevent access to the Admin CLI. **Note** If shell access is disabled, re-enabling it will erase the device's configuration and perform a factory reset.	■ Enabled.
Methods	Determines how users are authenticated for access: **local users**, **TACACS+**, or **RADIUS**.	■ **local users**.
Groups	Associates access permissions for a group. . You can modify the released groups and create additional groups as needed for your site. A user can be assigned to more than one group.	■ **admin**: Provides the logged-in user with administrative and shell access. ■ **serial**: Provides the logged-in user with access to serial ports.
Users	Defines local users for the EX12.	■ **admin**: Belongs to both the **admin** and **serial** groups.
TACACS+	Configures support for TACACS+ (Terminal Access Controller Access-Control System Plus) servers and users.	■ Not configured.
RADIUS	Configures support for RADIUS (Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service) servers and users.	■ Not configured.
LDAP	Configures support for LDAP (Lightweight Directory Access Protocol) servers and users.	■ Not configured.

User authentication methods

Authentication methods determine how users of the EX12 device are authenticated. Available authentication methods are:

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- **Local users**: User are authenticated on the local device.
- **RADIUS**: Users authenticated by using a remote RADIUS server for authentication.

  See Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) for information about configuring RADIUS authentication.
- **TACACS+**: Users authenticated by using a remote TACACS+ server for authentication.

  See Terminal Access Controller Access-Control System Plus (TACACS+) for information about configuring TACACS+ authentication.
- **LDAP**: Users authenticated by using a remote LDAP server for authentication.

  See LDAP for information about configuring LDAP authentication.

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Add a new authentication method

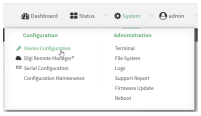
Required configuration items

- The types of authentication method to be used:

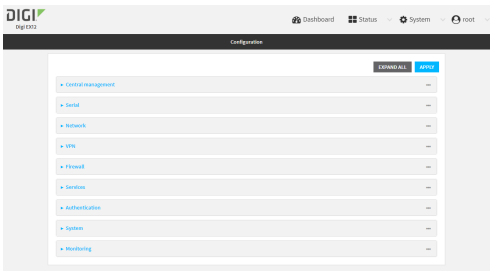
To add an authentication method:

WebUI

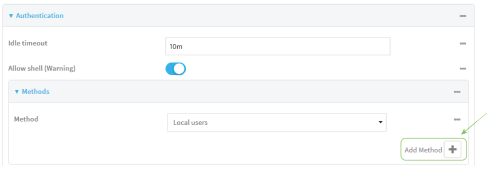
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



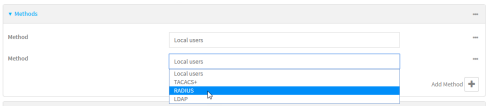
The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Authentication** > **Methods**.
4. For **Add Method**, click ✚.



5. Select the appropriate authentication type for the new method from the **Method** drop-down.



Note Authentication methods are attempted in the order they are listed until the first successful authentication result is returned. See Rearrange the position of authentication methods for information about how to reorder the authentication methods.

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TS-TL-DGI-087

6. Repeat these steps to add additional methods.
7. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

Authentication methods are attempted in the order they are listed until the first successful authentication result is returned. This procedure describes how to add methods to various places in the list.

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Add the new authentication method to the appropriate location in the list:
   - To determine the current list of authentication methods:
     a. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

        Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
     b. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

     c. Use the **show auth method** command to display the current authentication methods configuration:

```
(config)> show auth method
0 local
(config)>
```

   - To add the new authentication method to the beginning of the list, use the index value of **0** to indicate that it should be added as the first method:

```
(config)> add auth method 0 auth_type
(config)>
```

     where *auth_type* is one of **local**, **radius**, **tacacs+**, or **ldap**.
   - To add the new authentication method to the end of the list, use the index keyword **end**:

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```
(config)> add auth method end auth_type
(config)>
```

where *auth_type* is one of **local**, **radius**, **tacacs+**, or **ldap**.

- To add the new authentication in another location in the list, use an index value to indicate the appropriate position. For example:

```
(config)> add auth method 1 auth_type
(config)>
```

where *auth_type* is one of **local**, **radius**, **tacacs+**, or **ldap**.

- You can also use the **move** command to rearrange existing methods. See Rearrange the position of authentication methods for information about how to reorder the authentication methods.

4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

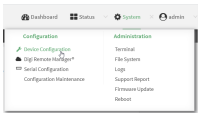
5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

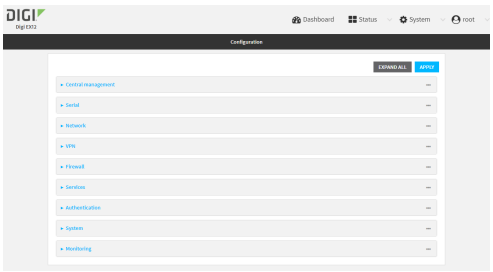
Delete an authentication method

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



   The **Configuration** window is displayed.

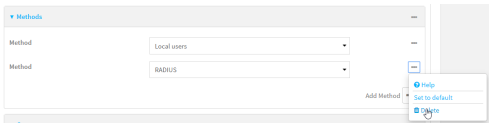


3. Click **Authentication** > **Methods**.

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4. Click the menu icon (**...**) next to the method and select **Delete**.



5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Use the **show auth method** command to determine the index number of the authentication method to be deleted:

```
(config)> show auth method
0 local
1 radius
2 tacacs+
(config)>
```

4. Delete the appropriate authentication method:

```
(config)> del auth method n
```

   Where *n* is index number of the authentication method to be deleted. For example, to delete the TACACS+ authentication method as displayed by the example **show** command, above:

```
(config)> del auth method 2
```

5. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

6. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

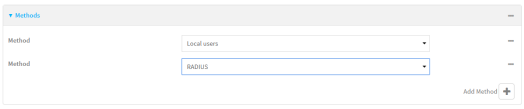
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Rearrange the position of authentication methods

WebUI

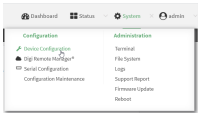
Authentication methods are reordered by changing the method type in the **Method** drop-down for each authentication method to match the appropriate order.

For example, the following configuration has **Local users** as the first method, and **RADIUS** as the second.

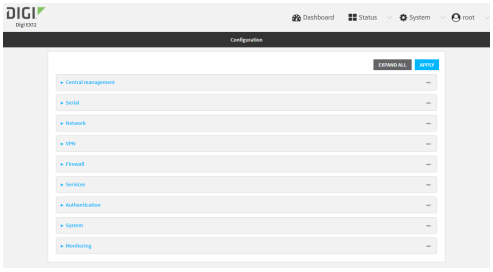


To reorder these so that **RADIUS** is first and **Local users** is second:

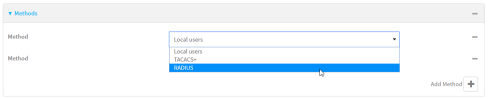
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



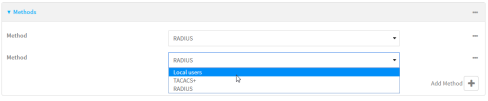
The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click to expand the first **Method**.
4. In the **Method** drop-down, select **RADIUS**.



5. Click to expand the second **Method**.
6. In the **Method** drop-down, select **Local users**.



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7. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Use the **show** command to display current configuration:

```
(config)> show auth method
0 local
1 radius
(config)>
```

4. Use the **move** command to rearrange the methods:

```
(config)> move auth method 1 0
(config)>
```

5. Use the **show** command again to verify the change:

```
(config)> show auth method
0 radius
1 local
(config)>
```

6. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

7. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Authentication groups

Authentication groups are used to assign access rights to EX12 users. Three types of access rights can be assigned:

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- **Admin access**: Users with Admin access can be configured to have either:
  - The ability to manage the EX12 device by using the WebUI or the Admin CLI.
  - Read-only access to the WebUI and Admin CLI.
- **Shell access**: Users with Shell access have the ability to access the shell when logging into the EX12 via ssh, telnet, or the serial console.

  Shell access is not available if the **Allow shell** parameter has been disabled. See Disable shell access for more information about the **Allow shell** parameter.
- **Serial access**: Users with Serial access have the ability to log into the EX12 device by using the serial console.

Preconfigured authentication groups

The EX12 device has two preconfigured authentication groups:

- The **admin** group is configured by default to have full **Admin access** and **Shell access**.

  Shell access is not available if the **Allow shell** parameter has been disabled. See Disable shell access for more information about the **Allow shell** parameter.
- The **serial** group is configured by default to have **Serial access**.

The preconfigured authentication groups cannot be deleted, but the access rights defined for the group are configurable.

This section contains the following topics:

Change the access rights for a predefined group 388
Add an authentication group 390
Delete an authentication group 394

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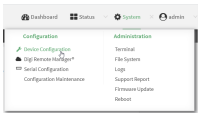
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Change the access rights for a predefined group

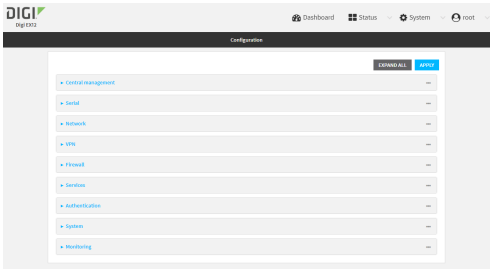
By default, two authentication groups are predefined: **admin** and **serial**. To change the access rights of the predefined groups:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Authentication** > **Groups**.
4. Click the authentication group to be changed, either **admin** or **serial**, to expand its configuration node.
5. Click the box next to the following options, as appropriate, to enable or disable access rights for each:
   - **Admin access**

     For groups assigned Admin access, you can also determine whether the **Access level** should be **Full access** or **Read-only access**.

     - **Full access** provides users of this group with the ability to manage the EX12 device by using the WebUI or the Admin CLI.
     - **Read-only access** provides users of this group with read-only access to the WebUI and Admin CLI.

     The default is **Full access**.
   - **Interactive shell access**

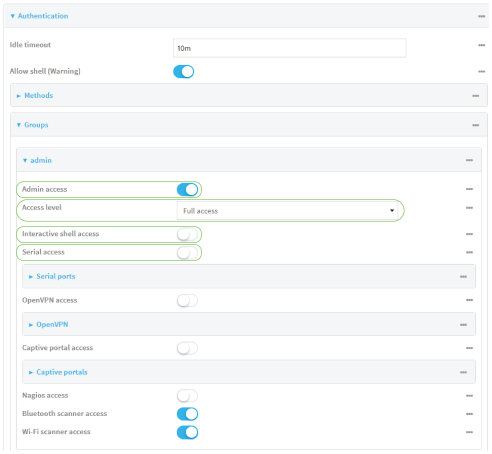
     Shell access is not available if the **Allow shell** parameter has been disabled. See Disable shell access for more information about the **Allow shell** parameter.
   - **Serial access**

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6. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Enable or disable access rights for the group. For example:
   - Admin access:
     - To set the access level for Admin access of the **admin** group:

```
(config)> auth group admin acl admin level value
(config)>
```

       where *value* is either:
       - **full**: provides users of this group with the ability to manage the EX12 device by using the WebUI or the Admin CLI.
       - **read-only**: provides users of this group with read-only access to the WebUI and Admin CLI.

       The default is **full**.

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- To disable Admin access for the **admin** group:

```
(config)> auth group admin acl admin enable false
(config)>
```

- Shell access:
  - To enable Shell access for the **serial** group:

```
(config)> auth group serial acl shell enable true
(config)>
```

Shell access is not available if the **Allow shell** parameter has been disabled. See Disable shell access for more information about the **Allow shell** parameter.

- Serial access:
  - To enable Serial access for the **admin** group:

```
(config)> auth group admin acl serial enable true
(config)>
```

4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Add an authentication group

Required configuration items

- The access rights to be assigned to users that are assigned to this group.

Additional configuration items

- Access rights to OpenVPN tunnels, and the tunnels to which they have access.
- Access rights to captive portals, and the portals to which they have access.
- Access rights to query the device for Nagios monitoring.

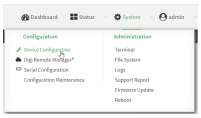
To add an authentication group:

WebUI

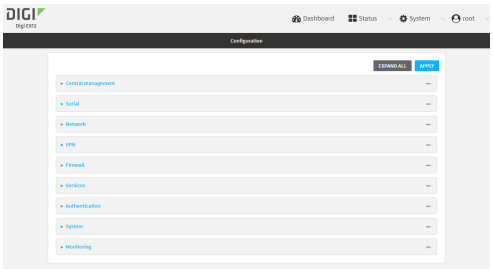
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.

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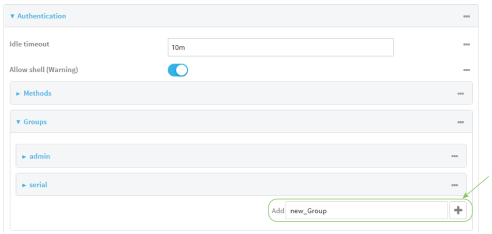
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



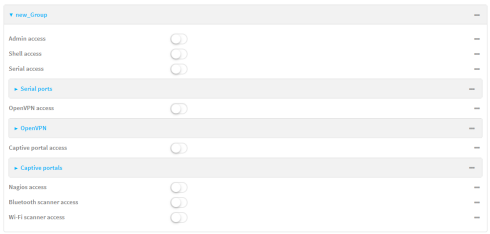
The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Authentication** > **Groups**.
4. For **Add**, type a name for the group and click **+**.



The group configuration window is displayed.



5. Click the following options, as appropriate, to enable or disable access rights for each:
   - **Admin access**

     For groups assigned Admin access, you can also determine whether the **Access level** should be **Full access** or **Read-only access**.

     where *value* is either:

     - **Full access full**: provides users of this group with the ability to manage the EX12 device by using the WebUI or the Admin CLI.
     - **Read-only access read-only**: provides users of this group with read-only access to the WebUI and Admin CLI.

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The default is **Full access full**.

- **Shell access**

  Shell access is not available if the **Allow shell** parameter has been disabled. See Disable shell access for more information about the **Allow shell** parameter.

- **Serial access**

6. (Optional) Configure OpenVPN access. See for further information.
7. (Optional) Configure captive portal access:
   a. Enable captive portal access rights for users of this group by checking the box next to **Captive portal access**.
   b. Click **Captive portals** to expand the **Captive portal** node.
   c. For **Add Captive portal**, click ✚.
   d. In the **Captive portal** dropdown, select a captive portal to which users of this group will have access.
   e. Click ✚ again to add additional captive portals.
8. (Optional) Enable users that belong to this group to query the device for Nagios monitoring by checking the box next to **Nagios access**.
9. (Optional) Enable users that belong to this group to access the Bluetooth scanning service by checking the box next to **Bluetooth scanner access**.
10. (Optional) Enable users that belong to this group to access the Wi-Fi scanning service by checking the box next to **Wi-Fi scanner access**.
11. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Use the **add auth group** command to add a new authentication. For example, to add a group named **test**:

```
(config)> add auth group test
(config auth group test)>
```


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4. Enable access rights for the group:
   - Admin access:

```
(config auth group test)> acl admin enable true
(config)>
```

   - Set the access level for Admin access:

```
(config)> auth group admin acl admin level value
(config)>
```

     where *value* is either:
     - **full**: provides users of this group with the ability to manage the EX12 device by using the WebUI or the Admin CLI.
     - **read-only**: provides users of this group with read-only access to the WebUI and Admin CLI.

     The default is **full**.
   - Shell access:

```
(config auth group test)> acl shell enable true
(config)>
```

     Shell access is not available if the **Allow shell** parameter has been disabled. See Disable shell access for more information about the **Allow shell** parameter.
   - Serial access:

```
(config auth group test)> acl serial enable true
(config)>
```

5. (Optional) Configure captive portal access:
   a. Return to the config prompt by typing three periods (**...**):

```
(config auth group test)> ...
(config)>
```

   b. Enable captive portal access rights for users of this group:

```
(config)> auth group test acl portal enable true
(config)>
```

   c. Add a captive portal to which users of this group will have access:
      i. Determine available portals:

```
(config)> show firewall portal
portal1
        auth none
        enable true
        http redirect
        no interface
        no message
```


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```
        no redirect_url
        no terms
        timeout 24h
        no title
(config)>
```

ii. Add a captive portal:

```
(config)> add auth group test acl portal portals end portal1
(config)>
```

6. (Optional) Configure Nagios monitoring:

```
(config)> auth group test acl nagios enable true
(config)>
```

7. (Optional) Enable users that belong to this group to access the Bluetooth scanning service:

```
(config)> auth group test acl bluetooth_scanner enable true
(config)>
```

8. (Optional) Enable users that belong to this group to access the Wi-Fi scanning service:

```
(config)> auth group group test acl wifi_scanner enable true
(config)>
```

9. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

10. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

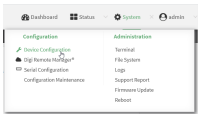
Delete an authentication group

By default, the EX12 device has two preconfigured authentication groups: **admin** and **serial**. These groups cannot be deleted.

To delete an authentication group that you have created:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.

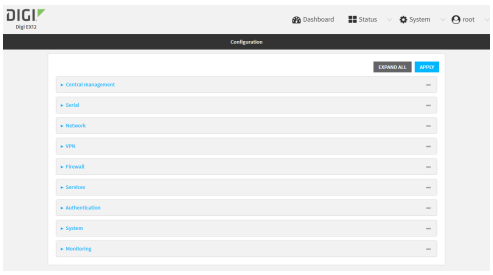


The **Configuration** window is displayed.

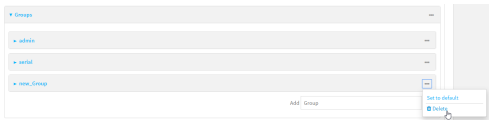
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3. Click **Authentication** > **Groups**.
4. Click the menu icon **(...)** next to the group to be deleted and select **Delete**.



5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. At the config prompt, type:

```
(config)> del auth group groupname
```

4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Local users

Local users are authenticated on the device without using an external authentication mechanism such as TACACS+ or RADIUS. Local user authentication is enabled by default, with one preconfiged default user.

Default user

At manufacturing time, each EX12 device comes with a default user configured as follows:

- Username: **admin**.
- Password: The default password is displayed on the label on the bottom of the device.

> **Note** The default password is a unique password for the device, and is the most critical security feature for the device. If you reset the device to factory defaults, you must log in using the default user and password, and you should immediately change the password to a custom password. Before deploying or mounting the EX12 device, record the default password, so you have the information available when you need it even if you cannot physically access the label on the bottom of the device.

The default **admin** user is preconfigured with both Admin and Serial access. You can configure the **admin** user account to fit with the needs of your environment.

This section contains the following topics:

Change a local user's password 397
Configure a local user 399
Delete a local user 406

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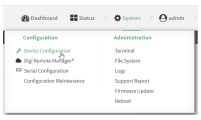
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Change a local user's password

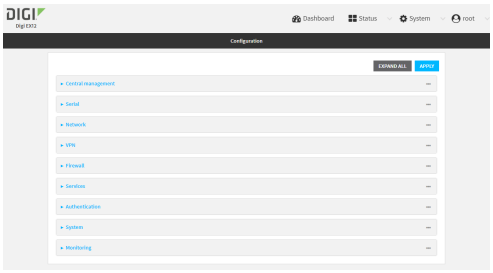
To change a user's password:

WebUI

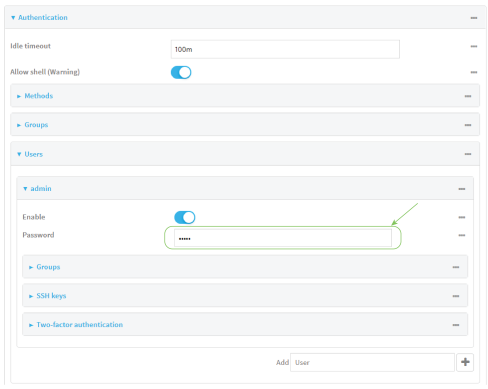
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



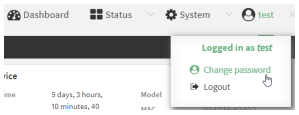
The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Authentication** > **Users**.
4. Click the username to expand the user's configuration node.
5. For **Password**, enter the new password.



You can also change the password for the active user by clicking the user name in the menu bar:



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The active user must have full Admin access rights to be able to change the password.

6. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



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TS-TL-DGI-087

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. At the config prompt, type:

```
(config)> auth user username password pwd
```

   Where:

   - *username* is the name of the user.
   - *pwd* is the new password for the user.
4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Configure a local user

Required configuration items

- A username.
- A password. For security reasons, passwords are stored in hash form. There is no way to get or display passwords in clear-text form, although prior to saving the configuration, the password can be shown by clicking **Reveal**.
- The authentication group or groups from which the user will inherit access rights. See Authentication groups for information about configuring groups.

Additional configuration items

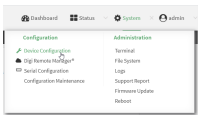
- An optional public ssh key, to authenticate the user when using passwordless SSH login.
- Two-factor authentication information for user login over SSH, telnet, and the serial console:
  - The verification type for two-factor authentication: Either time-based or counter-based.
  - The security key.
  - Whether to allow passcode reuse (time based verification only).
  - The passcode refresh interval (time based verification only).
  - The valid code window size.
  - The login limit.

- The login limit period.
- One-time use eight-digit emergency scratch codes.

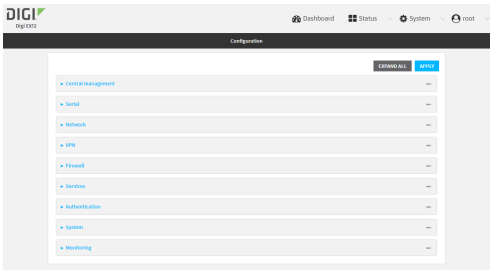
To configure a local user:

WebUI

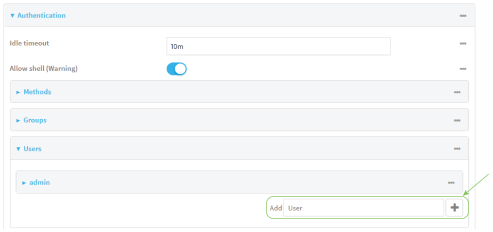
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



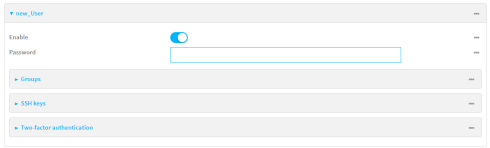
The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Authentication** > **Users**.
4. In **Add User**, type a name for the user and click ✚.



The user configuration window is displayed.



The user is enabled by default. To disable, click to toggle off **Enable**.

5. Enter a password for the user.
6. Add groups for the user.

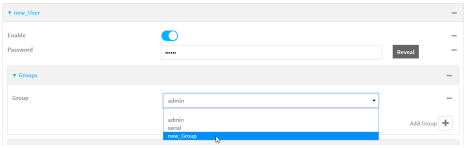
   Groups define user access rights. See Authentication groups for information about configuring groups.

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a. Click **Groups**.
b. For **Add Group**, click ✚.

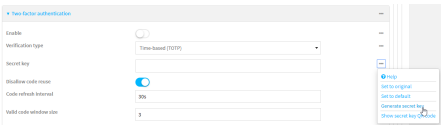


c. For **Group**, select an appropriate group.



Note Every user must be configured with at least one group. You can add multiple groups to a user by clicking **Add** again and selecting the next group.

7. (Optional) Add SSH keys for the user to use passwordless SSH login:
   a. Click **SSH keys**.
   b. In **Add SSH key**, paste or type a public encryption key that this user can use for passwordless SSH login and click ✚.
8. (Optional) Configure two-factor authentication for SSH, telnet, and serial console login:
   a. Click **Two-factor authentication**.
   b. Check **Enable** to enable two-factor authentication for this user.
   c. Select the **Verification type**:
      - **Time-based (TOTP)**: Time-based One-Time Password (TOTP) authentication uses the current time to generate a one-time password.
      - **Counter-based (HOTP)**: HMAC-based One-Time Password (HOTP) uses a counter to validate a one-time password.
   d. Generate a **Secret key**:
      i. Click **...** next to the field label and select **Generate secret key**.



      ii. To display the QR code for the secret key, click **...** next to the field label and select **Show secret key QR code**.
      iii. Copy the secret key, or scan or copy the QR code, for use with an application or mobile device to generate passcodes.

      Note To copy the QR code, right-click the QR code and select your browser's save image functionality.

   e. For time-based verification only, select **Disallow code reuse** to prevent a code from being used more than once during the time that it is valid.

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f. For time-based verification only, in **Code refresh interval**, type the amount of time that a code will remain valid.

   Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}. For example, to set **Code refresh interval** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

g. In **Valid code window size**, type the allowed number of concurrently valid codes. In cases where TOTP is being used, increasing the **Valid code window size** may be necessary when the clocks used by the server and client are not synchronized.

h. For **Login limit**, type the number of times that the user is allowed to attempt to log in during the **Login limit period**. Set **Login limit** to **0** to allow an unlimited number of login attempts during the **Login limit period**.

i. For **Login limit period**, type the amount of time that the user is allowed to attempt to log in.

   Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}. For example, to set **Login limit period** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

j. Scratch codes are emergency codes that may be used once, at any time. To add a scratch code:

   i. Click **Scratch codes**.

   ii. For **Add Code**, click ✚.

   iii. For **Code**, enter the scratch code. The code must be eight digits, with a minimum of 10000000.

   iv. Click ✚ again to add additional scratch codes.

9. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Add a user. For example, to create a user named **new_user**:

```
(config)> add auth user new_user
(config auth user new_user)>
```


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The user is enabled by default. To disable the user, type:

```
(config auth user new_user)> enable false
(config auth user new_user)>
```

4. Assign a password to the user:

```
(config auth user new_user> password pwd
(config auth user new_user)>
```

5. Add groups for the user.

   Groups define user access rights. See Authentication groups for information about configuring groups.

   a. Add a group to the user. For example, to add the admin group to the user:

```
(config auth user new_user> add group end admin
(config auth user new_user)>
```

   Note Every user must be configured with at least one group.

   b. (Optional) Add additional groups by repeating the add group command:

```
(config auth user new_user> add group end serial
(config auth user new_user)>
```

   To remove a group from a user:

   a. Use the **show** command to determine the index number of the group to be deleted:

```
(config auth user new_user> show group
0 admin
1 serial
(config auth user new_user>
```

   b. Type the following:

```
(config auth user new_user)> del group n
(config auth user new_user)>
```

   Where *n* is index number of the authentication method to be deleted. For example, to delete the serial group as displayed by the example **show** command, above:

```
(config auth user new_user)> del group 1
(config auth user new_user)>
```

6. (Optional) Add SSH keys for the user to use passwordless SSH login:

   a. Change to the user's ssh_key node:

```
(config auth user new_user)> ssh_key
(config auth user new_user ssh_key)>
```

   b. Add the key by using the ssh_key command and pasting or typing a public encryption key that this user can use for passwordless SSH login:

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```
(config auth user new_user ssh_key)> ssh_key key
(config auth user new_user ssh_key)>
```

7. (Optional) Configure two-factor authentication for SSH, telnet, and serial console login:
   a. Change to the user's two-factor authentication node:

```
(config auth user new_user)> 2fa
(config auth user new_user 2fa)>
```

   b. Enable two-factor authentication for this user:

```
(config auth user new_user 2fa)> enable true
(config auth user new_user 2fa)>
```

   c. Configure the verification type. Allowed values are:
      - **totp**: Time-based One-Time Password (TOTP) authentication uses the current time to generate a one-time password.
      - **hotp**: HMAC-based One-Time Password (HOTP) uses a counter to validate a one-time password.

      The default value is **totp**.

```
(config auth user new_user 2fa)> type totp
(config auth user new_user 2fa)>
```

   d. Add a secret key:

```
(config auth user new_user 2fa)> secret key
(config auth user new_user 2fa)>
```

      This key should be used by an application or mobile device to generate passcodes.
   e. For time-based verification only, enable **disallow_reuse** to prevent a code from being used more than once during the time that it is valid.

```
(config auth user new_user 2fa)> disallow_reuse true
(config auth user new_user 2fa)>
```

   f. For time-based verification only, configure the code refresh interval. This is the amount of time that a code will remain valid.

```
(config auth user new_user 2fa)> refresh_interval value
(config auth user new_user 2fa)>
```

      where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

      For example, to set **refresh_interval** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config auth user name 2fa)> refresh_interval 600s
(config auth user name 2fa)>
```

      The default is **30s**.

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g. Configure the valid code window size. This represents the allowed number of concurrently valid codes. In cases where TOTP is being used, increasing the valid code window size may be necessary when the clocks used by the server and client are not synchronized.

```
(config auth user new_user 2fa)> window_size 3
(config auth user new_user 2fa)>
```

h. Configure the login limit. This represents the number of times that the user is allowed to attempt to log in during the Login limit period. Set to 0 to allow an unlimited number of login attempts during the Login limit period

```
(config auth user new_user 2fa)> login_limit 3
(config auth user new_user 2fa)>
```

i. Configure the login limit period. This is the amount of time that the user is allowed to attempt to log in.

```
(config auth user new_user 2fa)> login_limit_period value
(config auth user new_user 2fa)>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

For example, to set **login_limit_period** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config auth user name 2fa)> login_limit_period 600s
(config auth user name 2fa)>
```

The default is **30s**.

j. Scratch codes are emergency codes that may be used once, at any time. To add a scratch code:

i. Change to the user's scratch code node:

```
(config auth user new_user 2fa)> scratch_code
(config auth user new_user 2fa scratch_code)>
```

ii. Add a scratch code:

```
(config auth user new_user 2fa scratch_code)> add end code
(config auth user new_user 2fa scratch_code)>
```

Where code is an digit number, with a minimum of 10000000.

iii. To add additional scratch codes, use the **add end *code*** command again.

8. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config auth user new 2fa scratch_code)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

9. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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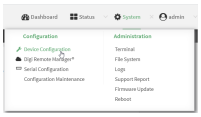
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Delete a local user

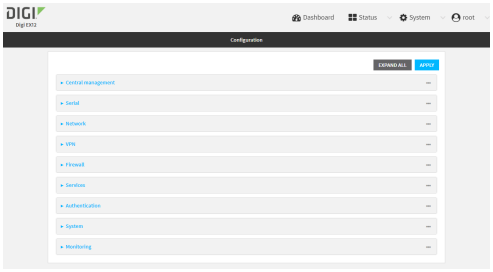
To delete a user from your EX12:

WebUI

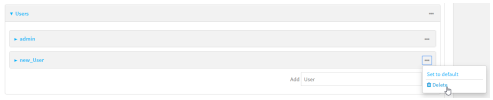
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Authentication** > **Users**.
4. Click the menu icon (**...**) next to the name of the user to be deleted and select **Delete**.



5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



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Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. At the config prompt, type:

```
(config)> del auth user username
```

4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Terminal Access Controller Access-Control System Plus (TACACS+)

Your EX12 device supports Terminal Access Controller Access-Control System Plus (TACACS+), a networking protocol that provides centralized authentication and authorization management for users who connect to the device. With TACACS+ support, the EX12 device acts as a TACACS+ client, which sends user credentials and connection parameters to a TACACS+ server over TCP. The TACACS+ server then authenticates the TACACS+ client requests and sends back a response message to the device.

When you are using TACACS+ authentication, you can have both local users and TACACS+ users able to log in to the device. To use TACACS+ authentication, you must set up a TACACS+ server that is accessible by the EX12 device prior to configuration. The process of setting up a TACACS+ server varies by the server environment.

This section contains the following topics:

TACACS+ user configuration 409
TACACS+ server failover and fallback to local authentication 410
Configure your EX12 device to use a TACACS+ server 410

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TACACS+ user configuration

When configured to use TACACS+ support, the EX12 device uses a remote TACACS+ server for user authentication (password verification) and authorization (assigning the access level of the user). Additional TACACS+ servers can be configured as backup servers for user authentication.

This section outlines how to configure a TACACS+ server to be used for user authentication on your EX12 device.

Example TACACS+ configuration

With TACACS+, users are defined in the server configuration file. On Ubuntu, the default location and filename for the server configuration file is **/etc/tacacs+/tac_plus.conf**.

Note TACACS+ configuration, including filenames and locations, may vary depending on your platform and installation. This example assumes a Ubuntu installation.

To define users:

1. Open the TACACS+ server configuration file in a text editor. For example:

```
$ sudo gedit /etc/tacacs+/tac_plus.conf
```

2. Add users to the file using the following format. This example will create two users, one with admin and serial access, and one with only serial access.

```
user = user1 {
       name ="User1 for EX12"
       pap = cleartext password1
       service = system {
         groupname = admin,serial
       }
}
user = user2 {
       name ="User2 for EX12"
       pap = cleartext password2
       service = system {
         groupname = serial
       }
}
```

   The **groupname** attribute is optional. If used, the value must correspond to authentication groups configured on your EX12. Alternatively, if the user is also configured as a local user on the EX12 device and the LDAP server authenticates the user but does not return any groups, the local configuration determines the list of groups. See Authentication groups for more information about authentication groups. The **groupname** attribute can contain one group or multiple groups in a comma-separated list.

3. Save and close the file.
4. Verify that your changes did not introduce any syntax errors:

```
$ sudo tac_plus -C /etc/tacacs+/tac_plus.conf -P
```

   If successful, this command will echo the configuration file to standard out. If the command encounters any syntax errors, a message similar to this will display:

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```
Error: Unrecognised token on line 1
```

5. Restart the TACACS+ server:

```
$ sudo /etc/init.d/tacacs_plus restart
```

TACACS+ server failover and fallback to local authentication

In addition to the primary TACACS+ server, you can also configure your EX12 device to use backup TACACS+ servers. Backup TACACS+ servers are used for authentication requests when the primary TACACS+ server is unavailable.

Falling back to local authentication

With user authentication methods, you can configure your EX12 device to use multiple types of authentication. For example, you can configure both TACACS+ authentication and local authentication, so that local authentication can be used as a fallback mechanism if the primary and backup TACACS+ servers are unavailable. Additionally, users who are configured locally but are not configured on the TACACS+ server are still able to log into the device. Authentication methods are attempted in the order they are listed until the first successful authentication result is returned; therefore if you want to ensure that users are authenticated first through the TACACS+ server, and only authenticated locally if the TACACS+ server is unavailable or if the user is not defined on the TACACS+ server, then you should list the TACACS+ authentication method prior to the Local users authentication method.

See User authentication methods for more information about authentication methods.

If the TACACS+ servers are unavailable and the EX12 device falls back to local authentication, only users defined locally on the device are able to log in. TACACS+ users cannot log in until the TACACS+ servers are brought back online.

Configure your EX12 device to use a TACACS+ server

This section describes how to configure a EX12 device to use a TACACS+ server for authentication and authorization.

Required configuration items

- Define the TACACS+ server IP address or domain name.
- Define the TACACS+ server shared secret.
- The group attribute configured in the TACACS+ server configuration.
- The service field configured in the TACACS+ server configuration.
- Add TACACS+ as an authentication method for your EX12 device.

Additional configuration items

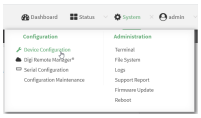
- The TACACS+ server port. It is configured to 49 by default.
- Add additional TACACS+ servers in case the first TACACS+ server is unavailable.

WebUI

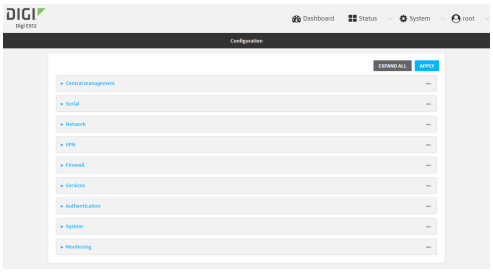
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.

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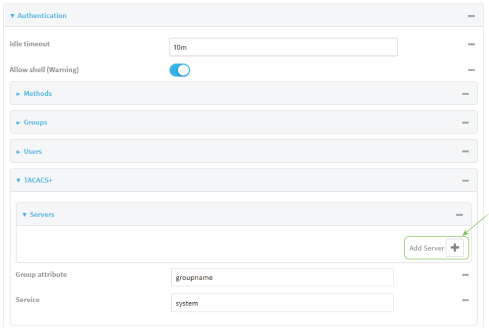
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



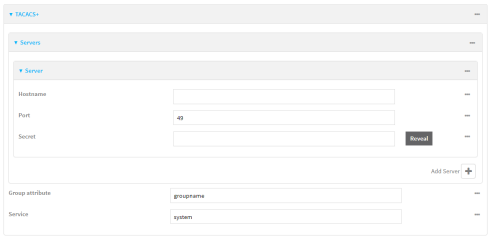
The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Authentication** > **TACACS+** > **Servers**.
4. For **Add server**, click ✚.



The TACACS+ server configuration window is displayed.



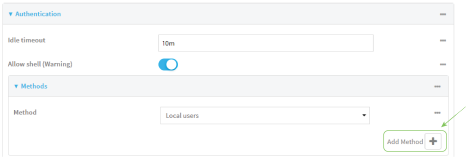
5. For **Hostname**, type the hostname or IP address of the TACACS+ server.
6. (Optional) Change the default **Port** setting to the appropriate port. Normally this should be left at the default setting of port 49.
7. For **Secret**, type the TACACS+ server's shared secret. This is configured in the key parameter of the TACACS+ server's tac_plus.conf file, for example:

```
key = testing123
```

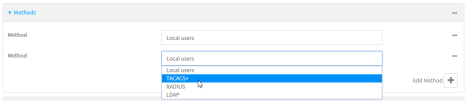

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8. (Optional) For **Group attribute**, type the name of the attribute used in the TACACS+ server's configuration to identify the EX12 authentication group or groups that the user is a member of. For example, in TACACS+ user configuration, the group attribute in the sample tac_plus.conf file is **groupname**, which is also the default setting in the EX12 configuration.
9. (Optional) For **Service**, type the value of the **service** attribute in the the TACACS+ server's configuration. For example, in TACACS+ user configuration, the value of the **service** attribute in the sample tac_plus.conf file is **system**, which is also the default setting in the EX12 configuration.
10. (Optional) Click ✚ again to add additional TACACS+ servers.
11. Add TACACS+ to the authentication methods:
    a. Click **Authentication** > **Methods**.
    b. For **Add method**, click ✚.



    c. Select **TACACS+** for the new method from the **Method** drop-down.



    Authentication methods are attempted in the order they are listed until the first successful authentication result is returned. See Rearrange the position of authentication methods for information about rearranging the position of the methods in the list.
12. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Set the type of TLS connection used by the LDAP server:

```
(config)> auth ldap tls value
(config)>
```


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where *value* is one of:

- **off**: Uses a non-secure TCP connection on the LDAP standard port, 389.
- **on**: Uses an SSL/TLS encrypted connection on port 636.
- **start_tls**: Makes a non-secure TCP connection to the LDAP server on port 389, then sends a request to upgrade the connection to a secure TLS connection. This is the preferred method for LDAP.

The default is **off**.

4. If **tls** is set to **on** or **start_tls**, configure whether to verify the server certificate:

```
(config)> auth ldap verify_server_cert value
(config)>
```

where *value* is either:

- **true**: Verifies the server certificate with a known Certificate Authority.
- **false**: Does not verify the certificate. Use this option if the server is using a self-signed certificate.

The default is **true**.

5. Set the distinguished name (DN) that is used to bind to the LDAP server and search for users. Leave this option unset if the server allows anonymous connections.

```
(config)> auth ldap bind_dn dn_value
(config)>
```

For example:

```
(config)> auth ldap bind_dn cn=user,dc=example,dc=com
(config)>
```

6. Set the password used to log into the LDAP server. Leave this option unset if the server allows anonymous connections.

```
(config)> auth ldap bind_password password
(config)>
```

7. Set the distinguished name (DN) on the server to search for users. This can be the root of the directory tree (for example, **dc=example,dc=com**) or a sub-tree (for example. **ou=People,dc=example,dc=com**).

```
(config)> auth ldap base_dn value
(config)>
```

8. (Optional) Set the name of the user attribute that contains the list of EX12 authentication groups that the authenticated user has access to. See LDAP user configuration for further information about the group attribute.

```
(config)> auth ldap group_attribute value
(config)>
```

For example:

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```
(config)> auth ldap group_attribute ou
(config)>
```

9. Configure the amount of time in seconds to wait for the TACACS+ server to respond.

```
(config)> auth ldap timeout value
(config)>
```

where *value* is any integer from **3** to **60**. The default value is **3**.

10. Add an TACACS+ server:

```
(config)> add auth tacacs+ server end
(config auth tacacs+ server 0)>
```

11. Enter the TACACS+ server's IP address or hostname:

```
(config auth tacacs+ server 0)> hostname hostname|ip-address
(config auth tacacs+ server 0)>
```

12. (Optional) Change the default port setting to the appropriate port:

```
(config auth tacacs+ server 0)> port port
(config auth tacacs+ server 0)>
```

13. Enter the TACACS+ server's shared secret. This is configured in the key parameter of the TACACS+ server's tac_plus.conf file. For example:

```
(config auth tacacs+ server 0)> secret testing123
(config auth tacacs+ server 0)>
```

14. Return to the config prompt by typing three periods:

```
(config auth tacacs+ server 0)> ...
(config)>
```

15. (Optional) Configure the group_attribute. This is the name of the attribute used in the TACACS+ server's configuration to identify the EX12 authentication group or groups that the user is a member of. For example, in TACACS+ user configuration, the group attribute in the sample tac_plus.conf file is **groupname**, which is also the default setting for the group_ attribute in the EX12 configuration.

```
(config)> auth tacacs+ group_attribute attribute-name
(config)>
```

16. (Optional) Configure the type of service. This is the value of the **service** attribute in the the TACACS+ server's configuration. For example, in TACACS+ user configuration, the value of the **service** attribute in the sample tac_plus.conf file is **system**, which is also the default setting in the EX12 configuration.

```
(config)> auth tacacs+ service service-name
(config)>
```

17. (Optional) Repeat the above steps to add additional TACACS+ servers.

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18. Add TACACS+ to the authentication methods. Authentication methods are attempted in the order they are listed until the first successful authentication result is returned. This example will add TACACS+ to the end of the list. See User authentication methods for information about adding methods to the beginning or middle of the list.

```
(config)> add auth method end tacacs+
(config)>
```

19. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

20. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS)

Your EX12 device supports Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS), a networking protocol that provides centralized authentication and authorization management for users who connect to the device. With RADIUS support, the EX12 device acts as a RADIUS client, which sends user credentials and connection parameters to a RADIUS server over UDP. The RADIUS server then authenticates the RADIUS client requests and sends back a response message to the device.

When you are using RADIUS authentication, you can have both local users and RADIUS users able to log in to the device. To use RADIUS authentication, you must set up a RADIUS server that is accessible by the EX12 device prior to configuration. The process of setting up a RADIUS server varies by the server environment. An example of a RADIUS server is FreeRADIUS.

This section contains the following topics:

RADIUS user configuration 417
RADIUS server failover and fallback to local configuration 417
Configure your EX12 device to use a RADIUS server 418

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RADIUS user configuration

When configured to use RADIUS support, the EX12 device uses a remote RADIUS server for user authentication (password verification) and authorization (assigning the access level of the user). Additional RADIUS servers can be configured as backup servers for user authentication.

This section outlines how to configure a RADIUS server to be used for user authentication on your EX12 device.

Example FreeRADIUS configuration

With FreeRADIUS, users are defined in the **users** file in your FreeRADIUS installation. To define users:

1. Open the FreeRadius user file in a text editor. For example:

```
$ sudo gedit /etc/freeradius/3.0/users
```

2. Add users to the file using the following format:

```
user1 Cleartext-Password := "user1"
       Unix-FTP-Group-Names := "admin"

user2 Cleartext-Password := "user2"
       Unix-FTP-Group-Names := "serial"
```

   The **Unix-FTP-Group-Names** attribute is optional. If used, the value must correspond to authentication groups configured on your EX12. Alternatively, if the user is also configured as a local user on the EX12 device and the RADIUS server authenticates the user but does not return any groups, the local configuration determines the list of groups. See Authentication groups for more information about authentication groups. The **Unix-FTP-Group-Names** attribute can contain one group or multiple groups in a comma-separated list.

3. Save and close the file.
4. Verify that your changes did not introduce any syntax errors:

```
$ sudo freeradius -CX
```

   This should return a message that completes similar to:

```
...
Configuration appears to be OK
```

5. Restart the FreeRADIUS server:

```
$ sudo /etc/init.d/freeradius restart
```

RADIUS server failover and fallback to local configuration

In addition to the primary RADIUS server, you can also configure your EX12 device to use backup RADIUS servers. Backup RADIUS servers are used for authentication requests when the primary RADIUS server is unavailable.

Falling back to local authentication

With user authentication methods, you can configure your EX12 device to use multiple types of authentication. For example, you can configure both RADIUS authentication and local authentication, so that local authentication can be used as a fallback mechanism if the primary and backup RADIUS

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servers are unavailable. Additionally, users who are configured locally but are not configured on the RADIUS server are still able to log into the device. Authentication methods are attempted in the order they are listed until the first successful authentication result is returned; therefore if you want to ensure that users are authenticated first through the RADIUS server, and only authenticated locally if the RADIUS server is unavailable or if the user is not defined on the RADIUS server, then you should list the RADIUS authentication method prior to the Local users authentication method.

See User authentication methods for more information about authentication methods.

If the RADIUS servers are unavailable and the EX12 device falls back to local authentication, only users defined locally on the device are able to log in. RADIUS users cannot log in until the RADIUS servers are brought back online.

Configure your EX12 device to use a RADIUS server

This section describes how to configure a EX12 device to use a RADIUS server for authentication and authorization.

Required configuration items

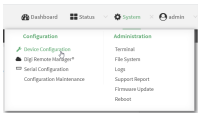
- Define the RADIUS server IP address or domain name.
- Define the RADIUS server shared secret.
- Add RADIUS as an authentication method for your EX12 device.

Additional configuration items

- The RADIUS server port. It is configured to 1812 by default.
- Add additional RADIUS servers in case the first RADIUS server is unavailable.
- The server NAS ID. If left blank, the default value is used:
  - If you are access the EX12 device by using the WebUI, the default value is for NAS ID is **httpd**.
  - If you are access the EX12 device by using ssh, the default value is **sshd**.
- Time in seconds before the request to the server times out. The default is 3 seconds and the maximum possible value is 60 seconds.
- Enable additional debug messages from the RADIUS client.

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.

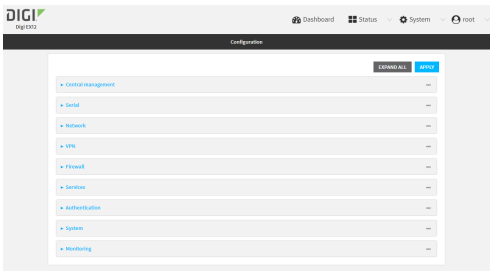


The **Configuration** window is displayed.

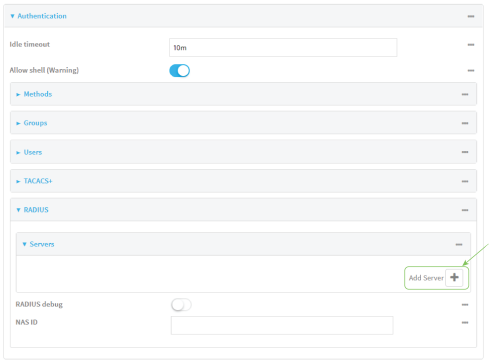
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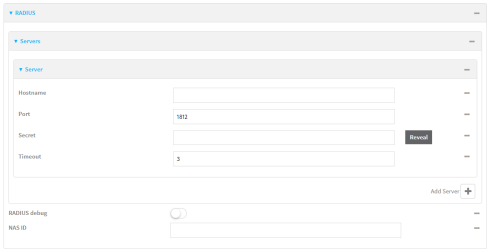
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3. Click **Authentication** > **RADIUS** > **Servers**.
4. For **Add server**, click ✚.



The RADIUS server configuration window is displayed.



5. For **Hostname**, type the hostname or IP address of the RADIUS server.
6. (Optional) Change the default **Port** setting to the appropriate port. Normally this should be left at the default setting of port 1812.
7. For **Secret**, type the RADIUS server's shared secret. This is configured in the secret parameter of the RADIUS server's client.conf file, for example:

```
secret=testing123
```

8. For **Timeout**, type or select the amount of time in seconds to wait for the RADIUS server to respond. Allowed value is any integer from **3** to **60**. The default value is **3**.
9. (Optional) Click **RADIUS debug** to enable additional debug messages from the RADIUS client.
10. (Optional) For **NAS ID**, type the unique identifier for this network access server (NAS). You can use the fully-qualified domain name of the NAS or any arbitrary string. If not set, the default

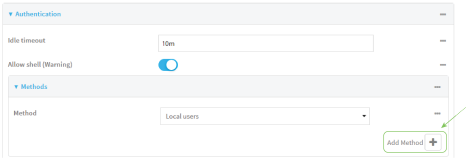
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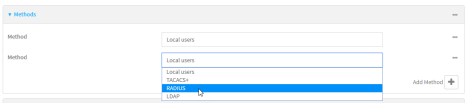
value is used:

- If you are accessing the EX12 device by using the WebUI, the default value is for NAS ID is **httpd**.
- If you are accessing the EX12 device by using ssh, the default value is **sshd**.

11. (Optional) Click ✚ again to add additional RADIUS servers.
12. Add RADIUS to the authentication methods:
    a. Click **Authentication** > **Methods**.
    b. For **Add method**, click ✚.



    c. Select **RADIUS** for the new method from the **Method** drop-down.



    Authentication methods are attempted in the order they are listed until the first successful authentication result is returned. See Rearrange the position of authentication methods for information about rearranging the position of the methods in the list.
13. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.
   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Set the type of TLS connection used by the LDAP server:

```
(config)> auth ldap tls value
(config)>
```

   where *value* is one of:

   - **off**: Uses a non-secure TCP connection on the LDAP standard port, 389.
   - **on**: Uses an SSL/TLS encrypted connection on port 636.

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- **start_tls**: Makes a non-secure TCP connection to the LDAP server on port 389, then sends a request to upgrade the connection to a secure TLS connection. This is the preferred method for LDAP.

The default is **off**.

4. If **tls** is set to **on** or **start_tls**, configure whether to verify the server certificate:

```
(config)> auth ldap verify_server_cert value
(config)>
```

where *value* is either:

- **true**: Verifies the server certificate with a known Certificate Authority.
- **false**: Does not verify the certificate. Use this option if the server is using a self-signed certificate.

The default is **true**.

5. Set the distinguished name (DN) that is used to bind to the LDAP server and search for users. Leave this option unset if the server allows anonymous connections.

```
(config)> auth ldap bind_dn dn_value
(config)>
```

For example:

```
(config)> auth ldap bind_dn cn=user,dc=example,dc=com
(config)>
```

6. Set the password used to log into the LDAP server. Leave this option unset if the server allows anonymous connections.

```
(config)> auth ldap bind_password password
(config)>
```

7. Set the distinguished name (DN) on the server to search for users. This can be the root of the directory tree (for example, **dc=example,dc=com**) or a sub-tree (for example. **ou=People,dc=example,dc=com**).

```
(config)> auth ldap base_dn value
(config)>
```

8. (Optional) Set the name of the user attribute that contains the list of EX12 authentication groups that the authenticated user has access to. See LDAP user configuration for further information about the group attribute.

```
(config)> auth ldap group_attribute value
(config)>
```

For example:

```
(config)> auth ldap group_attribute ou
(config)>
```


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9. Configure the amount of time in seconds to wait for the RADIUS server to respond.

```
(config)> auth ldap timeout value
(config)>
```

where *value* is any integer from **3** to **60**. The default value is **3**.

10. Add an RADIUS server:

```
(config)> add auth radius server end
(config auth radius server 0)>
```

11. Enter the RADIUS server's IP address or hostname:

```
(config auth radius server 0)> hostname hostname|ip-address
(config auth radius server 0)>
```

12. (Optional) Change the default port setting to the appropriate port:

```
(config auth radius server 0)> port port
(config auth radius server 0)>
```

13. Enter the RADIUS server's shared secret. This is configured in the secret parameter of the RADIUS server's client.conf file. For example:

```
(config auth radius server 0)> secret testing123
(config auth radius server 0)>
```

14. Configure the amount of time in seconds to wait for the RADIUS server to respond. Allowed value is any integer from **3** to **60**. The default value is **3**.

```
(config auth radius server 0)> timeout value
(config auth radius server 0)>
```

15. Return to the config prompt by typing three periods:

```
(config auth radius server 0)> ...
(config)>
```

16. (Optional) Enable debug messages from the RADIUS client:

```
(config)> auth radius debug true
```

17. (Optional) Configure the NAS ID. This is a unique identifier for this network access server (NAS). You can use the fully-qualified domain name of the NAS or any arbitrary string. If not set, the default value is used:
    - If you are accessing the EX12 device by using the WebUI, the default value is for NAS ID is **httpd**.
    - If you are accessing the EX12 device by using ssh, the default value is **sshd**.

```
(config)> auth radius nas_id id
(config)>
```

18. (Optional) Repeat the above steps to add additional RADIUS servers.

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19. Add RADIUS to the authentication methods. Authentication methods are attempted in the order they are listed until the first successful authentication result is returned. This example will add RADIUS to the end of the list. See User authentication methods for information about adding methods to the beginning or middle of the list.

```
(config)> add auth method end radius
(config)>
```

20. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

21. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

LDAP

Your EX12 device supports LDAP (Lightweight Directory Access Protocol), a protocol used for directory information services over an IP network. LDAP can be used with your EX12 device for centralized authentication and authorization management for users who connect to the device. With LDAP support, the EX12 device acts as an LDAP client, which sends user credentials and connection parameters to an LDAP server. The LDAP server then authenticates the LDAP client requests and sends back a response message to the device.

When you are using LDAP authentication, you can have both local users and LDAP users able to log in to the device. To use LDAP authentication, you must set up a LDAP server that is accessible by the EX12 device prior to configuration. The process of setting up a LDAP server varies by the server environment.

This section contains the following topics:

LDAP user configuration 424
LDAP server failover and fallback to local configuration 425
Configure your EX12 device to use an LDAP server 425

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LDAP user configuration

When configured to use LDAP support, the EX12 device uses a remote LDAP server for user authentication (password verification) and authorization (assigning the access level of the user). Additional LDAP servers can be configured as backup servers for user authentication.

This section outlines how to configure a LDAP server to be used for user authentication on your EX12 device.

There are several different implementations of LDAP, including Microsoft Active Directory. This section uses OpenLDAP as an example configuration. Other implementations of LDAP will have different configuration methods.

Example OpenLDAP configuration

With OpenLDAP, users can be configured in a text file using the LDAP Data Interchange Format (LDIF). In this case, we will be using a file called **add_user.ldif**.

1. Create the **add_user.ldif** file in a text editor. For example:

```
$ gedit ./add_user.ldif
```

2. Add users to the file using the following format:

```
dn: uid=john,dc=example,dc=com
objectClass: inetOrgPerson
cn: John Smith
sn: Smith
uid: john
userPassword: password
ou: admin serial
```

   - The value of **uid** and **userPassword** must correspond to the username and password used to log into the EX12 device.
   - The **ou** attribute is optional. If used, the value must correspond to authentication groups configured on your EX12. Alternatively, if the user is also configured as a local user on the EX12 device and the LDAP server authenticates the user but does not return any groups, the local configuration determines the list of groups. See Authentication groups for more information about authentication groups.

   Other attributes may be required by the user's objectClass. Any objectClass may be used as long it allows the **uid**, **userPassword**, and **ou** attributes.
3. Save and close the file.
4. Add the user to the OpenLDAP server:

```
$ ldapadd -x -H 'ldap:///' -D 'cn=admin,dc=example,dc=com' -W -f add_
user.ldif
adding new entry "uid=john,dc=example,dc=com"
```

5. Verify that the user has been added by performing an LDAP search:

```
$ ldapsearch -x -LLL -H 'ldap:///' -b 'dc=example,dc=com'
uid=john
dn: uid=john,dc=example,dc=com
objectClass: inetOrgPerson
```


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```
cn: John Smith
sn: Smith
uid: john
ou: admin serial
```

LDAP server failover and fallback to local configuration

In addition to the primary LDAP server, you can also configure your EX12 device to use backup LDAP servers. Backup LDAP servers are used for authentication requests when the primary LDAP server is unavailable.

Falling back to local authentication

With user authentication methods, you can configure your EX12 device to use multiple types of authentication. For example, you can configure both LDAP authentication and local authentication, so that local authentication can be used as a fallback mechanism if the primary and backup LDAP servers are unavailable. Additionally, users who are configured locally but are not configured on the LDAP server are still able to log into the device. Authentication methods are attempted in the order they are listed until the first successful authentication result is returned; therefore if you want to ensure that users are authenticated first through the LDAP server, and only authenticated locally if the LDAP server is unavailable or if the user is not defined on the LDAP server, then you should list the LDAP authentication method prior to the Local users authentication method.

See User authentication methods for more information about authentication methods.

If the LDAP servers are unavailable and the EX12 device falls back to local authentication, only users defined locally on the device are able to log in. LDAP users cannot log in until the LDAP servers are brought back online.

Configure your EX12 device to use an LDAP server

This section describes how to configure a EX12 device to use an LDAP server for authentication and authorization.

Required configuration items

- Define the LDAP server IP address or domain name.
- Add LDAP as an authentication method for your EX12 device.

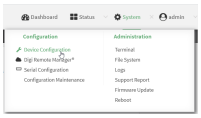
Additional configuration items

- The LDAP server port. It is configured to 389 by default.
- Whether to use Transport Layer Security (TLS) when communicating with the LDAP server.
- The distinguished name (DN) and password used to communicate with the server.
- The distinguished name used to search to user base.
- The group attribute.
- The number of seconds to wait to receive a message from the server.
- Add additional LDAP servers in case the first LDAP server is unavailable.

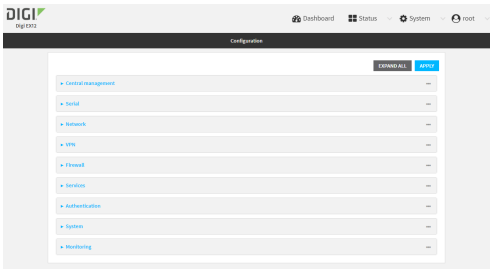
WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.

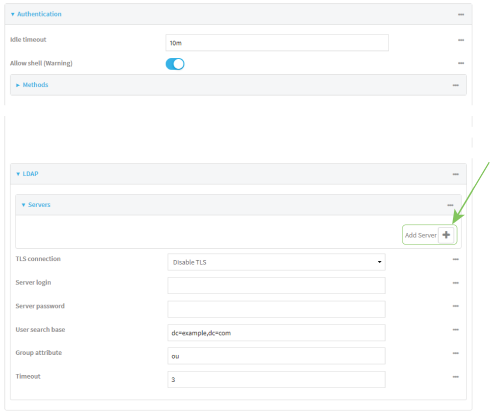
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



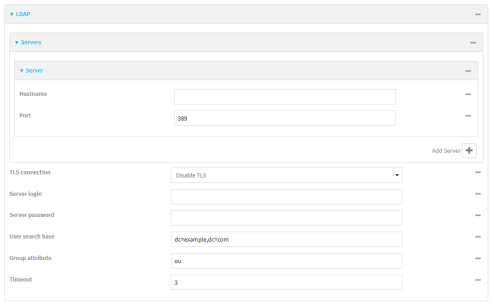
The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Authentication** > **LDAP** > **Servers**.
4. For **Add server**, click ✚.

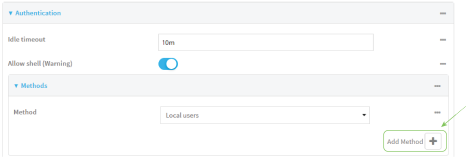


The LDAP server configuration window is displayed.

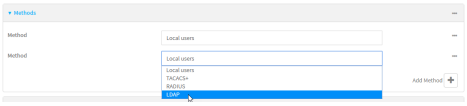


5. For **Hostname**, type the hostname or IP address of the LDAP server.
6. (Optional) Change the default **Port** setting to the appropriate port. Normally this should be left at the default setting of port 389.

7. (Optional) Click ✚ again to add additional LDAP servers.
8. For **TLS connection**, select the type of TLS connection used by the server:
   - **Disable TLS**: Uses a non-secure TCP connection on the LDAP standard port, 389.
   - **Enable TLS**: Uses an SSL/TLS encrypted connection on port 636.
   - **Start TLS**: Makes a non-secure TCP connection to the LDAP server on port 389, then sends a request to upgrade the connection to a secure TLS connection. This is the preferred method for LDAP.
9. If **Enable TLS** or **Start TLS** are selected for **TLS connection**:
   - Leave **Verify server certificate** at the default setting of enabled to verify the server certificate with a known Certificate Authority.
   - Disable **Verify server certificate** if the server is using a self-signed certificate.
10. (Optional) For **Server login**, type a distinguished name (DN) that is used to bind to the LDAP server and search for users, for example **cn=user,dc=example,dc=com**. Leave this field blank if the server allows anonymous connections.
11. (Optional) For **Server password**, type the password used to log into the LDAP server. Leave this field blank if the server allows anonymous connections.
12. For **User search base**, type the distinguished name (DN) on the server to search for users. This can be the root of the directory tree (for example, **dc=example,dc=com**) or a sub-tree (for example. **ou=People,dc=example,dc=com**).
13. (Optional) For **Group attribute**, type the name of the user attribute that contains the list of EX12 authentication groups that the authenticated user has access to. See LDAP user configuration for further information about the group attribute.
14. For **Timeout**, type or select the amount of time in seconds to wait for the LDAP server to respond. Allowed value is between **3** and **60** seconds.
15. Add LDAP to the authentication methods:
    a. Click **Authentication** > **Methods**.
    b. For **Add method**, click ✚.



    c. Select **LDAP** for the new method from the **Method** drop-down.



    Authentication methods are attempted in the order they are listed until the first successful authentication result is returned. See Rearrange the position of authentication methods for information about rearranging the position of the methods in the list.
16. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.

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Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Set the type of TLS connection used by the LDAP server:

```
(config)> auth ldap tls value
(config)>
```

   where *value* is one of:

   - **off**: Uses a non-secure TCP connection on the LDAP standard port, 389.
   - **on**: Uses an SSL/TLS encrypted connection on port 636.
   - **start_tls**: Makes a non-secure TCP connection to the LDAP server on port 389, then sends a request to upgrade the connection to a secure TLS connection. This is the preferred method for LDAP.

   The default is **off**.

4. If **tls** is set to **on** or **start_tls**, configure whether to verify the server certificate:

```
(config)> auth ldap verify_server_cert value
(config)>
```

   where *value* is either:

   - **true**: Verifies the server certificate with a known Certificate Authority.
   - **false**: Does not verify the certificate. Use this option if the server is using a self-signed certificate.

   The default is **true**.

5. Set the distinguished name (DN) that is used to bind to the LDAP server and search for users. Leave this option unset if the server allows anonymous connections.

```
(config)> auth ldap bind_dn dn_value
(config)>
```

   For example:

```
(config)> auth ldap bind_dn cn=user,dc=example,dc=com
(config)>
```


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6. Set the password used to log into the LDAP server. Leave this option unset if the server allows anonymous connections.

```
(config)> auth ldap bind_password password
(config)>
```

7. Set the distinguished name (DN) on the server to search for users. This can be the root of the directory tree (for example, **dc=example,dc=com**) or a sub-tree (for example. **ou=People,dc=example,dc=com**).

```
(config)> auth ldap base_dn value
(config)>
```

8. (Optional) Set the name of the user attribute that contains the list of EX12 authentication groups that the authenticated user has access to. See LDAP user configuration for further information about the group attribute.

```
(config)> auth ldap group_attribute value
(config)>
```

For example:

```
(config)> auth ldap group_attribute ou
(config)>
```

9. Configure the amount of time in seconds to wait for the LDAP server to respond.

```
(config)> auth ldap timeout value
(config)>
```

where *value* is any integer from **3** to **60**. The default value is **3**.

10. Add an LDAP server:

```
(config)> add auth ldap server end
(config auth ldap server 0)>
```

11. Enter the LDAP server's IP address or hostname:

```
(config auth ldap server 0)> hostname hostname|ip-address
(config auth ldap server 0)>
```

12. (Optional) Change the default port setting to the appropriate port:

```
(config auth ldap server 0)> port port
(config auth ldap server 0)>
```

13. (Optional) Repeat the above steps to add additional LDAP servers.
14. Add LDAP to the authentication methods. Authentication methods are attempted in the order they are listed until the first successful authentication result is returned. This example will add LDAP to the end of the list. See User authentication methods for information about adding methods to the beginning or middle of the list.

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```
(config)> add auth method end ldap
(config)>
```

15. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

16. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

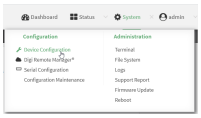
Disable shell access

To prohibit access to the shell prompt for all authentication groups, disable the **Allow shell** parameter.. This does not prevent access to the Admin CLI.

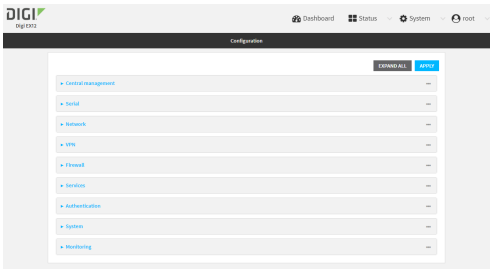
Note If shell access is disabled, re-enabling it will erase the device's configuration and perform a factory reset.

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



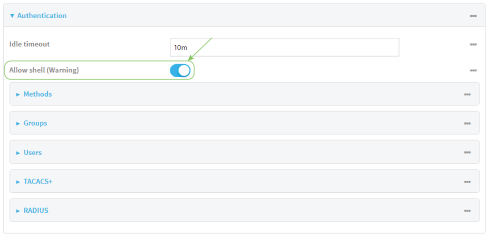
3. Click **Authentication**.

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4. Click to disable **Allow shell**.



Note If shell access is disabled, re-enabling it will erase the device's configuration and perform a factory reset.

5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Set the **allow_shell** parameter to **false**:

```
(config)> auth allow_shell false
```

Note If shell access is disabled, re-enabling it will erase the device's configuration and perform a factory reset.

4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Set the idle timeout for EX12 users

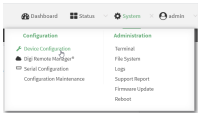
To configure the amount of time that the user's active session can be inactive before it is automatically disconnected, set the **Idle timeout** parameter.

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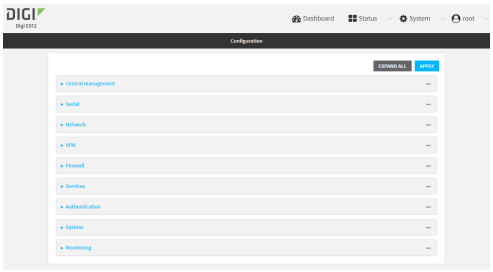
By default, the Idle timeout is set to 10 minutes.

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



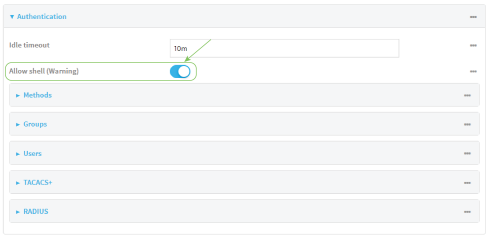
The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Authentication**.
4. For **Idle timeout**, enter the amount of time that the active session can be idle before the user is automatically logged out.

   Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

   For example, to set **Idle timeout** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.



5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

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Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. At the config prompt, type:

```
(config)# auth idle_timeout value
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w**|**d**|**h**|**m**|**s**}.

For example, to set **idle_timeout** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config)> auth idle_timeout  600s
(config)>
```

4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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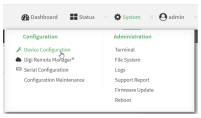
Example user configuration

Example 1: Administrator user with local authentication

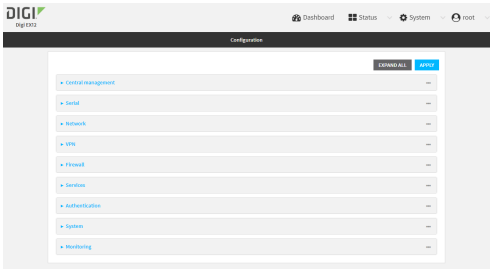
Goal: To create a user with administrator rights who is authenticated locally on the device.

WebUI

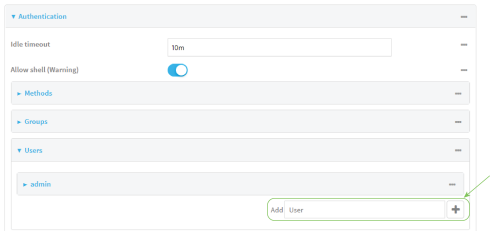
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



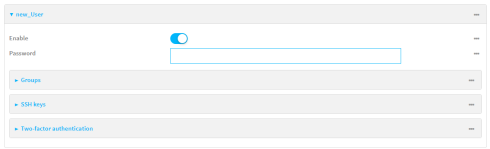
The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Authentication** > **Users**.
4. In **Add User:** enter a name for the user and click ✚.



The user configuration window is displayed.



5. Enter a **Password** for the user.

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6. Assign the user to the **admin** group:
   a. Click **Groups**.
   b. For **Add Group**, click ✚.
   c. For **Group**, select the **admin** group.
   d. Verify that the **admin** group has full administrator rights:
      i. Click **Authentication** > **Groups**.
      ii. Click **admin**.
      iii. Verify that the admin group has **Admin access** enabled. If not, click **Admin access** to enable.
      iv. Verify that **Access level** is set to **Full access**. If not, select **Full access**.
   e. Verify that **Local users** is one of the configured authentication methods:
      i. Click **Authentication** > **Methods**.
      ii. Verify that **Local users** is one of the methods listed in the list. If not:
         i. For **Add Method**, click ✚.
         ii. For **Method**, select **Local users**.
7. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Verify that the **admin** group has full administrator rights:

```
(config)> show auth group admin acl
admin
       enable true
       level full
...
(config)>
```

   If **admin** > **enable** is set to false:

```
(config)> auth group admin acl admin enable true
(config)>
```


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If **admin** > **level** is set to read-only:

```
(config)> auth group admin acl admin level full
(config)>
```

4. Verify that **local** is one of the configured authentication methods:

```
(config)> show auth method
0 local
(config)>
```

If **local** is not listed:

```
(config)> add auth method end local
(config)>
```

5. Create the user. In this example, the user is being created with the username **adminuser**:

```
(config)> add auth user adminuser
(config auth user adminuser)>
```

6. Assign a password to the user:

```
(config auth user adminuser)> password pwd
(config auth user adminuser)>
```

7. Assign the user to the **admin** group:

```
(config auth user adminuser)> add group end admin
(config auth user adminuser)>
```

8. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config auth user adminuser)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

9. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Example 2: RADIUS, TACACS+, and local authentication for one user

Goal: To create a user with administrator rights who is authenticated by using all three authentication methods.

In this example, when the user attempts to log in to the EX12 device, user authentication will occur in the following order:

1. The user is authenticated by the RADIUS server. If the RADIUS server is unavailable,
2. The user is authenticated by the TACACS+ server. If both the RADIUS and TACACS+ servers are unavailable,
3. The user is authenticated by the EX12 device using local authentication.

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This example uses a FreeRadius 3.0 server running on ubuntu, and a TACACS+ server running on ubuntu. Server configuration may vary depending on the platforms or type of servers used in your environment.

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WebUI

1. Configure a user on the RADIUS server:
   a. On the ubuntu machine hosting the FreeRadius server, open the **/etc/freeradius/3.0/users** file:

   ```
   $ sudo gedit /etc/freeradius/3.0/users
   ```

   b. Add a RADIUS user to the **users** file:

   ```
   admin1 Cleartext-Password := "password1"
          Unix-FTP-Group-Names := "admin"
   ```

   In this example:
   - The user's username is **admin1**.
   - The user's password is **password1**.
   - The authentication group on the EX12 device, **admin**, is identified in the **Unix-FTP-Group-Names** parameter.

   c. Save and close the **users** file.
2. Configure a user on the TACACS+ server:
   a. On the ubuntu machine hosting the TACACS+ server, open the **/etc/tacacs+/tac_plus.conf** file:

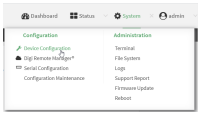
   ```
   $ sudo gedit /etc/tacacs+/tac_plus.conf
   ```

   b. Add a TACACS+ user to the **tac_plus.conf** file:

   ```
   user = admin1 {
          name ="Admin1 for TX64"
          pap = cleartext password1
          service = system {
                  groupname = admin
                  }
          }
   }
   ```

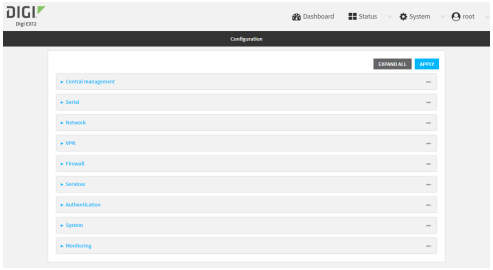
   In this example:
   - The user's username is **admin1**.
   - The user's password is **password1**.
   - The authentication group on the EX12 device, **admin**, is identified in the **groupname** parameter.

   c. Save and close the **tac_plus.conf** file.
3. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
4. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.

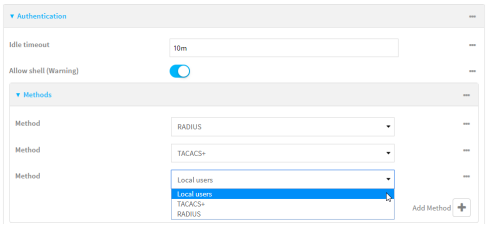


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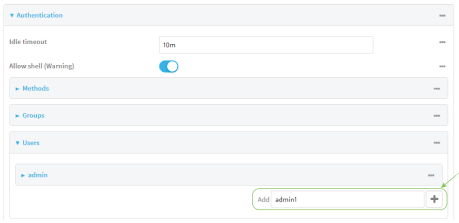
The **Configuration** window is displayed.



5. Configure the authentication methods:
   a. Click **Authentication** > **Methods**.
   b. For **Method**, select **RADIUS**.
   c. For **Add Method**, click ✚ to add a new method.
   d. For the new method, select **TACACS+**.
   e. Click ✚ to add another new method.
   f. For the new method, select **Local users**.



6. Create the local user:
   a. Click **Authentication** > **Users**.
   b. In **Add User:**, type **admin1** and click ✚.



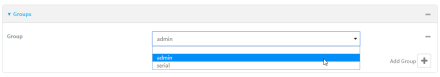
   c. For **password**, type **password1**.

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d. Assign the user to the **admin** group:
   i. Click **Groups**.
   ii. For **Add Group**, click ✚.



   iii. For **Group**, select the **admin** group.



c. Verify that the **admin** group has full administrator rights:
   i. Click **Authentication** > **Groups**.
   ii. Click **admin**.
   iii. Verify that the admin group has **Admin access** enabled. If not, click **Admin access** to enable.
   iv. Verify that **Access level** is set to **Full access**. If not, select **Full access**.

7. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Configure a user on the RADIUS server:
   a. On the ubuntu machine hosting the FreeRadius server, open the **/etc/freeradius/3.0/users** file:

```
$ sudo gedit /etc/freeradius/3.0/users
```

   b. Add a RADIUS user to the **users** file:

```
admin1 Cleartext-Password := "password1"
       Unix-FTP-Group-Names := "admin"
```

   In this example:
   - The user's username is **admin1**.
   - The user's password is **password1**.
   - The authentication group on the EX12 device, **admin**, is identified in the **Unix-FTP-Group-Names** parameter.

   c. Save and close the **users** file.

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2. Configure a user on the TACACS+ server:
   a. On the ubuntu machine hosting the TACACS+ server, open the **/etc/tacacs+/tac_plus.conf** file:

```
$ sudo gedit /etc/tacacs+/tac_plus.conf
```

   b. Add a TACACS+ user to the **tac_plus.conf** file:

```
user = admin1 {
       name ="Admin1 for TX64"
       pap = cleartext password1
       service = system {
               groupname = admin
               }
       }
}
```

   In this example:
   - The user's username is **admin1**.
   - The user's password is **password1**.
   - The authentication group on the EX12 device, **admin**, is identified in the **groupname** parameter.

   c. Save and close the **tac_plus.conf** file.
3. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
4. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

5. Configure the authentication methods:
   a. Determine the current authentication method configuration:

```
(config)> show auth method
0 local
(config)>
```

   This output indicates that on this example system, only local authentication is configured.

   b. Add RADIUS authentication to the beginning of the list:

```
(config)> add auth method 0 radius
(config)>
```

   c. Add TACACS+ authentication second place in the list:

```
(config)> add auth method 1 tacacs+(config)>
```


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d. Verify that authentication will occur in the correct order:

```
(config)> show auth method
0 radius
1 tacacs+
2 local
(config)>
```

6. Verify that the **admin** group has full administrator rights:

```
(config)> show auth group admin acl
admin
       enable true
       level full
...
(config)>
```

If **admin** > **enable** is set to false:

```
(config)> auth group admin acl admin enable true
(config)>
```

If **admin** > **level** is set to read-only:

```
(config)> auth group admin acl admin level full
(config)>
```

7. Configure the local user:
   a. Create a local user with the username **admin1**:

```
(config)> add auth user admin1
(config auth user admin1)>
```

   b. Assign a password to the user:

```
(config auth user adminuser)> password password1
(config auth user adminuser)>
```

   c. Assign the user to the **admin** group:

```
(config auth user adminuser)> add group end admin
(config auth user adminuser)>
```

8. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config auth user adminuser)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

9. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Firewall

This chapter contains the following topics:

Firewall configuration 444
Port forwarding rules 449
Packet filtering 457
Configure custom firewall rules 464
Configure Quality of Service options 466

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Firewall configuration

Firewall configuration includes the following configuration options:

- **Zones**: A zone is a firewall access group to which network interfaces can be added. You then use zones to configure packet filtering and access control lists for interfaces that are included in the zone. Preconfigured zones include:
  - **Any**: Matches any network interface, even if they are not assigned to this zone.
  - **Loopback**: Zone for interfaces that are used for communication between processes running on the device.
  - **Internal**: Used for interfaces connected to trusted networks. By default, the firewall will allow most access from this zone.
  - **External**: Used for interfaces to connect to untrusted zones, such as the internet. This zone has Network Address Translation (NAT) enabled by default. By default, the firewall will block most access from this zone.
  - **Edge**: Used for interfaces connected to trusted networks, where the device is a client on the edge of the network rather than a router or gateway.
  - **Setup**: Used for interfaces involved in the initial setup of the device. By default, the firewall will only allow this zone to access administration services.
  - **IPsec**: The default zone for IPsec tunnels.
  - **Dynamic routes**: Used for routes learned using routing services.
- **Port forwarding**: A list of rules that allow network connections to the EX12 to be forwarded to other servers by translating the destination address.
- **Packet filtering**: A list of packet filtering rules that determine whether to accept or reject network connections that are forwarded through the EX12.
- **Custom rules**: A script that is run to install advanced firewall rules beyond the scope/capabilities of the standard device configuration.
- **Captive portals**: A list of captive portals that restrict traffic on network interfaces until access is granted. Captive portals are commonly used on public-access networks to require users to login or accept terms and conditions before accessing the internet.
- **Quality Of Service**: Quality of Service (QOS) options for bandwidth allocation and policy-based traffic shaping and prioritizing.

Create a custom firewall zone

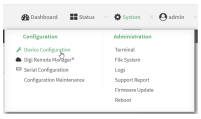
In addition to the preconfigured zones, you can create your custom zones that can be used to configure packet filtering and access control lists for network interfaces.

To create a zone:

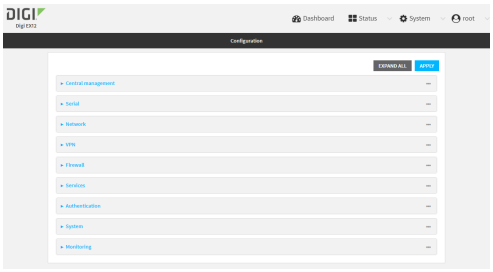
WebUI

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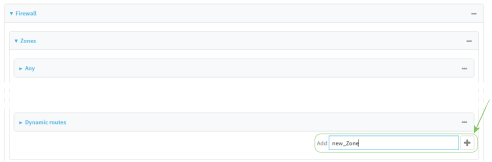
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Firewall** > **Zones**.
4. In **Add Zone**, enter a name for the zone and click ✚.



The firewall configuration window is displayed.



5. (Optional) If traffic on this zone will be forwarded from a private network to the internet, enable Network Address Translation (NAT).
6. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



See Configure the firewall zone for a network interface for information about how to configure network interfaces to use a zone.

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

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2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Add the new zone. For example, to add a zone named **my_zone**:

```
(config)> add firewall zone my_zone
(config firewall zone my_zone)>
```

4. (Optional) Enable Network Address Translation (NAT):

```
(config firewall zone my_zone)> src_nat true
(config firewall zone my_zone)>
```

5. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config firewall zone my_zone)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

6. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

See Configure the firewall zone for a network interface for information about how to configure network interfaces to use a zone.

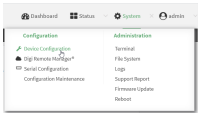
Configure the firewall zone for a network interface

Firewall zones allow you to group network interfaces for the purpose of packet filtering and access control. There are several preconfigured firewall zones, and you can create custom zones as well. The firewall zone that a network interfaces uses is selected during interface configuration.

This example procedure uses an existing network interface named and changes the firewall zone from the default zone, **Internal**, to **External**.

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.

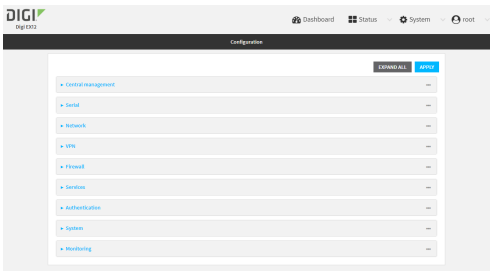


   The **Configuration** window is displayed.

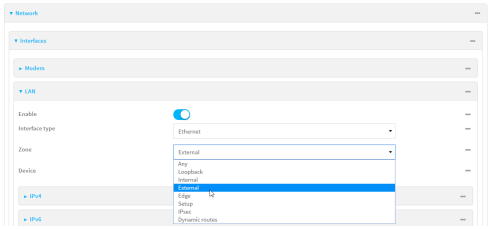
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3. Click **Network** > **Interfaces** > **ETH1**.
4. For **Zone**, select **External**.



5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. At the config prompt, type:

```
(config)> network interface eth1 zone my_zone
(config)>
```

4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```


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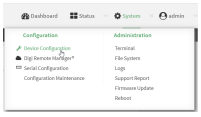
5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.
   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Delete a custom firewall zone

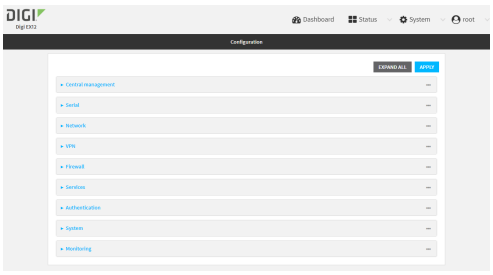
You cannot delete preconfigured firewall zones. To delete a custom firewall zone:

WebUI

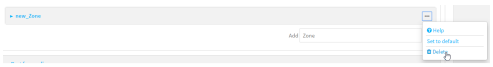
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



   The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Firewall** > **Zones**.
4. Click the menu icon (**...**) next to the appropriate custom firewall zone and select **Delete**.



5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



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TS-TL-DGI-087

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Use the **del** command to delete a custom firewall rule. For example:

```
(config)> del firewall zone my_zone
```

4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Port forwarding rules

Most computers are protected by a firewall that prevents users on a public network from accessing servers on the private network. To allow a computer on the Internet to connect to a specific server on a private network, set up one or more port forwarding rules. Port forwarding rules provide mapping instructions that direct incoming traffic to the proper device on a LAN.

Configure port forwarding

Required configuration items

- The network interface for the rule.

  Network connections will only be forwarded if their destination address matches the IP address of the selected network interface.
- The public-facing port number that network connections must use for their traffic to be forwarded.
- The IP address of the server to which traffic should be forwarded.
- The port on the server to which traffic should be forwarded.

Additional configuration items

- A label for the port forwarding rule.
- The IP version (either IPv4 or IPv6) that incoming network connections must match.
- The protocols that incoming network connections must match.

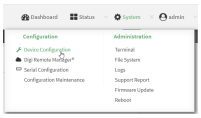
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- A white list of devices, based on either IP address or firewall zone, that are authorized to leverage this forwarding rule.

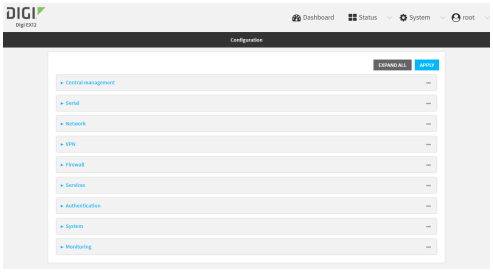
To configure a port forwarding rule:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



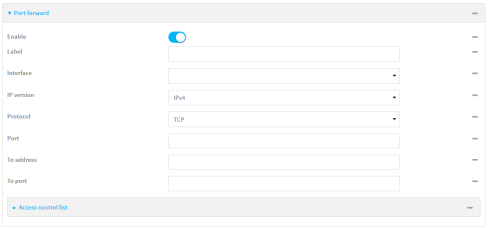
The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Firewall** > **Port forwarding**.
4. For **Add port forward**, click ✚.



The port forwarding rule configuration window is displayed.



Port forwarding rules are enabled by default. To disable, click to toggle off **Enable**.

5. (Optional) Type a **Label** that will be used to identify the rule.
6. For **Interface**, select the network interface for the rule.

   Network connections will only be forwarded if their destination address matches the IP address of the selected network interface.

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7. For **IP version**, select either **IPv4** or **IPv6**.

   Network connections will only be forwarded if they match the selected IP version.
8. For **Protocol**, select the type of internet protocol.

   Network connections will only be forwarded if they match the selected protocol.
9. For **Port**, type the public-facing port number that network connections must use for their traffic to be forwarded.
10. For **To Address**, type the IP address of the server to which traffic should be forwarded.
11. For **To port**, type the port number of the port on the server to which traffic should be forwarded.
12. (Optional) Click **Access control list** to create a white list of devices that are authorized to leverage this forwarding rule, based on either the IP address or firewall zone:
    - To white list IP addresses:
      a. Click **Addresses**.
      b. For **Add Address**, enter an IP address and click ✚.
      c. Repeat for each additional IP address that should be white listed.
    - To specify firewall zones for white listing:
      a. Click **Zones**.
      b. For **Add zone**, click ✚.
      c. For **Zone**, select the appropriate zone.
      d. Repeat for each additional zone.
13. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. At the config prompt, type:

```
(config)> add firewall dnat end
(config firewall dnat 0)>
```

   Port forwarding rules are enabled by default. To disable the rule:

```
(config firewall dnat 0)> enable false
(config firewall dnat 0)>
```


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4. Set the network interface for the rule.

```
(config firewall dnat 0)> interface
(config firewall dnat 0)>
```

Network connections will only be forwarded if their destination address matches the IP address of this network interface.

a. Use the **?** to determine available interfaces:

```
(config firewall dnat 0)> interface ?

Interface: Network connections will only be forwarded if their
destination address matches the IP address of this network interface.
Format:
  defaultip
  defaultlinklocal
  eth1
  eth2
  loopback
Current value:

(config firewall dnat 0)> interface
```

b. Set the interface. For example:

```
(config firewall dnat 0)> interface eth2
(config firewall dnat 0)>
```

5. Set the IP version. Allowed values are **ipv4** and **ipv6**. The default is **ipv4**.

```
(config firewall dnat 0)> ip_version ipv6
(config firewall dnat 0)>
```

6. Set the public-facing port number that network connections must use for their traffic to be forwarded.

```
(config firewall dnat 0)> port port
(config firewall dnat 0)>
```

7. Set the type of internet protocol .

```
(config firewall dnat 0)> protocol value
(config firewall dnat 0)>
```

Network connections will only be forwarded if they match the selected protocol. Allowed values are **custom**, **tcp**, **tcpudp**, or **upd**. The default is **tcp**.

8. Set the IP address of the server to which traffic should be forwarded:
   - For IPv4 addresses:

```
(config firewall dnat 0)> to_address ip-address
(config firewall dnat 0)>
```


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- For IPv6 addresses:

```
(config firewall dnat 0)> to_address6 ip-address
(config firewall dnat 0)>
```

9. Set the public-facing port number that network connections must use for their traffic to be forwarded.

```
(config firewall dnat 0)> to_port port
(config firewall dnat 0)>
```

10. (Optional) To create a white list of devices that are authorized to leverage this forwarding rule, based on either the IP address or firewall zone, change to the acl node:

```
(config firewall dnat 0)> acl
(config firewall dnat 0 acl)>
```

- To white list an IP address:
  - For IPv4 addresses:

```
(config firewall dnat 0 acl> add address end ip-address
(config firewall dnat 0 acl)>
```

  - For IPv6 addresses:

```
(config firewall dnat 0 acl> add address6 end ip-address
(config firewall dnat 0 acl)>
```

  Repeat for each appropriate IP address.
- To specify the firewall zone for white listing:

```
(config firewall dnat 0 acl)> add zone end zone
```

  Repeat for each appropriate zone.

  To view a list of available zones:

```
(config firewall dnat 0 acl)> .. .. .. zone ?

Zones: A list of groups of network interfaces that can be referred to
by packet filtering rules
and access control lists.

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------------------------------------
---------
  any
  dynamic_routes
  edge
  external
  internal
  ipsec
```


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```
  loopback
  setup

(config firewall dnat 0 acl)>
```

11. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

12. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

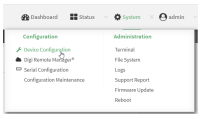
    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Delete a port forwarding rule

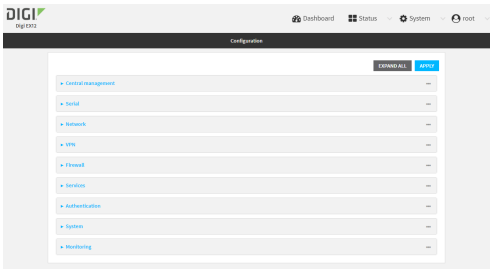
To delete a port forwarding rule:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Firewall** > **Port forwarding**.
4. Click the menu icon (**...**) next to the appropriate port forwarding rule and select **Delete**.



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5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Determine the index number of the port forwarding rule you want to delete:

```
(config)> show firewall dnat
0
        acl
                no address
                no zone
        enable true
        interface lan
        ip_version ipv4
        label IPv4 port forwarding rule
        port 10000
        protocol tcp
        to_address6 10.10.10.10
        to_port 10001

1
        acl
                no address6
                no zone
        enable false
        interface lan
        ip_version ipv6
        label IPv6 port forwarding rule
        port 10002
        protocol tcp
        to_address6 c097:4533:bd63:bb12:9a6f:5569:4b53:c29a
        to_port 10003
(config)>
```

4. To delete the rule, use the index number with the **del** command. For example:

```
(config)> del firewall dnat 1
```


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5. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

6. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Packet filtering

By default, one preconfigured packet filtering rule, **Allow all outgoing traffic**, is enabled and monitors traffic going to and from the EX12 device. The predefined settings are intended to block unauthorized inbound traffic while providing an unrestricted flow of outgoing data. You can modify the default packet filtering rule and create additional rules to define how the device accepts or rejects traffic that is forwarded through the device.

Configure packet filtering

Required configuration items

- The action that the packet filtering rule will perform, either **Accept**, **Reject**, or **Drop**.
- The source firewall zone: Packets originating from interfaces on this zone will be monitored by this rule.
- The destination firewall zone: Packets destined for interfaces on this zone will be accepted, rejected, or dropped by this rule.

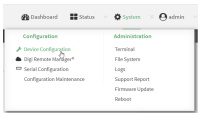
Additional configuration requirements

- A label for the rule.
- The IP version to be matched, either **IPv4**, **IPv6**, or **Any**.
- The protocol to be matched, one of:
  - **TCP**
  - **UDP**
  - **ICMP**
  - **ICMP6**
  - **Any**

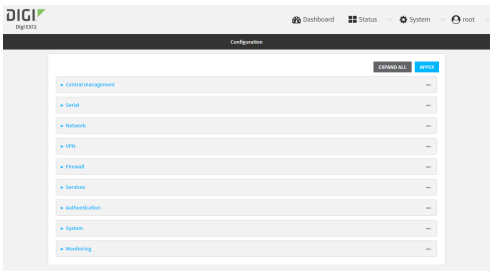
To configure a packet filtering rule:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.

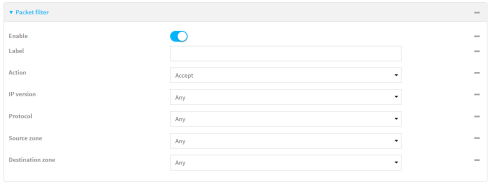


3. Click **Firewall** > **Packet filtering**.
   - To create a new packet filtering rule, for **Add packet filter**, click ✚.



   - To edit the default packet filtering rule or another existing packet filtering rule, click to expand the rule.

   The packet filtering rule configuration window is displayed.



   Packet filters are enabled by default. To disable, click to toggle off **Enable**.
4. (Optional) Type a **Label** that will be used to identify the rule.
5. For **Action**, select one of:
   - **Accept**: Allows matching network connections.
   - **Reject**: Blocks matching network connections, and sends an ICMP error if appropriate.
   - **Drop**: Blocks matching network connections, and does not send a reply.
6. Select the **IP version**.
7. Select the **Protocol**.
8. For **Source zone**, select the firewall zone that will be monitored by this rule for incoming connections from network interfaces that are a member of this zone.

   See Firewall configuration for more information about firewall zones.
9. For **Destination zone**, select the firewall zone. Packets destined for network interfaces that are members of this zone will either be accepted, rejected or dropped by this rule.

   See Firewall configuration for more information about firewall zones.
10. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.

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Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

To edit the default packet filtering rule or another existing packet filtering rule:

a. Determine the index number of the appropriate packet filtering rule:

```
(config)> show firewall filter
0
    action accept
    dst_zone any
    enable true
    ip_version any
    label Allow all outgoing traffic
    protocol any
    src_zone internal
1
    action drop
    dst_zone internal
    enable true
    ip_version any
    label myfilter
    protocol any
    src_zone external
(config)>
```

b. Select the appropriate rule by using its index number:

```
(config)> firewall filter 1
(config firewall filter 1)>
```

To create a new packet filtering rule:

```
(config)> add firewall filter end
(config firewall filter 1)>
```

Packet filtering rules are enabled by default. To disable the rule:

```
(config firewall filter 1)> enable false
(config firewall filter 1)>
```


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3. (Optional) Set the label for the rule.

```
(config firewall filter 1)> label "My filter rule"
(config firewall filter 1)>
```

4. Set the action to be performed by the filter rule.

```
(config firewall filter 1)> action value
(config firewall filter 1)>
```

where *value* is one of:

- **accept**: Allows matching network connections.
- **reject**: Blocks matching network connections, and sends an ICMP error if appropriate.
- **drop**: Blocks matching network connections, and does not send a reply.

5. Set the firewall zone that will be monitored by this rule for incoming connections from network interfaces that are a member of this zone:

   See Firewall configuration for more information about firewall zones.

```
(config firewall filter 1)> src_zone my_zone
(config firewall filter 1)>
```

6. Set the destination firewall zone. Packets destined for network interfaces that are members of this zone will either be accepted, rejected or dropped by this rule.

   See Firewall configuration for more information about firewall zones.

```
(config firewall filter 1)> dst_zone my_zone
(config firewall filter 1)>
```

7. Set the IP version.

```
(config firewall filter 1)> ip_version value
(config firewall filter 1)>
```

where *value* is one of:

- **any**
- **ipv4**
- **ipv6**
- The default is **any**.

8. Set the protocol.

```
(config firewall filter 1)> protocol value
(config firewall filter 1)>
```

where value is one of:

- **any**
- **icmp**
- **icmpv6**

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- **tcp**
- **upd**

The default is **any**.

9. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

10. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

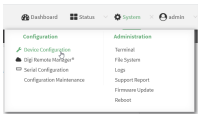
    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Enable or disable a packet filtering rule

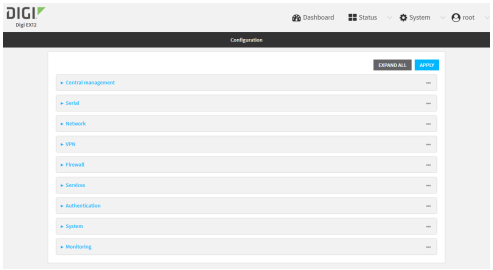
To enable or disable a packet filtering rule:

WebUI

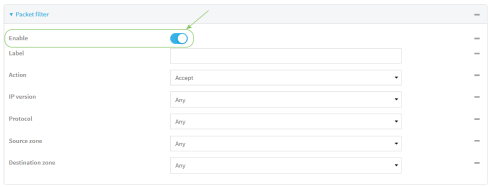
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Firewall** > **Packet filtering**.
4. Click the appropriate packet filtering rule.
5. Click **Enable** to toggle the rule between enabled and disabled.



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6. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Determine the index number of the appropriate port forwarding rule:

```
(config)> show firewall filter
0
    action accept
    dst_zone any
    enable true
    ip_version any
    label Allow all outgoing traffic
    protocol any
    src_zone internal
1
    action drop
    dst_zone internal
    enable true
    ip_version any
    label My packet filter
    protocol any
    src_zone external
(config)>
```

4. To enable a packet filtering rule, use the index number with the **enable true** command. For example:

```
(config)> firewall filter 1 enable true
```

5. To disable a packet filtering rule, use the index number with the **enable false** command. For example:

```
(config)> firewall filter 1 enable false
```

6. Save the configuration and apply the change:

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```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

7. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

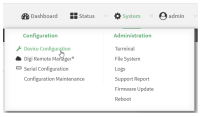
   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Delete a packet filtering rule

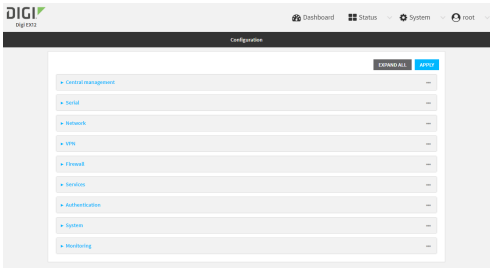
To delete a packet filtering rule:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



   The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Firewall** > **Packet filtering**.
4. Click the menu icon (**...**) next to the appropriate packet filtering rule and select **Delete**.



5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

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Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Determine the index number of the packet filtering rule you want to delete:

```
(config)> show firewall filter
0
    action accept
    dst_zone any
    enable true
    ip_version any
    label Allow all outgoing traffic
    protocol any
    src_zone internal
1
    action drop
    dst_zone internal
    enable true
    ip_version any
    label My packet filter
    protocol any
    src_zone external
(config)>
```

4. To delete the rule, use the index number with the **del** command. For example:

```
(config)> del firewall filter 1
```

5. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

6. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Configure custom firewall rules

Custom firewall rules consist of a script of shell commands that can be used to install firewall rules, ipsets, and other system configuration. These commands are run whenever system configuration changes occur that might cause changes to the firewall.

To configure custom firewall rules:

WebUI

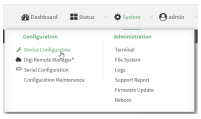
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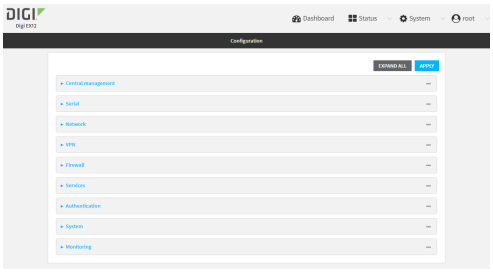
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1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Firewall** > **Custom rules**.



4. **Enable** the custom rules.
5. (Optional) Enable **Override** to override all preconfigured firewall behavior and rely solely on the custom firewall rules.
6. For **Rules**, type the shell command that will execute the custom firewall rules script.
7. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



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Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Enable custom firewall rules:

```
(config)> firewall custom enable true
(config)>
```

4. (Optional) Instruct the device to override all preconfigured firewall behavior and rely solely on the custom firewall rules:

```
(config)> firewall custom override true
(config)>
```

5. Set the shell command that will execute the custom firewall rules script:

```
(config)> firewall custom rules shell-command
(config)>
```

6. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

7. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Configure Quality of Service options

Quality of Service (QoS) options allow you to manage the traffic performance of various services, such as Voice over IP (VoIP), cloud computing, traffic shaping, traffic prioritizing, and bandwidth allocation. When configuring QOS, you can only control the queue for outgoing packets on each interface (egress packets), not what is received on the interface (packet ingress).

A QoS *binding* contains the policies and rules that apply to packets exiting the EX12 device on the binding's interface. By default, the EX12 device has two preconfigured QoS bindings, **Outbound** and **Inbound**. These bindings are an example configuration designed for a typical VoIP site:

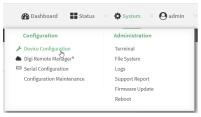
- **Outbound** provides an example of matching packets as they are routed from the device onto the WAN interface.
- **Inbound** provides an example of matching packets as they are routed from the device onto a LAN interface.

These example bindings are disabled by default.

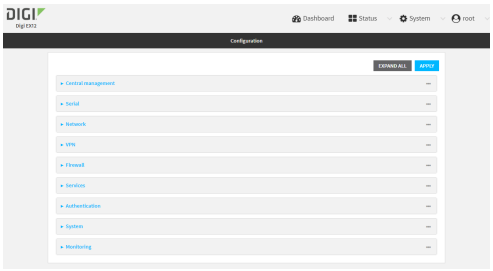
Enable the preconfigured bindings

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Firewall** > **Quality of Service**.
4. Click to expand either **Outbound** or **Inbound**.
5. **Enable** the binding.
6. Select an **Interface**.
7. Examine the remaining default settings and modify as appropriate for your network.
8. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```


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3. Enable one of the preconfiged bindings:
   - To enable the Outbound binding:

```
(config)> firewall qos 0 enable true
(config)>
```

   - To enable the Inbound binding:

```
(config)> firewall qos 1 enable true
(config)>
```

4. Set the interface for the binding. Use the index number of the binding; for example, to set the interface for the Outbound binding:
   a. Use the **?** to determine available interfaces:

```
(config)> firewall qos 0 interface ?

Interface: The network interface.
Format:
  /network/interface/defaultip
  /network/interface/defaultlinklocal
  /network/interface/eth1
  /network/interface/eth2
  /network/interface/loopback
Current value:

(config)> firewall qos 0 interface
```

   b. Set the interface. For example:

```
(config)> firewall qos 0 interface /network/interface/eth2
(config)>
```

5. Examine the remaining default settings and modify as appropriate for your network.
6. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

7. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

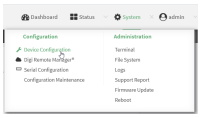
   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Create a new binding

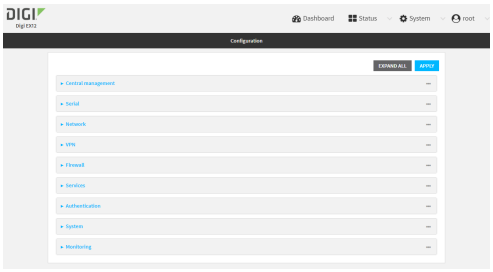
WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.

2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



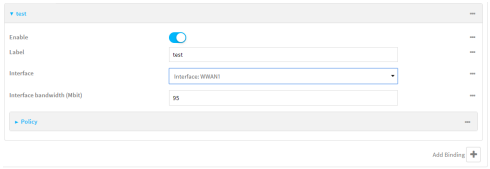
The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Firewall** > **Quality of Service**.
4. For **Add Binding**, click ✚.



The quality of service binding configuration window is displayed.



5. **Enable** the binding.
6. (Optional) Type a **Label** for the binding.
7. Select an **Interface** to queue egress packets on. The binding will only match traffic that is being sent out on this interface.
8. (Optional) For **Interface bandwidth (Mbit)**, set the maximum egress bandwidth of the interface, in megabits, allocated to this binding. Typically, this should be 95% of the available bandwidth. Allowed value is any integer between **1** and **1000**.
9. Create a policy for the binding:

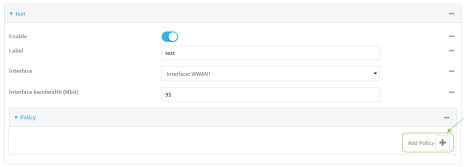
   At least one policy is required for each binding. Each policy can contain up to 30 rules.

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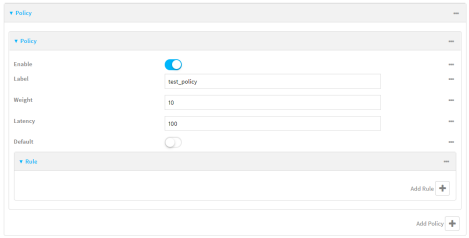
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a. Click to expand **Policy**.
b. For **Add Policy**, click ✚.



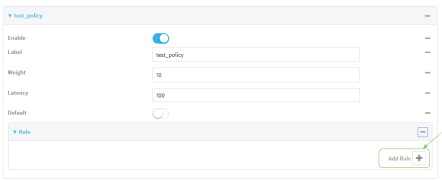
The QoS binding policy configuration window is displayed.



New QoS binding policies are enabled by default. To disable, click **Enable**.

c. (Optional) Type a **Label** for the binding policy.
d. For **Weight**, type a value for the amount of available bandwidth allocated to the policy, relative to other policies for this binding.

   The larger the weight, with respect to the other policy weights, the larger portion of the maximum bandwidth is available for this policy. For example, if a binding contains three policies, and each policy contains a weight of 10, each policy will be allocated one third of the total interface bandwidth.
e. For **Latency**, type the maximum delay before the transmission of packets. A lower latency means that the packets will be scheduled more quickly for transmission.
f. Select **Default** to identify this policy as a fall-back policy. The fall-back policy will be used for traffic that is not matched by any other policy. If there is no default policy associated with this binding, packets that do not match any policy rules will be dropped.
g. If **Default** is disabled, you must configure at least one rule:
   i. Click to expand **Rule**.
   ii. For **Add Rule**, click ✚.

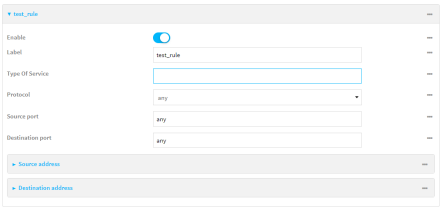


The QoS binding policy rule configuration window is displayed.

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New QoS binding policy rules are enabled by default. To disable, click **Enable**.

iii. (Optional) Type a **Label** for the binding policy rule.

iv. For **Type Of Service**, type the value of the Type of Service (ToS) packet header that defines packet priority. If unspecified, this field is ignored.

See https://www.tucny.com/Home/dscp-tos for a list of common TOS values.

v. For **Protocol**, select the IP protocol matching criteria for this rule.

vi. For **Source port**, type the port, or **any**, as a source traffic matching criteria.

vii. For **Destination port**, type the port, or **any**, as a destination traffic matching criteria.

viii. Click to expand **Source address** and select the **Type**:

- **Any**: Source traffic from any address will be matched.
- **Interface**: Only traffic from the selected **Interface** will be matched.
- **IPv4 address**: Only traffic from the IP address typed in **IPv4 address** will be matched. Use the format ***IPv4_address***[/***netmask***], or use **any** to match any IPv4 address.
- **IPv6 address**: Only traffic from the IP address typed in **IPv6 address** will be matched. Use the format ***IPv6_address***[/***prefix_length***], or use **any** to match any IPv6 address.
- **MAC address**: Only traffic from the MAC address typed in **MAC address** will be matched.

ix. Click to expand **Destination address** and select the **Type**:

- **Any**: Traffic destined for anywhere will be matched.
- **Interface**: Only traffic destined for the selected **Interface** will be matched.
- **IPv4 address**: Only traffic destined for the IP address typed in **IPv4 address** will be matched. Use the format ***IPv4_address***[/***netmask***], or use **any** to match any IPv4 address.
- **IPv6 address**: Only traffic destined for the IP address typed in **IPv6 address** will be matched. Use the format ***IPv6_address***[/***prefix_length***], or use **any** to match any IPv6 address.

Repeat to add a new rule. Up to 30 rules can be configured.

10. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



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Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Add a binding:

```
(config)> add firewall qos end
(config firewall qos 2)>
```

   New binding are enabled by default. To disable:

```
(config firewall qos 2)> enable false
(config firewall qos 2)>
```

4. (Optional) Set a label for the new binding:

```
(config firewall qos 2)> label my_binding
(config firewall qos 2)>
```

5. Set the interface to queue egress packets on. The binding will only match traffic that is being sent out on this interface:
   a. Use the **?** to determine available interfaces:

```
(config firewall qos 2)> interface ?

Interface: The network interface.
Format:
  /network/interface/defaultip
  /network/interface/defaultlinklocal
  /network/interface/eth1
  /network/interface/eth2
  /network/interface/loopback
Current value:

(config firewall qos 2)> interface
```

   b. Set the interface. For example:

```
(config firewall qos 2)> interface /network/interface/eth2
(config firewall qos 2)>
```

6. (Optional) Set the maximum egress bandwidth of the interface, in megabits, allocated to this binding.

```
(config firewall qos 2)> bandwidth int
(config firewall qos 2)>
```


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where *int* is an integer between **1** and **1000**. Typically, this should be 95% of the available bandwidth. The default is **95**.

7. Create a policy for the binding:

   At least one policy is required for each binding. Each policy can contain up to 30 rules.

   a. Change to the policy node of the configuration:

   ```
   (config firewall qos 2)> policy
   (config firewall qos 2 policy)>
   ```

   b. Add a policy:

   ```
   (config firewall qos 2 policy)> add end
   (config firewall qos 2 policy 0)>
   ```

   New QoS binding policies are enabled by default. To disable:

   ```
   (config firewall qos 2 policy 0)> enable false
   (config firewall qos 2 policy 0)>
   ```

   c. (Optional) Set a label for the new binding policy:

   ```
   (config firewall qos 2 policy 0)> label my_binding_policy
   (config firewall qos 2 policy 0)>
   ```

   d. Set a value for the amount of available bandwidth allocated to the policy, relative to other policies for this binding.

   The larger the weight, with respect to the other policy weights, the larger portion of the maximum bandwidth is available for this policy. For example, if a binding contains three policies, and each policy contains a weight of 10, each policy will be allocated one third of the total interface bandwidth.

   ```
   (config firewall qos 2 policy 0)> weight int
   (config firewall qos 2 policy 0)>
   ```

   where *int* is any integer between **1** and **65535**. The default is **10**.

   e. Set the maximum delay before the transmission of packets. A lower number means that the packets will be scheduled more quickly for transmission.

   ```
   (config firewall qos 2 policy 0)> latency int
   (config firewall qos 2 policy 0)>
   ```

   where *int* is any integer, **1** or greater. The default is **100**.

   f. To identify this policy as a fall-back policy:

   ```
   (config firewall qos 2 policy 0)> default true
   (config firewall qos 2 policy 0)>
   ```

   The fall-back policy will be used for traffic that is not matched by any other policy. If there is no default policy associated with this binding, packets that do not match any policy rules will be dropped. If the policy is not a fall-back policy, you must configure at least one rule:

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i. Change to the rule node of the configuration:

```
(config firewall qos 2 policy 0)> rule
(config firewall qos 2 policy 0 rule)>
```

ii. Add a rule:

```
(config firewall qos 2 policy 0 rule)> add end
(config firewall qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)>
```

New QoS binding policy rules are enabled by default. To disable:

```
(config firewall qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)> enable false
(config firewall qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)>
```

iii. (Optional) Set a label for the new binding policy rule:

```
(config firewall qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)> label my_binding_policy_
rule
(config firewall qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)>
```

iv. Set the value of the Type of Service (ToS) packet header that defines packet priority. If unspecified, this field is ignored.

```
(config firewall qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)> tos value
(config firewall qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)>
```

where value is a hexadecimal number. See https://www.tucny.com/Home/dscp-tos for a list of common TOS values.

v. Set the IP protocol matching criteria for this rule:

```
(config firewall qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)> protocol value
(config firewall qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)>
```

where *value* is one of **tcp**, **udp**, or **any**.

vi. Set the source port to define a source traffic matching criteria:

```
(config firewall qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)> srcport value
(config firewall qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)>
```

where *value* is the IP port number, a range of port numbers using the format *IP_port-IP_port*, or **any**.

vii. Set the destination port to define a destination matching criteria:

```
(config firewall qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)> dstport value
(config firewall qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)>
```

where *value* is the IP port number, a range of port numbers using the format *IP_port-IP_port*, or **any**.

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viii. Set the source address type:

```
(config network qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)> src type value
(config network qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)>
```

where *value* is one of:

- **any**: Source traffic from any address will be matched.

  See Firewall configuration for more information about firewall zones.
- **interface**: Only traffic from the selected interface will be matched. Set the interface:

  i. Use the **?** to determine available interfaces:

  ```
  (config network qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)> src interface ?

  Interface: Match the IP address with the specified
  interface's network address.
  Format:
    /network/interface/defaultip
    /network/interface/defaultlinklocal
    /network/interface/eth1
    /network/interface/eth2
    /network/interface/loopback
  Current value:

  (config network qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)> src interface
  ```

  ii. Set the interface. For example:

  ```
  (config network qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)> src interface
  /network/interface/eth2
  (config network qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)>
  ```
- **address**: Only traffic from the IP address typed in **IPv4 address** will be matched. Set the address that will be matched:

  ```
  (config network qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)> src address value
  (config network qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)>
  ```

  where value uses the format ***IPv4_address***[**/*netmask***], or **any** to match any IPv4 address.
- **address6**: Only traffic from the IP address typed in **IPv6 address** will be matched. Set the address that will be matched:

  ```
  (config network qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)> src address6 value
  (config network qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)>
  ```

  where value uses the format ***IPv6_address***[**/*prefix_length***], or **any** to match any IPv6 address.
- **mac**: Only traffic from the MAC address typed in **MAC address** will be matched. Set the MAC address to be matched:

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```
(config network qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)> src mac MAC_address
(config network qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)>
```

ix. Set the destination address type:

```
(config network qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)> dst type value
(config network qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)>
```

where *value* is one of:

- **any**: Traffic destined for anywhere will be matched.

  See Firewall configuration for more information about firewall zones.
- **interface**: Only traffic destined for the selected **Interface** will be matched. Set the interface:
  i. Use the **?** to determine available interfaces:

```
(config network qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)> dst interface ?

Interface: Match the IP address with the specified
interface's network address.
Format:
  /network/interface/defaultip
  /network/interface/defaultlinklocal
  /network/interface/eth1
  /network/interface/eth2
  /network/interface/loopback
Current value:

(config network qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)> dst interface
```

  ii. Set the interface. For example:

```
(config network qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)> dst interface
/network/interface/eth2
(config network qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)>
```

- **address**: Only traffic destined for the IP address typed in **IPv4 address** will be matched. Set the address that will be matched:

```
(config network qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)> src address value
(config network qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)>
```

  where value uses the format ***IPv4_address***[**/*netmask***], or **any** to match any IPv4 address.
- **address6**: Only traffic destined for the IP address typed in **IPv6 address** will be matched. Set the address that will be matched:

```
(config network qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)> src address6 value
(config network qos 2 policy 0 rule 0)>
```


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where value uses the format ***IPv6_address***[**/*prefix_length***], or **any** to match any IPv6 address.

Repeat to add a new rule. Up to 30 rules can be configured.

8. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

9. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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System administration

This chapter contains the following topics:

Review device status 479
Configure system information 480
Update system firmware 482
Update cellular module firmware 485
Reboot your EX12 device 486
Reset the device to factory defaults 489
Configuration files 494
Schedule system maintenance tasks 499

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Review device status

You can review the system of your device from either the **Status** page of the Web interface, or from the command line:

WebUI

To display system information:

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. On the main menu, click **Status**.

   A secondary menu appears, along with a status panel.
3. On the secondary menu, click to display the details panel for the status you want to view.

Command line

To display system information, use the show system command.

- Show basic system information:
  1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

     Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
  2. Enter **show system** at the prompt:

```
> show system

  Model                    : Digi EX12
  Serial Number            : EX12-000065
  SKU                      : EX12
  Hostname                 : EX12
  MAC                      : DF:DD:E2:AE:21:18

  Hardware Version         : 50001947-01 1P
  Firmware Version         : 20.5.38.39
  Alt. Firmware Version    : 20.5.38.39
  Bootloader Version       : 19.7.23.0-15f936e0ed

  Current Time             : Fri, 29 May 2020 21:14:12 +0000
  CPU                      : 1.4%
  Uptime                   : 6 days, 6 hours, 21 minutes, 57 seconds
(541317s)
  Temperature              : 40C

>
```

- Show more detailed system information:

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1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. Enter **show system verbose** at the prompt:

```
> show system verbose

  Model                    : Digi EX12
  Serial Number            : EX12-000065
  SKU                      : EX12
  Hostname                 : EX12
  MAC                      : DF:DD:E2:AE:21:18

  Hardware Version         : 50001947-01 1P
  Firmware Version         : 20.5.38.39
  Alt. Firmware Version    : 20.5.38.39
  Bootloader Version       : 19.7.23.0-15f936e0ed

  Schema Version           : 715
  Timezone                 : UTC
  Current Time             : Fri, 29 May 2020 21:14:12 +0000
  CPU                      : 1.4%
  Uptime                   : 6 days, 6 hours, 21 minutes, 57 seconds
(541317s)
  Temperature              : 40C

  Disk
  ----
  Load Average             : 0.09, 0.10, 0.08
  RAM Usage                : 127.843MB/1880.421MB(6%)
  Disk /etc/config Usage   : 18.421MB/4546.371MB(0%)
  Disk /opt Usage          : -4523.-46MB/549.304MB(-822%)
  Disk /overlay Usage      : MB/MB(%)
  Disk /tmp Usage          : 0.007MB/256.0MB(0%)
  Disk /var Usage          : 1.765MB/256.0MB(1%)

>
```

Configure system information

You can configure information related to your EX12 device, such as providing a name and location for the device.

Configuration items

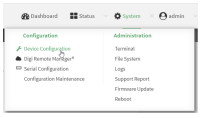
- A name for the device.
- The name of a contact for the device.
- The location of the device.
- A description of the device.
- A banner that will be displayed when users access terminal services on the device.

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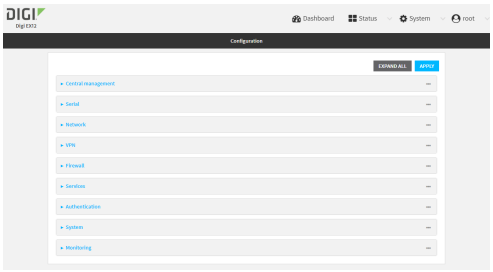
To enter system information:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **System**.
4. For **Name**, type a name for the device. This name will appear in log messages and at the command prompt.
5. For **Contact**, type the name of a contact for the device.
6. For **Location**, type the location of the device.
7. For **Banner**, type a banner message that will be displayed when users log into terminal services on the device.
8. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```


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3. Set a name for the device. This name will appear in log messages and at the command prompt.

```
(config)> system name 192.168.3.1
192.168.3.1(config)>
```

4. Set the contact for the device:

```
192.168.3.1(config)> system contact "Jane User"
192.168.3.1(config)>
```

5. Set the location for the device:

```
192.168.3.1(config)> system location "9350 Excelsior Blvd., Suite 700,
Hopkins, MN"
192.168.3.1(config)>
```

6. Set the banner for the device. This is displayed when users access terminal services on the device.

```
192.168.3.1(config)> system banner "Welcome to the Digi EX12."
192.168.3.1(config)>
```

7. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
192.168.3.1(config)> save
Configuration saved.
192.168.3.1>
```

8. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Update system firmware

The EX12 operating system firmware images consist of a single file with the following naming convention:

***platform-version*.bin**

For example, **EX12-20.5.38.39.bin**.

Manage firmware updates using Digi Remote Manager

If you have a network of many devices, you can use Digi Remote Manager **Profiles** to manage firmware updates. Profiles ensure all your devices are running the correct firmware version and that all newly installed devices are updated to that same version. For more information, see the **Profiles** section of the *Digi Remote Manager User Guide*.

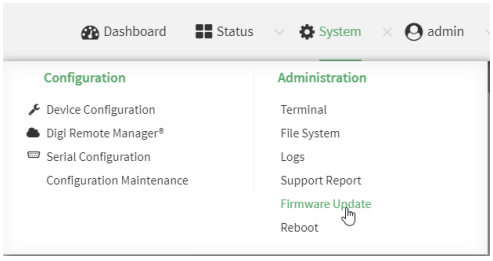
Certificate management for firmware images

The system firmware files are signed to ensure that only Digi-approved firmware load onto the device. The EX12 device validates the system firmware image as part of the update process and only successfully updates if the system firmware image can be authenticated.

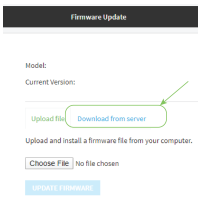
WebUI

Install firmware from the Digi firmware server

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. On the main menu, click **System**. Under **Administration**, click **Firmware Update**.



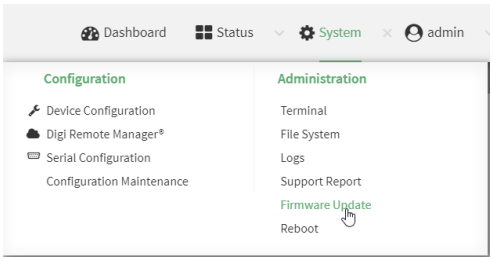
3. Click **Download from server**.



4. For **Version:**, select the appropriate version of the device firmware.
5. Click **Update Firmware**.

Update firmware from a local file

1. Download the EX12 operating system firmware from the Digi Support FTP site to your local machine.
2. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
3. On the main menu, click **System**. Under **Administration**, click **Firmware Update**.



4. Click **Choose file**.
5. Browse to the location of the firmware on your local file system and select the file.
6. Click **Update Firmware**.

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Command line

1. Download the EX12 operating system firmware from the Digi Support FTP site to your local machine.
2. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
3. Load the firmware image onto the device:

   ```
   > scp host hostname-or-ip user username remote remote-path local local-path
   to local
   ```

   where:

   - *hostname-or-ip* is the hostname or ip address of the remote host.
   - *username* is the name of the user on the remote host.
   - *remote-path* is the path and filename of the file on the remote host that will be copied to the EX12 device.
   - *local-path* is the location on the EX12 device where the copied file will be placed.

   For example:

   ```
   > scp host 192.168.4.1 user admin remote /home/admin/bin/EX12-
   20.5.38.39.bin local /etc/config/ to local
   admin@192.168.4.1's password: adminpwd
   EX12->20.5.38.39.bin                    100%    36MB    11.1MB/s        00:03
   >
   ```
4. Verify that the firmware file has been successfully uploaded to the device:

   ```
   > ls /etc/config/
   -rw-r--r--    1 root     root      37511229 May 16 20:10 EX12-
   20.5.38.39.bin
   -rw-r--r--    1 root     root          2580 May 16 16:44 accns.json
   drw-------    2 root     root          4096 Apr 29 18:51 analyzer
   -rw-r--r--    1 root     root            47 Apr 30 06:59 dhcp.leases
   drwxr-xr-x    2 root     root          4096 May 15 17:53 fcron
   ...
   >
   ```
5. Update the firmware by entering the update firmware command, specifying the firmware file name:

   ```
   > update firmware file EX12-20.5.38.39.bin
   36632K
   netflash: got "/etc/config/EX12-20.5.38.39.bin", length=37511229
   netflash: authentication successful
   netflash: programming FLASH device /dev/flash/image
   36633K 100%
   Firmware update completed, reboot device
   >
   ```


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6. Reboot the device to run the new firmware image using the reboot command.

```
> reboot
Rebooting system
>
```

7. Once the device has rebooted, log into the EX12's command line as a user with Admin access and verify the running firmware version by entering the show system command.

```
> show system

  Hostname                : EX12
  FW Version              : 20.5.38.39
  MAC                     : 0040FF800120
  Model                   : Digi EX12
  Current Time            : Fri, 29 May 2020 21:14:12 +0000
  Uptime                  : 42 seconds (42s)

>
```

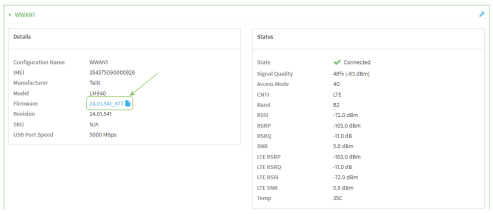
Update cellular module firmware

You can update modem firmware by downloading firmware from the Digi firmware repository, or by uploading firmware from your local storage onto the device.

WebUI

This operation is available from the WebUI only. There is no equivalent functionality at the CLI.

1. (Optional) Download the appropriate modem firmware from the Digi repository to your local machine.
2. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
3. From the main menu, click **Status** > **Modems**.
4. Click the modem firmware version.

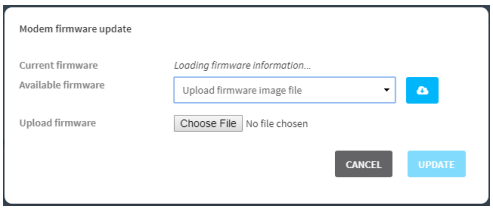


The **Modem firmware update** window opens.

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5. To update using firmware from the Digi firmware repository:
   a. Click to view availabled versions.
   b. For Available firmware, select the firmware.
6. To update using firmware from your local filesystem:
   a. Click **Choose File**.
   b. Select the firmware.
7. Click **Update**.

Reboot your EX12 device

You can reboot the EX12 device immediately or schedule a reboot for a specific time every day.

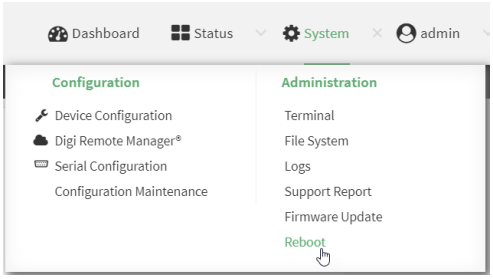
Note You may want to save your configuration settings to a file before rebooting. See Save configuration to a file.

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Reboot your device immediately

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. From the main menu, click **System**.
3. Click **Reboot**.



4. Click **Reboot** to confirm that you want to reboot the device.

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

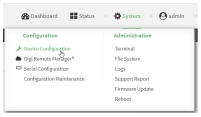
   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the prompt, type:

```
> reboot
```

Schedule reboots of your device

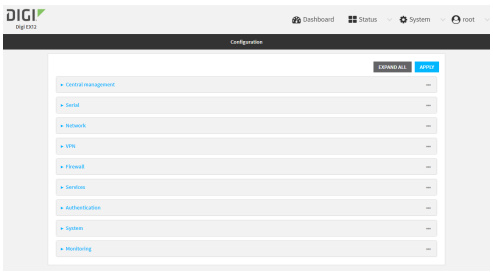
WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



   The **Configuration** window is displayed.

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3. Select **System** > **Scheduled tasks**.
4. For **Reboot time**, enter the time of the day that the device should reboot, using the format *HH:MM*. The device will reboot at this time every day.

   If a value is set for **Reboot time** but the device is unable to synchronize its time with an NTP server, the device will reboot after it has been up for 24 hours. See System time for information about configuring NTP servers.
5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Set the reboot time:

```
(config>> system schedule reboot_time time
(config)>
```

   where *time* is the time of the day that the device should reboot, using the format *HH:MM*. For example, the set the device to reboot at two in the morning every day:

```
(config>> system schedule reboot_time 02:00
(config)>
```

   If a value is set for **reboot_time** but the device is unable to synchronize its time with an NTP server, the device will reboot after it has been up for 24 hours. See System time for information about configuring NTP servers.

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4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Reset the device to factory defaults

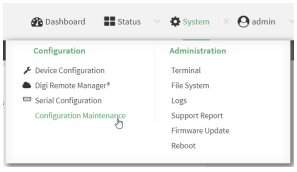
Resetting the device to factory defaults performs the following actions:

- Clears all configuration settings. When the device restarts, it uses the default configuration.
- Deletes all user files including Python scripts.
- Erases all automatically generated keys.
- Clears event and system log files.

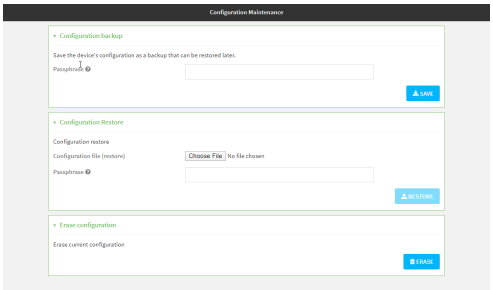
You can reset the device in the WebUI, at the command line, or by using the **Reset** button on the device. You can also reset the device to the default configuration without removing scripts, keys, and logfiles by using the **revert** command.

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. On the main menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Configuration Maintenance**.



   The **Configuration Maintenance** windows is displayed.

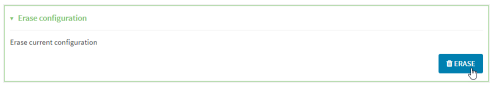


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3. In the **Erase configuration** section, click **ERASE**.



4. Click **CONFIRM**.
5. After resetting the device:
   a. Connect to the EX12 by using the serial port or by using an Ethernet cable to connect the EX12 **ETH1** port to your PC.
   b. Log into the EX12:

      User name: Use the default user name: **admin**.

      Password: Use the unique password printed on the bottom label of the device (or the printed label included in the package).

      Devices that connect to Digi aView for cloud management may have a different password for the default user, based on the aView configuration profile used by the device. Devices with firmware prior to release 20.2.x are configured to connect to aView by default.

      To connect to the local Web UI in this case, you must either know the password from the aView configuration profile, or you must disconnect from aVeiw and reset the device to factory defaults.

      To disconnect from aView and reset the device:

      i. Remove any SIM and WAN connections to prevent the device from connecting to aView after resetting to factory defaults.
      ii. Follow the instructions at Reset the device to factory defaults to reset the device to factory defaults.
      iii. Log into the local Web UI by using the default username and password.
      iv. Prior to inserting a SIM or connecting to a WAN connection, disable central management or configure the device to connect to Digi Remote Manager, as described in Configure Digi Remote Manager.

      ---

   c. Reset the default password for the admin account. See Reset default password for the default admin user for further information.

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. Enter the following:

```
> system factory-erase
```

3. After resetting the device:
   a. Connect to the EX12 by using the serial port or by using an Ethernet cable to connect the EX12 **ETH1** port to your PC.
   b. Log into the EX12:

      User name: Use the default user name: **admin**.

Password: Use the unique password printed on the bottom label of the device (or the printed label included in the package).

Devices that connect to Digi aView for cloud management may have a different password for the default user, based on the aView configuration profile used by the device. Devices with firmware prior to release 20.2.x are configured to connect to aView by default.

To connect to the local Web UI in this case, you must either know the password from the aView configuration profile, or you must disconnect from aVeiw and reset the device to factory defaults.

To disconnect from aView and reset the device:

i. Remove any SIM and WAN connections to prevent the device from connecting to aView after resetting to factory defaults.

ii. Follow the instructions at Reset the device to factory defaults to reset the device to factory defaults.

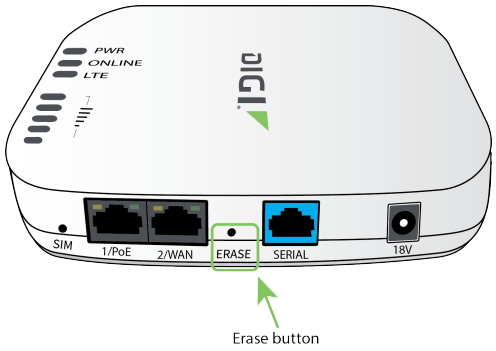
iii. Log into the local Web UI by using the default username and password.

iv. Prior to inserting a SIM or connecting to a WAN connection, disable central management or configure the device to connect to Digi Remote Manager, as described in Configure Digi Remote Manager.

c. Reset the default password for the admin account. See Reset default password for the default admin user for further information.

Reset the device by using the ERASE button.

1. Locate the **ERASE** button on your device.



2. Press and hold the **ERASE** button perform a device reset. The **ERASE** button has two modes:
   - **Configuration reset**:
     - Press and release the **ERASE** button.
     - The device reboots automatically and resets to factory defaults. This does not remove any automatically generated certificates and keys.
   - **Full device reset**:
     - After the device reboots from the first button press, immediately press and release the **ERASE** button again.

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- The device reboots again and resets to factory defaults, as well as also removing generated certificates and keys.

3. After resetting the device:
   a. Connect to the EX12 by using the serial port or by using an Ethernet cable to connect the EX12 **ETH1** port to your PC.
   b. Log into the EX12:

      User name: Use the default user name: **admin**.

      Password: Use the unique password printed on the bottom label of the device (or the printed label included in the package).

      Devices that connect to Digi aView for cloud management may have a different password for the default user, based on the aView configuration profile used by the device. Devices with firmware prior to release 20.2.x are configured to connect to aView by default.

      To connect to the local Web UI in this case, you must either know the password from the aView configuration profile, or you must disconnect from aVeiw and reset the device to factory defaults.

      To disconnect from aView and reset the device:

      i. Remove any SIM and WAN connections to prevent the device from connecting to aView after resetting to factory defaults.
      ii. Follow the instructions at Reset the device to factory defaults to reset the device to factory defaults.
      iii. Log into the local Web UI by using the default username and password.
      iv. Prior to inserting a SIM or connecting to a WAN connection, disable central management or configure the device to connect to Digi Remote Manager, as described in Configure Digi Remote Manager.

      ---

   c. Reset the default password for the admin account. See Reset default password for the default admin user for further information.

Reset the device with the revert command

You can reset the device to the default configuration without removing scripts, keys, and logfiles by using the **revert** command:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. At the config prompt, enter **revert**:

```
(config)> revert
(config)>
```


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4. Set the password for the admin user prior to saving the changes:

```
(config)> auth user admin password pwd
(config)>
```

5. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

6. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Configuration files

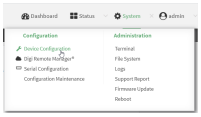
The EX12 configuration file, /etc/config/accns.json, contains all configuration changes that have been made to the device. It does not contain the complete device configuration; it only contains changes to the default configuration. Both the default configuration and the changes contained in the accns.json file are applied when the device reboots.

Save configuration changes

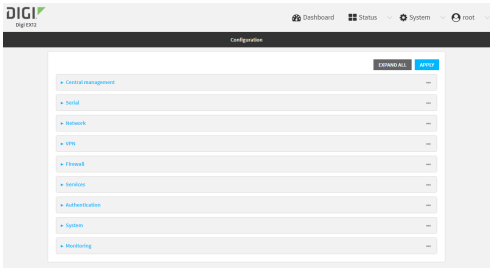
When you make changes to the EX12 configuration, the changes are not automatically saved. You must explicitly save configuration changes, which also applies the changes. If you do not save configuration changes, the system discards the changes.

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Make any necessary configuration changes.
4. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

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2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Make any necessary configuration changes.
4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

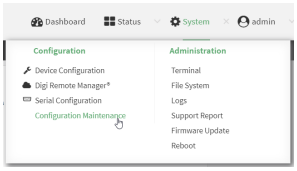
Save configuration to a file

You can save your EX12 device's configuration to a file and use this file to restore the configuration, either to the same device or to similar devices.

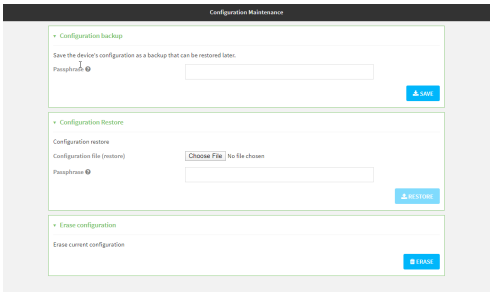
WebUI

This procedure creates a binary archive file containing the device's configuration, certificates and keys, and other information.

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. On the main menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Configuration Maintenance**.



   The **Configuration Maintenance** windows is displayed.



3. In the **Configuration backup** section:
   a. (Optional) To encrypt the configuration using a passphrase, for **Passphrase (save/restore)**, enter the passphrase.
   b. Click **SAVE**.

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The file will be downloaded using your browser's standard download process.

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. Enter the following:

   ```
   > system backup path [passphrase passphrase] type type
   ```

   where

   - *path* is the location on the EX12's filesystem where the configuration backup file should be saved.
   - *passphrase* (optional) is a passphrase used to encrypt the configuration backup.
   - *type* is the type of backup, either:
     - **archive**: Creates a binary archive file containing the device's configuration, certificates and keys, and other information.
     - **cli-config**: Creates a text file containing only the configuration changes.

   For example:

   ```
   > system backup /etc/config/ type archive
   ```
3. (Optional) Use **scp** to copy the file from your device to another host:

   ```
   > scp host hostname-or-ip user username remote remote-path local local-path
   to remote
   ```

   where:

   - *hostname-or-ip* is the hostname or ip address of the remote host.
   - *username* is the name of the user on the remote host.
   - *remote-path* is the location on the remote host where the file will be copied.
   - *local-path* is the path and filename on the EX12 device.

   For example:

   ```
   > scp host 192.168.4.1 user admin remote /home/admin/bin/ local
   /etc/config/backup-archive-0040FF800120-19.05.17-19.01.17.bin to remote
   ```

Restore the device configuration

You can restore a configuration file to your EX12 device by using a backup from the device, or a backup from a similar device.

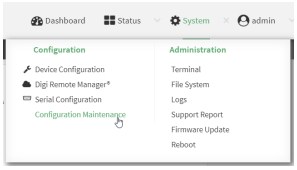
WebUI

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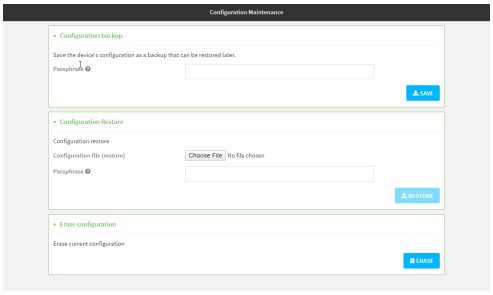
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1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. On the main menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Configuration Maintenance**.



The **Configuration Maintenance** windows is displayed.



3. In the **Configuration Restore** section:
   a. If a passphrase was used to create the configuration backup, for **Passphrase (save/restore)**, enter the passphrase.
   b. Under **Configuration Restore**, click **Choose File**.
   c. Browse to the system firmware file location on your local computer and select the file.
   d. Click **RESTORE**.
4. Click **CONFIRM**.
   The configuration will be restored and the device will be rebooted.

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.
   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. If the configuration backup is on a remote host, use **scp** to copy the file from the host to your device:

```
> scp host hostname-or-ip user username remote remote-path local local-path
to local
```

   where:
   - *hostname-or-ip* is the hostname or ip address of the remote host.
   - *username* is the name of the user on the remote host.
   - *remote-path* is the path and filename of the file on the remote host that will be copied to the EX12 device.
   - *local-path* is the location on the EX12 device where the copied file will be placed.

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For example:

```
> scp host 192.168.4.1 user admin remote /home/admin/bin/backup-archive-
0040FF800120-19.05.17-19.01.17.bin local /etc/config/ to local
```

3. Enter the following:

```
> system restore path [passphrase passphrase]
```

where

- *path* is the location of configuration backup file on the EX12's filesystem (*local-path* in the previous step).
- *passphrase* (optional) is the passphrase to restore the configuration backup, if a passphrase was used when the backup was created.

For example:

```
> system restore /etc/config/
```


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Schedule system maintenance tasks

You can configure tasks and custom scripts to be run during a specified maintenance window.

Required configuration items

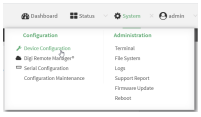
- The time that the system maintenance tasks will start.
- The duration window during which the system maintenance tasks can run.
- The frequency (either daily or weekly) that the tasks will run.
- The tasks to be performed. Options are:
  - Modem firmware update.
  - Configuration check.

Additional configuration items

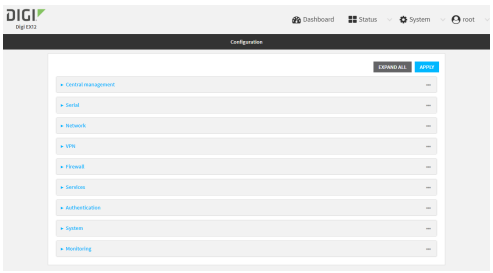
- Custom scripts that should be run as part of the configuration check.

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **System** > **Scheduled tasks** > **System maintenance**.
4. For **Start time**, type the time of day that the maintenance window should start, using the syntax *HH:MM*. If **Start time** is not set, maintenance tasks are not scheduled and will not be run.

   The behavior of **Start time** varies depending on the setting of **Duration window**, which is configured in the next step.

   - If **Duration window** is set to **Immediately**, all scheduled tasks will begin at the exact time specified in **Start time**.

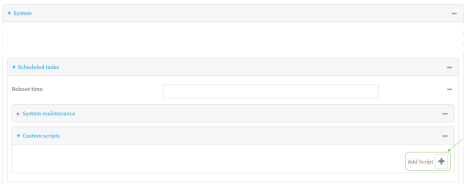
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- If **Duration window** is set to **24 hours**, **Start time** is effectively obsolete and the maintenance tasks will be scheduled to run at any time. Setting **Duration window** to **24 hours** can potentially overstress the device and should be used with caution.
- If **Duration window** is set to any value other than to **Immediately** or **24 hours**, the maintenance tasks will run at a random time during the time allotted for the duration window.
- If **Duration window** is set to one or more hours, the minutes field in **Start time** is ignored and the duration window will begin at the beginning of the specified hour.

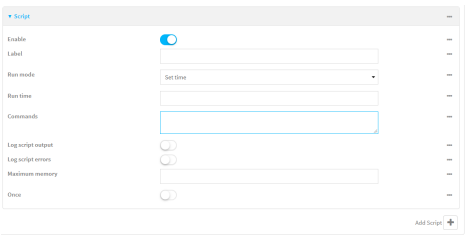
5. For **Duration window**, select the amount of time that the maintenance tasks will be run. If **Immediately** is selected, all scheduled tasks will begin at the exact time specified in **Start time**.
6. For **Frequency**, select either **Daily** or **Weekly** for the frequency that the maintenance tasks should be run.
7. (Optional) Click to enable **Modem firmware update** to instruct the system to look for any updated modem firmware during the maintenance window. If updated firmware is found, it will then be installed. **Modem firmware update** looks for updated firmware both on the local device and over the network, using either a WAN or cellular connection.
8. (Optional) Click to enable **Configuration check** to allow for the configuration to be updated, including by custom scripts, during the maintenance window.
9. (Optional) To schedule custom scripts:
   a. Click **Custom scripts**.

   Note This feature does not provide syntax or error checking. Certain commands can render the device inoperable. Use with care. Scripts created here are also automatically entered in **Configuration** > **Applications**.

   b. For **Add Script**, click ✚.



   The schedule script configuration window is displayed.



   Scheduled scripts are enabled by default. To disable, click **Enable** to toggle off.
   c. (Optional) For **Label**, provide a label for the script.

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d. For **Run mode**, select the mode that will be used to run the script. Available options are:
   - **On boot**: The script will run once each time the device boots.
     - If **On boot** is selected, select the action that will be taken when the script completes in **Exit action**. Available options are:
       - **None**: Action taken when the script exits.
       - **Restart script**: Runs the script repeatedly.
       - **Reboot**: The device will reboot when the script completes.
   - **Interval**: The script will start running at the specified interval, within 30 seconds after the configuration change is saved.
     - If **Interval** is selected, in **Interval**, type the interval.

       Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w**|**d**|**h**|**m**|**s**}.

       For example, to set **Interval** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.
     - Click to enable **Run single** to run only a single instance of the script at a time.

       If **Run single** is not selected, a new instance of the script will be started at every interval, regardless of whether the script is still running from a previous interval.
   - **Set time**: Runs the script at a specified time of the day.
     - If **Set Time** is selected, specify the time that the script should run in **Run time**, using the format *HH*:*MM*.
   - **During system maintenance**: The script will run during the system maintenance time window.

e. For **Commands**, enter the commands that will execute the script.

   If the script begins with **#!**, then the script will be invoked in the location specified by the path for the script command. Otherwise, the default shell will be used (equivalent to **#!/bin/sh**).

f. Script logging options:
   i. Click to enable **Log script output** to log the script's output to the system log.
   ii. Click to enable **Log script errors** to log script errors to the system log.

   If neither option is selected, only the script's exit code is written to the system log.

g. For **Maximum memory**, enter the maximum amount of memory available to be used by the script and its subprocesses, using the format *number* {**b**|**bytes**|**KB**|**k**|**MB**|**MB**|**M**|**GB**|**G**|**TB**|**T**}.

h. Click to enable **Once** to configure the script to run only once at the specified time.

   If **Once** is enabled, rebooting the device will cause the script to not run again. The only way to re-run the script is to:
   - Remove the script from the device and add it again.
   - Make a change to the script.
   - Uncheck **Once**.

i. **Sandbox** is enabled by default. This option protects the script from accidentally destroying the system it is running on.

10. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.

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Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Schedule system maintenance:
   a. Configure the time of day that the maintenance window should start, using the syntax *HH:MM*. If the start time is not set, maintenance tasks are not scheduled and will not be run.

```
(config)> system schedule maintenance from HH:MM
(config)>
```

   The behavior of the start time varies depending on the setting of the duration length, which is configured in the next step.
   - If the duration length is set to **0**, all scheduled tasks will begin at the exact time specified in the start time.
   - If the duration length is set to **24 hours**, the start time is effectively obsolete and the maintenance tasks will be scheduled to run at any time. Setting the duration length to **24 hours** can potentially overstress the device and should be used with caution.
   - If the duration length is set to any value other than to **0** or **24 hours**, the maintenance tasks will run at a random time during the time allotted for the duration window.
   - If the duration length is set to one or more hours, the minutes field in the start time is ignored and the duration window will begin at the beginning of the specified hour.

   b. Configure the duration length (the amount of time that the maintenance tasks will be run). If **0** is used, all scheduled tasks will begin at the start time, defined in the previous step.

```
system schedule maintenance length num
(config)>
```

   where *num* is any whole number between **0** and **24**.

   c. Configure the frequency that the maintenance tasks should be run:

```
system schedule maintenance frequency value
(config)>
```


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where *value* is either **daily** or **weekly**. **Daily** is the default.

d. Configure the device to look for any updated modem firmware during the maintenance window. If updated firmware is found, it will then be installed. The device will look for updated firmware both on the local device and over the network, using either a WAN or cellular connection.

```
system schedule maintenance modem_fw_update value
(config)>
```

where *value* is either **true** or **false**. **yes** or **no**, and **1** or **0** are also allowed.

e. Allow for the configuration to be updated, including by custom scripts, during the maintenance window:

```
system schedule maintenance config_check value
(config)>
```

where *value* is either **true** or **false**. **yes** or **no**, and **1** or **0** are also allowed.

4. (Optional) Schedule custom scripts:

a. Add a script:

```
(config)> add system schedule script end
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

Scheduled scripts are enabled by default. To disable:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> enable false
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

b. (Optional) Provide a label for the script.

```
(config system schedule script 0)> label value
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

where *value* is any string. if spaces are used, enclose *value* within double quotes.

c. Set the mode that will be used to run the script:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> when mode
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

where *mode* is one of the following:

- **boot**: The script will run once each time the device boots.
  - If **boot** is selected, set the action that will be taken when the script completes:

    ```
    (config system schedule script 0)> exit_action action
    (config system schedule script 0)>
    ```

    where *action* is one of the following:
    - **none**: Action taken when the script exits.
    - **restart**: Runs the script repeatedly.
    - **reboot**: The device will reboot when the script completes.

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- **interval**: The script will start running at the specified interval, within 30 seconds after the configuration change is saved. If **interval** is selected:
  - Set the interval:

    ```
    (config system schedule script 0)> on_interval value
    (config system schedule script 0)>
    ```

    where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w**|**d**|**h**|**m**|**s**}.

    For example, to set **on_interval** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

    ```
    (config system schedule script 0)> on_interval  600s
    (config system schedule script 0)>
    ```

  - (Optional) Configure the script to run only a single instance at a time:

    ```
    (config system schedule script 0)> once true
    (config system schedule script 0)>
    ```

    If **once** is set to **false**, a new instance of the script will be started at every interval, regardless of whether the script is still running from a previous interval.
- **set_time**: Runs the script at a specified time of the day.
  - If **set_time** is set, set the time that the script should run, using the format *HH*:*MM*:

    ```
    (config system schedule script 0)> run_time HH:MM
    (config system schedule script 0)>
    ```

- **maintenance_time**: The script will run during the system maintenance time window.

d. Set the commands that will execute the script:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> commands filename
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

where *filename* is the path and filename of the script, and any related command line information.

If the script begins with **#!**, then the script will be invoked in the location specified by the path for the script command. Otherwise, the default shell will be used (equivalent to **#!/bin/sh**).

e. Script logging options:

- To log the script's output to the system log:

  ```
  (config system schedule script 0)> syslog_stdout true
  (config system schedule script 0)>
  ```


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- To log script errors to the system log:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> syslog_stderr true
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

If **syslog_stdout** and **syslog_stderr** are not enabled, only the script's exit code is written to the system log.

f. Set the maximum amount of memory available to be used by the script and its subprocesses:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> max_memory value
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

where *value* uses the syntax ***number***{**b**|**bytes**|**KB**|**k**|**MB**|**MB**|**M**|**GB**|**G**|**TB**|**T**}.

g. To run the script only once at the specified time:

```
(config system schedule script 0)> once true
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

If **once** is enabled, rebooting the device will cause the script to run again. The only way to re-run the script is to:

- Remove the script from the device and add it again.
- Make a change to the script.
- Disable **once**.

h. **Sandbox** is enabled by default. This option protects the script from accidentally destroying the system it is running on.

```
(config system schedule script 0)> sandbox true
(config system schedule script 0)>
```

5. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

6. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Monitoring

This chapter contains the following topics:

intelliFlow 507
Configure NetFlow Probe 514

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intelliFlow

intelliFlow monitors system information, network data usage, and traffic information, and displays the information in a series of charts available in the local WebUI. To use intelliFlow, the EX12 must be powered on and you must have access to the local WebUI. Once you enable intelliFlow, the **Status** > **intelliFlow** option is available in the main menu. By default, intelliFlow is disabled.

intelliFlow provides charts on the following information:

- System utilisation
- Top data usage by host
- Top data usage by server
- Top data usage by service
- Host data usage over time

intelliFlow charts are dymanic; at any point, you can click inside the chart to drill down to view more granular information, and menu options allow you to change various aspects of the information being displayed.

Note When intelliFlow is enabled, it adds an estimated 50MB of data usage for the device by reporting the metrics to Digi Remote Manager.

Enable intelliFlow

Required configuration items

- Enable intelliFlow.

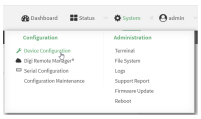
Additional configuration items

- The firewall zone for internal clients being monitored by intelliFlow.

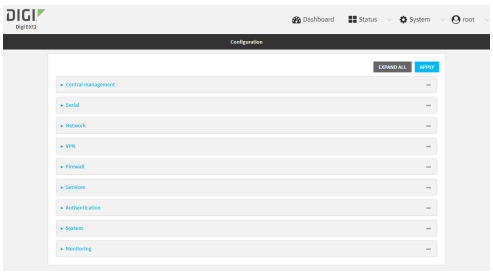
To enable intelliFlow:

WebUI

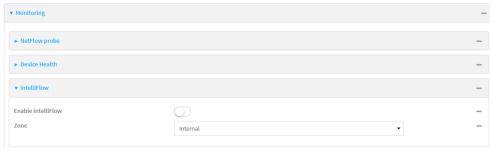
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Monitoring** > **intelliFlow**.
   The intelliFlow configuration window is displayed.



4. Click **Enable intelliFlow**.
5. For **Zone**, select the firewall zone. Internal clients that are being monitored by IntelliFlow should be present on the specified zone.
6. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.
   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Enable IntelliFlow:

```
(config)> monitoring intelliflow enable true
```

4. Set the firewall zone. Internal clients that are being monitored by IntelliFlow should be present on the specified zone:
   a. Determine available zones:

```
(config)> monitoring intelliflow zone ?

Zone: The firewall zone which is assigned to the network interface(s)
```


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```
that
intelliFlow will see as internal clients.  intelliFlow relies on an
internal to
external relationship, where the internal clients are present on the
zone specified.
Format:
  any
  dynamic_routes
  edge
  external
  internal
  ipsec
  loopback
  setup
Default value: internal
Current value: internal

(config)>
```

b. Set the zone to be used by IntelliFlow:

```
(config)> monitoring intelliflow zone my_zone
```

5. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

6. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Use intelliFlow to display average CPU and RAM usage

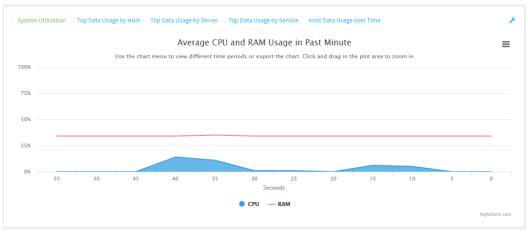
This procedure is only available from the WebUI.

To display display average CPU and RAM usage:

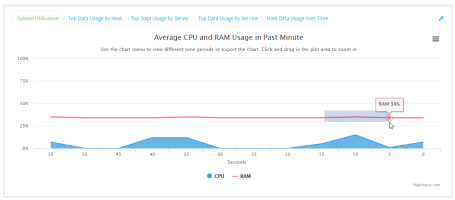
WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. If you have not already done so, enable intelliFlow. See Enable intelliFlow.
3. From the menu, click **Status** > **intelliFlow**.

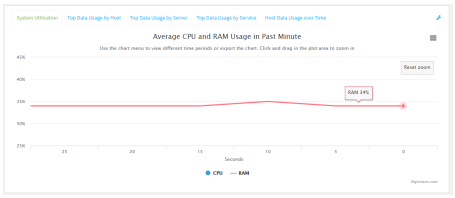
The System Utilisation chart is displayed:



- Display more granular information:
  1. Click and drag over an area in the chart to zoom into that area and provide more granular information.

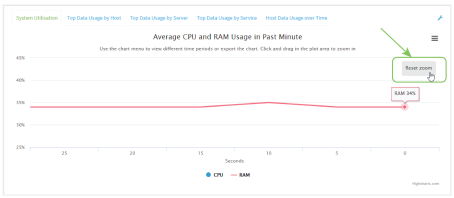


  2. Release to display the selected portion of the chart:



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3. Click **Reset zoom** to return to the original display:

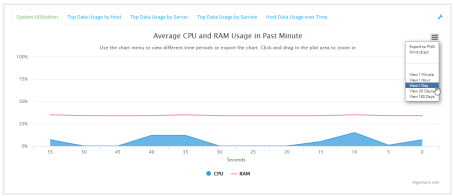


- Change the time period displayed by the chart.

  By default, the **System utilisation** chart displays the average CPU and RAM usage over the last minute. You can change this to display the average CPU and RAM usage:

  - Over the last hour.
  - Over the last day.
  - Over the last 30 days.
  - Over the last 180 days.

    1. Click the menu icon (☰).
    2. Select the time period to be displayed.



- Save or print the chart.

  1. Click the menu icon (☰).
  2. To save the chart to your local filesystem, select **Export to PNG**.
  3. To print the chart, select **Print chart**.

Use intelliFlow to display top data usage information

With intelliFlow, you can display top data usage information based on the following:

- Top data usage by host
- Top data usage by server
- Top data usage by service

To generate a top data usage chart:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. If you have not already done so, enable intelliFlow. See Enable intelliFlow.
3. From the menu, click **Status** > **intelliFlow**.

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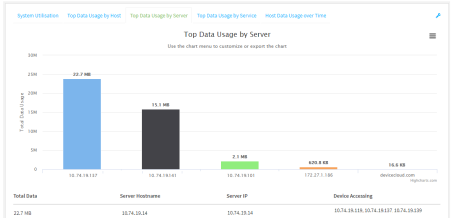
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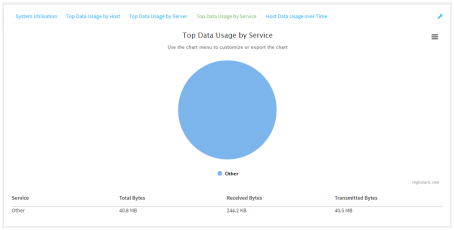
4. Display a data usage chart:
   - To display the **Top Data Usage by Host** chart, click **Top Data Usage by Host**.



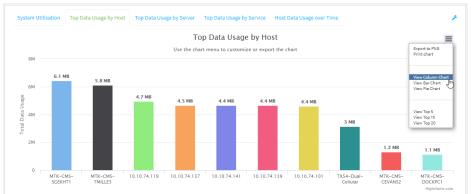
   - To display the **Top Data Usage by Server** chart, click **Top Data Usage by Server**.



   - To display the **Top Data Usage by Service** chart, click **Top Data Usage by Service**.



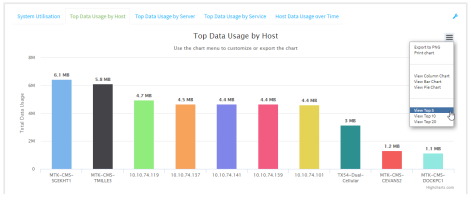
5. Change the type of chart that is used to display the data:
   a. Click the menu icon (☰).
   b. Select the type of chart.



6. Change the number of top users displayed.
   You can display the top five, top ten, or top twenty data users.

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a. Click the menu icon (☰).
b. Select the number of top users to displayed.



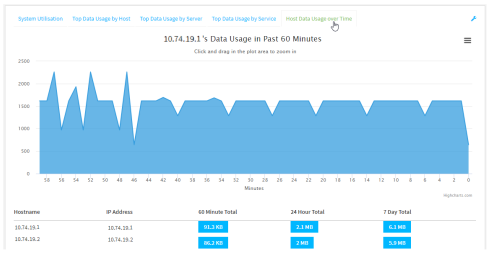
7. Save or print the chart.
   a. Click the menu icon (☰).
   b. To save the chart to your local filesystem, select **Export to PNG**.
   c. To print the chart, select **Print chart**.

Use intelliFlow to display data usage by host over time

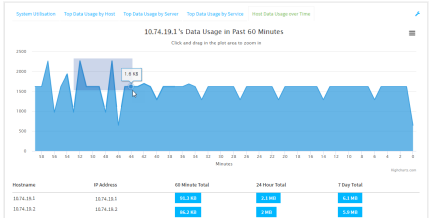
To generate a chart displaying a host's data usage over time:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. If you have not already done so, enable intelliFlow. See Enable intelliFlow.
3. From the menu, click **Status** > **intelliFlow**.
4. Click **Host Data Usage Over Time**.



- Display more granular information:
  a. Click and drag over an area in the chart to zoom into that area and provide more granular information.

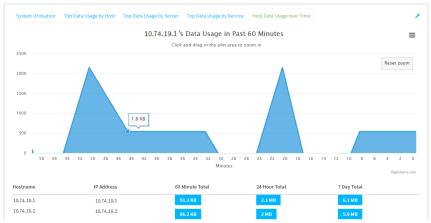


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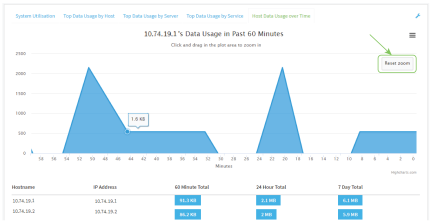
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b. Release to display the selected portion of the chart:



c. Click **Reset zoom** to return to the original display:



- Save or print the chart.
  a. Click the menu icon (☰).
  b. To save the chart to your local filesystem, select **Export to PNG**.
  c. To print the chart, select **Print chart**.

Configure NetFlow Probe

NetFlow probe is used to probe network traffic on the EX12 device and export statistics to NetFlow collectors.

Required configuration items

- Enable NetFlow.
- The IP address of a NetFlow collector.

Additional configuration items

- The NetFlow version.
- Enable flow sampling and select the flow sampling technique.
- The number of flows from which the flow sampler can sample.
- The number of seconds that a flow is inactive before it is exported to the NetFlow collectors.
- The number of seconds that a flow is active before it is exported to the NetFlow collectors.
- The maximum number of simultaneous flows.
- A label for the NetFlow collector.
- The port of the NetFlow collector.
- Additional NetFlow collectors.

To probe network traffic and export statistics to NetFlow collectors:

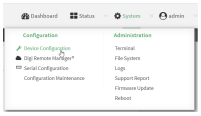
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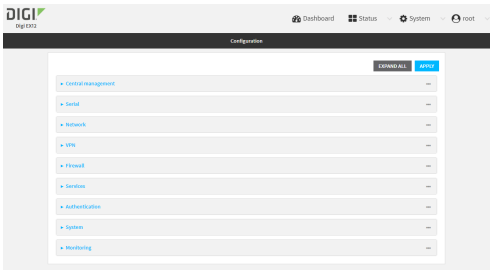
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WebUI

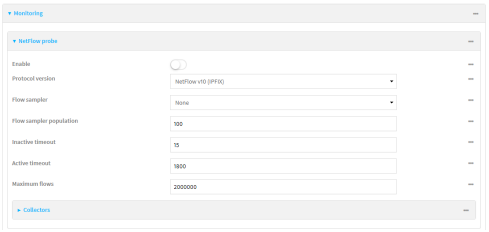
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Monitoring** > **NetFlow probe**.



4. **Enable** NetFlow probe.
5. **Protocol version:** Select the **Protocol version**. Available options are:
   - **NetFlow v5**—Supports IPv4 only.
   - **NetFlow v9**—Supports IPv4 and IPv6.
   - **NetFlow v10 (IPFIX)**—Supports both IPv4 and IPv6 and includes IP Flow Information Export (IPFIX).

   The default is **NetFlow v10 (IPFIX)**.
6. Enable **Flow sampler** by selecting a sampling technique. Flow sampling can reduce flow processing and transmission overhead by providing a representative subset of all flows. Available options are:
   - **None**—No flow sampling method is used. Each flow is accounted.
   - **Deterministic**—Selects every *n*th flow, where *n* is the value of **Flow sampler population**.
   - **Random**—Randomly selects one out of every *n* flows, where *n* is the value of **Flow sampler population**.

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- **Hash**—Randomly selects one out of every *n* flows using the hash of the flow key, where *n* is the value of **Flow sampler population**.

7. For **Flow sampler population**, if you selected a flow sampler, enter the number of flows for the sampler. Allowed value is any number between **2** and **16383**. The default is **100**.
8. For **Inactive timeout**, type the the number of seconds that a flow can be inactive before sent to a collector. Allowed value is any number between **1** and **15**. The default is **15**.
9. For **Active timeout**, type the number of seconds that a flow can be active before sent to a collector. Allowed value is any number between **1** and **1800**. The default is **1800**.
10. For **Maximum flows**, type the maximum number of flows to probe simultaneously. Allowed value is any number between **0** and **2000000**. The default is **2000000**.
11. Add collectors:
    a. Click to expand **Collectors**.
    b. For **Add Collector**, click ✚.
    c. (Optional) Type a **Label** for the collector.
    d. For **Address**, type the IP address of the collector.
    e. (Optional) For **Port**, enter the port number used by the collector. The default is 2055.

    Repeat to add additional collectors.
12. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Enable NetFlow:

```
(config)> monitoring netflow enable true
(config)>
```

4. Set the protocol version:

```
(config)> monitoring netflow protocol version
                                                (config)>
```

   where *version* is one of:

   - **v5**—NetFlow v5 supports IPv4 only.
   - **v9**—NetFlow v9 supports IPv4 and IPv6.

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- **v10**—NetFlow v10 (IPFIX) supports both IPv4 and IPv6 and includes IP Flow Information Export (IPFIX).

The default is **v10**.

4. Enable flow sampling by selecting a sampling technique. Flow sampling can reduce flow processing and transmission overhead by providing a representative subset of all flows.

```
(config)> monitoring netflow sampler type
(config)>
```

where *type* is one of:

- **none**—No flow sampling method is used. Each flow is accounted.
- **deterministic**—Selects every *n*th flow, where *n* is the value of the flow sample population.
- **random**—Randomly selects one out of every *n* flows, where *n* is the value of the flow sample population.
- **hash**—Randomly selects one out of every *n* flows using the hash of the flow key, where *n* is the value of the flow sample population.

5. If you are using a flow sampler, set the number of flows for the sampler:

```
(config)> monitoring netflow sampler_population value
(config)>
```

where *value* is any number between **2** and **16383**. The default is **100**.

6. Set the number of seconds that a flow can be inactive before sent to a collector:

```
(config)> monitoring netflow inactive_timeout value
(config)>
```

where *value* is any is any number between **1** and **15**. The default is **15**.

7. Set the number of seconds that a flow can be active before sent to a collector:

```
(config)> monitoring netflow active_timeout value
(config)>
```

where *value* is any is any number between **1** and **1800**. The default is **1800**.

8. Set the maximum number of flows to probe simultaneously:

```
(config)> monitoring netflow max_flows value
(config)>
```

where *value* is any is any number between **0** and **2000000**. The default is **2000000**.

9. Add collectors:
   a. Add a collector:

```
(config)> add monitoring netflow collector end
(config monitoring netflow collector 0)>
```


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b. Set the IP address of the collector:

```
(config monitoring netflow collector 0)> address ip_address
(config monitoring netflow collector 0)>
```

c. (Optional) Set the port used by the collector:

```
(config monitoring netflow collector 0)> port port
(config monitoring netflow collector 0)>
```

d. (Optional) Set a label for the collector:

```
(config monitoring netflow collector 0)> label "This is a collector."
(config monitoring netflow collector 0)>
```

Repeat to add additional collectors.

10. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config monitoring netflow collector 0)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

11. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Central management with Digi Remote Manager

This chapter contains the following topics:

Digi Remote Manager support 520
Configure Digi Remote Manager 520
Collect device health data and set the sample interval 526
Log into Digi Remote Manager 528
Use Digi Remote Manager to view and manage your device 529
Add a device to Digi Remote Manager 530
View Digi Remote Manager connection status 530
Use the Digi Remote Manager mobile app 531
Configure multiple devices using profiles 532
Learn more 532

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Digi Remote Manager support

Digi Remote Manager is a hosted remote configuration and management system that allows you to remotely manage a large number of devices. Remote Manager includes a web-based interface that you can use to perform device operations, such as viewing and changing device configurations and performing firmware updates. Remote Manager servers also provide a data storage facility.

To use Remote Manager, you must set up a Remote Manager account. To set up a Remote Manager account and learn more about Digi Remote Manager, go to www.digi.com/products/cloud/digi-remote-manager.

To learn more about Remote Manager features and functions, see the *Digi Remote Manager User Guide*.

Configure Digi Remote Manager

By default, your EX12 device is configured to use central management using Digi Remote Manager.

Additional configuration options

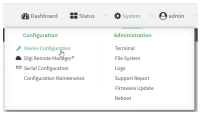
These additional configuration settings are not typically configured, but you can set them as needed:

- Disable the Digi Remote Manager connection if it is not required. You can also configure an alternate cloud-based central management application.
- Change the reconnection timer.
- The non-cellular keepalive timeout.
- The cellular keepalive timeout.
- The keepalive count before the Remote Manager connection is dropped.
- SMS support.
- HTTP proxy server support.

To configure Digi Remote Manager:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



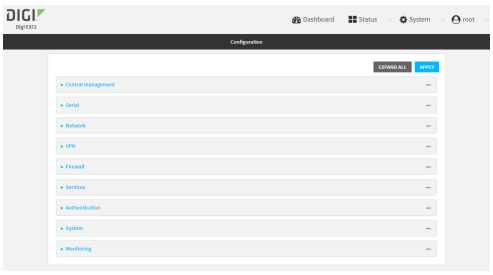
The **Configuration** window is displayed.

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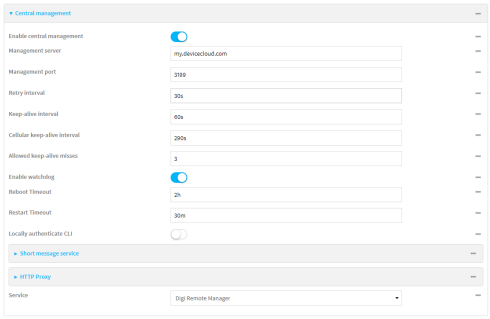
Central management with Digi Remote Manager *Configure Digi Remote Manager*



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3. Click **Central management**.

   The Central management configuration window is displayed.



   Digi Remote Manager support is enabled by default. To disable, click **Enable central management**.

4. (Optional) For **Management server**, type the URL for the central management server. The default is the Digi Remote Manager server, my.devicecloud.com.
5. (Optional) For **Management port**, type the destination port for the remote cloud services connection. The default is **3199**.
6. (Optional) For **Retry interval**, type the amount of time that the EX12 device should wait before reattempting to connect to remote cloud services after being disconnected. The default is 30 seconds.

   Allowed values are any number of hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number*** {**h**|**m**|**s**}.

   For example, to set **Retry interval** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.
7. (Optional) For **Keep-alive interval**, type the amount of time that the EX12 device should wait between sending keep-alive messages to remote cloud services when using a non-cellular interface. The default is 60 seconds.

   Allowed values are any number of hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number*** {**h**|**m**|**s**}.

   For example, to set **Keep-alive interval** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.
8. (Optional) For **Cellular keep-alive interval**, type the amount of time that the EX12 device should wait between sending keep-alive messages to remote cloud services when using a cellular interface. The default is 290 seconds.

   Allowed values are any number of hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number*** {**h**|**m**|**s**}.

   For example, to set **Cellular keep-alive interval** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.
9. (Optional) For **Allowed keep-alive misses**, type the number of allowed keep-alive misses. The default is **3**.
10. **Enable watchdog** is used to monitor the connection to remote cloud services. If the connection is down, you can configure the device to restart the connection, or to reboot. The watchdog is enabled by default.

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11. If **Enable watchdog** is enabled:
    a. (Optional) For **Restart Timeout**, type the amount of time to wait before restarting the connection to the remote cloud services, once the connection is down.

       Allowed values are any number of hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number*** {**h**|**m**|**s**}.

       For example, to set **Restart Timeout** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

       The minimum value is 30 minutes and the maximum is 48 hours. If not set, this option is disabled. The default is 30 minutes.
    b. (Optional) For **Reboot Timeout**, type the amount of time to wait before rebooting the device, once the connection to the remote cloud servicesis down. By default, this option is not set, which means that the option is disabled.

       Allowed values are any number of hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number*** {**h**|**m**|**s**}.

       For example, to set **Reboot Timeout** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

       The minimum value is 30 minutes and the maximum is 48 hours. If not set, this option is disabled. The default is disabled.
12. (Optional) Enable **Locally authenticate CLI** to require a login and password to authenticate the user from the remote cloud services CLI. If disabled, no login prompt will be presented and the user will be logged in as **admin**. The default is disabled.
13. (Optional) Configure the EX12 device to communicate with remote cloud services by using SMS:

    a. Click to expand **Short message service**.
    b. **Enable** SMS messaging.
    c. For **Destination phone number**, type the phone number for the remote cloud services.
    d. (Optional) Type the **Service identifier**.
14. (Optional) Configure the EX12 device to communicate with remote cloud services by using an HTTP proxy server:
    a. Click to expand **HTTP Proxy**.
    b. **Enable** the use of an HTTP proxy server.
    c. For **Server**, type the hostname of the HTTP proxy server.
    d. For **Port**, type or select the port number on the HTTP proxy server that the device should connect to. The default is **2138**.
15. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

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2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Digi Remote Manager support is enabled by default. To disable Digi Remote Manager support:

```
(config)> cloud enable false
(Config)>
```

4. (Optional) Set the URL for the central management server. The default is the Digi Remote Manager server, my.devicecloud.com.

```
(config)> cloud drm drm_url url
(config)>
```

5. (Optional) Set the amount of time that the EX12 device should wait before reattempting to connect to the remote cloud services after being disconnected. The minimum value is ten seconds. The default is 30 seconds.

```
(config)> cloud drm retry_interval value
```

where *value* is any number of hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**h**|**m**|**s**}. For example, to set **the retry interval** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config)> cloud drm retry_interval 600s
(config)>
```

6. (Optional) Set the amount of time that the EX12 device should wait between sending keep-alive messages to the Digi Remote Manager when using a non-cellular interface. Allowed values are from 30 seconds to two hours. The default is 60 seconds.

```
(config)> cloud drm keep_alive value
(config)>
```

where *value* is any number of hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**h**|**m**|**s**}. For example, to set **the keep-alive interval** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config)> cloud drm keep_alive 600s
(config)>
```

7. (Optional) Set the amount of time that the EX12 device should wait between sending keep-alive messages to the Digi Remote Manager when using a cellular interface. Allowed values are from 30 seconds to two hours. The default is 290 seconds.

```
(config)> cloud drm cellular_keep_alive value
(config)>
```

where *value* is any number of hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**h**|**m**|**s**}. For example, to set **the cellular keep-alive interval** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

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```
(config)> cloud drm cellular_keep_alive 600s
(config)>
```

8. Set the number of allowed keep-alive misses. Allowed values are any integer between **2** and **64**. The default is **3**.

```
(config)> cloud drm keep_alive_misses integer
(config)>
```

9. The **watchdog** is used to monitor the connection to remote cloud services. If the connection is down, you can configure the device to restart the connection, or to reboot. The watchdog is enabled by default. To disable:

```
(config)> cloud drm watchdog false
(config)>
```

10. If **watchdog** is enabled:
    a. (Optional) Set the amount of time to wait before restarting the connection to the remote cloud services, once the connection is down.

       where *value* is any number of hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number*** {**h**|**m**|**s**}.

       For example, to set **restart_timeout** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config)> cloud drm restart_timeout 600s
(config)>
```

       The minimum value is 30 minutes and the maximum is 48 hours. If not set, this option is disabled. The default is 30 minutes.

    b. (Optional) Set the amount of time to wait before rebooting the device, once the connection to the remote cloud servicesis down. By default, this option is not set, which means that the option is disabled.

       where *value* is any number of hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number*** {**h**|**m**|**s**}.

       For example, to set **reboot_timeout** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config)> cloud drm reboot_timeout 600s
(config)>
```

       The minimum value is 30 minutes and the maximum is 48 hours. If not set, this option is disabled. The default is disabled.

11. (Optional) Determine whether to require a login and password to authenticate the user from the remote cloud services CLI:

```
(config)> cloud drm cli_local_auth true
(config)>
```

    If set to **false**, no login prompt will be presented and the user will be logged in as **admin**. The default is **false**.

12. (Optional) Configure the EX12 device to communicate with remote cloud services by using SMS:
    a. **Enable** SMS messaging:

    ```
    (config)> cloud drm sms enable true
    (config)>
    ```

    b. Set the phone number for Digi Remote Manager:

    ```
    (config)> cloud drm sms destination drm_phone_number
    (config)>
    ```

    c. (Optional) Set the service identifier:

    ```
    (config)> cloud drm sms sercice_id id
    (config)>
    ```

3. (Optional) Configure the EX12 device to communicate with remote cloud services by using an HTTP proxy server:
    a. **Enable** the use of an HTTP proxy server:

    ```
    (config)> cloud drm proxy enable true
    (config)>
    ```

    b. Set the hostname of the proxy server:

    ```
    (config)> cloud drm proxy host hostname
    (config)>
    ```

    c. (Optional) Set the port number on the proxy server that the device should connect to. The default is 2138.

    ```
    (config)> cloud drm proxy port integer
    (config)>
    ```

13. Save the configuration and apply the change:

    ```
    (config)> save
    Configuration saved.
    >
    ```

14. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

    Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Collect device health data and set the sample interval

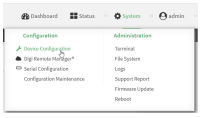
You can enable or disable the collection of device health data to upload to Digi Remote Manager, and configure the interval between health sample uploads. By default, device health data upload is enabled, and the health sample interval is set to 60 minutes.

To avoid a situation where several devices are uploading health metrics information to Remote Manager at the same time, the EX12 device includes a preconfigured randomization of two minutes for uploading metrics. For example, if **Health sample interval** is set to five minutes, the metrics will be uploaded to Remote Manager at a random time between five and seven minutes.

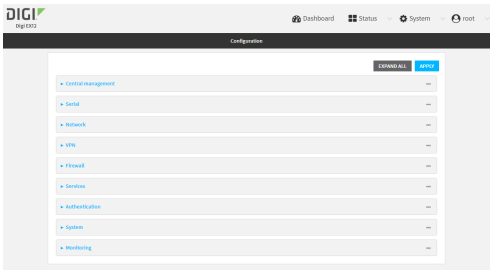
To disable the collection of device health data or enable it if it has been disabled, or to change the health sample interval:

WebUI

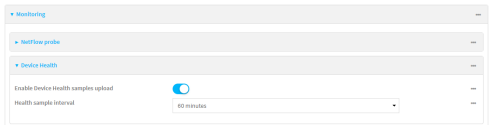
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Monitoring** > **Device Health**.



Device health data upload is enabled by default. To disable, click to toggle off **Enable Device Health samples upload**.

4. For **Health sample interval**, select the interval between health sample uploads.
5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```


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3. Device health data upload is enabled by default. To enable or disable:
   - To enable:

```
(config)> monitoring devicehealth enable true
(config)>
```

   - To disable:

```
(config)> monitoring devicehealth enable false
(config)>
```

4. The interval between health sample uploads is set to 60 minutes by default. To change:

```
(config)> monitoring devicehealth interval value
```

   where *value* is one of **1**, **5**, **15**, **30**, or **60**, and represents the number of minutes between uploads of health sample data.
5. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

6. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Log into Digi Remote Manager

To start Digi Remote Manager

1. If you have not already done so, click here to sign up for a Digi Remote Manager account.
2. Check your email for Digi Remote Manager login instructions.
3. Go to remotemanager.digi.com.
4. Log into your Digi Remote Manager account.

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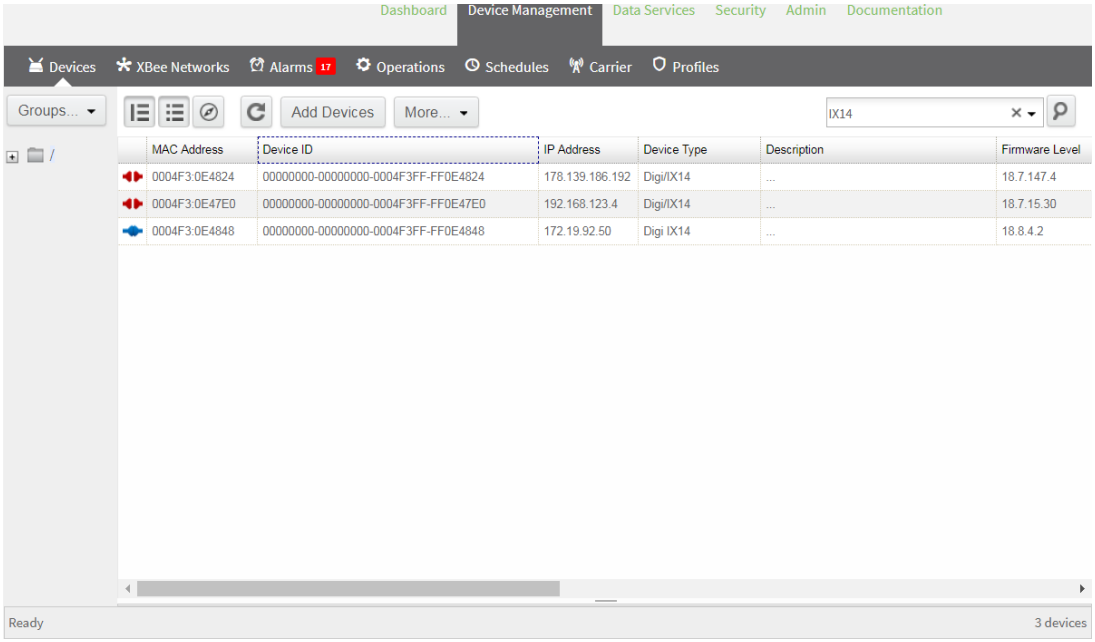
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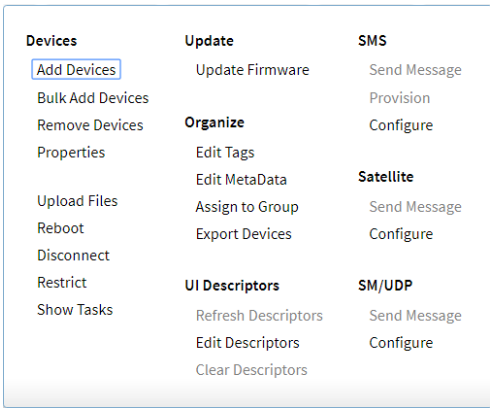
Use Digi Remote Manager to view and manage your device

To view and manage your device:

1. If you have not already done so, connect to your Digi Remote Manager account.
2. Click **Device Management** to display a list of your devices.
3. Use the Search bar to locate the device you want to manage.



4. Select the device and click **Properties** to view general information for the device.
5. Click the **More** menu to perform a task.



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Add a device to Digi Remote Manager

1. If you have not already done so, connect to your Digi Remote Manager account.
2. Click **Device Management** to display a list of your devices.
3. Click **Add Devices**.
4. Select **MAC Address** and enter the Ethernet MAC address for your device.
5. For **Install Code**, enter the default password on the printed label packaged with your device. The same default password is also shown on the label affixed to the bottom of the device.
6. Click **Add**.
7. Click **OK**.

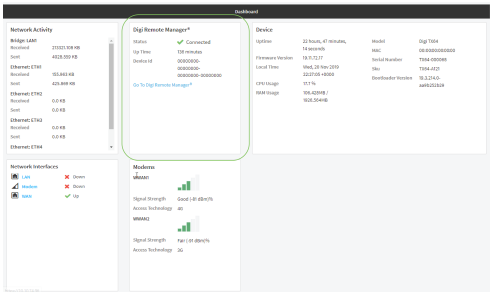
Digi Remote Manager adds your EX12 device to your account and it appears in the **Device Management** view.

View Digi Remote Manager connection status

To view the current Digi Remote Manager configuration:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. The dashboard includes a Digi Remote Manager status pane:



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```


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3. View the central management configuration:

```
(config)> show cloud
drm
       cellular_keep_alive 290s
       drm_url my.devicecloud.com
       keep_alive 60s
       keep_alive_misses 3
       retry_interval 30s
enable true
(config)>
```

1. Type **cancel** to exit configuration mode:

```
(config)> cancel
>
```

2. Type exit to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

To view the status of your device's connection to Remote Manager, use the show cloud command at the command line:

Command line

```
> show cloud

 Device Cloud Status
 -------------------

 Status    : Connected
 Server    : my.devicecloud.com
 Device ID : 00000000-00000000-0040FFFF-FF0F4594
>
```

The **Device ID** is the unique identifier for the device, as used by the Remote Manager.

Use the Digi Remote Manager mobile app

If you have a smart phone or tablet, you can use the Digi Remote Manager mobile app to automatically provision a new devices and monitor devices in your account.

To download the mobile app:

- For iPhone, go to the **App Store**
- For Android phones, go to **Google Play**

To sign up for a new Digi Remote Manager account using the mobile app:

1. From the menu, click **Log in or Sign Up**.
2. Click **Sign up** to create a new account.

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3. You'll receive an email with login instructions.
4. From the **Digi Remote Manager** mobile app, click **Log in** and log into your new account.

   To register a new device:

   1. From the menu, select **Install a device with a QR or bar code** and scan the installation QR code on the label.
   2. Follow the prompts to complete your EX12 registration.

   Digi Remote Manager registers your EX12 and adds it to your Digi Remote Manager device list. You can now manage the device remotely using Digi Remote Manager.

Configure multiple devices using profiles

Digi recommends you take advantage of Digi Remote Manager profiles to manage multiple EX12 routers. Typically, if you want to provision multiple EX12 routers:

1. Using the EX12 local WebUI, configure one EX12 router to use as the model configuration for all subsequent EX12s you need to manage.
2. Register the configured EX12 device in your Digi Remote Manager account.
3. In Digi Remote Manager, create a profile based on the configured EX12.
4. Apply the profile to the EX12 devices you need to configure.

Digi Remote Manager provides multiple methods for applying profiles to registered devices. You can also include site-specific settings with a profile to override settings on a device-by-device basis.

Learn more

- For information on using Digi Remote Manager to configure and manage EX12 routers, see the *Digi Remote Manager User Guide*.
- For information on using Digi Remote Manager APIs to develop custom applications, see the *Digi Remote Manager Programmer Guide*.

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File system

This chapter contains the following topics:

The EX12 local file system 534
Display directory contents 534
Create a directory 535
Display file contents 536
Copy a file or directory 536
Move or rename a file or directory 537
Delete a file or directory 538
Upload and download files 539

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The EX12 local file system

The EX12 local file system has approximately 150 MB of space available for storing files, such as Python programs, alternative configuration files and firmware versions, and release files, such as cellular module images. The writable directories within the filesystem are:

- /tmp
- /opt
- /etc/config

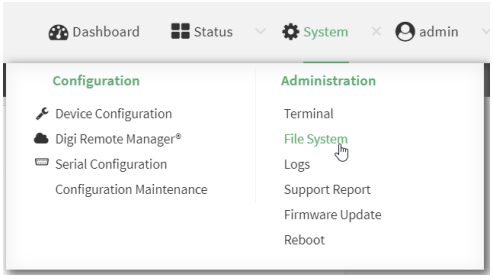
Files stored in the /tmp directory do not persist across reboots. Therefore, /tmp is a good location to upload temporary files, such as files used for firmware updates. Files stored in /opt and /etc/config do persist across reboots, but are deleted if a factory reset of the system is performed. See Reset the device to factory defaults for more information.

Display directory contents

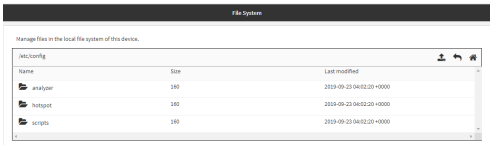
To display directory contents by using the WebUI or the Admin CLI:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Administration**, click **File System**.



The **File System** page appears.



3. Highlight a directory and click ↱ to open the directory and view the files in the directory.

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the Admin CLI prompt, type **ls /*path*/*dir_name***. For example, to display the contents of the **/etc/config** directory:

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```
> ls /etc/config
-rw-r--r--    1 root     root           856 Nov 20 20:12 accns.json
drw-------    2 root     root           160 Sep 23 04:02 analyzer
drwxr-xr-x    3 root     root           224 Sep 23 04:02 cc_acl
-rw-r--r--    1 root     root            47 Sep 23 04:02 dhcp.leases
...
>
```

3. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Create a directory

Command line

This procedure is not available through the WebUI. To make a new directory, use the mkdir command, specifying the name of the directory.

For example:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the Admin CLI prompt, type **mkdir /*path*/*dir_name***. For example, to create a directory named **temp** in **/etc/config**:

```
> mkdir /etc/config/temp
>
```

3. Verify that the directory was created:

```
> ls /etc/config
...
-rw-r--r--    1 root     root          1436 Aug 12 21:36 ssl.crt
-rw-------    1 root     root          3895 Aug 12 21:36 ssl.pem
-rw-r--r--    1 root     root            10 Aug  5 06:41 start
drwxr-xr-x    2 root     root           160 Aug 25 17:49 temp
>
```

4. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Display file contents

This procedure is not available through the WebUI. To display the contents of a file by using the Admin CLI, , use the more command, specifying the name of the directory.

For example:

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the Admin CLI prompt, type **more** ***/path/filename***. For example, to view the contenct of the file **accns.json** in **/etc/config**:

```
> more /etc/config/accns.json
{
    "auth":
        "user": {
            "admin": {
                "password":
"$2a$05$W1sls1oxsadf/n4J0XT.Rgr6ewr1yerHtXQdbafsatGswKg0YUm"
            }
        }
    },
    "schema": {
        "version": "461"
    }
}
>
```

3. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Copy a file or directory

This procedure is not available through the WebUI. To copy a file or directory by using the Admin CLI, use the cp command, specifying the existing path and filename followed by the path and filename of the new file, or specifying the existing path and directory name followed by the path and directory name of the new directory.

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the Admin CLI prompt, type **cp** ***/path/filename|dir_name /path[filename]|dir_name***. For example:

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- To copy the file **/etc/config/accns.json** to a file named **backup_cfg.json** in a directory named **/etc/config/test**, enter the following:

```
> cp /etc/config/accns.json /etc/config/test/backup_cfg.json
>
```

- To copy a directory named **/etc/config/test** to **/opt**:

```
> cp /etc/config/test/ /opt/
>
```

3. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Move or rename a file or directory

This procedure is not available through the WebUI. To move or rename a file or directory by using the Admin CLI, use the mv command.

Command line

To rename a file named **test.py** in **/etc/config/scripts** to **final.py**:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the Admin CLI prompt, type:

```
> mv /etc/config/scripts/test.py /etc/config/scripts/final.py
>
```

3. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

To move **test.py** from **/etc/config/scripts** to **/opt**:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the Admin CLI prompt, type:

```
> mv /etc/config/scripts/test.py /opt/
>
```

3. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

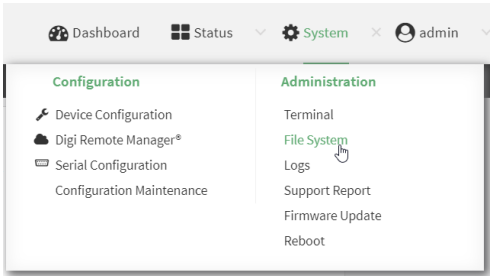
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Delete a file or directory

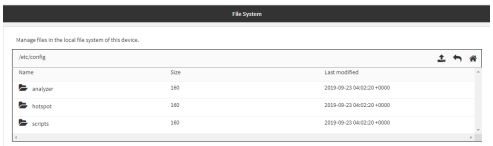
To delete a file or directory by using the WebUI or the Admin CLI:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Administration**, click **File System**.



The **File System** page appears.



3. Highlight the directory containing the file to be deleted and click ↱ to open the directory.
4. Highlight the file to be deleted and click 🗑.
5. Click **OK** to confirm.

Command line

To delete a file named **test.py** in **/etc/config/scripts**:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the Admin CLI prompt, type:

```
> rm /etc/config/scripts/test.py
rm: remove '/etc/config/scripts/test.py'? yes
>
```

3. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

To delete a directory named **temp** from **/opt**:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

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2. At the Admin CLI prompt, type:

```
> rm /opt/temp/
rm: descend into directory '/opt/temp'? yes
rm: remove directory '/opt/temp'? yes
>
```

3. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

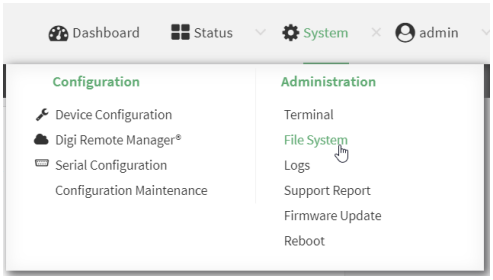
Upload and download files

You can download and upload files by using the WebUI or from the command line by using the scp Secure Copy command, or by using a utility such as SSH File Transfer Protocol (SFTP) or an SFTP application like FileZilla.

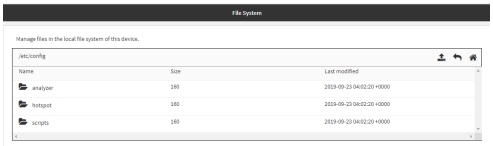
Upload and download files by using the WebUI

Upload files

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Administration**, click **File System**.



The **File System** page appears.

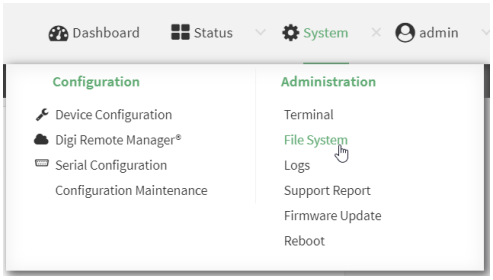


3. Highlight the directory to which the file will be uploaded and click to open the directory.
4. Click (upload).
5. Browse to the location of the file on your local machine. Select the file and click **Open** to upload the file.

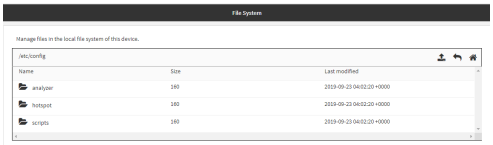
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Download files

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Administration**, click **File System**.



The **File System** page appears.



3. Highlight the directory to which the file will be uploaded and click ↱ to open the directory.
4. Highlight the appropriate file and click ⭳ (download).

Upload and download files by using the Secure Copy command

Copy a file from a remote host to the EX12 device

To copy a file from a remote host to the EX12 device, use the scp command as follows:

```
> scp host hostname-or-ip user username remote remote-path local local-path to
local
```

where:

- *hostname-or-ip* is the hostname or ip address of the remote host.
- *username* is the name of the user on the remote host.
- *remote-path* is the path and filename of the file on the remote host that will be copied to the EX12 device.
- *local-path* is the location on the EX12 device where the copied file will be placed.

For example:

To copy firmware from a remote host with an IP address of 192.168.4.1 to the /etc/config directory on the EX12 device, issue the following command:

```
> scp host 192.168.4.1 user admin remote /home/admin/bin/EX12-20.5.38.39.bin
local /etc/config/ to local
admin@192.168.4.1's password: adminpwd
EX12-20.5.38.39.bin                    100%    36MB    11.1MB/s        00:03
>
```


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Transfer a file from the EX12 device to a remote host

To copy a file from the EX12 device to a remote host, use the scp command as follows:

```
> scp host hostname-or-ip user username remote remote-path local local-path to
remote
```

where:

- *hostname-or-ip* is the hostname or ip address of the remote host.
- *username* is the name of the user on the remote host.
- *remote-path* is the location on the remote host where the file will be copied.
- *local-path* is the path and filename on the EX12 device.

For example:

To copy a support report from the EX12 device to a remote host at the IP address of 192.168.4.1:

1. Use the **system support-report** command to generate the report:

```
> system support-report /etc/config/
Saving support report to /etc/config/support-report-0040D0133536-20-05-29-
13.22.15.bin
Support report saved.
>
```

2. Use the **scp** command to transfer the report to a remote host:

```
> scp host 192.168.4.1 user admin remote /home/admin/temp/ local
/etc/config/support-report-00:40:D0:13:35:36-20-05-29-13.22.15.bin to
remote
admin@192.168.4.1's password: adminpwd
support-report-0040D0133536-20-05-29-13.22.15.bin
>
```

Upload and download files using SFTP

Transfer a file from a remote host to the EX12 device

This example uploads firmware from a remote host to the EX12 device with an IP address of **192.168.2.1**, using the username **ahmed**:

```
$ sftp ahmed@192.168.2.1
Password:
Connected to 192.168.2.1
sftp> put EX12-20.5.38.39
Uploading EX12-20.5.38.39 to EX12-20.5.38.39
EX12-20.5.38.39
   100%  24M  830.4KB/s   00:00
sftp> exit
$
```

Transfer a file from the EX12 device to a remote host

This example downloads a file named **test.py** from the EX12 device at the IP address of **192.168.2.1** with a username of **ahmed** to the local directory on the remote host:

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```
$ sftp ahmed@192.168.2.1
Password:
Connected to 192.168.2.1
sftp> get test.py
Fetching test.py to test.py
test.py
  100%  254    0.3KB/s   00:00
sftp> exit
$
```


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Diagnostics

This chapter contains the following topics:

Generate a support report 544
View system event logs 545
Configure syslog servers 550
Configure options for the event and system logs 552
Analyze network traffic 557
Use the ping command to troubleshoot network connections 569
Use the traceroute command to diagnose IP routing problems 569

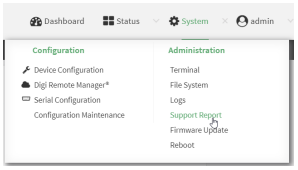
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Generate a support report

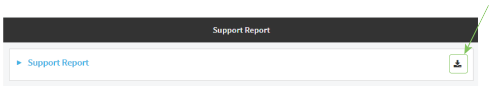
To generate and download a support report:

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. On the main menu, click **System**. Under **Administration**, click **Support Report**.



3. Click to generate and download the support report.



Attach the support report to any support requests.

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. Use the **system support-report** command to generate the report:

```
> system support-report /etc/config/
Saving support report to /etc/config/support-report-0040D0133536-20-05-29-
13.22.15.bin
Support report saved.
>
```

3. Use the **scp** command to transfer the report to a remote host:

```
> scp host 192.168.4.1 user admin remote /home/admin/temp/ local
/etc/config/support-report-00:40:D0:13:35:36-20-05-29-13.22.15.bin to
remote
admin@192.168.4.1's password: adminpwd
support-report-0040D0133536-20-05-29-13.22.15.bin
>
```

4. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

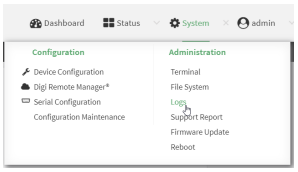
View system event logs

See Configure options for the event and system logs for information about configuring the information displayed in event and system logs.

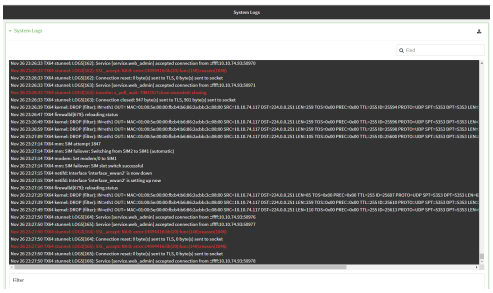
View System Logs

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. On the main menu, click **System** > **Logs**.



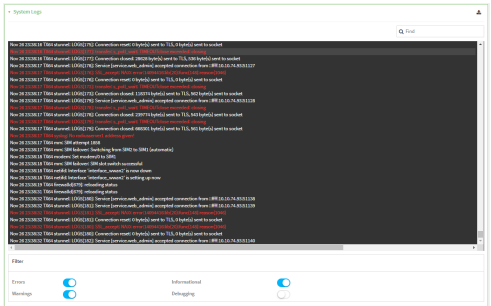
The system log displays:



3. Limit the display in the system log by using the **Find** search tool.



4. Use filters to configure the types of information displayed in the system logs.



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5. Click to download the system log.



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Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. Use show log at the Admin CLI prompt:

```
> show log

Timestamp        Message
--------------  ------------------------------------------------------------
--
Nov 26 21:54:34  EX12 netifd: Interface 'interface_wan' is setting up now
Nov 26 21:54:35  EX12 firewalld[621]: reloading status
...
>
```

3. (Optional) Use the **show log number *num*** command to limit the number of lines that are displayed. For example, to limit the log to the most recent ten lines:

```
> show log number 10

Timestamp        Message
--------------  ------------------------------------------------------------
--
Nov 26 21:54:34  EX12 netifd: Interface 'interface_wan' is setting up now
Nov 26 21:54:35  EX12 firewalld[621]: reloading status
...
>
```

4. (Optional) Use the **show log filter *value*** command to limit the number of lines that are displayed. Allowed values are **critical**, **warning**, **info**, and **debug**. For example, to limit the event list to only info messages:

```
> show log filter info

Timestamp        Type    Category  Message
---------------- ------- --------- ----------------------------------------
---
Nov 26 22:01:26  info    user
name=admin~service=cli~state=opened~remote=192.168.1.2
Nov 26 22:01:25  info    user
name=admin~service=cli~state=closed~remote=192.168.1.2
...
>
```

5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

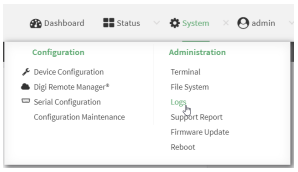
   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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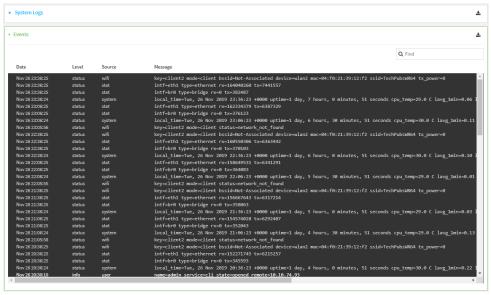
View Event Logs

WebUI

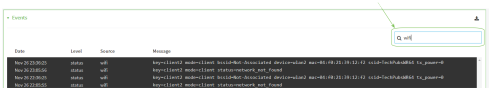
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. On the main menu, click **System** > **Logs**.



3. Click ▾ **System Logs** to collapse the system logs viewer, or scroll down to **Events**.
4. Click ▸ **Events** to expand the event viewer.



5. Limit the display in the event log by using the **Find** search tool.



6. Click to download the event log.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. Use show event at the Admin CLI prompt:

```
> show event
```


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```
Timestamp        Type    Category  Message
---------------- ------- --------- ---------------------------------------
---
Nov 26 21:42:37  status  stat
intf=eth1~type=ethernet~rx=11332435~tx=5038762
Nov 26 21:42:35  status  system    local_time=Thu, 08 Aug 2019 21:42:35
+0000~uptime=3 hours, 0 minutes, 48 seconds
...
>
```

3. (Optional) Use the **show event number *num*** command to limit the number of lines that are displayed. For example, to limit the event list to the most recent ten lines:

```
> show event number 10

Timestamp        Type    Category  Message
---------------- ------- --------- ---------------------------------------
---
Nov 26 21:42:37  status  stat
intf=eth1~type=ethernet~rx=11332435~tx=5038762
Nov 26 21:42:35  status  system    local_time=Thu, 08 Aug 2019 21:42:35
+0000~uptime=3 hours, 0 minutes, 48 seconds
...
>
```

4. (Optional) Use the **show event table *value*** command to limit the number of lines that are displayed. Allowed values are **error**, **info**, and **status**. For example, to limit the event list to only info messages:

```
> show event table info

Timestamp        Type    Category  Message
---------------- ------- --------- ---------------------------------------
---
Nov 26 22:01:26  info    user
name=admin~service=cli~state=opened~remote=192.168.1.2
Nov 26 22:01:25  info    user
name=admin~service=cli~state=closed~remote=192.168.1.2
...
>
```

5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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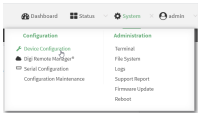
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Configure syslog servers

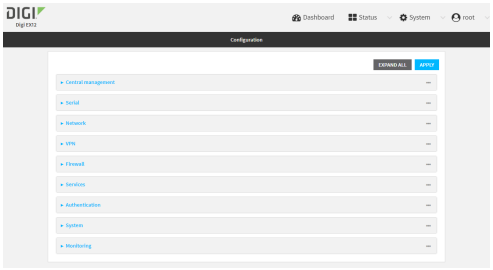
You can configure remote syslog servers for storing event and system logs.

WebUI

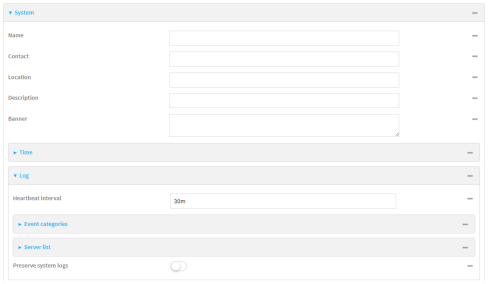
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



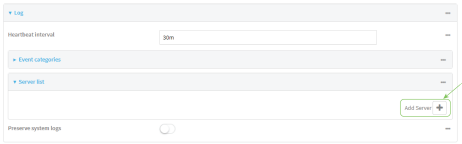
The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **System** > **Log**.



4. Add and configure a remote syslog server:
   a. Click to expand **Server list**.
   b. For **Add Server**, click ✚.

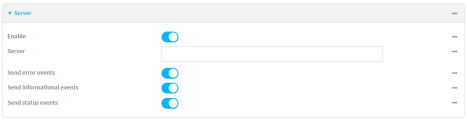


The log server configuration window is displayed.

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Log servers are enabled by default. To disable, click to toggle off **Enable**.

c. Type the host name or IP address of the **Server**.

d. Select the event categories that will be sent to the server.

5. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. (Optional) To configure remote syslog servers:

   a. Add a remote server:

```
(config)> add system log remote end
(config system log remote 1)>
```

   b. Enable the server:

```
(config system log remote 1)> enable true
(config system log remote 1)>
```

   c. Set the host name or IP address of the server:

```
(config system log remote 1)> server hostname
(config system log remote 1)>
```

   d. The event categories that will be sent to the server are automatically enabled when the server is enabled. To disable:

   - To disable informational event messages:

```
(config system log remote 1)> info false
(config system log remote 1)>
```


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- To disable status event messages:

```
(config system log remote 1)> status false
(config system log remote 1)>
```

- To disable informational event messages:

```
(config system log remote 1)> error false
(config system log remote 1)>
```

4. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

5. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Configure options for the event and system logs

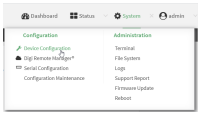
The default configuration for event and system logging is:

- The heartbeat interval, which determines the amount of time to wait before sending a heartbeat event if no other events have been sent, is set to 30 minutes.
- All event categories are enabled.

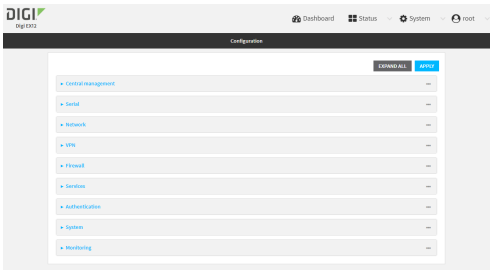
To change or disable the heartbeat interval, or to disable event categories, and to perform other log configuration:

WebUI

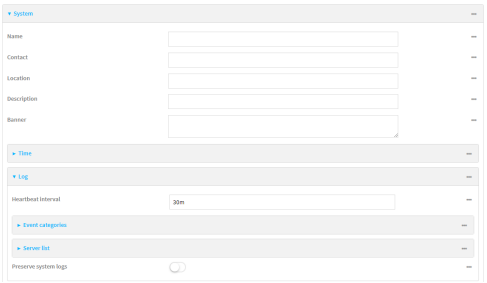
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **System** > **Log**.



4. (Optional) To change the **Heartbeat interval** from the default of 30 minutes, type a new value. The heartbeat interval determines the amount of time to wait before sending a heartbeat event if no other events have been sent.

   Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w**|**d**|**h**|**m**|**s**}.

   For example, to set **Heartbeat interval** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

   To disable the **Heartbeat interval**, enter **0s**.
5. (Optional) To disable event categories, or to enable them if they have been disabled:
   a. Click to expand **Event Categories**.
   b. Click an event category to expand.
   c. Depending on the event category, you can enable or disable informational events, status events, and error events. Some categories also allow you to set the **Status interval**, which is the time interval between periodic status events.
6. (Optional) See Configure syslog servers for information about configuring remote syslog servers to which log messages will be sent.
7. Enable **Preserve system logs** to save the current session's system log after a reboot.

   By default, the EX12 device erases system logs each time the device is powered off or rebooted.

   Note You should only enable **Preserve system logs** temporarily to debug issues. Once you are finished debugging, immediately disable **Preserve system logs** to avoid unnecessary wear to the flash memory.
8. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

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2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. (Optional) To change the heartbeat interval from the default of 30 minutes, set a new value. The heartbeat interval determines the amount of time to wait before sending a heartbeat event if no other events have been sent.

```
(config)> system log heartbeat_interval value
(config)>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

For example, to set **the heartbeat interval** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config)> system log heartbeat_interval 600s
(config)>
```

To disable the heartbeat interval, set the value to **0s**

4. Enable preserve system logs functionality to save the current session's system log after a reboot. By default, the EX12 device erases system logs each time the device is powered off or rebooted.

Note You should only enable **Preserve system logs** temporarily to debug issues. Once you are finished debugging, immediately disable **Preserve system logs** to avoid unnecessary wear to the flash memory.

```
(config)> system log persistent true
(config)>
```

5. (Optional) To disable event categories, or to enable them if they have been disabled:
   a. Use the question mark (**?**) to determine available event categories:

```
(config)> system log event ?

Event categories: Settings to enable individual event categories.

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------------------------------------
--------
 arping                    ARP ping
 config                    Configuration
 dhcpserver                DHCP server
 firmware                  Firmware
 location                  Location
 modem                     Modem
 netmon                    Active recovery
 network                   Network interfaces
 openvpn                   OpenVPN
```


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```
portal                  Captive portal
remote                  Remote control
restart                 Restart
serial                  Serial
sms                     SMS commands
speed                   Speed
stat                    Network statistics
user                    User
wireless                WiFi
wol                     Wake-On-LAN

(config)> system log event
```

b. Depending on the event category, you can enable or disable informational events, status events, and error events. Some categories also allow you to set the status interval, which is the time interval between periodic status events. For example, to configure DHCP server logging:

   i. Use the question mark (**?**) to determine what events are available for DHCP server logging configuration:

```
(config)> system log event dhcpserver ?
...
DHCP server: Settings for DHCP server events. Informational events
are generated
when a lease is obtained or released. Status events report the
current list of
leases.

 Parameters              Current Value
 ------------------------------------------------------------------
------------
 info                    true          Enable informational events
 status                  true          Enable status events
 status_interval         30m           Status interval

(config)> system log event dhcpserver
```

   ii. To disable informational messages for the DHCP server:

```
(config)> system log event dhcpserver info false
(config)>
```

   iii. To change the status interval:

```
(config)> system log event dhcpserver status_interval value
(config)>
```

   where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w**|**d**|**h**|**m**|**s**}.

   For example, to set **the status interval** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

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```
(config)> system log event dhcpserver status_interval 600s
(config)>
```

6. (Optional) See Configure syslog servers for information about configuring remote syslog servers to which log messages will be sent.
7. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

8. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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Analyze network traffic

The EX12 device includes a network analyzer tool that captures data traffic on any interface and decodes the captured data traffic for diagnostics. You can capture data traffic on multiple interfaces at the same time and define capture filters to reduce the captured data. You can capture up to 10 MB of data traffic in two 5 MB files per interface.

To perform a more detailed analysis, you can download the captured data traffic from the device and view it using a third-party application.

Note Data traffic is captured to RAM and the captured data is lost when the device reboots unless you save the data to a file. See Save captured data traffic to a file.

This section contains the following topics:

Configure packet capture for the network analyzer 558
Example filters for capturing data traffic 562
Capture packets from the command line 563
Stop capturing packets 564
Show captured traffic data 564
Save captured data traffic to a file 566
Download captured data to your PC 567
Clear captured data 568

Configure packet capture for the network analyzer

To use the network analyzer, you must create one or more packet capture configuration.

Required configuration items

- The interface used by this packet capture configuration.

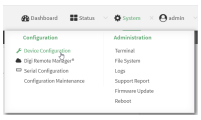
Additional configuration items

- The filter expression for this packet capture configuration.
- Schedule the analyzer to run based on a specified event or at a particular time:
  - The events or time that will trigger the analyzer to run, using this capture configuration.
  - The amount of time that the analyzer session will run.
  - The frequency with which captured events will be saved.

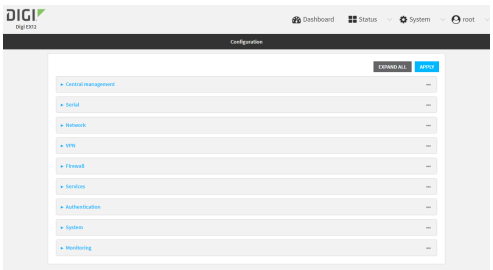
To configure a packet capture configuration:

WebUI

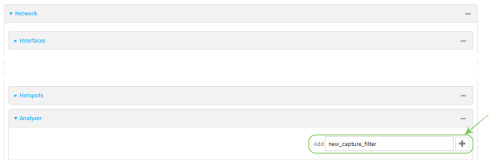
1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with full Admin access rights.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Configuration**, click **Device Configuration**.



The **Configuration** window is displayed.



3. Click **Network** > **Analyzer**.
4. For **Add Capture settings**, type a name for the capture filter and click **+**.

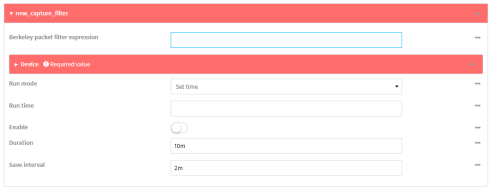


The new capture filter configuration is displayed.

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5. Add one or more interface to the capture filter:
   a. Click to expand **Device**.
   b. Click ✚ to add an interface to the capture setting instance.



   c. For **Device**, select an interface.
   d. Repeat to add additional interfaces to the capture filter.
6. (Optional) For **Berkeley packet filter expression**, type a filter using Berkeley Packet Filter (BPF) syntax. See Example filters for capturing data traffic for examples of filters using BPF syntax.
7. (Optional) Schedule the analyzer to run, using this capture filter, based on a specified event or at a particular time:
   a. For **Run mode**, select the mode that will be used to run the capture filter. Available options are:
      - **On boot**: The capture filter will run once each time the device boots.
      - **Interval**: The capture filter will start running at the specified interval, within 30 seconds after the configuration change is saved.
        - If **Interval** is selected, in **Interval**, type the interval.

          Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w**|**d**|**h**|**m**|**s**}.

          For example, to set **Interval** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.
      - **Set time**: Runs the capture filter at a specified time of the day.
        - If **Set Time** is selected, specify the time that the capture filter should run in **Run time**, using the format *HH:MM*.
      - **During system maintenance**: The capture filter will run during the system maintenance time window.
   b. **Enable** the capture filter schedule.
   c. For **Duration**, type the amount of time that the scheduled analyzer session will run.

      Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w**|**d**|**h**|**m**|**s**}.

      For example, to set **Duration** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.
   d. For **Save interval**, type the frequency with which captured events will be saved.

      Allowed values are any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and take the format ***number***{**w**|**d**|**h**|**m**|**s**}.

      For example, to set **Save interval** to ten minutes, enter **10m** or **600s**.

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8. Click **Apply** to save the configuration and apply the change.



Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```

3. Add a new capture filter:

```
(config)> add network analyzer name
(config network analyzer name)>
```

4. Add an interface to the capture filter:

```
(config network analyzer name)> add device end device
(config network analyzer name)>
```

   Determine available devices and the proper syntax.

   To determine available devices and proper syntax, use the space bar autocomplete feature:

```
(config network analyzer name)> add device end <space>
/network/device/eth1                /network/device/eth2
/network/device/loopback            /network/interface/aview
/network/interface/defaultip        /network/interface/defaultlinklocal
/network/interface/eth1             /network/interface/eth2
/network/interface/loopback         /network/interface/modem
(config network analyzer name)> add interface end /network/
```

   Repeat to add additional interfaces.
5. (Optional) Set a filter for the capture filter:

```
(config network analyzer name)> filter value
(config network analyzer name)>
```

   where *value* is a filter using Berkeley Packet Filter (BPF) syntax. Values that contain spaces must be enclosed in double quotes (**"**).

   See Example filters for capturing data traffic for examples of filters using BPF syntax.
6. (Optional) Schedule the analyzer to run, using this capture filter, based on a specified event or at a particular time:
   a. Enable scheduling for this capture filter:

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```
(config network analyzer name)> schedule enable true
(config network analyzer name)>
```

b. Set the mode that will be used to run the capture filter:

```
(config network analyzer name)> when mode
(config network analyzer name)>
```

where *mode* is one of the following:

- **boot**: The script will run once each time the device boots.
- **interval**: The script will start running at the specified interval, within 30 seconds after the configuration change is saved. If **interval** is selected, set the interval:

  ```
  (config add network analyzer name)> on_interval value
  (config add network analyzer name)>
  ```

  where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

  For example, to set **on_interval** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

  ```
  (config network analyzer name)> on_interval  600s
  (config network analyzer name)>
  ```

- **set_time**: Runs the script at a specified time of the day. If **set_time** is set, set the time that the script should run, using the format *HH*:*MM*:

  ```
  (config network analyzer name)> run_time HH:MM
  (config network analyzer name)>
  ```

- **maintenance_time**: The script will run during the system maintenance time window.

c. Set the amount of time that the scheduled analyzer session will run:

```
(config network analyzer name)> duration value
(config network analyzer name)>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

For example, to set **duration** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

```
(config network analyzer name)> save_interval 600s
(config network analyzer name)>
```

d. Set the frequency with which captured events will be saved:

```
(config network analyzer name)> save_interval value
(config network analyzer name)>
```

where *value* is any number of weeks, days, hours, minutes, or seconds, and takes the format ***number***{**w|d|h|m|s**}.

For example, to set **save_interval** to ten minutes, enter either **10m** or **600s**:

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```
(config network analyzer name)> save_interval 600s
(config network analyzer name)>
```

7. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

8. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Example filters for capturing data traffic

The following are examples of filters using Berkeley Packet Filter (BPF) syntax for capturing several types of network data. See https://biot.com/capstats/bpf.html for detailed information about BPF syntax.

Example IPv4 capture filters

- Capture traffic to and from IP host 192.168.1.1:

```
ip host 192.168.1.1
```

- Capture traffic from IP host 192.168.1.1:

```
ip src host 192.168.1.1
```

- Capture traffic to IP host 192.168.1.1:

```
ip dst host 192.168.1.1
```

- Capture traffic for a particular IP protocol:

```
ip proto protocol
```

  where *protocol* is a number in the range of **1** to **255** or one of the following keywords: **icmp**, **icmp6**, **igmp**, **pim**, **ah**, **esp**, **vrrp**, **udp**, or **tcp**.

- Capture traffic to and from a TCP port 80:

```
ip proto tcp and port 80
```

- Capture traffic to UDP port 53:

```
ip proto udp and dst port 53
```

- Capture traffic from UDP port 53:

```
ip proto udp and src port 53
```

- Capture to and from IP host 10.0.0.1 but filter out ports 22 and 80:

```
ip host 10.0.0.1 and not (port 22 or port 80)
```


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Example Ethernet capture filters

- Capture Ethernet packets to and from a host with a MAC address of 00:40:D0:13:35:36:

```
ether host 00:40:D0:13:35:36
```

- Capture Ethernet packets from host 00:40:D0:13:35:36:

```
ether src 00:40:D0:13:35:36:
```

- Capture Ethernet packets to host 00:40:D0:13:35:36:

```
ether dst 00:40:D0:13:35:36
```

Capture packets from the command line

You can start packet capture at the command line with the analyzer start command. Alternatively, you can schedule the network analyzer to run based on a specified event or at a particular time. See Configure packet capture for the network analyzer for information about scheduling packet capturing.

Additional analyzer commands allow you to:

- Stop capturing packets.
- Save captured data traffic to a file.
- Clear captured data.

Required configuration items

- A configured packet capture. See Configure packet capture for the network analyzer for packet capture configuration information.

To start packet capture from the command line:

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. Type the following at the Admin CLI prompt:

   ```
   > analyzer start name capture_filter
   >
   ```

   where *capture_filter* is the name of a packet capture configuration. See Configure packet capture for the network analyzer for more information.

   To determine available packet capture configurations, use the **?**:

   ```
   > analyzer start name ?

   name: Name of the capture filter to use.
   Format:
     test_capture
   ```


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```
  capture_ping

> analyzer start name
```

You can capture up to 10 MB of data traffic in two 5 MB files per interface.

Note Data traffic is captured to RAM and the captured data is lost when the device reboots unless you save the data to a file. See Save captured data traffic to a file.

Stop capturing packets

You can stop packet capture at the command line with the analyzer stop command.

To stop packet capture from the command line:

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. Type the following at the Admin CLI prompt:

   ```
   > analyzer stop name capture_filter
   >
   ```

   where *capture_filter* is the name of a packet capture configuration. See Configure packet capture for the network analyzer for more information.

   To determine available packet capture configurations, use the **?**:

   ```
   > analyzer stop name ?

   name: Name of the capture filter to use.
   Format:
     test_capture
     capture_ping

   > analyzer stop name
   ```

Show captured traffic data

To view captured data traffic, use the show analyzer command. The command output show the following information for each packet:

- The packet number.
- The timestamp for when the packet was captured.
- The length of the packet and the amount of data captured.
- Whether the packet was sent or received by the device.
- The interface on which the packet was sent or received.

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- A hexadecimal dump of the packet of up to 256 bytes.
- Decoded information of the packet.

To show captured data traffic:

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. Type the following at the Admin CLI prompt:

```
> show analyzer name capture_filter

Packet 1 : May-29-2020 20:34:19.287682, Length 60 bytes (Captured Length 60
bytes)

Received on interface eth1

      00 40 ff 80 01 20 b4 b6  86 21 b5 73 08 00 45 00   .@... .. .!.s..E.
      00 28 3d 36 40 00 80 06  14 bc 0a 0a 4a 82 0a 0a   .(=6@... ....J..
      4a 48 cd ae 00 16 a4 4b  ff 5f ee 1f d8 23 50 10   JH.....K ._...#P.
      08 02 c7 40 00 00 00 00  00 00 00 00               ...@.... ....

    Ethernet Header
      Destination MAC Addr : 00:40:D0:13:35:36
      Source MAC Addr      : fb:03:53:05:11:2f
      Ethernet Type        : IP (0x0800)
    IP Header
      IP Version           : 4
      Header Length        : 20 bytes
      ToS                  : 0x00
      Total Length         : 40 bytes
      ID                   : 15670 (0x3d36)
      Flags                : Do not fragment
      Fragment Offset      : 0 (0x0000)
      TTL                  : 128 (0x80)
      Protocol             : TCP (6)
      Checksum             : 0x14bc
      Source IP Address    : 10.10.74.130
      Dest. IP Address     : 10.10.74.72
    TCP Header
      Source Port          : 52654
      Destination Port     : 22
      Sequence Number      : 2756443999
      Ack Number           : 3995064355
      Data Offset          : 5
      Flags                : ACK
      Window               : 2050
      Checksum             : 0xc740
      Urgent Pointer       : 0
```


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```
    TCP Data
      00 00 00 00 00 00                                    ......

>
```

where *capture_filter* is the name of a packet capture configuration. See Configure packet capture for the network analyzer for more information.

To determine available packet capture configurations, use the **?**:

```
> show anaylzer name ?

name: Name of the capture filter to use.
Format:
  test_capture
  capture_ping

> show anaylzer name
```

Save captured data traffic to a file

Data traffic is captured to RAM and when the device reboots, the data is lost. To retain the captured data, first save the data to a file and then upload the file to a PC.

To save captured traffic data to a file, use the analyzer save command:

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. Type the following at the Admin CLI prompt:

   ```
   > analyzer save filename filename name capture_filter
   >
   ```

   where:

   - *filename* is the name of the file that the captured data will be saved to.

     Determine filenames already in use:

     Use the tab autocomplete feature to determine filenames that are currently in use:

     ```
     > analyzer save name <tab>
     test1_analyzer_capture     test2_analyzer_capture
     > analyzer save name
     ```

   - *capture_filter* is the name of a packet capture configuration. See Configure packet capture for the network analyzer for more information.

     To determine available packet capture configurations, use the **?**:

     ```
     > analyzer save name ?
     ```


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```
name: Name of the capture filter to use.
Format:
  test_capture
  capture_ping

> analyzer save name
```

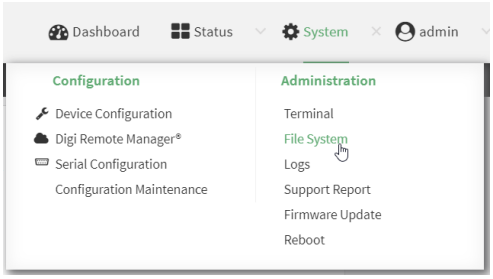
The file is stored in the **/etc/config/analyzer** directory. To transfer the file to your PC, see Download captured data to your PC.

Download captured data to your PC

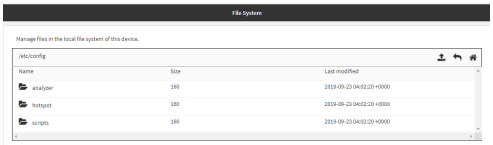
After saving captured data to a file (see Save captured data traffic to a file), you can download the file from the WebUI or from the command line by using the scp (secure copy file) command.

WebUI

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. On the menu, click **System**. Under **Administration**, click **File System**.



The **File System** page appears.



3. Highlight the **analyzer** directory and click to open the directory.
4. Select the saved analyzer report you want to download and click (download).

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. Type **scp** to use the Secure Copy program to copy the file to your PC:

```
> scp host hostname-or-ip user username remote remote-path local local-path
to remote
```


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where:

- *hostname-or-ip* is the hostname or ip address of the remote host.
- *username* is the name of the user on the remote host.
- *remote-path* is the location on the remote host where the file will be copied.
- *local-path* is the path and filename on the EX12 device.

For example:

To download the traffic saved in the file **/etc/config/analyzer/eth0.pcpng** to a PC with the IP **192.168.210.2**, for a user named **maria**, to the **/home/maria** directory:

```
> scp host 192.168.210.2 user maria remote /home/maria local
/etc/config/analyzer/eth0.pcpng to remote

maria@192.168.210.2's password:
eth0.pcpng                                    100%   11KB 851.3KB/s   00:00
```

Clear captured data

To clear captured data traffic in RAM, use the analyzer clear command:

Command line

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. Type the following at the Admin CLI prompt:

   ```
   > analyzer clear name capture_filter
   >
   ```

   where *capture_filter* is the name of a packet capture configuration. See Configure packet capture for the network analyzer for more information.

   To determine available packet capture configurations, use the **?**:

   ```
   > anaylzer clear name ?

   name: Name of the capture filter to use.
   Format:
     test_capture
     capture_ping

   > anaylzer clear name
   ```

Note You can remove data traffic saved to a file using the rm command.

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Use the ping command to troubleshoot network connections

Use the ping command troubleshoot connectivity problems.

Ping to check internet connection

To check your internet connection:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the Admin CLI prompt, type the ping command followed by the host name or IP address of the server to be pinged:

```
> ping 8.8.8.8
PING 8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=1 ttl=54 time=11.1 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=2 ttl=54 time=10.8 ms
64 bytes from 8.8.8.8: icmp_seq=3 ttl=54 time=10.7 ms
...
>
```

3. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Stop ping commands

To stop pings when the number of pings to send (the **count** parameter) has been set to a high value, enter **Ctrl+C**.

Use the traceroute command to diagnose IP routing problems

Use the **traceroute** command to diagnose IP routing problems. This command traces the route to a remote IP host and displays results. The **traceroute** command differs from ping in that traceroute shows where the route fails, while ping simply returns a single error on failure.

See the traceroute command description for command syntax and examples. The **traceroute** command has several parameters. Only **host** is required.

- **host**: The IP address of the destination host.
- **bypass**: Send directly to a host on an attached network.
- **debug**: Enable socket level debugging.
- **dontfragment**: Do not fragment probe packets.
- **first_ttl**: Specifies with what TTL to start. (Default: 1)
- **gateway**: Route the packet through a specified gateway.
- **icmp**: Use ICMP ECHO for probes.
- **interface**: Specifies the interface.

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- **ipchecksums**: Calculate ip checksums.
- **max_ttl**: Specifies the maximum number of hops. (Default: 30)
- **nomap**: Do not map IP addresses to host names
- **nqueries**: Sets the number of probe packets per hop. (Default: 3)
- **packetlen**: Total size of the probing packet. (Default: -1)
- **pausemsecs**: Minimal time interval between probes (Default: 0)
- **port**: Specifies the destination port. (Default: -1)
- **src_addr**: Chooses an alternative source address.
- **tos**: Set Type of Service. (Default: -1)
- **verbose**: Verbose output.
- **waittime**: Max wait for a response to a probe. (Default: 5)

Example

This example shows using **traceroute** to verify that the EX12 device can route to host **8.8.8.8** (www.google.com) through the default gateway. The command output shows that **15** routing hops were required to reach the host:

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.
2. At the Admin CLI prompt, use the **traceroute** command to view IP routing information:

```
> traceroute 8.8.8.8
traceroute to 8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8), 30 hops max, 52 byte packets
 1  192.168.8.1 (192.168.8.1)  0 ms  0 ms  0 ms
 2  10.10.10.10 (10.10.10.10)  0 ms  2 ms  2 ms
 3  * 10.10.8.23 (10.10.8.23)  1 ms  1 ms
 4  96.34.84.22 (96.34.84.22)  1 ms  1 ms  1 ms
 5  96.34.81.190 (96.34.81.190)  2 ms  2 ms  2 ms
 6  * * *
 7  96.34.2.12 (96.34.2.12)  11 ms  11 ms  11 ms
 8  * * *
 9  8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8)  11 ms  11 ms  11 ms
>
```

By entering a **whois** command on a Unix device, the output shows that the route is as follows:

1. **192/8**: The local network of the EX12 device.
2. **192.168.8.1**: The local network gateway to the Internet.
3. **96/8**: Charter Communications, the network provider.
4. **216/8**: Google Inc.

Stop the traceroute process

To stop the traceroute process, enter **Ctrl-C**.

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Command line interface

This chapter contains the following topics:

Access the command line interface 573
Log in to the command line interface 573
Exit the command line interface 574
Execute a command from the web interface 574
Display help for commands and parameters 575
Auto-complete commands and parameters 577
Available commands 578
Use the scp command 579
Display status and statistics using the show command 580
Device configuration using the command line interface 581
Execute configuration commands at the root Admin CLI prompt 582
Configuration mode 584
Command line reference 596

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Access the command line interface

You can access the EX12 command line interface using an SSH connection, a telnet connection, or a serial connection. You can use an open-source terminal software, such as PuTTY or TeraTerm, to access the device through one of these mechanisms.

You can also access the command line interface in the WebUI by using the **Terminal**, or the Digi Remote Manager by using the **Console**.

To access the command line, your device must be configured to allow access, and you must log in as a user who has been configured for the appropriate access. For further information about configuring access to these services, see:

- Serial: Configure the serial port
- WebUI: Configure the web administration service
- SSH: Configure SSH access
- Telnet: Configure telnet access

Log in to the command line interface

Command line

1. Connect to the EX12 device by using a serial connection, SSH or telnet, or the **Terminal** in the WebUI or the **Console** in the Digi Remote Manager. See Access the command line interface for more information.
   - For serial connections, the default configuration is:
     - **115200** baud rate
     - **8** data bits
     - **no** parity
     - **1** stop bit
     - **no** flow control
   - For SSH and telnet connections, the default IP address of the device is **192.168.2.1** on the .
2. At the login prompt, enter the username and password of a user with Admin access:

   ```
   login: admin
   Password: **********
   ```

   The default username is **admin**. The default unique password for your device is printed on the device label.
3. Depending on the device configuration, you may be presented with another menu, for example:

   ```
   Access selection menu:

          a: Admin CLI
          s: Shell
          q: Quit

   Select access or quit [admin] :
   ```


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Type **a** or **admin** to access the EX12 command line.

You will now be connected to the Admin CLI:

```
Connecting now, 'exit' to disconnect from Admin CLI ...

>
```

See Command line interface for detailed instructions on using the command line interface.

Exit the command line interface

Command line

1. At the command prompt, type **exit**.

```
> exit
```

2. Depending on the device configuration, you may be presented with another menu, for example:

```
Access selection menu:

       a: Admin CLI
       s: Shell
       q: Quit

Select access or quit [admin] :
```

Type **q** or **quit** to exit.

Execute a command from the web interface

1. Log into the EX12 WebUI as a user with Admin access.
2. At the main menu, click **Terminal**. The device console appears.

```
EX12 login:
```

3. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with Admin access.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

   The Admin CLI prompt appears.

```
>
```


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Display help for commands and parameters

The help command

When executed from the root command prompt, **help** displays information about autocomplete operations, how to move the cursor on the EX12 command line, and other keyboard shortcuts:

```
> help

 Commands
 -------------------------------------------------------------------------------
 ?              Show commands help
 <Tab>          Tab completion, displays all valid commands to complete command,
                if only one command is possible, it is used
 <Space>        Like tab except shortest prefix is used if command is valid
 <Enter>        Enter an input. If quoting then a new line is created instead. If
                the input is invalid then characters will be deleted until a
                prefix for a valid command is found.
 Ctrl + A       Move cursor to start of line
 Ctrl + E       Move cursor to end of line
 Ctrl + W       Delete word under cursor until start of line or [\',", ,\,/,.]
 Ctrl + R       If the current input is invalid then characters will be deleted
                until a prefix for a valid command is found.
 Ctrl + left    Jump cursor left until start of line or [\',", ,\,/,.]
 Ctrl + right   Jump cursor right until start of line or [\',", ,\,/,.]

>
```

The question mark (?) command

When executed from the root command prompt, **?** displays available commands:

```
> ?

 Commands
 -------------------------------------------------------------------------------
 config       View and modify the configuration
 exit         Exit the CLI
 analyzer     Analyzer commands.
 cp           Copy a file or directory.
 help         Show CLI editing and navigation commands.
 ls           List a directory.
 mkdir        Create a directory.
 modem        Modem commands.
 more         View a file.
 mv           Move a file or directory.
 ping         Ping a host.
 reboot       Reboot the system.
 rm           Remove a file or directory.
 scp          Copy a file or directory over SSH.
 show         Show instance statistics.
 system       System commands.
 traceroute   Print the route packets trace to network host.
 update       Update firmware.
```


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```
>
```

Display help for individual commands

When included with a command name, both **?** and **help** provide further information about the command. For example:

1. To display further information about the **show** command, type either **show ?** or **show help**:

```
> show ?

 Commands
 ------------------------------------------------------------------------------
 arp           Show ARP tables
 cloud         Show drm statistics
 config        Show config deltas.
 dhcp-lease    Show DHCP leases.
 event         Show event list
 ipsec         Show IPsec statistics.
 log           Show syslog.
 manufacture   Show manufacturer information.
 modem         Show modem statistics.
 network       Show network interface statistics.
 openvpn       Show OpenVPN statistics.
 route         Show IP routing information.
 serial        Show serial statistics.
 system        Show system statistics.
 version       Show firmware version.

 > show
```


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Use the Tab key or the space bar to display abbreviated help

When executed from the root command prompt, pressing the **Tab** key or the space bar displays an abbreviated list of available commands:

Similar behavior is available with any command name:

```
> config network interface <space>
..                ...               defaultip        defaultlinklocal lan
loopback
> config network interface
```

Auto-complete commands and parameters

When entering a command and parameter, press the **Tab** key to cause the command line interface to auto-complete as much of the command and parameter as possible. Typing the space bar has similar behavior. If multiple commands are available that will match the entered text, auto-complete is not performed and the available commands are displayed instead.

Auto-complete applies to these command elements only :

- Command names. For example, typing **net<Tab>** auto-completes the command as **network**.
- Parameter names. For example:
  - **ping *hostname* int<Tab>** auto-completes the parameter as **interface**.
  - **system b<Tab>** auto-completes the parameter as **backup**.
- Parameter values, where the value is one of an enumeration or an on|off type; for example:

  ```
  (config)> serial port1 enable t<Tab>
  ```

  auto-completes to

  ```
  (config)> serial port1 enable true
  ```

Auto-complete does not function for:

- Parameter values that are string types.
- Integer values.
- File names.
- Select parameters passed to commands that perform an action.

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Available commands

The following commands are available from the Admin CLI prompt:

Command	Description
config	Used to view and modify the configuration. See Device configuration using the command line interface for more information about using the **config** command.
exit	Exits the CLI.
cp	Copies a file or directory.
help	Displays: ■ CLI editing and navigation commands, when executed from the root of the Admin CLI prompt. ■ Available commands, syntax diagram, and parameter information, when executed in conjunction with another command. See Display help for commands and parameters for information about the **help** command.
ls	Lists the contents of a directory.
mkdir	Creates a directory.
modem	Executes modem commands.
more	Displays the contents of a file.
mv	Moves a file or directory.
ping	Pings a remote host using Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) Echo Request messages.
reboot	Reboots the EX12 device.
rm	Removes a file.
scp	Uses the secure copy protocol (SCP) to transfer files between the EX12 device and a remote host. See Use the scp command for information about using the **scp** command.
show	Displays information about the device and the device's configuration. See Display status and statistics using the show command for more information about the show command.
system	Issues commands related to system functionality.
traceroute	Sends and tracks route packets to a destination host.
update	Updates the device firmware.

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Note For commands that operate on the EX12's file system, such as the **cp**, **ls**, and **mkdir** commands, see File system for information about the file system, including how to copy, move and delete files and directories.

Use the scp command

The **scp** command uses Secure Copy Protocol (SCP) to transfer files between the EX12 device and a remote host.

Required configuration items

- The hostname or IP address of the remote host.
- The username and password of the user on the remote host.
- Whether the file is being copied to the EX12 device from a remote host, or to the remote host from the EX12 device.
  - If the file is being copied to the EX12 device from a remote host:
    - The path and filename of the file on the remote host that will be copied to the EX12 device.
    - The location on the EX12 device where the file will be copied.
  - If the file is being copied to a remote host from the EX12 device:
    - The path and filename of the file on the EX12 device that will be copied to the remote host.
    - The location on the remote host where the file will be copied.

Copy a file from a remote host to the EX12 device

To copy a file from a remote host to the EX12 device, use the scp command as follows:

```
> scp host hostname-or-ip user username remote remote-path local local-path to
local
```

where:

- *hostname-or-ip* is the hostname or ip address of the remote host.
- *username* is the name of the user on the remote host.
- *remote-path* is the path and filename of the file on the remote host that will be copied to the EX12 device.
- *local-path* is the location on the EX12 device where the copied file will be placed.

For example:

To copy firmware from a remote host with an IP address of 192.168.4.1 to the /etc/config directory on the EX12 device, issue the following command:

```
> scp host 192.168.4.1 user admin remote /home/admin/bin/EX12-20.5.38.39.bin
local /etc/config/ to local
admin@192.168.4.1's password: adminpwd
EX12-20.5.38.39.bin                    100%    36MB    11.1MB/s        00:03
>
```


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Transfer a file from the EX12 device to a remote host

To copy a file from the EX12 device to a remote host, use the scp command as follows:

```
> scp host hostname-or-ip user username remote remote-path local local-path to
remote
```

where:

- *hostname-or-ip* is the hostname or ip address of the remote host.
- *username* is the name of the user on the remote host.
- *remote-path* is the location on the remote host where the file will be copied.
- *local-path* is the path and filename on the EX12 device.

For example:

To copy a support report from the EX12 device to a remote host at the IP address of 192.168.4.1:

1. Use the **system support-report** command to generate the report:

```
> system support-report /etc/config/
Saving support report to /etc/config/support-report-0040D0133536-20-05-29-
13.22.15.bin
Support report saved.
>
```

2. Use the **scp** command to transfer the report to a remote host:

```
> scp host 192.168.4.1 user admin remote /home/admin/temp/ local
/etc/config/support-report-00:40:D0:13:35:36-20-05-29-13.22.15.bin to
remote
admin@192.168.4.1's password: adminpwd
support-report-0040D0133536-20-05-29-13.22.15.bin
>
```

Display status and statistics using the show command

The EX12 **show** command display status and statistics for various features.

For example:

show config

The show config command displays all the configuration settings for the device that have been changed from the default settings. This is a particularly useful when troubleshooting the device.

```
> show config

auth tacacs+ service "login"
auth user admin password
"$2a$05$WlJQhquI7BgsytkpobKhaeLPtWraGANBcrlEaJX/wJv63JENW/HOu"
add auth user test
add auth user test group end "admin"
add auth user test group end "serial"
auth user test password
"$2a$05$RdGYz1sLKbWrqe6cZjlsd.otg03JZR6n9939XV6EYWUSP0tMAzO5W"
```


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```
network interface lan ipv4 type "dhcp"
network interface lan zone "external"
network interface modem modem apn 0 apn "00000.000"
network interface modem modem apn_lock "true"
schema version "445"

>
```

show system

The show system command displays system information and statistics for the device, including CPU usage.

```
> show system

  Model                    : Digi EX12
  Serial Number            : EX12-000065
  SKU                      : EX12
  Hostname                 : EX12
  MAC                      : DF:DD:E2:AE:21:18

  Hardware Version         : 50001947-01 1P
  Firmware Version         : 20.5.38.39
  Alt. Firmware Version    : 20.5.38.39
  Bootloader Version       : 19.7.23.0-15f936e0ed

  Current Time             : Fri, 29 May 2020 21:14:12 +0000
  CPU                      : 1.4%
  Uptime                   : 6 days, 6 hours, 21 minutes, 57 seconds (541317s)
  Temperature              : 40C

>
```

show network

The show network command displays status and statistics for network interfaces.

```
> show network

 Interface          Proto  Status   Address
 ----------------   -----  -------  --------------------------------
 defaultip          IPv4   up        192.168.210.1/24
 defaultlinklocal   IPv4   up        169.254.100.100/16
 lan               IPv4   up       192.168.2.1
 lan               IPv6   up       0:0:0:0:0:ffff:c0a8:301
 loopback           IPv4    up       127.0.0.1/8
 wan               IPv4   up       192.168.3.1/24
 wan               IPv6   up       fd00:2704::240:ffff:fe80:120/64

>
```

Device configuration using the command line interface

The **config** command allows for device configuration from the command line. All configuration tasks that can be performed by using the WebUI can also be performed by using the **config** command.

There are two ways to invoke the **config** command from the CLI:

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- Execute the **config** command and parameters at the root prompt. See Execute configuration commands at the root Admin CLI prompt for more information.
- Enter configuration mode by executing the **config** command without any parameters. See Configuration mode for more information.

Execute configuration commands at the root Admin CLI prompt

You can execute the **config** command at the root Admin CLI prompt with any appropriate parameters. When the **config** command is used in this way, changes to the device's configuration are automatically saved when the command is executed.

For example, to disable the SSH service from the root prompt, enter the following command:

```
> config service ssh enable false
>
```

The EX12 device's ssh service is now disabled.

Note When the **config** command is executed at the root prompt, certain configuration actions that are available in configuration mode cannot be performed. This includes validating configuration changes, canceling and reverting configuration changes, and performing actions on elements in lists. See Configuration mode for information about using configuration mode.

Display help for the config command from the root Admin CLI prompt

Display additional configuration commands, as well as available parameters and values, by entering the question mark (?) character after the **config** command.

1. For example:

   ```
   > config ?
   ```

   Will display the following help information:

   ```
   > config ?

   Additional Configuration
   ------------------------------------------------------------------------
   application               Custom scripts
   auth                      Authentication
   cloud                     Central management
   firewall                  Firewall
   monitoring                Monitoring
   network                   Network
   serial                    Serial
   service                   Services
   system                    System
   vpn                       VPN

   Run "config" with no arguments to enter the configuration editing mode.
   ```


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Command line interface *Execute configuration commands at the root Admin CLI prompt*

```
> config
```

2. You can then display help for the additional configuration commands. For example, to display help for the **config service** command:

```
> config service ?
Services

Additional Configuration
------------------------------------------------------------------------------
dns                       DNS
mdns                      Service Discovery (mDNS)
multicast                 Multicast
ntp                       NTP
remote_control            Remote control
snmp                      SNMP
ssh                       SSH
telnet                    Telnet
web_admin                 Web administration

> config service
```

3. Next, display help for the **config service ssh** command:

```
> config service ssh ?

SSH: An SSH server for managing the device.

Parameters                Current Value
------------------------------------------------------------------------------
enable                    true           Enable
key                       [private]      Private key
port                      22             Port

Additional Configuration
------------------------------------------------------------------------------
acl                       Access control list
mdns

> config service ssh
```

4. Lastly, display the allowed values and other information for the **enable** parameter:

```
> config service ssh enable ?

Enable: Enable the service.
Format: true, false, yes, no, 1, 0
Default value: true
Current value: true

> config service ssh enable
```


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Configuration mode

Configuration mode allows you to perform multiple configuration tasks and validate the changes prior to saving them. You can cancel all changes without saving them at any time. Configuration changes do not take effect until the configuration is saved.

Enable configuration mode

To enable configuration mode, at the root prompt, enter the **config** command without any parameters:

```
> config
(config)>
```

When the command line is in configuration mode, the prompt will change to include **(config)**, to indicate that you are currently in configuration mode.

Enter configuration commands in configuration mode

There are two ways to enter configuration commands while in configuration mode:

- Enter the full command string from the config prompt.

  For example, to disable the ssh service by entering the full command string at the config prompt:

  ```
  (config)> service ssh enable false
  (config)>
  ```

- Execute commands by moving through the configuration schema.

  For example, to disable the ssh service by moving through the configuration and then executing the **enable false** command:

  1. At the **config** prompt, enter **service** to move to the **service** node:

     ```
     (config)> service
     (config service)>
     ```

  2. Enter **ssh** to move to the **ssh** node:

     ```
     (config service)> ssh
     (config service ssh)>
     ```

  3. Enter **enable false** to disable the **ssh** service:

     ```
     (config service ssh)> enable false
     (config service ssh)>
     ```

  See Move within the configuration schema for more information about moving within the configuration.

Save changes and exit configuration mode

To save changes that you have made to the configuration while in configuration mode, use **save**. The save command automatically validates the configuration changes; the configuration will not be saved if it is not valid. Note that you can also validate configuration changes at any time while in

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configuration mode by using the **validate** command.

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

After using **save** to save changes to the configuration, you will automatically exit configuration mode. To return to configuration mode, type **config** again.

Exit configuration mode without saving changes

You can discard any unsaved configuration changes and exit configuration mode by using the **cancel** command:

```
(config)> cancel
>
```

After using **cancel** to discard unsaved changes to the configuration, you will automatically exit configuration mode.

Configuration actions

In configuration mode, configuration actions are available to perform tasks related to saving or canceling the configuration changes, and to manage items and elements in lists. The commands can be listed by entering a question mark (**?**) at the **config** prompt.

The following actions are available:

Configuration actions	Description
cancel	Discards unsaved configuration changes and exits configuration mode.
save	Saves configuration changes and exits configuration mode.
validate	Validates configuration changes.
revert	Reverts the configuration to default settings. See The revert command for more information.
show	Displays configuration settings.
add	Adds a named element, or an element in a list. See Manage elements in lists for information about using the **add** command with lists.
del	Deletes a named element, or an element in a list. See Manage elements in lists for information about using the **del** command with lists.
move	Moves elements in a list. See Manage elements in lists for information about using the **move** command with lists.

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Display command line help in configuration mode

Display additional configuration commands, as well as available parameters and values, by entering the question mark (?) character at the **config** prompt. For example:

1. Enter **?** at the **config** prompt:

```
(config)> ?
```

This will display the following help information:

```
(config)> ?

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------------------------------------------
 application               Custom scripts
 auth                      Authentication
 cloud                     Central management
 firewall                  Firewall
 monitoring                Monitoring
 network                   Network
 serial                    Serial
 service                   Services
 system                    System
 vpn                       VPN

(config)>
```

2. You can then display help for the additional configuration commands. For example, to display help for the **config service** command, use one of the following methods:
   - At the **config** prompt, enter **service ?**:

     ```
     (config)> service ?
     ```

   - At the **config** prompt:
     a. Enter **service** to move to the **service** node:

        ```
        (config)> service
        (config service)>
        ```

     b. Enter **?** to display help for the **service** node:

        ```
        (config service)> ?
        ```

Either of these methods will display the following information:

```
config> service ?

Services

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------------------------------------------
 dns                       DNS
```


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```
mdns                    Service Discovery (mDNS)
multicast               Multicast
ntp                     NTP
remote_control          Remote control
snmp                    SNMP
ssh                     SSH
telnet                  Telnet
web_admin               Web administration

(config)> service
```

3. Next, to display help for the **service ssh** command, use one of the following methods:
   - At the **config** prompt, enter **service ssh ?**:

     ```
     (config)> service ssh ?
     ```

   - At the **config** prompt:
     a. Enter **service** to move to the **service** node:

        ```
        (config)> service
        (config service)>
        ```

     b. Enter **ssh** to move to the **ssh** node:

        ```
        (config service)> ssh
        (config service ssh)>
        ```

     c. Enter **?** to display help for the **ssh** node:

        ```
        (config service ssh)> ?
        ```

   Either of these methods will display the following information:

```
(config)> service ssh ?

SSH: An SSH server for managing the device.

 Parameters              Current Value
 ------------------------------------------------------------------------
 enable                  true          Enable
 key                     [private]     Private key
 port                    22            Port

 Additional Configuration
 ------------------------------------------------------------------------
 acl                     Access control list
 mdns

(config)> service ssh
```

4. Lastly, to display allowed values and other information for the **enable** parameter, use one of the following methods:

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- At the **config** prompt, enter **service ssh enable ?**:

```
(config)> service ssh enable ?
```

- At the **config** prompt:
  a. Enter **service** to move to the **service** node:

```
(config)> service
(config service)>
```

  b. Enter **ssh** to move to the **ssh** node:

```
(config service)> ssh
(config service ssh)>
```

  c. Enter **enable ?** to display help for the **enable** parameter:

```
(config service ssh)> enable ?
(config service ssh)>
```

Either of these methods will display the following information:

```
(config)> service ssh enable ?

 Enable: Enable the service.
 Format: true, false, yes, no, 1, 0
 Default value: true
 Current value: true

(config)> service ssh enable
```

Move within the configuration schema

You can perform configuration tasks at the CLI by moving within the configuration.

- Move forward one node in the configuration by entering the name of an Additional Configuration option:
  1. At the **config** prompt, type **service** to move to the **service** node:

```
(config)> service
(config service)>
```

  2. Type **ssh** to move to the **ssh** node:

```
(config service)> ssh
(config service ssh)>
```

  3. Type **acl** to move to the **acl** node:

```
(config service ssh)> acl
(config service ssh acl)>
```

4. Type **zone** to move to the **zone** node:

```
(config service ssh acl)> zone
(config service ssh acl zone)>
```

You can also enter multiple nodes at once to move multiple steps in the configuration:

```
(config)> service ssh acl zone
(config service ssh acl zone)>
```

- Move backward one node in the configuration by entering two periods (**..**):

```
(config service ssh acl zone)> ..
(config service ssh acl)>
```

You can also move back multiples nodes in the configuration by typing multiple sets of two periods:

```
(config service ssh acl zone)> .. .. ..
(config service)>
```

- Move to the root of the config prompt from anywhere within the configuration by entering three periods (**...**):

```
(config service ssh acl zone)> ...
(config)>
```

Manage elements in lists

While in configuration mode, you can use the **add**, **del**, and **move** action commands to manage elements in a list. When working with lists, these actions require an index number to identify the list item that will be acted on.

Add elements to a list

When used with parameters that contains lists of elements, the **add** command is used to add an element to the list.

For example, to add an authentication method:

1. Display current authentication method by using the **show** command:

```
(config)> show auth method
0 local
(config)>
```

2. Add an authentication method by using the **add** ***index_item*** command. For example:
   - To add the TACACS+ authentication method to the beginning of the list, use the index number **0**:

```
(config)> add auth method 0 tacacs+
(config)> show auth method
0 tacacs+
```


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```
1 local
(config)>
```

- To add the TACACS+ authentication method to the end of the list, use the **end** keyword:

```
(config)> add auth method end tacacs+
(config)> show auth method
0 local
1 tacacs+
(config)>
```

The end keyword

As demonstrated above, the **end** keyword is used to add an element to the end of a list. Additionally, the **end** keyword is used to add an element to a list that does not have any elements.

For example, to add an authentication group to a user that has just been created:

1. Use the **show** command to verify that the user is not currently a member of any groups:

```
(config)> show auth user new-user group
(config)>
```

2. Use the **end** keyword to add the admin group to the user's configuration:

```
(config)> add auth user new-user group end admin
(config)>
```

3. Use the **show** command again to verify that the admin group has been added to the user's configuration:

```
(config)> show auth user new-user group
0 admin
(config)>
```

Delete elements from a list

When used with parameters that contains lists of elements, the **del** command is used to delete an element in the list.

For example, to delete an authentication method:

1. Use the **show** command to display current authentication method configuration:

```
(config)> show auth method
0 local
1 tacacs+
2 radius
(config)>
```

2. Delete one of the authentication methods by using the **del *index_number*** command. For example:
   a. To delete the local authentication method, use the index number **0**:

```
(config)> del auth method 0
(config)>
```


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b. Use the **show** command to verify that the local authentication method was removed:

```
(config)> show auth method
0 tacacs+
1 radius
(config)>
```

Move elements within a list

Use the **move** command to reorder elements in a list.

For example, to reorder the authentication methods:

1. Use the **show** command to display current authentication method configuration:

```
(config)> show auth method
0 local
1 tacacs+
2 radius
(config)>
```

2. To configure the device to use TACACS+ authentication first to authenticate a user, use the **move *index_number_1 index_number_2*** command:

```
(config)> move auth method 1 0
(config)>
```

3. Use the **show** command again to verify the change:

```
(config)> show auth method
0 tacacs+
1 local
2 radius
(config)>
```

The revert command

The **revert** command is used to revert changes to the EX12 device's configuration and restore default configuration settings. The behavior of the revert command varies depending on where in the configuration hierarchy the command is executed, and whether the optional **path** parameter is used. After executing the revert command, you must save the configuration changes by using the **save** command. You can also discard the configuration changes by using the **cancel** command.



CAUTION! The **revert** command reverts all changes to the default configuration, not only unsaved changes.

Revert all configuration changes to default settings

To discard all configuration changes and revert to default settings, use the **revert** command at the config prompt without the optional **path** parameter:

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1. At the config prompt, enter **revert**:

```
(config)> revert
(config)>
```

2. Set the password for the admin user prior to saving the changes:

```
(config)> auth user admin password pwd
(config)>
```

3. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

4. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Revert a subset of configuration changes to the default settings

There are two methods to revert a subset of configuration changes to the default settings.

- Enter the **revert** command with the **path** parameter. For example, to revert all changes to the authentication methods configuration:
  1. Enter the **revert** command with the **path** set to **auth method**:

```
(config)> revert auth method
(config)>
```

  2. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

  3. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

     Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.
- Move to the location in the configuration and enter the **revert** command without the **path** parameter. For example:
  1. Change to the auth method node:

```
(config)> auth method
(config auth method)>
```

  2. Enter the **revert** command:

```
(config auth method)> revert
(config auth method)>
```


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3. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config auth method)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

4. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

- You can also use a combination of both of these methods:

1. Change to the **auth** node:

```
(config)> auth
(config auth)>
```

2. Enter the **revert** command with the **path** set to **method**:

```
(config auth)> revert method
(config auth)>
```

3. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config auth)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

4. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

Enter strings in configuration commands

For string parameters, if the string value contains a space, the value must be enclosed in quotation marks. For example, to assign a descriptive name for the device using the **system** command, enter:

```
(config)> system description "Digi EX12"
```

Example: Create a new user by using the command line

In this example, you will use the EX12 command line to create a new user, provide a password for the user, and assign the user to authentication groups.

1. Log into the EX12 command line as a user with full Admin access rights.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **admin** to access the Admin CLI.

2. At the command line, type **config** to enter configuration mode:

```
> config
(config)>
```


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3. At the config prompt, create a new user with the username **user1**:
   - Method one: Create a user at the root of the config prompt:

```
(config)> add auth user user1
(config auth user user1)>
```

   - Method two: Create a user by moving through the configuration:
     a. At the config prompt, enter **auth** to move to the **auth** node:

```
(config)> auth
(config auth)>
```

     b. Enter **user** to move to the **user** node:

```
(config auth)> user
(config auth user)>
```

     c. Create a new user with the username **user1**:

```
(config auth user)> add user1
(config auth user user1)>
```

4. Configure a password for the user:

```
(config auth user user1)> password pwd1
(config auth user user1)>
```

5. List available authentication groups:

```
(config auth user user1)> show .. .. group

admin
    acl
        admin
            enable true
        nagios
            enable false
        openvpn
            enable false
            no tunnels
        portal
            enable false
            no portals
        serial
            enable false
            no ports
        shell
            enable false

serial
    acl
        admin
```


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TS-TL-DGI-087

```
            enable true
        nagios
            enable false
        openvpn
            enable false
            no tunnels
        portal
            enable false
            no portals
        serial
            enable true
                ports
                    0 port1
        shell
            enable false
(config auth user user1)>
```

6. Add the user to the admin group:

```
(config auth user user1)> add group end admin
(config auth user user1)>
```

7. Save the configuration and apply the change:

```
(config auth user user1)> save
Configuration saved.
>
```

8. Type **exit** to exit the Admin CLI.

   Depending on your device configuration, you may be presented with an **Access selection menu**. Type **quit** to disconnect from the device.

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TESSOL Technical Library
TS-TL-DGI-087

Command line reference

analyzer 597
cp 598
help 599
ls 600
mkdir 601
modem 602
modem puk status [imei STRING] [name STRING] 605
more 607
mv 608
ping 609
reboot 610
rm 611
scp 612
show 613
system 621
traceroute 623
update 626

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analyzer

Analyzer commands.

analyzer clear name STRING

Clears the traffic captured by the analyzer.

Parameters

name

Name of the capture filter to use.

Syntax: STRING

analyzer save filename STRING name STRING

Saves the current captured traffic to a file.

Parameters

filename

The filename to save captured traffic to. The file will be saved to the device's /etc/config/analyzer directory.

Syntax: STRING

name

Name of the capture filter to use.

Syntax: STRING

analyzer start name STRING

Start a capture session of packets on this devices interfaces.

Parameters

name

Name of the capture filter to use.

Syntax: STRING

analyzer stop name STRING

Stops the traffic capture session.

Parameters

name

Name of the capture filter to use.

Syntax: STRING

cp

cp commands.

[force] SOURCE DESTINATION

Copy a file or directory.

Parameters

source

The source file or directory to copy.

Syntax: STRING

destination

The destination path to copy the source file or directory to.

Syntax: STRING

force

Do not ask to overwrite the destination file if it exists.

Syntax: BOOLEAN

Default: False

Optional: True

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help

Show CLI editing and navigation commands.

Parameters

None

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ls

Directory listing command.

ls [show-hidden] PATH

List a directory.

Parameters

path

List files and directories under this path.
Syntax: STRING

show-hidden

Show hidden files and directories. Hidden filenames begin with '.'.
Syntax: BOOLEAN
Default: False
Optional: True

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mkdir

mkdir PATH

Create a directory. Parent directories are created as needed.

Parameters

path

The directory path to create.

Syntax: STRING

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modem

Modem commands.

modem at [imei STRING] [name STRING] CMD

Send an AT command to the modem and display the response.

Parameters

cmd
The AT command string.
Syntax: STRING

imei
The IMEI of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

name
The configured name of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

modem at-interactive [imei STRING] [name STRING]

Start an AT command session on the modem's AT serial port.

Parameters

imei
The IMEI of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

name
The configured name of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

modem pin

PIN commands.

pin change [imei *STRING*] [name *STRING*] OLD-PIN NEW-PIN
Change the SIM's PIN code. Warning: Attempting to use an incorrect PIN code may PUK lock the SIM.

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Parameters

old-pin
The SIM's PIN code.
Syntax: STRING

new-pin
The PIN code to change to.
Syntax: STRING

imei
The IMEI of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

name
The configured name of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

pin disable [imei *STRING*] [name *STRING*] PIN
Disable the PIN lock on the SIM card that is active in the modem. Warning: Attempting to use an incorrect PIN code may PUK lock the SIM.

Parameters

pin
The SIM's PIN code.
Syntax: STRING

imei
The IMEI of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

name
The configured name of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

pin enable [imei *STRING*] [name *STRING*] PIN
Enable the PIN lock on the SIM card that is active in the modem. The SIM card will need to be unlocked before each use. Warning: Attempting to use an incorrect PIN code may PUK lock the SIM.

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Parameters

pin
The SIM's PIN code.
Syntax: STRING

imei
The IMEI of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

name
The configured name of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

pin status [imei *STRING*] [name *STRING*]
Print the PIN lock status and the number of PIN enable/disable/unlock attempts remaining. The SIM will be PUK locked when there are no remaining retries

Parameters

imei
The IMEI of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

name
The configured name of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

pin unlock [imei *STRING*] [name *STRING*] PIN
Temporarily unlock the SIM card with a PIN code. Set the PIN field in the modem interface's configuration to unlock the SIM card automatically before use. Warning: Attempting to use an incorrect PIN code may PUK lock the SIM.

Parameters

pin
The SIM's PIN code.
Syntax: STRING

imei
The IMEI of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

name
The configured name of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

modem puk

PUK commands.

puk status [imei *STRING*] [name *STRING*]
Print the PUK status and the number of PUK unlock attempts remaining.

Parameters

modem puk status [*imei* STRING] [*name* STRING]

Print the PUK status and the number of PUK unlock attempts remaining.

imei
The IMEI of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

name
The configured name of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

puk unlock [imei *STRING*] [name *STRING*] PUK NEW-PIN
Unlock the SIM with a PUK code from the SIM provider.

Parameters

puk
The SIM's PUK code.
Syntax: STRING

new-pin
The PIN code to change to.
Syntax: STRING

imei
The IMEI of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

name
The configured name of the modem to execute this CLI command on.

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Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

modem reset [imei STRING] [name STRING]

Reset the modem hardware (reboot it). This can be useful if the modem has stopped responding to the network or is behaving inconsistently.

Parameters

imei
The IMEI of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

name
The configured name of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

modem sim-slot [imei STRING] [name STRING] SLOT

Show or change the modem's active SIM slot. This applies only to modems with multiple SIM slots.

Parameters

slot
The SIM slot to change to.
Syntax: (1|2|show)

imei
The IMEI of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

name
The configured name of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

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more

path
The file to view.
Syntax: STRING

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mv

Move a file or directory.

mv [force] SOURCE DESTINATION

Parameters

source

The source file or directory to move.

Syntax: STRING

destination

The destination path to move the source file or directory to.

Syntax: STRING

force

Do not ask to overwrite the destination file if it exists.

Syntax: BOOLEAN

Default: False

Optional: True

ping

Ping a host using ICMP echo.

ping [ipv6] [countINTEGER] [interfaceSTRING] [sizeINTEGER] HOST

Parameters

host

The name or address of the remote host to send ICMP ping requests to. If broadcast is enabled, can be the broadcast address.

Syntax: STRING

broadcast

Enable broadcast ping functionality

Syntax: BOOLEAN

Default: False

Optional: True

count

The number of ICMP ping requests to send before terminating.

Syntax: INT

Minimum: 1

Default: 100

interface

The network interface to send ping packets from when the host is reachable over a default route. If not specified, the system's primary default route will be used.

Syntax: STRING

Optional: True

ipv6

If a hostname is defined as the value of the 'host' parameter, use the hosts IPV6 address.

Syntax: BOOLEAN

Default: False

Optional: True

size

The number of bytes sent in the ICMP ping request.

Syntax: INT

Minimum: 0

Default: 56

reboot

Reboot the system.

Parameters

None

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rm

Remove a file or directory.

rm [force] PATH

Parameters

path
The path to remove.
Syntax: STRING

force
Force the file to be removed without asking.
Syntax: BOOLEAN
Default: False
Optional: True

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scp

Copy a file or directory over SSH.

scp hostSTRINGlocalSTRING [portINTEGER] remoteSTRINGtoSTRINGuserSTRING

Parameters

host
The name or address of the remote host.
Syntax: STRING

local
The file to copy to or from on the local device.
Syntax: STRING

port
The SSH port to use to connect to the remote host.
Syntax: INT
Maximum: 65535
Minimum: 1
Default: 22

remote
The file to copy to or from on the remote host.
Syntax: STRING

to
Copy the file from the local device to the remote host, or from the remote host to the local device.
Syntax: (remote|local)

user
The username to use when connecting to the remote host.
Syntax: STRING

show

Show instance status statistics.

show analyzer name STRING

Show packets from a specified analyzer capture.

Parameters

name

Name of the capture filter to use.
Syntax: STRING

show arp [ipv4|ipv6|verbose]

Show ARP tables, if no IP version is specififed IPv4 IPV6 will be displayed.

Parameters

ipv4

Display IPv4 routes. If no IP version is specififed IPv4 and IPV6 will be displayed
Syntax: BOOLEAN
Default: False
Optional: True

ipv6

Display IPv6 routes. If no IP version is specififed IPv4 and IPV6 will be displayed
Syntax: BOOLEAN
Default: False
Optional: True

verbose

Display more information (less concise, more detail).
Syntax: BOOLEAN
Default: False
Optional: True

show cloud

Show Digi Remote Manager status statistics.

Parameters

None

show config

Show changes made to default configuration.

Parameters

None

show dhcp-lease [all|verbose]

Show DHCP leases.

Parameters

all

Show all leases (active and inactive (not in etc/config/dhcp.*lease)).
Syntax: BOOLEAN
Default: False
Optional: True

verbose

Display more information (less concise, more detail).
Syntax: BOOLEAN
Default: False
Optional: True

show event [number INTEGER] [table STRING]

Show event list (high level).

Parameters

number

Number of lines to retrieve from log.
Syntax: INT
Minimum: 1
Default: 20

table

Type of event log to be displayed (status, error, info).
Syntax: (status|error|info)
Optional: True

show hotspot [ip STRING] [name STRING]

Show hotspot statistics.

Parameters

ip

IP address of a specific client, to limit the status display to only this client.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

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name
The configured instance name of the hotspot.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

show ipsec [all] [tunnel STRING]

Show IPsec status statistics.

Parameters

all
Display all tunnels including disabled tunnels.
Syntax: BOOLEAN
Default: False
Optional: True

tunnel
Display more details and config data for a specific IPsec tunnel.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

verbose
Display status of one or all tunnels in plain text.
Syntax: BOOLEAN
Default: False
Optional: True

show location

Show location information.

Parameters
None

show log [filter STRING] [number INTEGER]

Show system log (low level).

Parameters

filter
Filters for type of log message displayed (critical, warning, info, debug). Note, filters from the number of messages retrieved not the whole log (this can be very time consuming). If you require more messages of the filtered type, increase the number of messages retrieved using 'number'.
Syntax: (critical|warning|debug|info)
Optional: True

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number
Number of lines to retrieve from log.
Syntax: INT
Minimum: 1
Default: 20

show manufacture [verbose]

Show manufacturer information.

Parameters

verbose
Display more information (less concise, more detail).
Syntax: BOOLEAN
Default: False
Optional: True

show modem [verbose] [imei STRING] [name STRING]

Show modem status and statistics.

Parameters

imei
The IMEI of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

name
The configured name of the modem to execute this CLI command on.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

verbose
Display more information (less concise, more detail).
Syntax: BOOLEAN
Default: False
Optional: True

show network [all|verbose] [interface STRING]

Show network interface status and statistics.

Parameters

all
Display 4all interfaces including disabled interfaces.
Syntax: BOOLEAN

Default: False
Optional: True

interface
Display more details and config data for a specific network interface.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

verbose
Display more information (less concise, more detail).
Syntax: BOOLEAN
Default: False
Optional: True

show openvpn

Show OpenVPN status and statistics.

openvpn client [*all*] [name *STRING*]
Show OpenVPN client status statistics.

Parameters

all
Display all clients including disabled clients.
Syntax: BOOLEAN
Default: False
Optional: True

name
Display more details and config data for a specific OpenVPN client.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

openvpn server [*all*] [name *STRING*]
Show OpenVPN server status and statistics.

Parameters

all
Display all servers including disabled servers.
Syntax: BOOLEAN
Default: False
Optional: True

name
Display more details and config data for a specific OpenVPN server.
Syntax: STRING

Optional: True

show route [ipv4|ipv6|verbose]

Show IP routing information.

Parameters

ipv4
Display IPv4 routes.
Syntax: BOOLEAN
Default: False
Optional: True

ipv6
Display IPv6 routes.
Syntax: BOOLEAN
Default: False
Optional: True

verbose
Display more information (less concise, more detail).
Syntax: BOOLEAN
Default: False
Optional: True

show serial PORT

Show serial status and statistics.

Parameters

port
Display more details and config data for a specific serial port.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

show system [verbose]

Show system status and statistics.

Parameters

verbose
Display more information (disk usage, etc)
Syntax: BOOLEAN
Default: False
Optional: True

show usb

Show USB information.

Parameters

None

show version [verbose]

Show firmware version.

Parameters

verbose

Display more information (build date)
Syntax: BOOLEAN
Default: False
Optional: True

show web-filter

Show web filter status and statistics.

Parameters

None

show wifi

Show Wi-Fi status and statistics.

wifi ap [*all*] [name *STRING*]

Display details for Wi-Fi access points.

Parameters

all

Display all Wi-Fi access points including disabled Wi-Fi access points.
Syntax: BOOLEAN
Default: False
Optional: True

name

Display more details for a specific Wi-Fi access point.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

wifi client [*all*] [name *STRING*]

Display details for Wi-Fi client mode connections.

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Parameters

all
Display all Wi-Fi clients including disabled Wi-Fi client mode connections.
Syntax: BOOLEAN
Default: False
Optional: True

name
Display more details for a specific Wi-Fi client mode connection.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

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system

System commands.

system backup [passphrase STRING] type STRING PATH

Save the device's configuration to a file. Archives are full backups including generated SSH keys and dynamic DHCP lease information. Command backups are a list of CLI commands required to build the device's configuration.

Parameters

path

The file path to save the backup to.

Syntax: STRING

passphrase

Encrypt the archive with a passphrase.

Syntax: STRING

Optional: True

Depends on: **type** equals 'archive'

type

The type of backup file to create. Archives are full backups including generated SSH keys and dynamic DHCP lease information. CLI configuration backups are a list of CLI commands used to build the device's configuration.

Syntax: (cli-config|archive)

Default: archive

system disable-cryptography

Erase the device's configuration and reboot into a limited mode with no cryptography available. The device's shell will be accessible over Telnet (port 23) at IP address 192.168.210.1. To return the device to normal operation, perform the configuration erase procedure with the device's ERASE button twice consecutively.

Parameters

None

system factory-erase

Erase the device to restore to factory defaults. All configuration and automatically generated keys will be erased.

Parameters

None

system restore [passphrase STRING] PATH

Restore the device's configuration from a backup archive or CLI commands file.

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Parameters

path
The path to the backup file.
Syntax: STRING

passphrase
Decrypt the archive with a passphrase.
Syntax: STRING
Optional: True

system support-report PATH

Save a support report to a file and include with support requests.

Parameters

path
The file path to save the support report to.
Syntax: STRING

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traceroute

Print the route packets trace to network host.

traceroute [bypass|debug|dontfragment|icmp|ipchecksums|nomap|verbose] [first_ttlINTEGER] [gatewaySTRING] [interfaceSTRING] [max_ttlINTEGER] [nqueriesINTEGER] [packetlenINTEGER] [pausemsecsINTEGER] [portINTEGER] [src_addrSTRING] [tosINTEGER] [waittimeINTEGER] HOST

Parameters

host

The host that we wish to trace the route packets for.

Syntax: STRING

bypass

Bypass the normal routing tables and send directly to a host on an attached network.

Syntax: BOOLEAN

Default: False

Optional: True

debug

Enable socket level debugging.

Syntax: BOOLEAN

Default: False

Optional: True

dontfragment

Do not fragment probe packets.

Syntax: BOOLEAN

Default: False

Optional: True

first_ttl

Specifies with what TTL to start.

Syntax: INT

Minimum: 1

Default: 1

gateway

Tells traceroute to add an IP source routing option to the outgoing packet that tells the network to route the packet through the specified gateway

Syntax: STRING

Optional: True

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icmp

Use ICMP ECHO for probes.

Syntax: BOOLEAN

Default: False

Optional: True

interface

Specifies the interface through which traceroute should send packets. By default, the interface is selected according to the routing table.

Syntax: STRING

Optional: True

ipv6

If a hostname is defined as the value of the 'host' parameter, use the hosts IPV6 address.

Syntax: BOOLEAN

Default: False

Optional: True

max_ttl

Specifies the maximum number of hops (max time-to-live value) traceroute will probe.

Syntax: INT

Minimum: 1

Default: 30

nomap

Do not try to map IP addresses to host names when displaying them.

Syntax: BOOLEAN

Default: False

Optional: True

nqueries

Sets the number of probe packets per hop. A value of -1 indicated

Syntax: INT

Minimum: 1

Default: 3

packetlen

Total size of the probing packet. Default 60 bytes for IPv4 and 80 for Ipv6. A value of -1 specifies that the default value will be used.

Syntax: INT

Minimum: -1

Default: -1

pausemsecs

Minimal time interval between probes

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Syntax: INT

Minimum: 0

Default: 0

port

Specifies the destination port base traceroute will use (the destination port number will be incremented by each probe). A value of -1 specifies that no specific port will be used.

Syntax: INT

Minimum: -1

Default: -1

src_addr

Chooses an alternative source address. Note that you must select the address of one of the interfaces. By default, the address of the outgoing interface is used.

Syntax: STRING

Optional: True

tos

For IPv4, set the Type of Service (ToS) and Precedence value. Useful values are 16 (low delay) and 8 (high throughput). Note that in order to use some TOS precedence values, you have to be super user. For IPv6, set the Traffic Control value. A value of -1 specifies that no value will be used.

Syntax: INT

Minimum: -1

Default: -1

waittime

Determines how long to wait for a response to a probe.

Syntax: INT

Minimum: 1

Default: 5

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update

Update firmware.

update firmware file STRING

Update device firmware

Parameters

file

Firmware filename and path.

Syntax: STRING

Antenna notes and solutions

This chapter contains the following topics:

Antenna terminology 626
Physical specifications 626
Antennas tested by Digi 627

Antenna terminology

Electronics require antennas to convert data into RF signals (and vice versa). They are coupled with radio transmitters and/or receivers to process the information that is carried over cellular bands. Antenna design and functionality has evolved over time:

- **Internal antennas**: An antenna can be concealed within the casing of a device, as seen with most smart phones. Internal antennas are potentially more prone to interference due to the close grouping of electrical components.
- **External antennas**: Situating antennas further away from the rest of the circuit board can help alleviate interference due to electrical components by maximizing a device's natural reach. Instead of sitting inside the device directly next to the modem or transceiver, they screw into place using SMA connectors and protrude from the equipment (think "rabbit ears").
- **MIMO**: Multiple-Input and Multiple-Output (MIMO) technology expands the throughput capacity of a transceiver by leveraging multiple antennas to simultaneously convert RF signals into data (or vice versa), providing faster transfer speeds as a result. Think of it (loosely) as Carrier Aggregation for antennas—once again combining individual lanes into a single, coordinated superhighway. Networks must leverage MIMO antenna transmission to be technically considered 4G.

Physical specifications

Many Digi devices use industry-standard female SMA connectors to affix antennas to the internal cellular radio. External antennas improve clarity when compared to internal antennas, which are prone to electromagnetic interference.

An extension coaxial cable can also enhance the reach of a device; however, that cabling causes attenuation—or a degradation in signal quality—due to the distance the signal travels. Significant attenuation typically begins at 30 feet of cabling.

Certain Digi products are designed to provide the ability to place the unit where reception is best (moving the radio is always preferred). This allows the device to capture optimal Radio Frequency (RF) before converting it to IP packets and transmit data via Ethernet cabling, an approach that yields increased performance and cost savings over coax cabling.

Digi can also provide a battery pack for site surveys, creative mounting options, and a (passive) Power-over-Ethernet (PoE) injector to provide an efficient, flexible deployment at the lowest possible cost. Most Digi clients will not require third-party antennas unless deploying without PoE. It is always preferred to mount a PoE unit on an external wall via Ethernet and use the shortest coax cable required to run the external antenna to the outside of a building.

CRITICAL NOTE: Test the signal strength outside of the building to ensure you have cellular coverage in the area prior to any cabling work. **Tip**: Use the site survey battery to do this.

Antennas tested by Digi

Note Antenna information has been compiled by Digi to assist clients in finding and sourcing an antenna solution to best meet their application and business needs. The information on availability and pricing is for planning purposes only and may vary. Clients should test and validate their own applications prior to selecting an antenna for their project.

These antennas are omni-directional—that is, they offer the ability to send/receive signals from any direction. Directional antennas may improve RF sensitivity, but they will require an expert knowledge to find a specific cellular tower and maintain the ongoing fine-tuning that may be required to keep the antenna positioned properly. Due to the challenges of directional antennas, Digi typically focuses on MIMO omni-directional models.

Extra-small IoT paddle antennas



Manufacturer: Taoglas Antennas Solutions

Product: TG.08.0113 and the Product Datasheet

MSRP: $12 per antenna ($24 for a pair)

Note Use two antennas for full MIMO Operation.

Deployment notes

This antenna is recommended for consideration when a project requires antennas with a small form factor (for example, digital signage, small enclosures, rack mounted, in-vehicle, and so on). The performance of these antennas is surprisingly good considering the size. Although testing has shown they may slightly under perform compared to the antennas included with your unit, these smaller antennas may provide the perfect balance between form factor and performance in your IoT application.

Large external MIMO antenna (outdoor rated)



Manufacturer: EAD

Product: LMO7270 and the Product Datasheet

MSRP: $129 with dual 5M coax cabling

Deployment notes

This is a hardened antenna designed to be mounted outdoors. This is a MIMO antenna with two short pig tail connectors and the overall dimensions are 187 mm in height and 106 mm at the base. Digi typically provides this antenna with a kit including dual coax cables at 5M in length. If you are using this antenna with a Digi PoE (for example, the Digi 6300-CX) we typically recommend you mount the unit on the inside and run the 5M cables to the outside. In this way, you save costs and eliminate attenuation (signal loss) by running Ethernet as far as possible and minimize the coax cable length. Digi testing of this antenna reveals performance gain.

Flat MIMO antenna #1



Manufacturer: Taoglas Antennas Solutions

Product: Gemini LMA100 and the Product Datasheet

MSRP: $99 with dual 5M cables

Deployment notes

This is an easy-to-use MIMO antenna. It offers a low-profile form factor that accommodates simple mounting. This model is manufactured by Taoglas and showed solid RF performance in our testing. The antenna has a square shape, sized at 164 mm x 164 mm x 36.5 mm. The antenna cabling is built into the antenna, and typically reaches only one meter, but it can be built (sized) to order (lead time can take up to 8 weeks). This antenna typically includes a stand that can be used instead of mounting. The pricing above is based on 5M cables (~15 feet) and the antenna is rated for indoor and outdoor use.

Flat MIMO antenna #2



Manufacturer: Mobile Mark

Product: PNM2-LTE and the Product Datasheet

MSRP: PNM2-LTE-1C1C-WHT-180 (includes Cabling @ 15 feet) $176.40

Deployment notes

This is an additional easy-to-use MIMO antenna with a low-profile form factor and simple mounting. This model is manufactured by Mobile Mark and showed solid RF performance in our testing. With a square form factor of 146 mm x 146 mm x 18 mm, the antenna cabling is built into the antenna and can be sized to order (typically lead time from the manufacturer is 2 weeks).

Paddle extender



Deployment notes

This unique product (termed *the paddle extender*) is designed to move the standard LTE antennas to a more optimal spot to obtain better RF connectivity. A typical use can may be where the unit is installed in a metal enclosure or rack (think of a data center or digital signage enclosure). The paddle antennas can be mounted to the top SMA connector, escaping the limitations of having to stay affixed to the device's chassis. Remote mounting is then simplified thanks to the paddle extender's magnetic base (diameter of 48mm [1.9 inches]). The length of the cable 50cm (19.7 inches).